THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 13,952. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1874.—TRIPLE SHEET. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

DIRECTORY FOR ADVERTISERS.

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BROOKLYN BOARD—Twelfth Page—Fourth column.
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HERALD BRANCH OFFICES—UPTOWN AND HARLEM.

HERALD BRANCH OFFICES.

ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED AT ALL HOURS UP TO 9 P. M., AND NEWSDEALERS SUPPLIED WITH HERALDS AT FIVE O'CLOCK EVERY MORNING, AT 1,265 BROADWAY AND 550 SIXTH AVENUE, BETWEEN THIRTY-FIRST AND THIRTY-SECOND STREETS. OFFICE OPEN ALL NIGHT. HARLEM OFFICE 2,281 THIRD AVENUE, CORNER OF 126TH STREET. ADVERTISEMENTS RECEIVED TO 7:30 P. M., AND NEWSDEALERS SUPPLIED AT FIVE O'CLOCK EVERY MORNING.

PERSONAL.

ANY INFORMATION OF JAMES LIVINGSTONE, formerly of Savannah, will be thankfully received by his sister, Cora Livingstone, at 112 West Twenty-seventh street. Mrs. EMMA BENDICOT.

CHEMIST.—MONDAY MORNING, TWENTY-THIRD street and Sixth avenue. Waited one half hour in vain; important communication. Address FRENCH, Herald Uptown Branch office.

DEAR WHITE ROSE.—AM MISERABLE. HAVE not received this day. Will be there Thursday. Write me. For ever and ever. CHADO.

EYEBROWS AND ARMS WANTED.—INFORM PRIVately, if necessary.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF SAMUEL A. LIPPINcott; left his home, in this city, last July, age 28 years; height, 5 feet 6 inches; light hair and complexion. Address D., box 141 Herald office.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF JAMES OR THOMAS Dooling, by their niece, Nellie Dooling, daughter of John Dooling. Any information of them will be thankfully received by NELLIE DOOLING, 357 West Washington street, Chicago, as she is anxious to find her relatives.

JOHN—CHANGE ADDRESS OF PERSONAL. RELative will not sign his name in full.

LOVELACE—YOU WILL BE WELCOME AND kindly received. CICILY.

N.—I CAN ARRANGE THE MATTER SATISFACTOrily to you if I see or hear from you before Wednesday morning; is Mrs. and T. S. back yet? Write to you and my uptown address. G. W. C., Jr.

PASCOL—DISAPPOINTED. WRITE AGAIN, SAME address.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS, FRIDAY NIGHT, 30 October 30.—"Address Please." If agreeable, will the lady who received bill from programme, on which above was written, please address FELIX, Herald Uptown Branch office, 550 sixth avenue.

SWEET TOT—IF YOU CANNOT COME THE FIRST day fixed upon, come the following day.

23D STREET STAGE, MONDAY NOON.—WILL opening young lady grant an interview to gentleman whom she noticed in stage at 6th avenue? To avoid any mistakes please state by whom you were accompanied. Address, with confidence, PASCAREL, Herald Uptown Branch office.

LOST AND FOUND.

A CORAL EARRING LOST.—SUITABLE REWARD paid for it at 131 West Twenty-third street.

FOUND—AT TERRACE GARDEN, A SMALL SUM of Money. Owner can have the same (less expenses) by proving property. Address box 4,045 Post-office.

FOUND—14TH OF OCTOBER, 1874, A COACH DOG. Owner can have it by applying to C. BANTINE, and paying expenses. 213 Pearl street.

LOST—ONYX EAR RING, IN GOING FROM WEST Tenth street to St. Nicholas Hotel. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at No. 107 Waverley place.

LOST—IN THE GERMANIA THEATRE OR ON THE way from there through Broadway and Eighth street, a Gold Bracelet. Finder will receive a suitable reward. Address F. H., box 2,825 Post office.

LOST—OCTOBER 16 OR 17, A $20 BILL. A SUITABLE reward will be given by calling at 145 West Forty-sixth street.

LOST—ON NOVEMBER 2, NEAR 14TH STREET, a dark red pair of horse Blankets, marked "C. H." $5 will be paid by delivering them at LAMBS & SONS' livery stable, 13 and 15 East Forty-eighth street.

LOST—MONDAY, A BLACK SATIN PARASOL, black thread lace cover. Will the finder please return to No. 6 seventh avenue?

LOST,—STRAYED, FROM THIRTY-SIXTH STREET, near Third avenue, a black Spitz Dog; answers to the name of "Crow." A liberal reward will be paid for returning him to No. 17 West Thirty-sixth street.

STOLEN NOTE.—ALL PERSONS ARE CAUTIONED against buying a Promissory Note, of which the following is a copy:—"Middletown, N. Y., Oct. 19, 1871. Six days after date we promise to pay to the order of E. Decker, J. S. Hulse, L. P. Wheeler and O. W. Allison, Twenty-two hundred and twenty-two 50-100 dollars at the Middletown National Bank, or value received, with interest. Signed, Orange County Milk Association. THOMAS KING, Treasurer."

Stolen from me, November 1, 1874. M. M. VERY.

STOLEN OR STRAYED AWAY—ON SATURDAY night last, one red Cow, 9 years old, with small teats, straight horns and black nose; answers to the name of "Nelly." The undersigned will give $5 reward for her return to S. P. SHAW, Florist, Sixty-sixth street and avenue A, New York.

REWARDS.

$5 REWARD—LOST, AT CATHOLIC CHURCH, Twenty-third street, Sunday, one Pocket Book, containing three rings, one a marriage ring belonging to a poor woman. The above reward will be thankfully paid by leaving them at 241 West Twenty-second street.

$5 REWARD—LOST, ON SUNDAY NIGHT, A brown and white Cocker spaniel (slut) with steel collar. Return to 59 West Fourth st. near Wooster st.

$25 WILL BE PAID AND NO QUESTIONS asked for the return of the two Bundles taken from No. 7 East Thirty-second street Monday.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A.—CATARRH DISCHARGE FROM NOSTRILS, offensive breath, sore throat, cough, hawking, spitting, shovelly and effectually cured. Dr. J. S. KNAPP, 9 West Fourth street, near University place. Pamphlet sent free.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A BAD IDEA.

THE SECOND AND LAST GIFT CONCERT

in aid of the Masonic Relief Association of Norfolk, Va., will take place Thursday, November 19, 1874. As there will be no further postponement it is unwise to delay in the purchase of tickets. Whole tickets, $10; half tickets, $5; quarter tickets, $2 50.

For information, &c., apply at BRANCH OFFICE, 78 and 80 Broadway, New York.

ALL DESIRING HEALTH AND COMFORT SHOULD wear the Graduated Chest and Lung Protector, for men, women and children; sold everywhere; trade supplied. ISAAC A. PRESCOTT, Manufacturer, 694 Broadway.

AGENCY FOR KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERIES.—JAMES H. STURGES, Broker, No. 2½ Murray street, one door from Broadway.

A.—ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
By cable (official), Havana, Oct. 31, Class 934.
No. 14,988.....$100,000
No. 3,559.....50,000
No. 10,435.....25,000
Nos. 19,087 and 12,329, each.....10,000
No. 3,450.....5,000
Office open to-day. Circulars, with full particulars, sent free. Address P. C. DEVLIN, Stationer and General Agent, 30 Liberty street, New York.

A.—HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.
Royal Havana Government Lottery.
Hamburg City Lottery.
Brunswick Government Lottery.
Prizes cashed and information given. Lock box 5,594. THEODOR ZSCHOCH, 116 Nassau street, New York.

A.—OFFICIAL DRAWINGS OF THE KENTUCKY State Lotteries.—Simmons, Dickinson & Co., Managers.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS NO. 263—NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
16, 75, 5, 74, 6, 19, 76, 50, 27, 58.
KENTUCKY, CLASS NO. 257, NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
11, 53, 75, 59, 42, 15, 51, 8, 39, 22, 49, 67.
HENRY, EXTRA CLASS NO. 35—NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
39, 21, 25, 69, 24, 75, 17, 55, 5.
HENRY, CLASS NO. 36—NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
10, 11, 75, 74, 73, 14, 44, 47, 39.
Full information by applying to J. CLUTE, 200 Broadway, room 6, first floor, rear office, or Post office box 4,969, New York.

A.—KENTUCKY STATE AND SHELBY COLLEGE Lotteries. J. S. SMITH & CO., Managers.
KENTUCKY STATE, EXTRA CLASS 257, NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
41, 36, 68, 12, 5, 77, 40, 20, 73, 1, 39.
SHELBY, EXTRA CLASS 55, NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
13, 39, 61, 69, 68, 8, 37, 14, 33, 15, 59, 65.
KENTUCKY STATE, CLASS 258, NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
20, 42, 3, 4, 7, 21, 49, 26, 46, 74, 51, 59.
SHELBY, CLASS 56, NOVEMBER 2, 1874.
69, 35, 28, 12, 31, 66, 26, 32, 72, 77, 62, 15.
Prizes cashed and information given. Address PHILIP GOSS, 174 Broadway, or Post office box 2,754.

A.—OLD KENTUCKY STATE AND SHELBY COLlege lotteries; prizes cashed and information furnished at 232½ Greenwich street, or address box 4,864 New York Post office. F. LUTHY.

A.—PARKS, EMERSON & CO. AGENTS FOR Royal Havana Lottery of Cuba, drawn every 17 days. Kentucky single Number Lottery, drawn Nov. 25, 1874. Masonic Relief Lottery of Norfolk, Va., Nov. 19, 1874. Prizes cashed, information furnished and circulars sent, by addressing PARKS, CO., 189 Broadway, room 4. Post office box 2,271. Private office attached. Office hours 7 A. M. till 7 P. M.

A.—KENTUCKY STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTtery on Havana plan. Circulars or information furnished. J. C. WELLS, authorized Agent, 200 Broadway, or Post office box 4,969, New York city.

HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., 144 LEXINGTON AVEnue, near Twenty-ninth street.—Special attention to the diseases of men and important medical and surgical cases.

HOLIS'S—OPEN TO-DAY. HAMBURGER, A'AL. S——E.

HAVANA LOTTERY.
1 Prize of.....$100,000
1 Prize of.....50,000
2 Prizes of $25,000 each.....50,000
2 Prizes of $10,000 each.....20,000
7 Prizes of.....5,000
10 Prizes of $1,000 each.....10,000
826 Prizes of $250 and $500.....270,000
Circulars of information furnished free.
J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., Bankers,
10 Wall street, rear basement.
New York Post office box 4,969.

HAVANA LOTTERY.—NEW SCHEME FOR ORDInary and extraordinary drawings. German government lotteries. Prizes cashed and information given. WACHSMAN & CO., Bankers, 75 and 77 Nassau street. Post office box 3,316.

KENTUCKY STATE SINGLE NUMBER LOTTERY, November 28.—No discount on prizes; circulars of information free. Address GEO. H. BOOTH, 75 Nassau street; box 3,057 Post office, New York.

LOOK OUT

FOR THE EVENING TELEGRAM

TO-NIGHT.

RETURNS OF THE CITY AND STATE TICKETS

AND TELEGRAPHED NEWS

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY

WILL BE GIVEN TO THE PUBLIC

IN THE EXTRA TELEGRAM,

ON TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 3, 1874.

NEW YORK HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—A STATED meeting will be held at the library, on Tuesday evening, November 3, at 8 o'clock. William J. Hoppin, Esq., will read a paper "Upon Certain Historical Portraits Lately Exhibited in Paris."

PRIVATE RETREAT FOR INEBRIATES AND PERsons suffering from mental or nervous depression, at Mount Vernon, Westchester county, N. Y. For particulars address Dr. WILLIAM MURPHY, as above.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
November 5. Second Extra prizes. Circulars of full information furnished. Prizes cashed. Governments, Spanish Bank Bills, &c., purchased.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
No. 11 Wall street, New York.

SUFFERERS FROM NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, chronic headache or other painful affections, can obtain immediate and permanent relief by applying to DR. LIGHTHILL, 212 Fifth avenue, New York. Hours from 9 to 4.

TO ARCHITECTS AND DRAUGHTSMEN.—WANTED, ten Designs for suburban cottages, ornamental and inexpensive. For particulars apply to PHALON & SLOAN, 31 East seventeenth street.

"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS will be distributed in 20,000 Cash Gifts at the Fifth and Last Gift Concert in aid of the Public Library of Kentucky, November 30, 1874.
POSITIVELY NO POSTPONEMENT.
POSITIVELY LAST CHANCE.
POSITIVELY LAST CONCERT.
Whole Tickets, $5; Halves, $2 50; Tenths, $1.
Apply to THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Agent, or
THOS. H. HAYS & CO.,
609 Broadway, New York.

THE LADIES' FRIEND.—IMPURITIES OF THE Blood a specialty. Dr. BARRETT'S Pharmacy, 523 Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn.

WANTED—FURNITURE IN EXCHANGE FOR work; by a first class sign painter. Address SIGNS, Herald office.

Z.—PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY GIFT CONcert.—Whole tickets, $50; halves, $25; tenths, $5. Office open to-day. Tickets for sale by F. C. DEVLIN, Stationer and Agent, 30 Liberty street.

$250,000 CASH TO BE DISTRIBUTED BY the Masonic Relief Association of Norfolk, Va., positively November 19. Circulars of information sent free. BATES & CO., 190 Broadway.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT FOR THE CITY AND County of Philadelphia.—State of Pennsylvania. To Martina Reed, formerly Martina Martin, widow of the said city of Philadelphia, and to all other persons interested. Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of October, 1874, the petition of Martina Martin Reed was presented, setting forth that under the will of Samuel S. Martin, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased, a certain amount of income and interest from one-half of decedent's residuary estate was payable to Martina, sister of decedent, and formerly the wife of Wm. Reed, of the city aforesaid), and after her death to her two sons, the petitioner and William H. Reed, and that the said Martina had not been seen or heard from since May or June, 1852, and was believed to be dead, and praying the Court for an order directing the Girard Life Insurance, Annuity and Trust Company, of Philadelphia, the executors and trustees under said will, to pay over to the petitioner the share or portion of said income which would be payable to him upon the death of his mother, the said Martina. Whereupon the Court referred the said petition to S. N. Rich, esq., as auditor, to take proof of the allegations of said petition and report upon the propriety of granting the prayer thereof. And the Auditor will hold a meeting for the purpose aforesaid on Monday, November 16, 1874, at 3½ o'clock P. M., at his office, No. 121 South Sixth street, in the said city of Philadelphia.

SPORTING—DOGS, BIRDS, &C.

A.—FOR SALE, ALL KINDS OF FANCY DOGS, Birds, &c.; Medicines for all diseases; prepared Food for mocking birds, at B. G. DOVEY'S, No. 3 Greene street, near Canal.

ALL KEEPING BIRDS USE STANDARD GRAVEL Paper, only bordered with gravel, attached with pure gum arabic; envelopes, containing 15 papers, 25c.; sold everywhere. Principal depot, 694 Broadway.

FOR SALE—SIX SCOTCH AND SKYE TERRIERS, three the smallest and handsomest in the country; one snow white Bull Terrier Slut, very small, stylish and a great rat killer; two Setters and Pointers, Bull Terriers, Esquimaux Dogs and Pups; four very fine Black and Tans. H. GARDNER, 111 South Fifth av.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, SIX (6) SUPERIOR Spitz Dogs; must be of perfectly pure breed. Apply to-day, between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at 125 Madison av.

THE TURF.

A PARIS MUTUAL POOL WILL BE SOLD AT THE Astor House every morning and at 1,146 Broadway every evening on the races; also on the election.

DEERFOOT PARK—CONEY ISLAND ROAD.
Second Fall Meeting.
FIRST DAY, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4.
No. 1—Purse $300 for 2:37 class; 7 entries.
No. 2—Purse $300 for 2:35 class; 7 entries.
SECOND DAY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5.
No. 3—Purse $200 for 2:45 class; 6 entries.
No. 4—Purse $200 for 2:33 class, to be in to-morrow.
THIRD DAY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 6.
No. 5—Purse $200 for 5 minute class; 10 entries.
No. 6—Purse $300 for 2:18 class; 11 entries.
FOURTH DAY, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 7.
No. 7—Purse $200 for 2:50 class; 10 entries.
No. 8—Purse $3 0 for 2:24 class; 6 entries.
Races will commence at 2 P. M. sharp.
WM. McMAHON, Proprietor.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUND ASSOCIATION.—All persons owing entrance money for horses entered in the fall meeting of this Association are hereby notified that the same must be paid on or before November 5, 1874, or they, together with their horses, will be suspended. GEORGE W. OAKLEY, Superintendent.

PROSPECT PARK FAIR GROUND ASSOCIATION.—Saturday, November 7, 2½ o'clock; good day and track; purse and stake, $1,000; mile heats, three in five, in harness.
G. Walker enters br. m. May Bird, record 2:27.
M. F. Smith enters blk. m. Haskill Girl, record 2:28¼.
Mead & Page enter b. g. Rarus, record 2:28.
Admission $1. GEO. W. OAKLEY, Superintendent.

TWO GRAND TROTS
at the Westchester County Fair Grounds.
WEDNESDAY, November 4, 1874.
Purse of $500, for 2:30 class.
$250 to the first, $150 to the second and $100 to the third horse. Closed by the following entries:—
Ben Mace enters b. m. Nellie Walton.
John Chambers enters b. m. Molsey.
A. J. Feek enters ch. g. Bonner.
E. A. Bradbury enters br. g. Barkshire Boy

THURSDAY, November 5, 1874,
Purse of $500, for 2:35 class,
$250 to the first, $150 to the second and $100 to the third horse. Closed with the following entries:—
Ben Mace enters b. m. Nellie Walton.
A. J. Feek enters ch. g. F. Smith.
M. H. Whipple enters b. m. Lady White.
John B. Gallagher enters g. g. Messenger Boy.
W. ODELL, Superintendent.
Admission to the track 50c. Trots commence at 2 o'clock each day.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

AUCTION HOUSE OF VAN TASSELL & KEARNEY, 110 and 112 EAST THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR FOURTH AVENUE.
REGULAR SALE OF HORSES AND CARRIAGES EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
Twenty-four to forty-eight hours given to purchasers to verify all warrantees.
Horses, Carriages, Harness, Blankets, Robes, &c., always on hand at private sale.
CATALOGUE OF THIS DAY'S (TUESDAY) SALE AT 11 O'CLOCK.
CROSS MATCHED TEAM, GRAY AND BAY HORSES, 16 hands high, 8 and 9 years old; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; very stylish and handsome; will prove a fine match team; free and stylish drivers; a first class family or coach team.
SET COACH HARNESS and
LANDAU. IN GOOD ORDER, BUILT BY CORBETT.
BAY HORSE, 15¾ HANDS HIGH, 10 YEARS OLD; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; very stylish; a fast traveller; prompt and spirited driver, and warranted sound; sent in Harness, and
TOP SIDE BAR ROAD WAGON, IN GOOD ORDER; BUILT BY J. B. BREWSTER & CO., OF TWENTY-FIFTH STREET.
SORREL HORSE, 15 HANDS HIGH, 7 YEARS OLD; kind and true in all harness; superior under saddle; free from vice; very stylish, and warranted sound.
ALSO SET HARNESS AND
TOP SIDE BAR ROAD WAGON, NEARLY NEW, built by Silvers.
TEAM BAY HORSES, 15¾ HANDS HIGH, 10 AND 12 years old; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; have been used for carriage driving, and sold only for want of use.
ALSO SET HARNESS AND
SPRING LANDAU, BUILT BY WOOD BROS.
BAY HORSE, 16 HANDS HIGH, 8 YEARS OLD; KIND and true in all harness; free from vice; a free, prompt and stylish driver; warranted sound.
NO TOP ROAD WAGON, BUILT BY MINER & Stevens.
BROWN MARE, 15¾ HANDS HIGH, 8 YEARS OLD; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; has been driven by a lady all summer; fears nothing, and warranted sound.
ALSO SET HARNESS AND
TOP ROAD WAGON, CITY BUILT.
CROSS MATCHED TEAM BAY AND BLACK HORSES, 15¾ hands high, 7 and 8 years old; kind and true in all harness; free from vice, with fine style and action, and an excellent team for general use.
PARK PHAETON, IN GOOD ORDER, BUILT BY Wood Bros.
BROWN HORSE, 16 HANDS HIGH, 8 YEARS OLD; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; a first class road Horse and sold for want of use.
NO TOP CONCORD WAGON
GRAY HORSES, 14 HANDS HIGH, 6 YEARS OLD; kind and true in all harness; free from vice; very stylish; a first class family animal and warranted sound.
LIGHT SHIFTING TOP EXPRESS WAGON.
BROWN SADDLE MARE, 15¾ HANDS HIGH, 8 YEARS old; well broken to all gaits under saddle and has been ridden by ladies.
SEVERAL OTHER HORSES; DESCRIPTIONS TIME of sale.
CLOSE COACH, TOP OR NO TOP ROAD WAGONS, Sleighs, Harness, Robes, Blankets, &c.
SALE COMMENCES AT 11 O'CLOCK.

A.—MAJOR CHAS. W. BARKER, AUCTIONEER.
GREAT SALE of the entire lot of trotting, road and saddle horses in Fairview, N. Orig, Esq., ON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT THE STABLE, CORNER OF 125TH STREET AND THIRD AVENUE.
THE STOCK comprises 30 head, including 15 trotters, that can trot in from 2:40 to 2:20; seven Road Horses that can trot in from 2:50 to 3:10, and 8 Coach Horses.
THE ABOVE were selected by Mr. Olds in Kentucky and Michigan last summer.
SALE POSITIVE and without regard to weather.
FULL DESCRIPTION will be given in Wednesday's Herald.
THE SPEED of above stock will be shown at sale. All representations warranted.

A COMPLETE TURNOUT FOR SALE—CONSISTING of one bay Mare, 15.2 hands, 8 years old, perfectly sound and gentle; top Wagon, in perfect order; Harness; Blanket, Whip, &c., as the owner has no further use. Leave order at Mr. Ivy's, Metropolitan Stables, corner Prince and Crosby streets.

A.—MAJOR C. W. BARKER'S
great regular Horse and Carriage sale.
TO-MORROW, at eleven o'clock prompt,
AT BARKER & SON'S
CITY AUCTION MART, 39 AND 41 TATTERSALL'S, corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.
For particulars see to-morrow's Herald.

A COUPE HORSE, $250; SADDLE HORSE, $200; Pony, $150; Phaeton and Harness, $75; Truck Horse, $250; Horse and rig, $372 Broadway.

A KENTUCKY SADDLE MARE—HAS NO SUPErior; well worth $1,000; will sell low; racks and trots in three minutes. 1,372 Broadway.

A T 10 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING REMEMBER THE sale commences at ARCH. JOHNSTON'S mart, 19 to 25 Thirteenth street, near University place.
Come early and inspect the stock.
Three Teams, twenty road Horses, Family Horses and Carriage Horses.
Arch. Johnston

A FOUR SEAT PARK PHAETON AND SIX SEAT coupe Rockaway, both built by Brewster, in good order; for sale cheap at BARKER & SON'S, corner of Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.

A DUSENBURY & VANDUSER TOP WAGON AND set of rubber mounted single harness, both in extra fine order; price $175, worth $250. 124 West Nineteenth street.

A.—FOR SALE, THE FINEST COACH HORSE IN this city; chestnut color; 8 years old; 16¼ high; Kentucky blood; great knee action; sound as a dollar; also a gray Horse, 15.3 high; very handsome; 6 years old; kind and true in all harness. Private stable 131 West Seventeenth street.

A CLARENCE, USED BUT A FEW TIMES; JUST A come in; also two others, best makers, sold on reasonable terms; four wheel Dog Cart. Coupe Rockaway, extension top Phaeton, Light Wagon, &c.

A.—MUST BE SOLD TO MAKE ROOM, TWO VERY fine, city made, leather shifting top Road Wagons; one full spring and one half spring, side bar; good as new. For further trial. Inquire at the Union Club Stables, No. 5 Eighteenth street, between Broadway and Fifth avenue.

A VERY STYLISH DAPPLE GRAY HORSE, 16 hands high, 7 years old; also one of the finest saddle Horses in New York; warranted sound and kind. No. 6 West Thirteenth street.

A LARGE BOARDING STABLE WANTED—OR lots suitable for the purpose. Owners of such can find a responsible party willing to take a lease for ten years; location, Forty-sixth street to Central Park, Madison and sixth avenues.
J. C. CLINTON, 40 East Eighteenth street.

CARRIAGES FOR SALE—AT THE OLD ESTABlished manufactory No. 10 Nevins street, Brooklyn; all styles; new and second hand; 20 per cent less than New York prices.
H. B. WITTY & CO.

FOR SALE—THREE GOOD WORK HORSES, AS the owner has no work for them. 380 Broome street, near Mott.

FOR SALE—A FINE PAIR OF HORSES, ROAN AND sorrel; 16 hands high; 9 years old; sound and gentle; sold for want of use. Apply at private stable, 210 Clinton street, after 12½ P. M.

FOR SALE.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO SELL his Horses, black, 16¼ hands; very stylish; kind and true; will be sold at a sacrifice; price $450. Apply at office of stables 121 West Twenty-third street.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, &C.

ELEGANT TOP S. B. ROAD WAGON,
ELEGANT TOP F. S. ROAD WAGON, Brewster & Co.
EXTENSION TOP PHAETON, Quimby & Co.
ELEGANT COUPE VICTORIA, Stivers & Co.
TOP ROAD WAGON, Stivers & Co.
COUPE ROCKAWAY, Wood Bros.
SHIFTING TOP EXPRESS WAGON, Eyre.
TWO ELEGANT TEAMS,
TWENTY-FOREE ROAD, FAMILY AND BUSINESS HORSES, AT OUR MART, 19 TO 25 THIRTEENTH STREET, THIS DAY, AT 10 O'CLOCK. SALE EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY. THE WEATHER, ELECTION NOR ANYTHING EVER INTERFERES WITH OUR SALES.

FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODATIONS FOR BOARDING Horses, at 35 and 37 West Twenty-ninth street. MCGRIAN'S stables.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOMEST CLARENCE IN the city, lined in maroon colored satin; price $900; used by a private gentleman; also one six seat Phaeton for $250. Apply at 96 Walker street, near Broadway.

FOR SALE—A VERY OLD WELL ESTABLISHED Livery Stable, doing a good business, with two hotels attached; sold owing to ill health of proprietor. Address A. Z., Herald office.

FOR SALE—A SORREL MARE; SOUND AND KIND; 6 years old; 14½ hands high; stylish driver and good stepper; $150; also two Work Horses; $45, $70. 54 Forsyth street.

FOR SALE—A ROCKAWAY CARRIAGE, IN EXCELlent order. Apply at HETHRICK'S stables, No. 107 West Thirtieth street.

FOR SALE—B. J. CONKLIN, OF ROCHESTER, IS at 490 Sixth avenue with one pair of Blacks, 15.2, and three single Bays, very fine; suitable for coupe or to match.

FOR SALE LOW—FOR CASH, A STYLISH TWO wheel English Dog Cart; used but little; London made; also a two-wheeled Dog Cart. Apply after 10 A. M., at Gould's Music store, 52 Court street, Brooklyn.

HORSE BLANKETS, ROBES, &C., IN ENDLESS variety, at prices that please everybody. C. M. MOSHER & SON, Manufacturers, 114 Chambers street.

I OFFER AT PRIVATE SALE, FOR TWO DAYS, a Messenger Mare, 9 years old; can trot 2:30; sound and kind; can be driven by a lady; with side-bar top Wagon and Harness. Wagon and Harness nearly new; Blankets, Robes and Whip; price, $400, cash. Can be seen at stable 147 West Thirty-fifth st. C. A. BRIGGS.

JUST ARRIVED—AN ELEGANT 15¾ HAND BAY Coach Team; also a very stylish 2:30 Horse; these are all perfect and young. Apply foot East Fourteenth street.

ONE ROAD WAGON, $75; ONE DUSENBURY & VAN Duser top Wagon, nearly new, $250; 1 Brewster side bar, $200; 1 Silver do., $175; 1 Waterman full spring, $165; 1 six-seat Phaeton, Wooster Bros., $175; 1 light Coach, $230; 1 Coupe Rockaway Pole and Shafts, $300; 1 top Pony Phaeton, $75; 1 Rockaway, $150; 1 Sulky, $45; 1 Skeleton Wagon, $75; 1 Grocery Wagon, $75; 1 Express Wagon, $65; 1 light Clarence, by Corbett, nearly new; the largest assortment and styles of Carriages, Blankets, Lap Robes, single and double Harness, &c.
WM. H. GRAY, 2) and 22 Wooster street.

PRIVATE STABLE WANTED FOR THE WINTER.—Four or five single horses; must be near Madison avenue and Thirty-second street. Address, by letter, 138 Madison avenue.

SPEED AND STYLE.—FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for a fine Dog Cart, Rockaway, hookaway, a fine young fast Mare; new Wagon, Harness, &c., &c. Address SAMUEL MORTON, Herald office.

SECOND HAND VICTORIA, COUPE ROCKAWAY, Park Phaeton, six-seat Rockaway, Doctor's Phaeton, Depot Wagon, Harness, Blankets, Robes, Light Rockaways, all styles; new Carriages. MANUFACTURERS' UNION, 634 Broadway.

TO EXCHANGE—GENTLEMAN'S ROAD HORSE, will show $250; will exchange for a good family Horse, Rockaway or other Property. Apply to H. L. LEACH, 41 Liberty street.

WANTED—A CARRIAGE HORSE; MUST BE BLACK or dapple gray, stylish, 6 to 8 years, at least 15½ hands; must be sound; one week's trial before payment required. Address, with lowest price cash, box 2,593 New York Post office.

WANTED.—ANY GENTLEMAN HAVING A STYLISH black, light top Horse, 15¾ hands, sound and kind, that will trot in 2:40, may find a cash customer at a low price by addressing, with description, price and where to be seen, A. B. C., box 211 Post office.

WANTED—A LADY'S SADDLE HORSE, 15¾ HANDS high; must be handsome and stylish, kind and gentle, and drive well in harness. Single and double; one of the best manners and appearance; contains a barouche and parlors, billiard room, four bathing rooms, a laundry, &c. every room decorated and furnished in the most elegant style. The

GARDEN, OF 11,000 QUADRAT METRES,

is surrounded by a wall with two monumental entrances, stables for 16 horses and coachhouse for 8 carriages, and 4 rooms for servants. The Villa is situated in the richest and healthiest part of the city of Florence, has a beautiful view of the city and suburbs and only six minutes' walk from the Porta Romana.
Proposals to be addressed to sub F. U., 1,299 Anoncen Expedition, Rudolf Mosse, Berlin, S. W.

YACHTS, STEAMBOATS, &C.

SCOW FOR SALE.—A GOOD, STRONG, DECKED Scow, 75 feet long, 24 feet wide, 5 feet deep; 200 tons capacity; suitable for any kind of heavy freight. Address SCOW, box 142 Herald office.

WANTED TO BUY OR HIRE—A BARGE OR CANAL Boat. Address, for two days, 55 Rose street, Brooklyn.

DRY GOODS.

ALTMAN'S NEW MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

ALTMAN'S NEW MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT.

REGULAR WINTER OPENING.
REGULAR WINTER OPENING.

WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

NOVEMBER 4, 5 AND 6.
NOVEMBER 4, 5 AND 6.

IMPORTED BONNETS AND ROUND HATS.
IMPORTED BONNETS AND ROUND HATS.

FASHI

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Central.

AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE AT A SACRIFICE, on Seventy-fourth street, near Central Park. Three floors in cabinet work, by Pottier & Stymers; nine superb mirrors; carpets, shades, cornices and chandeliers; house built by day's work; all improvements; ready for immediate occupancy; see it and make an offer.
J. C. CLINTON, 40 East Eighteenth street.

THE NEW AND SUPERIOR HOUSE 41 WEST 58TH street, 25x65, and extension, price very low; also Nos. 7 West and 18 and 19 East 57th street; Nos. 8 and 18 West and 1 and 19 East 53d street; others centrally located, $25,000 to $60,000 and upward.
W. P. SEYMOUR, 171 Broadway.

East Side.

NOTICE TO PARTIES WISHING TO INVEST IN good paying property that will pay 10, 12 and 14 per cent; both private tenement and avenue Property.
JOHN FETTRETCH, 1,036 Third avenue.

West Side.

A BROWN STONE THREE STORY HOUSE (NEW), 20x50, with modern improvements, for sale; low price; $15,500; only $2,000 required. Apply on the premises, 336 West Forty-sixth street.

A.—NINTH AVENUE CORNER FOR SALE.—THE best four story business Corner on Ninth avenue, suitable for a druggist, grocer, bakery or any other business; most of the purchase money can remain on mortgage for five years; it is all occupied and brings a good rent. For full particulars apply to F. I. DOELGER, 25 Park row.

FOR SALE OR TO LET CHEAP—SEVERAL FIRST class brown stone Dwellings, in West Fifty-fifth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues. Apply on premises.

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS FIVE STORY TENEment and Stores, fully occupied; annual rent $3,000. Price low; terms easy.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE AND TO LET.

HERALD BRANCH OFFICE, BROOKLYN.
ADVERTISEMENTS FOR THE NEW YORK HERALD
RECEIVED AT OUR BRANCH OFFICE,
IN THE LONG ISLAND SAVINGS BANK BUILDING,
CORNER OF FULTON AV. AND BOERUM ST.
OFFICE OPEN FROM 8 A. M. TILL 9 P. M.
ON SUNDAY, FROM 3 TILL 9 P. M.
CARRIERS' AND AGENTS' DEPARTMENT,
NO. 7 FRONT STREET, BROOKLYN.

A CHANCE TO BUY THREE OF THE CHEAPEST Houses in Brooklyn; one is a three story and basement brown stone front, new, 20x45, with 10 feet of extra ground on side, known as No. 628 Carlton avenue; No. 335 Ninth street is a two story, basement and attic, 22x42, lot 25x105, frame, in first rate order and all improvements; the other is No. 743 Lincoln place, near Sixth avenue; is a two story and basement brown stone, 20x42, lot 30x110, the most complete house in the city, with small stable; entrance to stable on the extra 10 feet. For further particulars apply at 743 Lincoln place.
WM. FLANAGAN, owner.

FOR SALE—TWO LARGE FACTORIES, STRONG, heavy buildings, for $10,500; not half their value; also 13 Lots, suitable for manufacturing purposes; terms easy. REYNOLDS, 135 Ninth street, Williamsburg.

TO LET—RESTAURANT.—THE WELL KNOWN AND long established Oyster House and Restaurant No. 25 Clinton street, near Fulton; has been kept for many years by Dominick Colgan, who now wishes to retire on account of his advanced years. The house is large and commodious, well furnished throughout; is first class, and in one of the best locations in the city. This is a rare chance for a party who understands the business, as the prospects for making money are undoubted. Inquire of D. & M. CHAUNCEY, 207 Montague street.

TO LET—HOUSE, FURNISHED—A DESIRABLE three story, basement and subcellar brick House, situate on the hill, near Washington Park; has all the modern improvements; location first class; rent $1,200. For permits apply to DAVENPORT & SON, No. 9 Greene avenue, Brooklyn.

33 SIDNEY PLACE, BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, FIVE minutes from Wall street ferry.—A desirable three story brick House, 25x50x135, for sale at price to suit the times; house open from 10 to 5.
J. C. CLINTON, 40 East Eighteenth st., New York.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTY FOR SALE, Davis avenue, New Rochelle.—For sale, the two story and basement Cottage and about 1¾ acres of land, on westerly side of Davis avenue, and near central part of village; newly and thoroughly painted and repaired; gas water, furnace, &c.; price, $7,500; also the Dwelling House opposite, on the corner of Davis and Beauchamp avenues, now occupied by R. W. Buloid, with stable and about 1¾ acres of land; price, $7,000. Each parcel abundantly supplied with fruit and evergreen trees. Apply to S. F. & F. H. COWDREY, 67 Wall street.

JERSEY CITY, HOBOKEN, HUDSON CITY AND BERGEN REAL ESTATE.

For Sale.

A LEASE FOR SALE—OF PREMISES FOOT OF Morgan street, Jersey City, with or without boilermakers' tools; corner lot; 56x100; would suit other manufacturers; the premises also are for sale. Apply to H. LESLIE, office of J. K. Murray, No. 37 Pine street, N. Y.

PROPERTY OUT OF THE CITY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

A FARM OF 165 ACRES FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. There are 50 tons of hay and a quantity of oats and corn, a pair of horses and farming utensils.
JAMES GRIFFIN, 1,072 Third avenue.

FOR SALE—PAVILION HOTEL, KEYPORT, N. J. Apply on the premises. GEO. J. KIBBER.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE UNIMPROVED PLOT OF about sixty acres, on the river, below Peekskill; might exchange for Tenement Property. Address OWNER, box 5,443 Post office.

FLUSHING.—TO LET, A COMMODIOUS DWELLING, with grounds, near Bridge street depot; rent low. Apply to G. EDWARD CARLL, Flushing, or to E. L. BUSHE, 237 Broadway, New York.

HUDSON RIVER FARM AT A BARGAIN—80 ACRES Staatsburg, cottage—8 rooms, barn, springs, vineyard, other fruits; high, healthful, picturesque; $5,000.
C. H. OLIVER, No. 1 Park place.

HOTEL TO RENT OR FOR SALE—THE GRAND Central Hotel at Peekskill, N. Y., near new depot and steamboat landing. Apply, on premises, to Mrs. T. REILLY.

ORANGE, N. J., (SPECIALTY) PROPERTY FOR sale—Low prices, easy terms; rent furnished, unfurnished. HAMILTON & WALLIS, 30 Pine street, New York. Orange office opposite principal depot. Open November 3.

SAN DIEGO (CALIFORNIA) TERMINUS OF THE Texas Pacific Railroad.—Lands, within city limits, $50 to $100 per acre; Blocks, 24 lots, $200; title perfect. Maps, &c., at O. H. PIERSON'S, No. 5 Pine street.

$12,000.—PLANTATION OF 1,100 IN GEORGIA; buildings extensive; also Grist and Saw Mill; healthy location; choice fruit; near city and depot; a bargain. P. WELLING, Paterson, N. J.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—FOR BROOKLYN PROPERTY, 500 acres of uncultivated Land, partly timbered, on Hudson and Delaware Canal, half a day from New York. Address OWNER, box 217 Herald office.

I HAVE SEVERAL GOOD PURCHASE MONEY SECond Mortgages on east side dwellings, eight months to run, that I will exchange for free Property or good Merchandise; would add cash if required. Apply to owner, LICHTENSTEIN, 144 East Forty-fourth street.

RICH FARMING AND GRAZING LANDS IN LEWIS, Hickman, Perry and Humphrey counties, Middle Tennessee; title perfect, to exchange, for city or near-by Property. A. BLOMQVIST, 150 Nassau street.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—A MODERN HOUSE, IN A GOOD LOCAtion, not above Thirtieth street and between Third and Seventh avenues, for $12,000 cash; no agents need answer. Address MASON, box 167 Herald office.

WANTED—A THREE STORY BROWN STONE House, not less than 20 feet wide, between Thirty-fourth and Sixtieth streets, Madison and Eighth avenues, at about $18,000 to $20,000; will pay some cash and the equity in a smaller house up town, as part payment. Address, with full particulars, to receive attention, PURCHASER, Herald office.

MEDICAL.

A.—MME. MAXWELL, MIDWIFE. RESIDENCE 114 East Tenth street, near Third avenue.

A.—DR. AND MME. GRINDLE CURE ALL COMplaints; 25 years' practice. 120 West Twenty-sixth st.

A.—MME. RESTELL, MIDWIFE SINCE 1840, NO. 1 East Fifty-second street, first door from Fifth av.

A.—MME IHL, MIDWIFE AND SCIENCE, 207 EAST Forty ninth street, near Third avenue.

CONSULT DR. OR MME. WEST.—ALL COMPLAINTS cured; advice free. 45 Bleecker st., near Broadway.

DR. COBBETT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON SINCE 1842.—Consultation confidential. Office 20 Centre st.

POLITICAL.

A.—

GENERAL—NUMBER TWO.

GENERAL—NUMBER TWO.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

BENNETT BUILDING.
GREAT REDUCTION IN RENTS.
WITH A VIEW TO SECURE ELIGIBLE TENANTS FOR THE FEW OFFICES NOW REMAINING UNLET IN THE BENNETT BUILDING THE RENTS HAVE BEEN REDUCED, AND FIRST CLASS TENANTS MAY OBTAIN OFFICES AT VERY LOW RENTS.
TO INSURANCE AND BANKING OFFICES IS NOW PRESENTED AN UNUSUALLY FAVORABLE OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE ELIGIBLE OFFICES ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
THE ABOVE BUILDING IS
COMPLETELY FIREPROOF
HEATED BY STEAM.
TWO ELEVATORS,
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
INQUIRE OF
HOMER MORGAN,
NO. 2 PINE STREET.

A STORE TO LET—GOOD STAND FOR TAILOR, shoe store or watchmaker, adjoining entrance to Frankfort House, 202 William street.

A SMALL STORE TO LET, NO. 50½ EAST Twelfth street, near Broadway. Inquire in the next store, No. 52.

A.—TO LET, BAR, RESTAURANT AND BOARDING House, 107 Thirteenth street, adjoining Fourth avenue, dry wine cellar, good kitchen, near Broadway, $130 per month; also cheap Rooms and Workshops.

STEAM POWER AND ROOMS, LARGE AND SMALL, for woodworkers and others; one room on ground; suitable for heavy work; at Twenty-ninth street and Seventh avenue.

STORES WITH APARTMENTS TO LET—IN NOS. 211 and 213 Mott street. Inquire therein, or at the bank office 20 Second avenue.

STUDIO TO LET—IN STUYVESANT BUILDING, East Eighteenth street. Inquire of Janitor.

TO LET—TWO SMALL STORES, AT REDUCED rent; good stand for tailor and shoemaker. Apply to T. HEALY, 125 West Sixteenth street.

TO LET—A LARGE NEW STORE, AT VERY LOW rent. Apply to JOHN HAGGERTY, 313 Water st.

TO LET—STORE, CORNER SIXTH AVENUE AND Forty-fourth street, with plate glass windows, occupied as a real estate office, at a reasonable rent. Apply at 778 Sixth avenue.

TO LET—A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PHYSIcian's Office, in Thirty-fourth street, near Broadway; good references required. Address Mrs. A. K., box 163 Herald Uptown Branch office.

TO LET CHEAP—STORE WITH THREE ROOMS IN rear, all lightsome; chandeliers, water; rent less than $25; near Eighth avenue; 334 West Thirty-seventh street; keys with housekeeper.

DWELLING HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished.

A.—THIRTIETH STREET, JUST WEST OF FIFTH avenue.—Exceedingly desirable medium size four story high stoop brown stone Dwelling to let, furnished, for the winter, or to lease reasonably. V. K. STEVENSON, Jr., 31 East Seventeenth street or 11 Pine street.

A.—43 WEST FORTY-SEVENTH STREET, NEAR Fifth avenue.—Full size four story high stoop, frescoed and elegantly furnished, desirable brown stone Dwelling to lease reasonably for the winter or 18 months. V. K. STEVENSON, Jr., 11 Pine street or 31 East Seventeenth street.

A FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN STONE, EXcept third floor, and extension, elegantly furnished, with silver and linen, for the season; near Fifth Avenue Hotel.
PHILIPSEN & SAILER,
1,205 Broadway, corner Twenty-ninth street.

A.—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSE, MADison avenue, near Thirty-fourth street; one in Forty-sixth street, $250; Madison avenue, $3,000, unfurnished. WM. POOLY, No. 4 Pine st., 1,290 Broadway.

FOUR STORY HIGH STOOP BROWN STONE, NO. 622 Lexington avenue, between Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth streets; handsomely painted walls; furniture in fine order; crockery, bed and table linen, kitchen utensils, &c. Apply on the premises. Rent $3,000.

ON FIFTH AVENUE—HOUSE 27X65 TO LET, MAGnificently furnished, near Forty-seventh street, or will be rented low to a small first class family, who will board two or three persons. Address O. E. G., Herald office.

TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, A NEAT English basement House, on Eighteenth street, near Irving place. Inquire of owner, 136 East Eighteenth st.

WELL FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN EXCHANGE of Board for three adults; no boarders allowed. For particulars address box 2,726 Post office, New York.

Unfurnished.

A.—
SUMMER AND WINTER RESIDENCE COMBINED, within the limits of the city.
An Elegant Residence,
with Green-house, Carriage House, Stables, &c., &c.,
Situated about 182d street,
at Fort Washington,
adjoining the elegant residences of
James Gordon Bennett,
Charles O'Conor,
&c., &c., &c.
containing about nine acres,
with an abundance of ornamental and large forest trees.
The elevation of the Property affords charming views of the Hudson River
and the surrounding country for many miles.
The entire place will be rented to a careful family
at the nominal rent of $2,000 per annum.
Immediate possession will be given.
You can go to Fort Washington from the Battery by steam in less time than to Central Park by horse cars.
For permits and full particulars apply to
POTTER BROTHERS,
Nos. 4 and 6 Warren street,
near Broadway.

A HANDSOME, NEAT, NEW BROWN STONE PRIvate House on Fifty-eighth street, one door east of Lexington avenue, to let for a term of years at low rent; mirrors, chandeliers, &c. Keys at northeast corner of Fifty-eighth street and Lexington avenue.

A LARGE BRICK HOUSE TO LET OR FOR SALE—66 Bloomfield street, Hoboken, N. J.; in good order; rent, $350; for winter months.

A THREE STORY CORNER HOUSE—ON LEXINGton avenue, between Fiftieth and Sixtieth streets; will rent very low until May 1, with privilege of renewal. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine street, or F. ZITTELL, 1,026 Third avenue.

AT LARGE REDUCTION OF RENTS—HOUSE AND Store, connected, 185 Wooster street, near Bleecker, $45 per month; also the large four story House 23 Amity street, $125 per month. Can be seen from 10 to 11 A. M.

A BARGAIN—THREE STORY HIGH STOOP BRICK House in Thirty-fourth street, full front; will be rented for the season for $500, all down, and others.
PHILIPSEN & SAILER,
1,205 Broadway, corner Twenty-ninth street.

A THREE STORY HIGH STOOP—RENT REDUCED; immediate possession, near Sixth avenue, in Twenty-seventh street. Apply to SAMUEL MILLIKEN, 456 Sixth avenue, or at 240 West Fifty-fifth street.

EXTRA NICE THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, ALL improvements, 11 rooms, to let for only $50 per month. Apply on premises, 171 East 109th street, or to JOHN SHIRLEY, 81 Cedar street.

WEST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—FIRST CLASS three story and attic high stoop brick House, containing 16 rooms, in good order, and contains all modern improvements; location in the vicinity of Episcopal College. Apply to D. A. CUSHMAN, No. 172 Ninth av.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST PARTIES REPRESENTING THEMSELVES AS FROM THE HERALD, AND WHO ARE SOLICITING SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISEMENTS FOR A BOARDING GAZETTE OR DIRECTORY. IF THE NUMEROUS PERSONS WHO HAVE BEEN SWINDLED WILL INFORM THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD IT WILL ASSIST IN BRINGING THE GUILTY PARTIES TO JUSTICE.

AT NO. 7 CLINTON PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY—One or two nicely furnished Rooms; rent low; Board if desired.

A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY OPENING HOUSE, vicinity of Union square, will rent two handsomely furnished Rooms, with bath and closets adjoining, to a single gentleman; Breakfast if desired; references required. Address W., box 182 Herald office.

AT 160 WEST SIXTEENTH STREET, TO A GENTLEman, a single furnished Room to let, without board, or breakfast only; reference.

A SUIT OF ROOMS TO LET TO A PARTY OF GENtlemen; house newly painted and furnished throughout; will let on easy terms. 5 West Eighteenth street.

A LARGE, NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, DARK room adjoining, conveniences for housekeeping, $7 50 per week; a large front Room, all conveniences, $6 50; less by month; house private. 218 West Twenty-eighth street.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET A HANDSOMELY furnished front Parlor to two gentlemen or gentleman and wife; light housekeeping if desired; price $8. No. 43 Sixth avenue, near Fourth street.

A LADY WOULD RENT AN ELEGANT PARLOR OR Suit of Rooms, with the freedom of home, to a gentleman who would advance her $200. Address M. A., box 109 Herald office.

A CHEERFUL FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—AT 735 Broadway, opposite Astor place; rent $3 per week. Inquire on third floor.

AT A SACRIFICE—A NEATLY FITTED UP CIGAR Store, doing a good business; centrally situated; other business requiring attention reason for selling. Apply to THOMAS GAFFNEY & CO., Auctioneers, 18 North William street.

A SECOND FLOOR TO LET, FURNISHED—With private table; location Thirty-third street (few doors from Fifth avenue); private family; reference required. Address S., box 169 Herald Uptown Branch office.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO LET.

A NICE FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR TO LET, in private house No. 156 West Thirty-second street.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—With water, fire and gas, in a first class neighborhood in Brooklyn, few minutes' walk from ferry, to a gentleman and wife; Board for lady only; no other boarders taken; terms moderate. Address Mrs. J. M., Brooklyn Post office.

A PLEASANT THIRD FLOOR—CONSISTING OF four Rooms, with gas; rent $30; also two furnished Rooms on second floor; house has all improvements. 131 West Twenty-ninth street.

EAST TWELFTH STREET.—A FINE, LARGE, FURnished Room, third floor, south side, with ample closets, within two blocks of Broadway. Address A. A. R., box 118 Herald office.

FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR TO LET—TWO rooms; bath; hot and cold water; gas; heated by heater; $8 per week, or separated; and Parlor Floor, with basement if desired. 68 Prospect place, corner of East Forty-third street.

FURNISHED SECOND FLOOR TO LET—BATHroom; hot and cold water in each room; heater, &c.; to first class parties terms made to suit. No. 9 East Thirtieth street.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, FOR light housekeeping, to let, to a small family of adults; all conveniences; references exchanged. 137 West Sixteenth street.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED, PLEASANT ROOMS to let, suitable for light housekeeping; good neighborhood; furniture entirely new; terms reasonable to permanent parties. 300 West Twenty-fifth street.

LARGE AND MEDIUM SIZED ROOMS TO LET—TO gentlemen only; newly furnished; prices moderate; references given and required. 25 West Twenty-second street.

NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS ON SECOND FLOOR—To gentlemen or gentleman and wife; front hall Room, $2 50; Third Floor, 4 rooms, unfurnished, with gas, $30; house has all improvements. 131 West Twenty-ninth street.

ONE LARGE ROOM, WITH LARGE CLOSET, ON third floor, front, to let, without board, to gentlemen only; newly and handsomely furnished, painted and frescoed; private family; house first class. References. 140 West Twenty-first street.

ONLY $7 PER WEEK FOR FOUR LARGE FURnished Rooms, suitable for gentleman and wife. 171 Central avenue, corner of Elm street, Brooklyn, E. D.

SIXTH AVENUE HOTEL, CORNER FORTY-FOURTH street.—Thoroughly refurnished; single Rooms from $3 to $6 per week; en suite $8 to $20; first class restaurant at moderate prices.

TO LET—SEVERAL ELEGANTLY FURNISHED Rooms to single gentlemen, with the best references, at 29 West Fifty-fifth street; prices moderate.

TO LET—FURNISHED, BACK PARLOR, WEST side, in strictly private family, for one or two gentlemen; Germans preferred; references exchanged. Address S., box 154 Herald office.

TO LET—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS IN A small family. No. 202 West Thirty-fourth street.

2 OR 3 HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH Kitchen, in private house 62 West Fourteenth street; will let to nice party for light housekeeping; rent reduced.

$4 50 UP—NICEST ROOMS IN THE CITY; Sitting Room, Kitchen and Bedroom furnished for housekeeping; central and conveniently located. 123 Forty fourth street, between Lexington and Fourth avenues.

5TH AVENUE 164, NEAR TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—Second Floor, of six rooms, furnished; also other Rooms, single or en suite; references.

6 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET.—TO LET, WITHout board, elegant suite of Rooms, newly furnished and painted, to gentlemen; references.

$7.50 WEEKLY OR $30 MONTHLY.—PART French Flat, furnished for housekeeping; sitting and bed room, kitchen, with hot and cold water, stationary tubs, &c., closet and bath, gas included. 108 Fifty-sixth street, between Lexington and Fourth avs.

9TH WARD.—TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, in that cosey little house 160 Waverley place.

14TH STREET, 318 EAST.—ELEGANTLY FURnished, large sized front Room, third floor, with ample closet room, $16 for two, grate fire and gas included; water in room; also extra sized hall Room adjoining, $6 50 for one; large front Room, floor above, $12 for two; few boarders; near Second avenue; best references.

113 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET.—LARGE Room on second floor; also small Room on fourth floor.

151 EAST TWENTIETH STREET.—A VERY SMALL private family will let an elegantly furnished Parlor and Bedroom, first floor, sunny exposure, to a lady or gentleman, at $12 per week.

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AT REDUCED RENT—FRENCH FLAT, WEST THIRty-fourth street; modern improvements; rent $38; possession. MORRIS B. BAER, 996 Sixth avenue and 72 West Thirty-fourth street.

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APARTMENTS OF FOUR ROOMS ON ABINGDON square, furnished or unfurnished; rent low; three Rooms on Nineteenth street, $15 per month.
R. TAGGART, 593 Hudson street, Abingdon square.

A MAGNIFICENT FRENCH FLAT TO RENT—NEAR Fifth avenue, with or without Carpets; rent low; janitor, janitress; elevator; halls heated.
JAMES FETTRETCH, 999 Sixth avenue.

A.—TO LET, THE FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT of house southeast corner of Twentieth street and Ninth avenue, overlooking College grounds; contains 10 rooms, separate gas meter, two water closets, recently painted, range, boiler, bathroom, dumb waiter, seven closets and replete with every convenience. Apply to D. A. CUSHMAN, No. 172 Ninth avenue, between Twentieth and Twenty-first streets.

ELEGANT APARTMENTS, IN SUITS OF THREE Rooms (parlor, bedroom and bathroom), in the beautifully located apartment house 220 Fifth avenue, near Twenty-sixth street. Apply to JANITOR.

FRENCH FLATS—ELEGANT APARTMENTS IN THE first class buildings Fifth avenue and Carroll street, Brooklyn; size 21x70 and 21x80; some floors contain seven and others eight Rooms; each apartment has a bath, stationary tubs, range, gas chandeliers, dumb waiter, private hall; rent $25 per month and upward; similar apartments in New York rent for $80. Fifth avenue cars from Fulton, Wall and South ferries; distance 20 minutes. Janitor on premises daily.

FLOORS AND APARTMENTS TO LET—IN THE brown stone houses 211, 213 and 215 Mott street. Inquire of housekeeper, or at bank office, 20 Second av.

FRONT ROOM, THREE WINDOWS, ON SECOND floor, with two closets, water, gas and privilege of bath, to a desirable party; location West Eighteenth street, near Sixth avenue. Address H. H., Herald Uptown Branch office.

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SECOND FLOOR, PRIVATE HOUSE (GOOD BLOCK), four rooms, rent $45, to a small American family of adults; not object to a little girl. Inquire at 171 West Tenth street.

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TO LET—THE FINE FIRST FLOOR, SIX ROOMS, with improvements; walls newly painted; gas and chandeliers, &c., at the low price of $30 per month; only three families in the house. Apply at once at Nos. 718 and 720 Tenth avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth streets.

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TO LET—THE FIRST FLOOR AND BASEMENT AND three Rooms on the third floor, either separately or together, at 435 Fourth avenue.

VERY CHEAP—UNFURNISHED FLOORS TO LET. See them. HOLMES BROTHERS,
46 East Twenty third street.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND VAT, FOR lard rendering. Address, giving price and particulars, A. G., box 140 Herald office.

WANTED—ABOUT 100 FEET OF SHELVING AND Showcases, suitable for a fancy store. Address R. M. MARTIN, 54 Broad street.

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AT 33½ SIXTH AVENUE, NEAR FOURTH STREET—NATHAN pays the highest cash prices for ladies' and gentlemen's cast off Clothing, Carpets, &c. Call on or address Mr. or Mrs. NATHAN.

AT M. MARKS' WELL KNOWN ESTABLISMENT, 101 Sixth avenue, opposite Eighth street, and at our branch, 71 Sixth avenue, ladies and gentlemen can receive the utmost value in cash for their cast off Clothing, Carpets, Jewelry, Laces, &c. Please call at or address the number as above. Ladies waited on by Mrs. Marks. Please try and satisfy yourselves. Orders to Brooklyn promptly attended to.

AT 297 THIRD AVENUE, NEAR TWENTY-THIRD street.—M. Leon pays highest prices for ladies' and gentlemen's Wearing Apparel, &c. Ladies are waited on by Mrs. Leon.

A GREAT DEMAND FROM MY AGENT FOR WEARing Apparel, Carpets and Furniture, which compels me to pay these prices:—For Dresses, $10 to $100; Coats, $3 to $30; Pants, $3 to $10. Please to call on or address J. ANHALT, or Mrs. ANHALT, 173 Seventh avenue.

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J. MASON, 266 SEVENTH AVENUE, BETWEEN Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets, will positively pay the highest cash prices for ladies' and gentlemens' cast-off Clothing, Carpets, &c.; orders by post promptly attended.

THE UPTOWN NEW ESTABLISHMENT, NO. 882 Sixth avenue, near Fiftieth street.—Ladies and gents will be astonished at the prices we pay for Wearing Apparel. Call on or address Mr. or Mrs. EISENSTADT.

TAKE NOTICE.—L. METZ, 247 SEVENTH AVENUE, will pay the highest cash prices for ladies' and gentlemen's Cast-off Clothing, Carpets, Furniture, Bedding, Jewelry, &c. All communications promptly attended to by Mr. or Mrs. Metz. 247 Seventh avenue, near Twenty-fourth street.

AMUSEMENTS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. WOOD'S,
THIS EVENING, at 8, | AFTERNOON, at 2.
OLIVER DOUD BYRON | L. Aldrich, Sophie Miles,
ACROSS THE | T. L. Conner, A. H. Sheldon,
CONTINENT. | Six Degrees of Crime.

THEATRE COMIQUE, 514 BROADWAY.
Mr. JOSH HART......Sole Proprietor.
The world renowned
MULLIGAN GUARDS
reconstructed.
Tony Hart as CAPTAIN.
Ed. Harrigan as PRIVATE.
The side splitting sketches
EDITORS' TROUBLES
and the BOX MYSTERY.
MR. JOHN WILD, MR. FRANK KERNS,
MR. WM. CARTER, MR. WM. GAYLORD,
MISS AMY ROBERTS, MISS KITTY O'NEIL,
MISS ALICE BENNETT, in new acts, songs, dances and
AN ENTIRE NEW OLIO,
concluding with the drama
SING SING, or
HOW THEY GET OUT.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

NIBLO'S.
C. R. THORNE.......Lessee and Manager
Positively last week but one of
THE DELUGE; OR, PARADISE LOST.
MISS JULIA SEAMAN, | MLLE. BETTY
BOISSET FAMILY, | REMELSBERG.
THE FLYING COMEIS, | KIRALFY SISTERS,
150 WARRIORS | LE JUNE BONNAY.
OF THE TROUPE. | GRAND BALLET.
Magnificent Scenery. | BRILLIANT DANCES.
DELUGE SCENE, WITH REAL WATER.

NIBLO'S.
POLITICAL NOTICE. ELECTION.
The election returns for the city and State will be duly announced from the stage during the evening, arrangements having been made for the purpose with the telegraph companies.
ELECTION RETURNS AT NIBLO'S.
NIBLO'S. | ELECTION RETURNS.
THE DELUGE. | THE DELUGE.
ELECTION. ELECTION. | RETURNS TO-NIGHT.
DELUGE. | PARADISE LOST.
TO-NIGHT. TO-NIGHT. | FROM THE STAGE,
ALL THE RETURNS. | THE VICTORS NAMED.
ALL THE RETURNS. | THE VICTORS NAMED.
COME AND HEAR THE FINAL RESULT.

PARK THEATRE,
Broadway between 21st and 22d streets.
"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."
EIGHTH WEEK
of
MR JOHN T. RAYMOND,
in his great character specialty of
COLONEL MULBERRY SELLERS,
in a serio-comic American Drama, by
MARK TWAIN.
"The hit of the present season."—World.
EVERY NIGHT
and
SATURDAY MATINEE AT 2 P. M.
Order carriages at 10:30.
TELEGRAPH FOR SEATS.
SEATS SECURED TEN DAYS IN ADVANCE.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE, WEST 23D STREET, between 6th and 7th avenues, near Booth's Theatre.
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. | THE EXCELSIOR TROUPE.
Every evening at 8. | Saturday Matinee at 2.
CHANGE OF BILL. | TWO HOURS' FUN.
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. | THE PET ELEPHANT.
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. | Mulligan Guard Brass Band.
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. | OBEYING ORDERS.
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. | ARRIVAL OF ALBANI.
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. | When the Cat's Away,
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS. | OLD BLACK JOE.
THE DELUGE, OR A PAIR O' DICE LOST.
BRYANT'S AFRICAN BALLET TROUPE.
Dan Bryant, Seymour, Reed, Hart, Rice, Hogan, Emerson. Box office open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Seats secured. Family Matinee every Saturday at 2.

ROBINSON HALL.
Sixteenth street, between Broadway and Fifth av.
MATINEE TO-DAY. | FEMALE BATHERS.
MATINEE TO-DAY. | CANCAN.
MATINEE TO-DAY. | FEMALE MINSTRELS.
AT 2:30. | GREAT VARIETY COMPANY.

AMERICANS AWAKE! | FAIL NOT TO RECORD YOUR VOTES to-day at the Matinee, Robinson Hall. THE CANCAN.

FULL ELECTION RETURNS | WILL SHOW THE MATINEE TO-DAY AT ROBINSON HALL TO BE THE BEST IN THE CITY.

1. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1 VOTERS. | AROUSE. VOTE EARLY. VOTE often. Go to the Matinee at Robinson Hall this afternoon. The CAN CAN and FEMALE BATHERS.

ROBINSON HALL, SIXTEENTH STREET, between Broadway and Fifth avenue.
MATINEE
TO-DAY.
CANCAN. FEMALE BATHERS.

A. ROBINSON HALL, SIXTEENTH STREET.
MATINEE TO-DAY, AT 2:30.
CANCAN. FEMALE BATHERS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, BROOKLYN.
Miss VIOLETTA COLVILLE, the young American prima donna, and Mr. WILLIAM H. DAVIS, basso, of New York, having most generously volunteered their professional services to the Rev. J. R. McDonald, will appear in Grand Sacred Concert at the Academy of Music, Brooklyn, on Sunday evening, November 8, 1874, for the benefit of St. Mary's church of the Immaculate Conception, Brooklyn, E. D.
The renowned GILMORE'S TWENTY-SECOND REGIMENT BAND, comprising sixty-five musicians, including Messrs. Arbuckle, Letebre and others, conducted by the famed P. S. Gilmore, projector and promoter of the Boston Jubilee, will assist. One hundred gentlemen from the German singing organizations from this and the neighboring city have also volunteered and will sing at this concert. Admission, including seat in Family Circle, 50c.; Dress Circle, 75c.; Balcony, $1; Parquette, $2.

HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY. | TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE.

FOR SALE.

A WHEELER & WILSON FIRST CLASS FAMILY Sewing Machine, encased in black walnut attachments, complete, perfect order, sacrifice, $25; also Wilcox & Gibbs', $20. 285 Canal street, corner of Broadway.

A FINE OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE (ONE OF THE best), doing a good business, for sale cheap; also splendid Wine Rooms and Liquor Stores.
MITCHELL'S Store Agency, 77 Cedar street.

A.—AN OLD ESTABLISHED BUTCHER BUSINESS for sale, in a good location, with Stock and Fixtures; rent very low. Apply in market, one door east of Broadway, in Thirtieth street.

A.—FOR SALE, FIRST CLASS RESTAURANTS ON Broadway, Bakeries, Confectioneries, Fruit Stores, Cigar Stores, Grocery Stores, Tea Stores, Crockery Stores, first class Drug Stores.
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A FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE FOR SALE—LOCAtion unsurpassed, leading avenue; nominal rent; A No. 1 stand; to enterprising party a splendid investment. SIMERS' Store Agency, No. 7 Murray street.

A FIRST CLASS OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE FOR sale—Great business thoroughfare; successful operation 15 years; splendid cash trade; genuine stand.
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A RESTAURANT AND BAR—BEST ON SIXTH avenue; long lease and cheap rent; easy terms to prompt buyer; owner obliged to sell, leaving for Europe.
MALONE'S Store Agency, 121 Nassau street.

A FIRST CLASS DOWN TOWN RESTAURANT—ON leading thoroughfare; doing an extensive business; established for years; investigate; rare opportunity to make a fortune.
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A FIRST CLASS (15 YEARS ESTABLISHED) Cracker Business for sale cheap, or will take part cash and Real Estate; well suited for a lady.
H. PATTBERG, 234 Broadway, room 15.

A GOOD CIGAR STORE FOR SALE—CHEAP RENT and good locality. 149 West Broadway.

A GREAT SACRIFICE IF PURCHASED TO-DAY.—$220 for a large Grocery, fully stocked, handsome fixtures complete; worth $550 to-day. Principals apply to landlord and owner, 745 First avenue.

A LIGHT PROFITABLE BUSINESS—REGULARLY clearing over $10 weekly for years, for sale, for $4,000; account of ill health, or partner for $2,000 cash. Address J., box 161 Herald office.

CROCKERY AND GLASS BUSINESS FOR SALE.—Store in good location; good Stock, &c. For particulars address C. L. G., box 1,225 New York Post office.

FOR SALE—BUTCHERS' BENCHES, BLOCKS corned beef Trays, Bologna Counters, Stalls, Rails, &c., new and second hand.
MATHESON, 561 West Thirty-fourth street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE FIXTURES OF LIQUOR Store northwest corner of Forty-third street and Second avenue; Lease can be had at a low rent. Apply at Howard Brewery, 518 West Thirty-third street.

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A SMALL BAXTER ENGINE FOR SALE.—ADDRESS Post office box 241.

A LARGE LOT OF NEW AND SECOND HAND ENgines, Boilers, Tanks, Steam Pumps, Caldrons and Jacket Kettles. FINNEY & HOFFMAN, Manufacturers, 202 to 225 Water street, Brooklyn.

AT WILSON & ROAKE'S, WATER AND DOVER streets—Upright and Horizontal Engines and Boilers, Steam Pumps and general Machinery, second hand; double Hoisting Engine and 8-horse Baxter.

FOR SALE—IN WAREHOUSE, MILLING, DRILLing, Tapping and fine Metal Working Machinery; best makers. Address M. L. GUMP & CO., 176 William street, New York.

FOR SALE—AT 530 WEST STREET, 4 STEAM ENgines, 9x17x18 and 20 in. bore; wanted to purchase second hand Griffie's or Root's Boiler.

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AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
An extensive stock of Slate and Marble Mantels, Wash Trays and Slate Work of every description.
PENRHYN SLATE COMPANY,
Union square, Fourth avenue and Seventeenth st., N. Y.

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES—AN EXTENSIVE stock of Marble and Marbleized Mantels and all other marble work; Marble Turning for the trade. A. KLABER, 134 East Eighteenth street, near Third avenue.

A GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF MARBLE and Marbleized Mantels; all kinds of Floor Tiling, Monuments, Headstones, Slabs for plumbers and cabinet makers, now offered at S. KLABER & CO.'S Steam Marble Works, Nos. 217 to 223 West Fifty-first street, near Broadway.

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HUSSEY CONSTELLATION.
LEONIE, ERNEST, OVILA AND FRANK HUSSEY.
BLANCHE CLIFTON, the Australian Pearl,
Professor J. L. DAVIS and his EDUCATED DOGS,
together with all the Metropolitan favorites.
SEVENTEENTH WEEK of the successful engagement of
MME. VIOLETTE PICAUT'S
PARISIAN CANCAN or CHAHUT DANCERS.
MATINEE WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2.

ACADEMY. MIGNON. ALBANI.
Last week but three. Strakosch Italian Opera.
WEDNESDAY, November 4, Seventeenth Subscription Night.
JOINT APPEARANCE OF
Mlle. EMMA ALBANI,
Mlle. HEILBRON and Miss ANNIE LOUISE CARY, and first time this season of Ambroise Thomas' Grand Opera in four acts,
MIGNON.
Mlle. EMMA ALBANI..........as..........Mignon
Mlle. MARIE HEILBRON.......as..........Felina
Miss A. L. CARY...............as..........Federico
Signor DEBASSINI..............as..........Guglielmo
Signor FIORINI.................as..........Lothario
Signor SCOLARA......Laerte. Mr. HALL.......Giarno
Powerful Chorus and Grand Orchestra.
Musical Director and Conductor.......Signor E. MUZIO
THURSDAY, November 5—Brooklyn Academy—AIDA.
FRIDAY, November 6—Sixth appearance of Mlle. ALBANI.
SATURDAY, November 7—Last Grand Matinee but three, and last time of AIDA. Admission, with seat, $2.
SUNDAY, November 8—Fifth Grand Concert by the STRAKOSCH ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.
MONDAY, November 9—Revival of ERNANI, and first appearance this season of Mlle. ALICE MARESI.
THURSDAY, November 12—Newark Opera House—FAUST.
*** Will shortly be produced, Verdi's MESSA DI REQUIEM.

LYCEUM THEATRE.—SOLDENE.
M. GRAU and CHIZZOLA.....Lessees and Managers
ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION
of
MISS EMILY SOLDENE
MISS EMILY SOLDENE
and her complete and powerful
ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE COMPANY,
ENGLISH OPERA BOUFFE COMPANY,
THIS TUESDAY and EVERY EVENING AT 8.
ALSO SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1:30,
will be repeated with an
UNPARALLELED ENSEMBLE
and with a stage attire of
UNPRECEDENTED BEAUTY,
Offenbach's most tuneful Opera,
GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT
(represented upwards of 600 nights in London).
DROGAN (her original character).........Miss SOLDENE
Seats secured six days in advance.
Box office open from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

MACCABE—STEINWAY HALL—MACCABE.
Every Evening at 8. Matinee, Saturday, at 2.
Fourth week of the notable and overwhelming success of
FREDERIC MACCABE,
in his original entertainment,
BEGONE DULL CARE;
Or an Elysium of Humor, Music and Ventriloquism.

MACCABE'S TRANSITION OF CHARACTER.

The entire press is unanimous as to the marvellous rapidity and wonder with which each change of character is effected. Never has such a versatility of voice, features and embodiment been exhibited in any entertainment of modern times.

MACCABE'S PRESENT ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME

of original MIRTH, PERSONATIONS and SONGS, including those marvels of delineations, the
FASCINATING FELLOW, MISS MARY MAY,
THE WANDERING MINSTRELS and
THE ENGLISH RAILWAY PORTER,
in which Mr. MACCABE will impersonate seven individuals without leaving the sight of the audience, will be repeated every evening until further notice.
Admission 50c.; Reserved Seats, 25c. and 50c. extra.
Reserved Seats at Steinway Hall daily, from 9 till 5.

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GREAT AMERICAN VARIETIES.
Brilliant success of
Miss ALICE HARRISON'S Opera Bouffe Troupe.
in
GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT,
with powerful cast, elegant costumes and all the scenic and musical effects.
Great hit of the
FAUST FAMILY OF ENGLISH ACROBATS.
100 Artists in Olio. — Olio of 100 Artists.
OLIO OF 100 ARTISTS.
GUS WILLIAMS. RICKEY AND BARNEY.
Senorita MONTEJO'S LIVING FOUNTAIN.
Miss EMMA HOFFMAN. Miss SADIE O'NEILL.
in Opera, Farce, Sketch, Song and Dance every evening and Wednesday and Saturday matinee.

STEINWAY HALL. THEO. THOMAS.
THEODORE THOMAS'
SYMPHONY CONCERTS AND PUBLIC REHEARSALS.
ON THURSDAY AFTERNOON, NOV. 5, AT 2½,
FIRST AFTERNOON PUBLIC REHEARSAL.
Admission tickets, 75 cents. Reserved seats, 25 cents extra.
ON SATURDAY EVENING, NOV. 7, AT 8,
FIRST SYMPHONY CONCERT.
Admission, $1 and $1 50. Reserved seats, 50 cents extra.
PROGRAMME.
SYMPHONY, HAROLD IN ITALY, Op. 16.....BERLIOZ
Obligato Viola by Mr. CHAS. BAETENS.
Harp, Mr. A. LOCKWOOD.
CONCERTO FOR PIANO, Op. 16 (new), EDWARD GRIEG
Mr. F. BOSCOVITZ and ORCHESTRA.
SYMPHONY, No. 3, Eroica..............BEETHOVEN
The sale of Reserved Seats and tickets for both the Public Rehearsal and Symphony Concerts will commence THIS MORNING at 701 and 114 Broadway and at the Box office of Steinway Hall.
Subscription Tickets can now be had at the Box office of Steinway Hall.

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GRAND HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY.
GRAND HOLIDAY MATINEE TO DAY.
The new Local Drama,
NEW YORK MECHANICS.
NEW YORK MECHANICS.
THE MORGAN SISTERS,
in Duetts, Sketches, &c.
NILES & EVANS, LARRY TOOLEY, TONY PASTOR AND TROUPE.
69 STARS. GRAND HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY.

COLOSSEUM, BROADWAY AND THIRTY-FIFTH ST.
TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY, at 2:30 and 8 P. M.
LIGHTS AND SHADOWS of NEW YORK. Prof. HUTCHINGS. | Paris by Moonlight. MIDNIGHT STORM. Jarley's Wax Works. The Tumbleronicon. PROMENADE CONCERTS. | GREATEST LIVING PIANIST, Mr. CLOTILDE L'HOTE.
Every Matinee (excepting Saturday), 50c.; Children, 25c.
Every evening and Saturday Matinee, 75c.; Children, 40c.

NEW YORK STADT THEATRE, 45 AND 47 BOWERY.
AD. NEUENDORFF..............Director
Star engagement of
Miss LINA MAYR,
the favorite of Germany in opera bouffe, commencing
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4,
in her celebrated role of Boulotte in
BARBE-BLEUE.
Opera Bouffe, in four acts, by Offenbach.
Box office open daily from 8½ o'clock, A. M.

KEEP QUIET. KEEP COOL. KEEP HAPPY. | KEEP AWAY FROM THE BUSTLE of election day. Attend the Grand Holiday Matinee at Tony Pastor's Opera House, 201 Bowery.

ARGYLE ROOMS, SIXTH AVENUE AND THIRTIETH STREET.—SOIREE DANSANTE AND MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT EVERY EVENING, COMMENCING AT 9 O'CLOCK. SPECIAL MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON, COMMENCING AT 3 O'CLOCK.

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128 West Fourteenth street, New York.
The Galleries will be open from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., on TUESDAY, November 3 (election day).

WHERE THE LADIES MAY GO TO-DAY AND VOTE To Tony Pastor's Opera House, 201 Bowery.
GRAND HOLIDAY MATINEE AT HALF-PAST TWO.

THE GREAT WALKING MATCH.
The Champions, Edward Mullin, of Boston, Champion Pedestrian of the United States, and Edward Harding, of New York, ex-Champion, will start this afternoon from
TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 BOWERY,
on their walk to Philadelphia and back,
FOR THE PRIZE OF $600.
GRAND HOLIDAY MATINEE TO-DAY. Returning they will arrive at Tony Pastor's on Friday afternoon.

BOOTH'S THEATRE, SATURDAY EVENING.—$15 will be paid for two good seats. Address J. LAWRENCE, 212 West Thirty-ninth street, after 6 P. M.

PIANOFORTES, ORGANS, &C.

ATTENTION, PIANO DEALERS!—CALL AND SEE the most successful piano of the present time; great inducements for cash. C. D. PEASE & CO.,
244, 246 and 248 West Twenty-seventh street.

A BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD PIANO, ROUND CORners, carved legs, city maker, low for cash, or $5 monthly till paid. Seen at J. BIDDLE'S, 13 Waverley place, near Broadway.

A BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD PIANO, $100, A 7¼ octave, carved legs, overstrung, every improvement, fully warranted, a sacrifice, instalments taken rent $4. R. CABLE, 107 West Twenty-third street, corner 6th Av.

A MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD PIANOFORTE FOR sale—made order by celebrated maker, for $275; Parlor, Chamber, Dining Furniture at sacrifice; property family leaving city. 36 West 15th st., near 5th av.

A LADY WILL SELL FOR LESS THAN $100—HANDsome rosewood round cornered Pianoforte, including stool and cover; modern improvements, perfect order. 28 Third street, near Bowery.

A FULL AGRAFFE 7¼ OCTAVE RICH ROSEWOOD Pianoforte for sale—Cost $1,000, for $175. Call at private residence 120 West 23d st. N. B.—Printed guarantee for five years.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL SELL THEIR ELEGANT four round Decker & Bros. Pianoforte at a sacrifice. A brilliant toned 7¼ octave, richly carved rosewood case, full agraffe, overstrung Piano, having all improvements, printed guarantee and bill of sale, cost $975, for $250. N. B.—Stool, Cover, Box for shipping. Also 7¼ octave upright Piano, one-fourth cost. Call private residence 210 West 21st st.

THE BEST PLACE TO PURCHASE AND RENT upright and square Pianos and Organs at reasonable prices; new 5 stop Organs, $90; 7 stops, $125.
S. X. BALL & CO., 15 East Fourteenth street.

WATERS' NEW SCALE PIANOS ARE THE BEST made. Prices low for cash or instalments, or for rent until paid for. Second hand Pianos at bargains. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. Agents wanted.
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$85.—A BEAUTIFUL CARVED ROSEWOOD 7 octave Pianoforte, round corners, celebrated maker, modern style and improvements. 243 East 30th street, between 2d and 3d avenues.

MUSICAL.

A YOUNG LADY, POSSESSING EXTRAORDINARY musical talents, combined with a knowledge of languages, and of prepossessing appearance, is desirous of making a contract with some one possessing the means to advance her interest; has all the requisites for a brilliant future career on the stage. Address INTERNATIONAL MUSICAL AND THEATRICAL AGENCY, 114 Broadway.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WITH GOOD VOICE and capable of playing a small part, to travel with a musical entertainment. Apply at 71 Varick street, near Canal. East Room.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager..Mr. LESTER WALLACK
THE RECEPTION
accorded to the performance of
THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN
induces Mr. WALLACK to announce it for
EVERY EVENING
and
SATURDAY MATINEE.
SCENERY, COSTUME AND APPOINTMENTS ALL NEW,
and a cast including the names of
Mr. H. J. MONTAGUE, Mr. JOHN GILBERT, Mr. J. B. POLK, Mr. J. W. CARROLL, Mr. E. M. HOLLAND, Mr. C. F. BROWNE, Mr. C. E. EDWIN, Miss ADA DYAS, Mme. PONISI, Miss EFFIE GERMON, Miss IONE BURKE, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, Miss MABEL LEONARD.
Due notice will be given of the first appearance of
Mr. DION BOUCICAULT,
in his
NEW IRISH DRAMA,
which is now in active preparation.
PARTICULAR NOTICE.
Owing to the great demand for seats to witness the present performance the box office will be open
TEN DAYS IN ADVANCE.
Carriages may be ordered at 10:45.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. CUSHMAN.
Miss CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN'S FAREWELL.
Miss CUSHMAN will appear every night this week, save Saturday, and at the SATURDAY MATINEE in her immortal part of
MEG MERRILIES,
in the romantic drama GUY MANNERING,
which will be offered with all of Sir Henry Bishop's delicious music, interpreted by superior soloists, an augmented orchestra and OPERATIC CHORUS OF 100.
On THURSDAY next an EXTRA MATINEE OF MEG MERRILIES.
On SATURDAY evening MACBETH, in which Miss CUSHMAN and Mr. VANDENHOFF will appear. The LAST NIGHT OF MISS CUSHMAN.
Mr. JOSEPH JEFFERSON'S engagement begins on next MONDAY, November 9, when RIP VAN WINKLE will be presented.
SALE OF SEATS.
*** THE SALE OF SEATS for any performance of this week, including that of the LAST NIGHT, is now progressing. The box office will be open continuously from 8 A. M. to 10 P. M. An extra office is established in the vestibule for the sale of the tickets securing seats for THURSDAY'S EXTRA MATINEE. Places for the RIP VAN WINKLE nights will be offered to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at 8 o'clock.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. SPECIAL.
JARRETT & PALMER beg to announce that an
EXTRA MATINEE
of
MEG MERRILIES
will be given on THURSDAY next for the purpose of meeting, in a degree, the excessive demand for seats to witness MISS CUSHMAN'S impersonations. This will afford residents of districts suburban to the metropolis an excellent opportunity to visit Booth's Theatre. The doors will be open at 1 and the performance commence at 1½. Seats can be secured in advance.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. JOSEPH JEFFERSON.
RIP VAN WINKLE NIGHTS.
THE SALE OF RESERVED CHAIRS for the engagement of Mr. JOSEPH JEFFERSON will begin TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) MORNING, at 8 o'clock. Orders received by telegraph, mail or messenger.

DALY'S FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE.
28th street and Broadway. Begins at 8. Over at 11.
Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY..........Proprietor and Manager.
TO-NIGHT,
THE
SCHOOL
FOR
SCANDAL.
Mr. DALY'S new arrangement of SHERIDAN'S famous comedy, with the favorite cast of this house.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 4,
EXTRAORDINARY REVIVAL OF MRS. COWLEY'S Brilliant Five Act Comedy (newly arranged for this company), entitled
THE
BELLE'S
STRATAGEM,
with the following important distribution of parts:—
Mr. Louis James.........as..............Doricourt
Flutter..........Mr. Clarke | Saville..........Mr. Ringgold
Hardy..........Mr. Davidge | Courtall.........Mr. Conway
Sir George.........Mr. Peake | Villers..........Mr. Peakes
Letitia Hardy, with the song.......Miss Fanny Davenport
Mrs. Rackett..Mrs. Gilbert | Lady Touchwood..Miss Jewett
Miss Ogle.......Miss Grey | Kitty Willis.......Miss Varian
During the MASQUERADE TABLEAUX of the fourth act the PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS will dance A SAVABAND.
SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1:30—THE BELLE'S STRATAGEM.
Tuesday next, November 10, MASKS AND FACES.

BRILLIANT OPENING AND
CROWNING SUCCESS!
P. T. BARNUM'S P. T. BARNUM'S
P. T. BARNUM'S P. T. BARNUM'S
GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
THE AMUSEMENT MARVEL OF THE AGE!
THE AMUSEMENT MARVEL OF THE AGE!
ALL FORMER TRIUMPHS ECLIPSED!
ALL FORMER TRIUMPHS ECLIPSED!
TEN THOUSAND DELIGHTED CITIZENS
TEN THOUSAND DELIGHTED CITIZENS
With rapturous applause welcome the reappearance of the
GORGEOUS PAGEANTS,
THE BRILLIANT EQUESTRIAN SCENES,
THE NEW AND DARING RACES,
THE MARVELLOUS GYMNASTIC ACTS,
THE WONDERFUL TRAINED ANIMALS!
NEW FEATURES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
NEW FEATURES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
NEW FEATURES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT
of the
GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME!
NEW PERFORMERS MALE AND FEMALE,
NEW CHARIOT RACES,
NEW HURDLE RACES,
NEW JOCKEY RACES,
And the thrilling arenic contest, entitled
INDIAN LIFE,
INDIAN LIFE,
A CHASE FOR A WIFE.
A CHASE FOR A WIFE.
This grand and novel spectacle of Indian life introduces one hundred of the leading ladies and gentlemen of the company, presenting by far the most exciting exhibition of daring equestrianism ever witnessed. It represents with vivid truthfulness the varied scenes of the camp, the conflict and the capture, with all the excitement incident to a genuine buffalo hunt upon the Plains. The bold and brilliant riding of Miss MAUD OSWALD (the Chief's daughter) thrills all beholders as she dashes fearlessly among her pursuers, evading capture with movements of lightning-like rapidity, and with a skill never equalled in the history of female equestrianism. The thrilling act will be introduced, in addition to the usual varied programme, at each exhibition.
GRAND MENAGERIE open daily at 1 and 6:30 P. M.
GRAND HIPPODROME Performances at 2 and 8.
Box office open daily from 9 to 4. Seats secured six days in advance. Grand Orchestra, $1 50; Orchestra, $1; Family Circle, 50c.

ELECTION RETURNS AT BARNUM'S.—TO ACCOMmodate the thousands anxious to receive the earliest returns on TUESDAY NIGHT the management of the GREAT ROMAN HIPPODROME has arranged with the Western Union Telegraph Company for opening a temporary office near the grand stand, at which the latest news will be received. These despatches will be bulletined to the audience SIMULTANEOUSLY WITH THEIR APPEARANCE IN PRINTING HOUSE SQUARE.

MRS. F. B. CONWAY'S BROOKLYN THEATRE.
MONDAY, TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, Nov. 2, 3 and 4. Mrs. D. P. BOWERS, supported by Mr. J. C. McCOLLOM, in a new emotional Play, entitled
ELEANOR, OR, THE FATAL MARRIAGE.
Presented with new and elegant appointments, &c., &c.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
NEW OPERA HOUSE,
Broadway, corner of 29th street.
A Fresh Bill. | There's millions in it. THE TWO ORPHANS. THE CRITIC. BIRCH. WAMBOLD. BACKUS. | A New Bill.
RYMAN, MACKIN, WILSON, the great RICARDO.
The Vocal Quintet. Superb Orchestra.
Street cars may be ordered at 10.
Seats secured—Moral, "Go Early."
FAMILY MATINEE SATURDAY, at 2.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE.
Second and Third avenues, between Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth streets, New York.
Unprecedented success.
Afternoon and evening.
GRAND CONCERTS, BY FULL ORCHESTRA.
A combination of
Instruction and Amusement.
Hundreds of
Wonderful Machines at Work.
The grandest display of America's Industrial Skill ever brought together.
ADMISSION ONLY 50C., CHILDREN HALF PRICE.
Open from 9 A. M. until 10 P. M.
Owing to the rush of enormous crowds after 7 P. M., the managers suggest that those who desire to make critical examinations should visit the Exhibition between the hours of 10 and 12 and 2 and 5, during which hours the vast machinery is in full motion.

BILLIARDS.
NATIONAL GRAND TOURNAMENT
FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF AMERICA,
$2,500 IN CASH, AND THE EMBLEM,
presented by Mathew Delaney, Esq., patentee of the new and popular wire cushion.
THE GREATEST GALAXY OF PLAYERS
ever brought together, consisting of
MAURICE VIGNEAUX, FRANCOIS UBASSY,
ALBERT GARNIER, EDWARD DANIELS,
A. P. RUDOLPHE, J. and C. DION,
MAURICE DALY, GEORGE F. SLOSSON,
commences at Tammany Hall, Wednesday evening, November 4, and continues
AFTERNOON AND EVENING, NINE DAYS.
Admission, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; no charge for ladies accompanied by gentlemen.
Seances commence at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and 8 o'clock in the evening.

20,000 REPEATERS FOR SALE. | DID WE SAY REPEATERS? NO, WE mean tickets, to go to the Holiday Matinee to-day at Tony Pastor's Opera House, 201 Bowery. Commence at 2½.

ST. JAMES' THEATRE, LONDON.
EVERY EVENING,
THE BLACK PRINCE,
new Comedy Bouffe, by Lecocq and Farnie.
SEATS MAY BE BOOKED BY CABLE.

2-DAY—LET ALL ATTEND THE MATINEE. TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE, 201 BOWERY.

TO-DAY. HOLIDAY MATINEE. | TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE.

CARTIER'S SOIREE DANSANTE,
every Tuesday evening,
Beethoven Hall, 210 Fifth street.

GLENDENNING CASE UNSETTLED. | WE HAVE A DIFFERENT PASTOR in the Bowery—Tony Pastor—who gives a Grand Holiday Matinee at his Opera House to-day. Commences at 2.

THE ELECTIONS.

Yesterday's Preparations for the Contest To-day.

THE STRUGGLE IN THE CITY.

Prophecies and Prospects of the Political Parties.

COMPLETE LIST OF CANDIDATES.

Polls Open at - - - - 6 A. M.

Polls Close at - - - - 4 P. M.

We publish below a complete list of all the candidates to be balloted for in this State to-day, and they are as complete as it is possible to make them, in view of the multitude of candidates in the field. All names prefixed by an asterisk (*) are candidates for re-election:—

State Tickets.

Republican.	Democratic.	Temperance.
GOVERNOR.		
*John A. Dix.	Samuel J. Tilden.	Myron H. Clark.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.		
*J. C. Robinson.	Wm. Dorsheimer.	James L. Bagg.
CANAL COMMISSIONER.		
*Alex. Barkley.	Adin Thayer.	Daniel Walford.
STATE PRISON INSPECTOR.		
*T. Kirkpatrick.	George Wagener.	Ira Bell.
JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.		
*Alex. S. Johnson.	Theo. Miller.	H. V. Howland.

Congressional Tickets.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.	Liberal Dem.
1	S. B. French.	H. B. Metcalf.	—
2	E. T. Wood.	*J. B. Schumaker.	J. Morton (Tem.)
3	P. W. Ostrander (L. T.)	S. B. Chittenden.	A. Campbell (Tem.)
3	Fred. Cocheu (S. T.)	S. B. Chittenden.	J. Mason (Tem.)
4	G. C. Bennett.	A. M. Bliss.	R. C. Bull (Tem.)
5	E. M. Earle.	E. R. Meade.	Edward Hogan.
6	J. H. Campbell.	*S. S. Cox.	*S. S. Cox.
7	C. S. Spencer.	Smith Ely, Jr.	—
8	*J. D. Lawson.	Elijah Ward.	Elijah Ward.
9	— (L. T.)	*Fernando Wood.	John Hardy.
9	— (S. T.)	Richard Schell.	John Hardy.
10	—	A. S. Hewitt.	James O'Brien.
11	I. H. Bailey.	B. A. Willis.	B. A. Willis.
12	A. Wright, Jr.	N. H. Odell.	W. H. Van Cott (T.)
13	C. L. Beale.	—	*J. O. Whitehouse (L. R.)
14	C. J. Everett.	G. M. Beebe.	—
15	S. L. Stebbins.	J. H. Bagley, Jr.	—
16	C. H. Adams.	*E. Perry (Meegan.) / T. J. Quinn (McEwen.)	I. W. Davis (Tem.)
17	M. I. Townsend.	Chas. Hughes.	—
18	A. Williams.	A. B. Waldo.	—
19	*W. A. Wheeler.	—	—
20	*H. H. Hawthorn.	W. T. L. Sanders.	—
21	S. F. Miller.	O. M. Allaben.	—
22	G. A. Bagley.	M. L. Graves.	—
23	*E. H. Roberts.	Scott Lord.	R. E. Sutton (Tem.)
24	W. H. Baker.	—	A. S. Warner.
25	E. W. Leavenworth.	G. F. Comstock.	—
26	*C. D. McDougall.	Jacob Wilson.	—
27	E. G. Lapham.	D. A. Pierpont.	—
28	*T. C. Platt.	E. F. Jones.	E. W. Cook (Tem.)
29	Harlo Hakes.	C. C. B. Walker.	—
30	J. M. Davey.	J. L. Angles.	—
31	*G. G. Hoskins.	J. H. Buck.	—
32	*L. K. Bass.	A. P. Nichols.	—
33	*W. L. Sessions.	A. F. Allen.	—

Judiciary Tickets.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.	Liberal Dem.
5	M. H. Merwin.	A. Perry.	—
6	D. L. Follett.	(No opposition.)	—

Senate Tickets.

VACANCY.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
11	F. A. Alberger.	A. P. Lanning.

Assembly Tickets.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
	ALBANY COUNTY.	
1	Peter Singerland,	Frederick Andes (Meegan), Joseph Hilton (McEwen).
2	Christian Schurr.	*Leopold C. G. Kshinka.
3	Henry W. Dwight.	John Swinburn (Meegan), F. W. Vosburg (McEwen).
4	*Waters W. Braman.	James McGuirk (Meegan), G. E. Simmons (McEwen).
	ALLEGANY.	
	*Orrin T. Stacy.	—
	BROOME.	
	*George Sherwood.	Berajah S. Curran.
	CATTARAUGUS.	
1	*Com. P. Vedder.	Daniel E. Bartlett.
2	*John Manly.	Samuel Scudder.
	CAYUGA.	
1	*Leonard F. Hardy.	Charles S. Beardsley, Jr.
2	*Erastus H. Hussey.	Jerome L. Fuller.
	CHAUTAUQUA.	
1	Otis D. Hinckley.	Theodore S. Moss.
2	Harvey S. Elkins.	Obed Edson.
	CHEMUNG.	
	George W. Hoffman.	Jeremiah McGuire.
	CHENANGO.	
	Edwin J. Loomis.	Daniel M. Holmes.
	CLINTON.	
	Shepard P. Bowen.	Winslow C. Watson, Jr.
	COLUMBIA.	
1	John A. Langdon.	*Henry Lawrence.
2	—	Henry H. Gibbs.
	CORTLAND.	
	Daniel E. Whitmore.	Daniel S. Lamont.
	DELAWARE.	
1	Warner G. Willis.	Henry Welch.
2	George C. Decker.	Apollos C. Edgerton.
	DUTCHESS.	
1	Henry Hustus.	*James Mackin.
2	Virgil C. Traver.	Benjamin S. Bross.
	ERIE.	
1	John O'Brien.	Patrick Hanrahan.
2	William W. Lawson.	Joseph W. Smith.
3	Edward Gallagher.	George Sandrock.
4	*John Nice.	H. B. Ransom.
5	John H. Johnson.	Bertrand Chaffee.
	ESSEX.	
	William R. Calkins.	
	FRANKLIN.	
	*John P. Badger.	
	FULTON AND HAMILTON.	
	George W. Fay.	Thomas R. Briggs.
	GENESEE.	
	Newton H. Green.	Carlos A. Huggins.
	GREENE.	
	*Horatio S. Lockwood.	Benjamin F. Barkley.
	HERKIMER.	
	*Warner Miller.	John F. Hoach.
	JEFFERSON.	
1	John F. Peck.	Andrew Smith.
2	George E. Yost.	John Johnston.

KINGS.

Dist.	Rep.	Dem.	
1	—	J. Connell.	D. Bradley (Nat.)
2	S. C. Carll.	J. R. Kennedy.	L. J. Matthews, Nat.
3	A. E. Masters, Jr.	M. Coffey.	P. Clare (Nat.) / Alf. Rollins, Temp
4	J. H. Clyne.	T. V. P. Talmage.	R. S. Osborne, Temp
5	J. H. Burtis.	C. B. Thornton.	E. Whitney (Temp.)
6	Jacob Woerth.	—	L. N. Holly (Temp.)
7	J. P. Short.	S. J. Colahan.	E. C. Langley, Temp
8	D. Williams.	B. Silverman.	J. N. Stearns, Tem / D. Meagher (Nat.)
9	J. F. Stinson.	J. McGroarty.	S. M. Main (Temp.)

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
	LEWIS.	
	Sidney Silvester.	James A. Merwin.
	LIVINGSTON.	
	*Jonathan B. Morey.	James Faulkner, Jr.
	MADISON.	
1	D. G. Wellington.	Charles Maxon.
2	A. Watson Armour.	—
	MONROE.	
1	*George A. Goss.	—
2	—	—
3	Joseph A. Tozier.	—
	MONTGOMERY.	
	*Martin L. Stover.	Martin Schenck.

NEW YORK.

Dist.			
1	M. W. Burns.	Nicholas Muller.	Terrence Duffy.
2	Charles Zoller.	Wm. P. Kirk.	Thomas P. Wild.
3	Thos. H. Reilly.	John Brogan.	James J. Slevin.
4	C. E. Abbott.	Charles Reilly.	P. McNamara.
5	Austin Leake.	W. C. Bennett.	Isaac Robinson.
6	F. Sinzer.	T. J. Campbell.	Mathew Patten.
7	F. W. Seward.	Smith E. Lane.	Smith E. Lane.
8	S. B. Smith.	George A. Stauf.	John Thiess.
9	W H. Gedney.	R. Parker, Jr.	Timothy Shea.
10	C. S. Strong.	L. C. Waehner.	John A. Dinkel.
11	Knox McAfee.	Oliver P. Buell.	John J. Garbutt.
12	J. Archibold.	John Keenan.	Louis A. Goebel.
13	Chas. Blackie.	Alfred N. Beach.	
14	Geo. Hencken.	James Daly.	Luke F. Cozans.
15	W. L. Murray.	Thomas Costigan.	James F. Keegan.
16	C. E. L. Holmes	J. T. McGowan. / Peter Woods.	Peter Woods.
17	W. Berryman.	Leo C. Dessar.	Geo. W. Plunkett.
18	B. Biglin.	T. C. Campbell.	W. S. O'Brien. / Philip Cumiskey. / Alex. Martin.
19	S. C. Kapff.	G. Hanschell.	James Deering.
20	Jacob Hess.	O. L. Stewart.	Charles H. Reilly.
21	G. P. Hawes.	John W. Smith.	William G. Wood.

Dist.	Republican.	Democratic.
	NIAGARA.	
1	*Arte. W. Comstock.	Ransom M. Skeels.
2	*Orville C. Bordwell.	Henry F. Pierce.
	ONEIDA.	
1	*Geo. W. Chadwick.	Richard C. Sherman.
2	John W. Boyle.	Silas T. Ives.
3	Stephen Cromwell.	Edward Lewis.
4	Harrison Lillybridge.	Harry Weed.
	ONONDAGA.	
1	*Thomas G. Alvord.	Jabez H. Norton.
2	*George Barrow.	Matthias Britton.
3	Charles Tremaine.	*Charles Simon.
	ONTARIO.	
1	Charles D. Miller.	*Stephen H. Hammond.
2	*Cyrillo S. Lincoln.	Hiram Maxfield.
	ORANGE.	
1	Lewis B. Halsey.	James W. Miller.
2	Ellis Harring.	Joseph D. Friend.
	ORLEANS.	
	John M. Wetherbe.	Uriel Timmerman.
	OSWEGO.	
1	Cheney Ames.	Alanson S. Page.
2	—	—
3	Henry J. Daggett.	Solomon White.
	OTSEGO.	
1	Harvey W. Brown.	—
2	Simon R. Barnes.	James E. Cook.
	PUTNAM.	
	*Hamilton Fish, Jr.	—
	QUEENS.	
1	*L. Bradford Prince.	—
2	Henry M. Rowland.	*James M. Oakley.
	RENSSELAER.	
1	—	—
2	William F. Taylor.	Augustus M. Peebles.
3	James W. Boyce.	*Jacob M. Whitbeck.
	RICHMOND.	
	Richard Cunliff.	—
	ROCKLAND.	
	Brewster J. Allison.	—
	ST. LAWRENCE.	
1	*Seth G. Pope.	—
2	A. Barton Hepburn.	—
3	Jonah Sandford.	—
	SARATOGA.	
1	*George West.	Benjamin H. Knapp.
2	Nathaniel M. Houghton.	A. S. Pease.
	SCHENECTADY.	
	—	Samuel T. Benedict.
	SCHOHARIE.	
	Charles B. Fethers.	John M. Roscoe.
	SCHUYLER.	
	*Harmon L. Gregery.	William H. Fish.
	SENECA.	
	—	—
	STEUBEN.	
1	Henry Schly.	—
2	George S. Shepard.	Lucius C. Pierson.
	SUFFOLK.	
	*Nathan D. Petty.	Richard Jennings.
	SULLIVAN.	
	Charles Johnson.	Adolphus E. Wenzel.
	TIOGA.	
	James Bishop.	Frederick O. Cable.
	TOMPKINS.	
	*William L. Bostwick.	George W. Schuyler.
	ULSTER.	
1	Moses Stone.	John Fream.
2	Josiah Hasbrouck.	Jacob D. Wurts.
3	Edgar D. Russell.	Charles H. Krack.
	WARREN.	
	J. T Johnson.	—
	WASHINGTON.	
1	*Alexander B. Law.	—
2	William H. Teff.	*Emerson E. Davis.
	WAYNE.	
1	William H. Clark.	Marvin Conkling.
2	A. S. Russel.	Hiram Westfall.
	WESTCHESTER.	
1	E. Y. Bell.	Dennis R. Shiel.
2	Gideon W. Davenport.	Charles M. Schieffelin.
3	*James W. Husted.	John Hoag.
	WYOMING.	
	*Samuel W. Tewksbury.	G. H. Jenkins.
	YATES.	
	Hanford Struble.	*George W. Spencer.

County Tickets.

Republican.	Democratic.	Lib. Dem.
MAYOR.		
S. H. Wales.	W. H. Wickham.	O. Ottendorfer.
REGISTER.		
P. H. Jones.	James Hayes.	P. H. Jones.
CIVIL JUSTICE.		
—	C. M. Clancey.	D. Burns.
ALDERMEN AT LARGE.		
S. B. H. Vance,	W. R. Cole,	B. F. Beekman,
Fred. Kuhne,	S. A. Lewis,	B. Beatty,
O. P. C. Billings,	M. Gross,	J. Blumenthal,
G. H. Forster.	J. W. Guentzer.	P. H. Spelman.
ALDERMEN. FOURTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.		
John Robinson.	P. Lysaght,	A. O'Neill.
—	E. J. Shandley,	—
FIFTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.		
J. J. Morris,	E. Gilon,	C. Siebert,
G. B. Deane, Jr.	W. Harney.	J. W. Hogencamp.
SIXTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.		
C. H. Southworth,	J. P. Strack,	G. W. Sauer,
C. A. Baden.	J. Reilly.	A. J. McQuade.
SEVENTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.		
H. E. Howland.	Robert Powers,	E. Brucke,
—	P. Seery.	F. Gungel,
—	—	P. Mayhan.
EIGHTH SENATORIAL DISTRICT.		
W. Bullard,	A. Blessing,	J. Schreyer,
S. M. Simonson,	W. H. McCarthy,	D. V. Freeborn,
H. C. Robinson,	H. D. Purroy,	P. Haffen,
P. W. Allen.	—	E. H. Hopkins (Tem.)

INDUSTRIAL POLITICAL.

Mayor........John Swinton.
Register........Conrad Kuhn.
Alderman at Large........William A. Carsey. Joseph Taylor. George Blair. John Graham.

THE EVE OF BATTLE.

The Outlook for the Election To-Day—All Quiet Along the Line.

Last night the local political organizations had their hands full of work. In the contested districts, especially in the Nineteenth, where there is a little difficulty between the regular democratic nominee and an irregular candidate, the chances were declared to be in favor of the irregular. "Straight Tammany or no rations!" "A vote for Deering is a vote for Morgan!" are among the election cries in the district.

The city last night was not so full of local demonstrations as it under similar circumstances usually is. The prevailing impression at the democratic headquarters was that the city would be carried for Tilden by 45,000 majority and that Hayes would be elected Register by 8,000 to 10,000 majority. The difficulties among the democrats in the Sixteenth and Eighteenth districts were not settled last night as it was generally expected they would be, but this fact appears to have made the "regulars" all the more determined to leave no stone unturned in order to beat their opponents. The election of Wickham is now conceded upon all sides, and the republican leaders last night seemed to have given up all hope of Wales' success. However, they said they would make a good fight anyhow, and the Republican Executive Committee gave it out that the rumor that they were parties to any arrangement looking toward the selling of the Legislature at the expense of the election of the republican candidate for Governor was untrue.

There was not so much enthusiasm on either side as might have been expected on the

EVE OF THE ELECTION.

There were no bands of music. In fact, there were no especial demonstrations anywhere. The general opinion seemed to be that the democrats were sure to win, and there was nothing more to be said about it. It was announced that those who opposed the regular democratic nominees would be *tabooed* in the future operations of the organization. This will have the effect, it is said, of making some of the bolters return to the fold to-day.

In all the districts the workers were as busy as bees, and although the excitement ran high in the Sixteenth and one or two other of the districts where the democratic "rebels" have been making strong demonstrations all along the line for weeks past, there was no disorder or fighting of a serious character, and the indications all pointed to a quiet and orderly election to-day.

POLITICAL HEADQUARTERS.

Yesterday's Work at Central Committee Rooms—The Latest Preparations for To-Day's Fight.

The central headquarters of the respective political parties during the day and last night were somewhat scantily attended by the leading, or even the minor, politicians. Work and not talk was manifestly the order of the day, and every available worker was on duty at his respective Assembly district preparing ballots and distributing them to the representatives of the respective sub-divisions for delivery to voters to-day.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

At the Fifth Avenue Hotel the Republican Central Committee rooms were frequented by many of the leading republicans during the day and evening. At about nine o'clock at night there was quite a distinguished company of republicans, and in the inner committee room were ex-Governor Morgan, Thurlow Weed, Thomas Murphy, Thomas Acton and Colonel De Kay, secretary of Governor Dix, and Police Commissioner Disbecker. These distinguished gentlemen were occupying the quiet hours of the night in political reminiscences and in speculations as to the results of the election to-day. It seemed to be conceded that Wales could not be elected and that Wickham would be. There was an unwillingness to give up General Dix, and there was considerable hopefulness that Dix's majority of 55,000 in 1872 would only be reduced to about 10,000. The replies from the State Committee received by ex-Governor Morgan indicated a result of this character. There was not the slightest doubt manifested that General Jones would be the next Register. It was mentioned that the Roman Catholic vote would be largely in his favor, in consequence of Sister Irene having written to the parochial clergy of the city to use their influence in his interest. Aldermen Vance and Billings were at the committee room and seemed hopeful of re-election as Aldermen-at-large. They were amusing one another with narratives of the visits at their offices and at their houses of "strikers," and were comparing notes as to how much each had been victimized. Mr. Kuhne, it was reported, was making strenuous efforts, by the delivery of circulars, ballots and posters, to insure his election, and it seemed from the best authenticated reports that his success was possible.

REPUBLICAN HALL.

At this hall, which is the headquarters of the County Republican Committee, there was but little to excite attention. There were but few leading local men present, and the ante-rooms of the hall were occupied by the representatives of the Eleventh Assembly district, who were actively employed delivering small bags containing republican ballots, and energetic clerks were taking down in small memorandum books the names of the gentlemen to whom they intrusted these precious packages of ballots.

DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS.

There was the usual throng that is always found the day before election at Tammany Hall. Prominent among these were John Morrissey, John Kelly, Colonel Fellows, Mr. Wickham, Mr. Tilden, County Clerk Walsh, Tom Dunlap, ex-Justive Coulter, Judge Quinn, Aldermen Flanagan, Reilly and Clancy. The committees of each Assembly district met during the day to give the last finishing touch to their arrangements for the giving out of ballots and for the watching of the polls. Toward night Tammany Hall was deserted, as every man was expected to be at work in his respective district. It is due to Tammany to say that all their workers went to their duties with the flush of coming victory on their brows. There was considerable speculation on the majorities each of the Tammany candidates would receive. No Tammany man would concede that Hayes would be defeated, though most of them were willing to admit that his majority would be small. Constitutional amendment ballots have been provided by the democrats in various forms, but the general tone of remarks upon them is against them altogether. The advice of the party managers is against them; but it is believed that a good deal of independence will be manifested by the party in this respect.

IRVING HALL.

The independent democrats were very active yesterday at their headquarters at Irving Hall. In the evening all was quiet there in consequence of this organization having, like its opponents, sent its workers to their respective Assembly districts. There was considerable confidence expressed in the certainty of Mr. Ottendorfer's election for Mayor, based upon the fact that the German vote, with the exception of the Roman Catholic part of it, would all be in his favor. An incident was related in the committee room which seemed to strengthen this supposition. It was said that during the day a vote for Mayor had been taken at Steinway's pianoforte factory. There are 700 votes there, and on the count it was found that all but five were for Ottendorfer.

THE CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT BALLOTS.

The Republican General Committee have issued instructions for the provision of ballots for voting upon the constitutional amendments which will be found to-day at every booth throughout the State and city where republican tickets are distributed. In addition to this preparation several merchants have personally attended to securing an abundance of ballots in their own immediate districts.

THE GERMAN ORGANIZATIONS.

Final Preparations for the Contest Against Tammany To-Day.

The presidents, officers and representatives of the German vocal and musical societies, the rifle associations and other German civic organizations held another meeting at the Germania Assembly Rooms yesterday to complete the arrangements for an active campaign in behalf of the Ottendorfer and Jones anti-Tammany county ticket to-day. Peter Ohmeis, of the Beethoven Maennerchor, presided, and several committees, to arrange the details, the distribution of tickets, &c., were formed. An executive committee was formed, composed of the representatives of the Arion, Liederkranz, the Fifth regiment and eighteen of the leading German organizations, and a stirring appeal has been addressed to the members of the numerous vocal and musical societies, the benevolent societies, lodges and rifle organizations, calling on them to concentrate their vote on the Ottendorfer Anti-Tammany county ticket. Ten thousand tickets were received from the German Citizens' Central Campaign Organization for distribution among the various German organizations, and all concerned in the movement appeared to be confident of the success of the German Anti-Tammany movement at the polls to-day.

The numerous German clubs and organizations, which, during the campaign, have been active in the anti-Tammany movement, were busy yesterday in making the final arrangements for the contest to-day, and it is said that many of the German republicans will vote for Ottendorfer while remaining faithful to the rest of the republican ticket. In order to accommodate the republican voters on this point, it is said large quantities of republican tickets, with Ottendorfer's name inserted for Mayor, in place of Wales, have been printed and distributed.

INDUSTRIAL POLITICAL PARTY.

Ratification Meeting in Tompkins Square Last Night.

Last evening between 200 and 300 workingmen met in Tompkins square to ratify the nominations of the Industrial Political party. Speeches were made by Mr. John Swinton (candidate for Mayor), Dr. Lillienthal, President of the Freethinkers' Society; Leander Thompson, P. J. McGuire, J. R. Woolf and others, who all dwelt on the necessity of workingmen's political organizations.

On motion of Mr. BLAIR the following resolutions were unanimously adopted, after which the principal leaders of the party adjourned to their headquarters, at 386 Broome street, to prepare the ballots for to-day's voting:—

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, That the Political Industrial party asks the suffrages of the people at large, but especially of the working classes.

Resolved, That its principles and policy are the rights, interests and welfare of that vast body of workers which constitute the strength, power and great majority of the people.

Resolved, That, as the two rival parties which divide the plunder among them, have not only ignored the working masses, but wronged them in every possible way, we proclaim these parties nuisances, which ought to be abolished.

Resolved, That the two rival parties have sold themselves to money owners, monopolists, corporations, criminal rings and all sorts of frauds.

Resolved, That millionaires should not be permitted to evade the payment of their proportion of taxes, while the industrial producers are subjected to extortionate taxation.

Resolved, That unemployed people, of both sexes, should not be left to starvation while the granaries are filled with food; that they should not be clubbed or shot into silence when they make complaint, and that the authorities are under responsibility to them.

Resolved, That they as well as other people should be guaranteed the right of free speech and free meetings in public squares, and that we utterly condemn the cruel and atrocious action of the official frauds who suppressed free speech in Tompkins square last January.

Resolved, That our candidates, if elected, are prepared to take measures to avert the impending calamities of the coming winter, and we demand our opponents to tell what preparations they propose to make.

Resolved, That we must struggle for the rights of manhood, or we will be subjected to the condition of slavery.

The following curious circular was issued yesterday by the industrial party:—

WORKINGMEN—Will you elect your candidates or will you vote for despots, who will outrage the working people, suppress the right of free meeting and free speech during the coming winter? If you vote for Tammany or republicans or independents you vote for your oppressors, who will smash your heads if you ask for work or bread. It is your duty to elect men for office who have a heart for the suffering masses, who will not allow men to starve that are able and willing to work, and such men are—

For Mayor—John Swinton, journalist.
For Register—Conrad Kuhn, cigar maker.
For Aldermen at Large—Wm. A. A. Carsey, bricklayer; George Blair, packing-box maker; Joseph Taylor, stair builder; Patrick Spelman, plasterer.

Mr. Swinton says that he has accepted the nomination not with the remotest idea of being elected, but because he felt that the workingmen would secure no conscientious representative, and it was desirable to afford them an opportunity to express themselves as a body against the indifference to their interests which is usually manifested by politicians. He was urged by representatives of twenty or thirty societies to accept the nomination.

POOL SELLING.

The speculation yesterday afternoon at the Astor House was not very extensive, as all the moneyed men appeared to be a little shy, as if they thought there might be some new development within the next twenty-four hours that would effect the market. Underwood was on hand, and with his usual suave and dulcet tones invited the venturesome to put up their dollars; but the labor was painful, as, after thirty minutes' hard labor, the Doctor had to take a brandy punch in order to keep his voice. Finally a bidder was heard, and after some little difficulty the Doctor succeeded in booking a bet of $300 even on Tilden's gaining 10,000 majority. This appeared to give an impetus to business, and presently two gentlemen, through the assistance of the auctioneer, agreed to put up to the tune of $100 to $70 on Hayes against Jones. That bet was repeated on two different occasions, and then a little more money was invested on Tilden carrying the State by 10,000 majority. A trifle was also invested at evens between Hayes and Jones, giving the former 7,000 majority. The larger portion of the investments appeared to be confined to the Gubernatorial candidates, and on that issue several thousands were put up on Tilden carrying the State by 10,000 majority.

In the evening the tide of speculation drifted up town, and, calling first at Underwood's, business was found brisk. The Doctor was in good humor, and when he could not sell a pool to suit a purchaser he let him off with a slice of his wit. On one occasion a nice looking young man, with black mutton chop whiskers, bid $50 for Jones, and notwithstanding all the efforts he could only get $44 for Hayes. At last the Doctor came out:—"Only $44 for Jimmy Hayes, the Supervisor that was, Morrissey's right bower, with Kelly for left!" The argument was conclusive, and the pool was sold, Jones $50 and Hayes $45. The bidding during the evening was not very brisk, as everybody appeared to be holding off for bigger prices. After a slight pause a gentleman offered to bet on the Third Congressional district, and his offer of $25 on Mead elicited $21 from Hogan's friends. Between Hewitt and O'Brien, in the Seventh, the former was the favorite at about two to one. The following is a sample of the pools that were sold:—

GOVERNOR.				
Tilden........	$185	180	100	50
Dix........	100	100	52	27
TILDEN, 10,000 MAJORITY.				
10,000 majority, city........	$300	500	200	200
Against........	300	500	200	200

REGISTER.					
Jones........	$75	50	50	100	100
Hayes........	70	40	35	86	80

Just before leaving the rooms $1,000 to $600 was bet on Tilden's chance of election.

At Johnson's there was a fearful crowd, and it required considerable manual labor to edge one's way within hearing distance of the pool seller. Here Jones appeared to be a strong favorite and the majority of the money bet was invested on the election for the office of Register. The pools sold ranged as follows:—

REGISTER.					
Jones........	$300	250	200	250	350
Hayes........	190	155	125	160	200
GOVERNOR.					
Tilden........	$200	250	200	500	100
Dix........	110	130	105	260	52

There did not appear to be any inclination to invest on the outside events, as all people bidding for first choice put their money on the Governor or Register. At the French pools there was an immense crowd, and it took considerable time to reach the clerk in order to buy a ticket. At ten P. M. the pools stood as follows:—

GOVERNOR.	
Tilden........	$556
Dix........	428
REGISTER.	
Jones........	$364
Hayes........	236
MAYORALTY.	
Wickham........	$137
Wales	15
Ottendorfer	7
TILDEN 20,000 MAJORITY.	
Majority........	$13
Under........	30

The people appeared to feel strongly in favor of Tilden, Wickham and Jones, and the latter was in special demand.

MR. VAN NORT'S POSITION.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 1874.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

Will you please do me the justice to correct the statement as published in the HERALD of yesterday that I am supporting Mr. Wickham for Mayor? I am supporting the straight republican ticket, with Dix and Wales at the head. Very truly,

G. M. VAN NORT.

THE ELECTIONS IN BROOKLYN.

The elections in Brooklyn are attended this year with more than usual interest, and excitement and partisanship run very high. The democrats were betting last evening on a majority of 7,000 for Samuel J. Tilden in Kings county, and it must be acknowledged that such bets found plenty of takers. There are four tickets in the field—*i. e.*, the democratic, republican, national and temperance. The republicans rely upon the nationals as an auxiliary of great strength in electing a share of their nominees on the county ticket. The regular democrats claim that the republicans are leaning on a rotten stick and that the ballots of the nationals will be exceedingly scarce at the polls to-day. The polls will open at thirty-two minutes past six o'clock A. M. and close at fifty-seven minutes past four o'clock P. M. There are 149 election districts in Brooklyn. The total registration of voters is 70,700. About one hundred cases of illegal registry have been reported to United States Marshal Harlow, and that official has the cases now under investigation prior to effecting their arrest.

STATE POLITICS.

The Republicans Aroused to Astonishing Enthusiasm—A General Canvass of the State—Probable Democratic Gains in Congress and the Assembly.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1874.

Only within the past few days have the republicans become properly aroused to the perils of their party in the election to-morrow. The democrats have had for several weeks the start, and the thoroughness of the canvass on the democratic side is evident everywhere from here to Buffalo. The apathy I noticed among republicans in twenty different places less than one week ago has given way to absolute enthusiasm. Advices received this evening from various parts of the State—west, northwest and south—seem to convince many that to-morrow's sun will set on

A REPUBLICAN VICTORY.

In Buffalo Tilden is ahead in the pools; in Rochester Dix; in Syracuse Dix; in Elmira Dix; in Troy Tilden; in Utica Dix, and in Albany Tilden. The democrats are wild over the majorities they hope to have. Smith, of the *Argus*, talks confidently of 40,000. Ten Eyck, of the *Journal*, expects none of the old time republican majorities, but he is sure Dix will win by not less than 10,000. Roberts, of the Utica *Herald*, is not as sanguine as other republican editors. He believes Dix ought to win, but he thinks there is no telling exactly the upshot of a canvass like this. Bailey, of the Utica *Observer*, is wild with delight over the anticipated big victory for the democracy. On the whole there is a vast deal of "bluff" this evening on the part of the democrats. It worked well a week ago, but all accounts indicate

A SUDDEN AND STARTLING VIGOR

in the republican ranks within the past three days. If to-morrow be fine a far larger republican vote will be polled than most people expect.

A great change has come over the prohibitionists. If their candidate obtains three thousand in place of a hundred thousand votes he will be doing well. They are less afraid of Dix than of Tilden; of a democratic than of a republican Legislature. At the eleventh hour they have resolved to choose the lesser of two evils and vote for Dix. Ninety thousand out of

A HUNDRED THOUSAND TEMPERANCE VOTES

suddenly turned about and thrown for Dix will upset a fond democratic calculation. In regard to the Legislature the best informed republicans are agreed that a reduction on the majority of last year in the Assembly is inevitable. From all I can gather at this moment the Assembly is likely to be democratic by from three to four majority. I have satisfied myself that seven Assemblymen will be lost to the republicans and credited to the democratic strength of last year, which was fifty-four against seventy-four republicans. To-night I learn that five other districts are in doubt—one in Chenango, two in Oneida, one in Chemung and one in Montgomery, and all expected to return democratic members. This would make a loss of twelve to the republican side and give the democrats a majority of four in the Assembly. In this case the vote on joint ballot in the

ELECTION OF UNITED STATES SENATOR

would prove a tie, and then the Lieutenant Governor might be of interest. In this county the odds are on the republican candidate (Adams), as there are two democrats in the field (Quinn and Perry).

Albany to-night is dreadfully excited over the struggle. The republicans fan the fierce flames raging between the hostile democratic camps and hope to see their champion walk in between them. There is little talk of the majority on the Governorship among the republicans, but everywhere a quiet conviction that, however small the majority, it will be on their side. No doubt prevails of the expenditure of considerable money on both sides in the canvass. The rival journals here are tremendously bitter this evening. Should the democrats win it will be a loss to the *Journal* of $100,000 and a corresponding gain to the *Argus*.

THE CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.

In regard to Congressmen, Mr. Roberts, republican, of Utica, a good authority, concedes a loss of four Congressional districts in the State, which would give the democrats on their present strength a representation of twelve members in Washington.

No man to-night, either democrat or republican, feels entirely confident of to-morrow's issue. Old politicians here say it is nearer to a lottery than any election which has taken place for years.

ESSEX COUNTY (N. J.) POLITICS.

"The situation" in Essex county, New Jersey, is exceedingly interesting. There are nine Assemblymen to be elected, a Congressman, a Sheriff, a Register, a Surrogate, three Coroners and a Governor. Nothing is talked of but "the situation" and beyond a question it is as lively as interesting, for it is conceded that an immense deal of scratching will be done, to say nothing of "trading" and other electioneering processes. Both parties, on all points, are represented by their very best men, each having taken special pains to put their best foot foremost, so that in any case the county will be satisfactorily represented, let whoever may win. On Governor both parties have unexceptionably good men; so on the Register; so on the Surrogate; so on the Sheriff; so on the Coroners, and so on the Congressional nominations. Two years ago the county went overwhelmingly republican, giving Grant over 4,000 and Marcus L. Ward for Congress over 5,500. Last year, however, it elected a democratic Sheriff, the sins of the Newark ring having meanwhile been fully exposed. This year things are considerably mixed, and nobody cautious of his reputation as a political prophet is willing to say how the county will go either on the Gubernatorial, Congressional, county or Assembly ticket. The belief is that Peckwell, for Sheriff, and Soden, for Register, both democrats, will be elected, but nobody is willing to bet that either Halsey, or Ward, or George D. Moore will carry the county. It is a dead certainty that Mr. Ward will have no such majority as he had before, if he has any at all. Cautious democrats of prominence say they would not be surprised if Essex gave Bedie and Toose a handsome majority.

ELECTION POOLS IN JERSEY.

Halsey or Bedle?—The Closest Race for Many Years.

Whichever party may carry New Jersey to-day the majority will be too small to boast of. The betting in Jersey City last evening on the Gubernatorial candidates was even. The sum of $1,000 was offered that Judge Bedle will not obtain 2,000 majority, but was not taken. The republicans are directing their efforts not so much to save Halsey as to save Robeson by carrying the Legislature. The work of "scratching" tickets was never carried on to half the extent it will be to-day. Halsey will get a large democratic vote and Judge Bedle will get a strong republican vote. But while the republican candidate for Governor will receive a strong democratic vote on the ground of his popularity the democrats are almost certain to carry the Legislature. In this they will be aided by many republicans who are disgusted with the infamous charter that handed over Jersey City to a ring of thieves. The repeal of this charter is indispensable if that plundered city is to escape bankruptcy.

The democrats will have a majority of about 2,500 in the county of Hudson. It is conceded that Hardenberg, the candidate for Congress, will run ahead of his ticket. Abbett, for Senator, will come next, and Bann, for County Clerk, will fill the third place. There is a great diversion in favor of Meyer for Sheriff on the ground of nationality. He canvassed the "Horseshoe" district in person last evening, and received warm assurances of democratic support. Ben Clark, who holds the purse strings for the republicans, has issued a decree that the First Assembly district must return to the republican fold, in order that Robeson may obtain a seat in the Senate.

THE CAMPAIGN ELSEWHERE.

The Probabilities in the City of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 2, 1874.

The different ward executive committees are in session to-night preparing for the contest to-morrow. Fears are entertained that the triangular fight in the Fifth Congressional district will result in a loss to the republicans of a member from that district. The fight is between A. C. Harmer, the regular nominee; Leonard Myers, independent and John Robbins, democratic. The indications are that Chapman Freeman (republican), will be elected in the First district and Messrs. O'Neill (republican), in the Second; Randall (democrat), in the Third and Kelley (republican), in the Fourth, will be returned as members of the next Congress.

Withdrawal of a Congressional Candidate in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2, 1874.

Benjamin L. Berry has withdrawn from the contest in the Third Congressional district, leaving the fight between Samuel J. Randall (democrat) and David Houston (republican).

Republicans Arrested in Alabama for Violating the Enforcement Law.

SELMA, Nov. 2, 1874.

Diggs, County Solicitor, and Morgan, Tax Collector, both republicans, were arrested here today under the Enforcement act. The affidavit for the arrest was made by John Silsby, independent republican candidate for Tax Collector, and charged the defendants with conspiring to intimidate colored men from voting the independent ticket. The United States Commissioner bound both over to the District Court.

Small Political Excitement at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 2, 1874.

There is very little excitement over the election to-morrow at this place. The municipal authorities have ordered all saloons to be closed during the day.

THE OLD DOMINION.

The Congressional Candidates in the Field and Their Chances—Canvass of Every District—A Probable Gain of One Member for the Conservatives.

RICHMOND, Oct. 31, 1874.

The democratic triumphs in October gave new life and vigor to the canvass during the past month in this State. On the republican side a most spirited effort was made to hold their own, and, by special instructions from Washington, dissensions and personal animosities existing in one or two of the districts had to be healed and a united effort made to resist the common democratic foe. All that could be done to carry the day was faithfully put into execution by the democrats. In some places a personal canvass of every man who had a vote was made, and it was determined that with the going down of the 3d of November's sun every good conservative would have visited the polls and cast his ballot for the nominee of his party. So exciting did the canvass become in some of the districts that the candidates for Congressional honors came to blows, and two distinguished gentlemen threw glasses at each other. In the latter contest a republican representative in Congress was very severely handled and injured by his political opponents, and in another instance it was hard to say what might have been the result had not friends interfered, between an ex-Governor of Colorado and a gallant ex-Confederate General. There were a good many political rows, with the chances once or twice of a riot with loss of life, but, happily, the campaign is ended and but little blood spilt, and harmony prevails all round.

THE DELEGATION IN CONGRESS

from Virginia now stands four democrats and fi republicans. That these numbers will be reversed I am certain, and the indications are that the Old Dominion will send seven democrats out of her nine Representatives to swell the ranks in the next House. There is only time for a brief glance at each of the districts and their respective candidates, and I will venture a prediction in each case founded upon information furnished by the most experienced political prophets in the State.

FIRST DISTRICT.

The contest was recently made lively in this district by the glass compliments exchanged between the candidates, Hon. J. B. Sener, republican, and B. B. Douglass, democrat. The district was originally gerrymandered by the conservative Legislature to return a representative of that party. They were successful once in the election of Judge Critcher, but in the campaign of 1872 the Greeley misfortune turned the tables, and Sener, the present member, was elected. The party vote is close, but the whites are largely in the ascendancy. In the lower counties, however, a strong republican sentiment prevails, which is most favorable to the candidate of that party. Mr. Douglass, however, is personally one of the most popular men in the State, and he has made a splendid canvass. I would say that the district is close, with the chances very much in favor of the election of B. B. Douglass, democrat.

SECOND DISTRICT.

The only active and really grand canvass made in the State was in this district where there were three candidates for popular favor—Mr. John Goode, democrat; Hon. James H. Platt, republican and Robert Norton (colored), independent republican. As the readers of the HERALD are aware, Mr. Platt is the present Representative from the district, which is republican about 3,000 majority. He commands all the patronage in the district, which includes the Gosport Navy Yard, the Norfolk Custom House and all the internal revenue officials. Norton, his colored opponent, is a persistent candidate for Congress, this being the third time he has been in the field against Mr. Platt. Mr. Goode will get the full white vote, excepting, of course, the employés at the Navy Yard, which gives Platt 1,200 to start with. Norton will carry a respectable colored vote in York county, his home, but outside of that he will get none, and, to sum up, Platt will be returned by a greatly reduced majority; or, in other words, Goode will heavily increase the democratic vote.

THIRD DISTRICT.

In this, the metropolitan district, the nominees are ex-Governor Gilbert C. Walker, democrat, and Rush Burgess, republican, and present Internal Revenue Collector. Until within a few days ago, Hon. John Ambler Smith, republican, was in the field as an opponent of both Burgess and Walker, but as it was certain neither he nor Burgess could be elected, he withdrew from the canvass on the score of economy. Burgess will get a majority of the vote of his own party. Walker will poll nearly all the full conservative vote, and will, without doubt, be elected.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Here there has been no contest. W. H. H. Stowell, the present republican Representative, is the nominee of his party, and as this is the San Domingo district of the State, with over four thousand negroes in the majority, he will unquestionably be elected. The conservatives made no nomination, but Mr. Stowell has until recently been opposed by Mr. Charles H. Porter, a republican, and former Congressman from the Third district. For some unexplained reason Porter withdrew, leaving a clear field for Stowell, who will "walk over the track."

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Mr. C. Y. Thomas, the present republican representative, is opposed by Colonel George C. Cobell, conservative. Both of these candidates are gentlemen of great personal popularity. Thomas is probably the most popular republican with the white people in Virginia, and he is hard to beat in his district. Cobell has made a fine canvass, and his supporters claim that he will be elected. I think, however, that, owing to Thomas' popularity and worth as a gentleman, the district is doubtful, with perhaps the chances in Cobell's favor.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

In this (Lynchburg) district there is no contest. The conservatives have in the field the Hon. J. Randolph Tucker, while the republicans, owing to their extreme minority, have nominated no candidate. Like all the mountain or western sections of the State, this district is largely democratic. Mr. Tucker will be its next representative.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Hon. John T. Harris, the present democratic representative, is again the nominee of his party, and he will be elected, as his district is thoroughly democratic. The republicans have nominated Hon. John F. Lewis, one of Virginia's present Senators, whose term expires next March. Lewis will poll his own party vote, but it amounts to almost nothing. Harris goes back.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

General Eppa Hunton, the present member, is opposed by Mr. James Barbour, an independent democrat. Barbour has the support of John G. Mosby, the republicans and one or two administration newspapers. Both the candidates are democrats, but General Hunton will probably be returned.

NINTH DISTRICT.

General William Perry is the nominee of the democrats. He is opposed by Fayette McMullen, ex-Governor of Colorado. The latter gentleman has been an independent candidate for Congress since the war, but the people of the district have failed to discover his merit, and he has been severely left at home. Perry will be elected by a handsome majority.

CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES.

The following constitutional amendments are to be voted upon at the election on Tuesday:—

First—The time of the election of county officers is changed from November to May, thereby having but one election during the year, while the term of office of county officers is fixed at four years instead of three. This saves the expense of the November election.

Second—Commissioners of the revenue are to be elected in the counties, while the offices of Superintendent of the Poor and County Surveyor are to be filled by appointment in such manner as the Legislature may provide. These two offices are now filled by election by the people.

Third—No county shall have more than one Superintendent of Public Schools, no matter what may be its population.

Fourth—The division of counties into townships is done away with, and each county in the State is to be divided into magisterial districts, each of which shall elect a Supervisor, Constable, Overseer of the Poor and three Magistrates, and the district officers shall hold office for two years.

Fifth—The division of townships into road districts is abolished.

Sixth—The offices of township clerk, assessor, collector and superintendent of roads, are abolished. This will be a great saving to the people.

Seventh—All elections for county and township officers occur in May, and officers elected enter upon the discharge of their duties on the 1st of July next ensuing their election.

Eighth—The supervisors have general supervision over the affairs in the counties as heretofore, and no special time is fixed for their meeting. This is left to the Legislature to provide for.

THE NATIONAL ARMAMENT.

Report of General Benet, Chief of the Ordnance Department, to the Secretary of War—An Accumulation of Improved Weapons and Ammunition Recommended in Case of War—More Liberal Appropriations Asked.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

The fiscal resources and disbursements of the Ordnance Department during the fiscal year ending 30th June last were $5,714,863. General Benét, the chief, says, in his annual report, just submitted to the Secretary of War:—"The adoption of the Springfield breech-loading system by a board of distinguished officers, convened under Congressional enactment, and its subsequent establishment by law as the only system to be used in the manufacture of arms by the Ordnance Department enables us to continue the manufacture upon a secure basis and to provide an arm with no superior, that will hardly be superseded by any more perfect invention for many years to come. The production of rifles and carbines upon the adopted plan has been pushed forward at the National Armory with energy and success, and the new arms issued to the troops will no doubt give great satisfaction. Their issue has been greatly retarded by the lack of ammunition, the small appropriation not supplying the number of cartridges per man deemed indispensable by the Commanding General of the department.

"The appropriation of $100,000 made by Congress at its last session for the manufacture of arms has had to be supplemented from the permanent appropriation for 'arming and equipping the militia' in order to work economically, keep the cost of arms within proper limits and enable the department to supply the wants of the army and militia. Not less than half a million dollars should be annually expended at the national armory, not only as a measure of economy in producing the best arm for the least money, but, in the interest of the country, to make a gradual but sure accumulation of the best weapons as a reserve in case of war. In again urging this important matter upon the attention of Congress I am actuated solely by a sense of public duty and an earnest desire to have the nation brought to a keen realization of the necessities of the case and the gravity of the subject, and do not hesitate to express my decided conviction that a liberal, even an extravagant expenditure at present, will prove to be the greatest economy in the future. Every nation that aspires to the dignity of a first class power has cast aside its obsolete muzzle-loading arms, and at an immense cost has been and is providing the newest and most approved models by the hundreds of thousands. The sudden eventualities that end in war, and the startling rapidity with which wars are waged and terminated demand complete preparation in time of peace. With us the want of a large standing army can only be compensated by keeping on hand, ready for any emergency, a complete supply of every description of war material. Arms and ammunition are of the first importance when an army is to be improvised, and the country should place its dependence at such a juncture mainly on the reserve supplies stored in its arsenals. Certainly not less than half a million of the best arms should be manufactured as rapidly as the monetary condition of the country will permit. Every year's delay is fraught with danger, and the experience of the past is the surest and safest guide in making preparation for the future.

"An increase in the annual appropriation for arming and equipping the whole body of militia is again brought to the attention of Congress, with a hope of some legislation thereon. Not only should the appropriation be largely increased to meet the increased wants of our constantly increasing population, but some legislative action should be taken to relieve many of the States and Territories from charges for arms issued to them during the rebellion, and which in fairness should not have been so charged. This subject has been so often referred to in previous reports and so largely dwelt upon that a more extended reference to it at this time is deemed unnecessary."

General Benét says a Board composed of Majors Crispin, Treadwell and Baylor, of the Ordnance Department, was authorized, and after several months of patient and careful investigation has made its report. The Board strongly recommends the retention of the Springfield armory and the Frankfort arsenal, and the establishment of a grand arsenal in the vicinity of New York for manufacturing purposes; retaining also the Indianapolis arsenal, Indiana; Kennebec arsenal, Maine; Fort Monroe arsenal, Virginia, and the Augusta Arsenal, Georgia, as places for storage and repair. They recommend the sale of the Alleghany, Columbus, Detroit, Pikesville, Watervliet, Watertown and Washington arsenals, the sales to be made as rapidly as circumstances may permit, the proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of a site and the erection of a building for a grand arsenal. He says:—"I heartily concur in these recommendations and invoke favorable consideration on the part of the Secretary of War and of Congress. This seemingly large reduction by sale will, when accomplished, leave thirteen arsenals and the armory, a number amply sufficient, when liberally sustained, to meet all the demands of the nation; and all this can be effected from the sales of arsenals and without the expenditure of a single dollar out of the national treasury." The establishment of a powder depot and an experimental ground for heavy cannon, is also discussed by the Board and its recommendations approved.

GENERAL SHALER ACCEPTS.

General Alexander Shaler yesterday accepted the tender by the Fire Commissioner and Citizens' Association, of Chicago, of the position of Consulting Engineer to the Fire Department, and will at once undertake the task of reorganizing the force and improving the resources and methods for extinguishing fires in that city.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

The national grand tournament at the three-ball carrom game for the championship of America will commence to-morrow evening at Tammany Hall. This series of thirty-six games will be contested by Maurice Vignaux, Albert Garnier, François Ubassy, A. P. Rudolphe, Cyrille Dion, Joseph Dion, George F. Slosson, Edward Daniels and Maurice Daly. The above players are certainly nine of the most expert manipulators of the ivories in the world, and as many of them are nearly of an equal force the games will be closely contested. Every arrangement has been made in the hall for the comfort of the spectators, and the platform has been specially fitted up for the ladies, who will be admitted free. No smoking will be allowed in the hall, and the first game will commence at eight P. M. sharp.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, HERALD Building:—

	1873.	1874.		1873.	1874.
3 A. M.	40	38	3:30 P. M.	56	54
6 A. M.	41	37	6 P. M.	51	49
9 A. M.	43	43	9 P. M.	48	46
12 M.	50	48	12 P. M.	48	44

Average temperature yesterday........ 44¼
Average temperature for corresponding date last year........ 47⅛

FATAL ACCIDENT.

At about nine o'clock last night Thomas Quinlan, aged thirty-one years, residence unknown, while crossing Fourth avenue at Fifty-seventh street on his way to attend a political meeting at Fifty-first street and Ninth avenue, accidentally fell into the Fourth avenue excavation, and was almost instantly killed. The body was conveyed by Officer McNamara, of the Nineteenth precinct, to the Fifty-ninth street station house, from whence it was removed to the Morgue and the Coroner notified.

THE CARLIST WAR.

Campaigning in the Biscay Country.

AN INSIDE VIEW OF THE INSURRECTION

Carlism Not as Bad as It Seems.

COMPLICATIONS ON THE FRONTIER

URNIETA, Oct. 15, 1874.

This is a little village, situated on the highway leading from the French frontier to Tolosa, right under the guns of the fort of Hernani. The fort is held by a republican garrison, and is built on the top of a steep, rocky mountain, completely commanding the road from the frontier to Tolosa and the country for three miles around. The village is, nevertheless, in complete possession of the Carlists, who occupy it as far as it suits their convenience, passing up and down the road at their pleasure under the very muzzles of the republican guns. The result is a kind of desultory firing on the part of the fort, which is kept up pretty much all day long. Now, while I write, a shell goes seething overhead about every ten minutes and explodes up the road in the direction of Tolosa, where the Carlists have a small post. This is kept up all day, sometimes in one direction, sometimes in another, whenever they discover signs of the Carlist soldiers, but they do not fire into the village here, even when occupied by the Carlist troops. The people seem to have become quite accustomed to this state of things, looking upon it apparently as a matter of course, and they go about their ordinary occupations as though nothing unusual were going on. You see them ploughing and working tranquilly in the fields, where every now and then a shell falls, explodes, and heaves up the earth like a miniature volcano, paying little more attention to the strange visitor seemingly than they would to the dropping of an over-ripe apple in one of their own orchards. Here in the village of Urnieta children are playing in the streets and manifesting as much indifference to the shells screaming overhead as though they were so many crows. Only now and then, when one comes lower down than usual and just skims over the tops of the houses, shrieking like a very demon, do they draw within doorways or behind walls to wait for it to pass and resume whatever they were about, as though a bombardment were the most natural thing in the world.

THE WAY THE WAR IS CARRIED ON.

Everything considered, the war is carried on with more humanity than would be expected under the circumstances. The ordinary occupations of the people are little interfered with by either of the belligerents. The people of the country go and come and pass back and forth from the Carlist to the republican lines without apparently the slightest let or hindrance. For instance, the villages of Hernani and Urnieta are little more than a mile apart; the former is held by the Serranoists, the latter by the Carlists, and yet the inhabitants pass between the two villages and go and come almost as in times of peace. The business of a spy must be a very easy one here. As far as I can see there is nothing to prevent a Carlist soldier from throwing off his uniform, putting on his ordinary clothes and going through the republican lines with impunity. Indeed, both parties seem to have the greatest indifference to spies, and present, in this respect, a morbid contrast to the French, who took it into their heads during the late war that it was spies who did them all the harm. I have now been in the Carlist country two months, travelling in every direction, and have only been asked for my passport three times. In France, under the same circumstances, I would have been asked for it at least fifty. Here, as well as around Pampeluna, Irun, St. Sebastian and other places, the two parties have a kind of tacit understanding that non-combatants are to be disturbed as little as possible, and except during actual fighting they seem to move about as freely as in peace times. Apart from this one cannot help being astonished at the very slight interruption the civil administration of the country has suffered. Public works are going on, roads being repaired, bridges built, and everywhere the regular routine work of the civil government is progressing as in times of peace. Don Carlos has by no means seized the whole revenues of the country for military purposes, as might naturally be supposed under the circumstances he would do, but has ordered that wherever not prevented by actual military operations the civil administration should continue to operate as in ordinary times. This shows that he knows more about governing a country than he is usually given credit for.

HOW THEY TREAT EACH OTHER.

There are other things that strike us here as being curious. There seems to be little personal animosity or bitterness between the soldiers of the two armies, in spite of all the stories told of cold-blooded cruelty to each other. They often meet in disputed territory in frontier villages without coming to blows, and I have heard a number of stories which show that, whatever may be their political opinion, they have no very great feeling of animosity toward each other, and that a reconciliation could be very easily effected between the soldiers once their respective chiefs were of a mind. Opposing sentinels near each other often strike up a conversation, and having come to a satisfactory understanding lay down their arms, meet each other half way, exchange cigarettes for wine, or wine for bread, or bread for meat, as the case may be, treating each other to a variety of opprobrious names and epithets the while (the Spanish soldier, unlike the Russian, always insults his enemy), and then resume their respective positions. In every war it often happens that troops on the skirmish line during a cessation of hostilities arrange a kind of armistice between themselves, but it is unheard of for sentinels to do so.

The following story, I am assured, is true in every particular. A dozen republican soldiers having got lost in the mountains one cold, rainy night, knocked at a house for shelter which happened to be already occupied by a dozen Carlists. After a little preliminary negotiation an agreement was come to; the republicans were allowed to enter and the Carlists shared their rations with them in the most hospitable manner. They all slept together in the same house, shook hands next morning, and each party went peaceably on its way.

The village of Urnieta is situated on the road leading from Irun to Tolosa. It is about sixteen miles from the frontier and ten from the sea. The fort of Hernani forms with Irun, on the frontier, and St. Sebastian, on the sea, an almost equilateral triangle, as they all three command the railroad and the macadamized road leading from France through Irun and Tolosa. The Carlists are obliged to take to the mountains and have recourse to mules for the transport of everything coming from France by this route. The way is very difficult and toilsome, but one is well repaid for the trouble of climbing the mountains by the magnificent views to be got of the surrounding country and of the strange, wild, out of the way places never visited by the ordinary traveller.

The little French town of Behobia, situated on the banks of the Bidassoa, which here forms the frontier, is likewise on the road which leads into Spain through Irun. The bridge is commanded by the guns of the fort, and the republicans therefore prevent the Carlists from using it. But as the Carlists have possession of the hills around they prevent the republicans from using it, and the bridge is therefore practically closed. On the French side of the river, however, is a narrow but well kept macadamized road leading to Vera. About a mile above Behobia the river makes a curve to the right, and here separates from the frontier, so that the Carlists can pass it without crossing the river. At this point, too, a high mountain intervenes between the fort of Irun and the river, so that they can here pass the river with impunity. They have established a ferry and a custom house, which is guarded by a small post of soldiers, and it is by this route that trade is carried on between France and Tolosa. The Bidassoa, it must be understood, is only a very small stream. At Behobia it is not more than thirty yards wide and it is only navigable by the smallest craft. The boats are generally no more than twenty-five feet long, but the river is crowded with these, and they are all either smugglers or Carlist boats bringing in munitions of war. It is here, I think, the greatest part of the Carlists' supplies are brought in, for the French authorities are unable to seize them without trespassing on Spanish territory. It is very true that they do not exercise any vigilance in the matter at all, but if they did the result would be the same. The middle of the river is the frontier and the boats have only to keep on the Spanish side to be beyond French jurisdiction. Nor could the fort of Irun fire into them without their shells falling into the town of Behobia or Hendaye. The commandant at Irun might, however, very easily prevent this by keeping a small post of soldiers stationed at the bridge. This, with the apathy which marks all the actions of the Spanish officer, he has not done up to within the last few days, and the result is that shells and cartridges have all along been brought in by the Carlists under the very muzzles of his cannon.

THE SITUATION AT THE FRONTIER.

Crossing the river by the Carlist ferry you find yourself at the foot of a steep, rocky, woody mountain, along whose base and the river bank leads a good macadamized road in the direction of Vera. You follow this about a quarter of a mile and then take to the mountain by a path so steep that unless you have a strong horse or mule you will probably find it desirable to dismount and climb up, hanging to the animal's tail. Up you go, sometimes over rocky shingle, sometimes through bits of wood and little forests of chestnut trees, until half an hour's ascent brings you to the top of the mountain, which is a long sharp ridge running parallel to the river and covered with heather. Proceeding along this for a quarter of a mile you come to the mountain's brow, where it breaks suddenly off, and you find yourself on the edge of an almost perpendicular wall looking down on the town of Irun lying at its foot. You have a bird's eye view here of the town, and can almost see down its chimneys. The Carlists' outposts are here within 300 yards of their enemy. The Serranoist soldiers can be seen lounging about the streets; around the outside of the town, on the land side a sentinel here and there; to the left the woody mountains and little valley through which you will have to pass in making your detour around the town; beyond the bay, half shut in by a rocky promontory, extending out into the sea; to the right the little valley of the Bidassoa, the towns of Behobia, Hendaye and Fontarabia; in the distance St. Jean de Luz and Biarritz, and beyond and behind all the mighty ocean, extending to the horizon, blue and silent and beautiful. It is a scene such as those who follow the roads only can never behold.

From here you turn and go down the mountain side, and soon find yourself in a delightful, shady little valley, or rather dell. There is an iron smelting furnace here not in operation. The fires are out, and instead of the roar and flame and smoke and noise that usually reign in such a place, there is only silence. The whole place is embowered in trees, and looks least of all things like an iron furnace, while the little railroad connecting it with Irun is overgrown with grass, as though no train had been over it for a long while. We follow the windings of this little stream that goes brawling through over the rocks for a short distance, and then, leaving it, soon commence ascending a hillside. In a few minutes we are again in sight of Irun, now not more than half a mile distant. The Carlists hold the country around right up to the town, and we might approach still nearer were we so disposed, without risking anything more than a chance shot from an evilly disposed sentinel. The country here is beautiful and rich, and, although very much broken up by hills and hollows, is covered with orchards and cornfields. Maize, or corn, as we usually call it in America, is cultivated throughout this part of Spain very extensively and with very fair success. We cross another low, woody hill and in half an hour more come out on the high road leading from Irun to Tolosa, having been two hours in making a distance we might have accomplished in half an hour by the road. Twenty minutes' march on the road bring us to Oyarzun. It is a village of perhaps 2,000 inhabitants, but about one-fourth of the houses were standing in ruins, having been burned by Santa Cruz in an attack he made here upon the Madrid troops. It is held by two battalions of Carlist soldiers, who are here to watch the garrisons at Irun and Hernani. Three miles further on we are again obliged to leave the road in order to pass around Hernani. This detour proves to be much longer and the road very much worse than the last. The mountain here is covered with woods, but is very steep, and in many places the one narrow path, owing to the frequent springs, is a quagmire. After a two hours' march we descend into the valley, or rather hollow, of the Urumea, which flows into the sea at St. Sebastian. It is a rapid but shallow stream, that goes tumbling over a very rocky bed, and we prefer fording it to going a mile around to an old stone bridge that exists higher up. It is a wild, savage looking dell, and the three or four houses I saw here among the trees were in ruins, having been burned—some of them by the Carlists, some by the republicans—in the early days of the war. We met here a squad of soldiers, with a wounded man. They carried him on a litter on their shoulders, taking turns to relieve each other. They were very merry apparently, and were talking and laughing noisily; but they were very gentle with the sick man nevertheless, and always took care to turn the litter head or feet foremost according as the path led them up or down the mountain side. Half an hour's steep ascent from here brought us in sight of the Fort of Hernani. It is partly stone, partly of earth, and, built on the top of a very steep, rocky hill, will prove an exceedingly hard nut for the Carlists to crack.

The road here led about in a very tortuous manner, sometimes between small cornfields and orchards, again through woods and trees which completely cut off the view, and sometimes it was cut so deep in the earth as to completely hide us.

FIRED UPON.

I had stopped here at an open spot to survey the fort, a little more than a mile distant as the crow flies, when suddenly there was a flash on the parapets and a few seconds afterward came the shell seething through the air toward us as though mad for blood. It passed over our heads and exploded a hundred yards from us, heaving up the earth like a miniature volcano. My party had been increased by the addition of a dozen heavily laden mules, whose driver had dropped into a line behind us, and we, therefore, were numerous enough to attract the attentions of the gunners of the fort, who probably took us for a convoy with Carlist munitions of war. And, indeed, for all I know to the contrary, they were right. The mule drivers now hurried their beasts forward to a place where the banks on each side of the road were so high as to afford ample protection, and we waited to see if they would fire any more. They gave us one or two more shots, but as we were completely covered by the bank, and were besides hidden by trees and brushwood, their shells went far astray and they soon turned their attention elsewhere. From this on to Urnieta, where I am writing this letter, the road was generally covered with trees or brushwood, they could only get glimpses of us now and then, and they did not think worth while to disturb us further. Arrived here I determined to stay all night just out of curiosity. I had at first some difficulty in procuring a place to sleep. Although there is a *fonda*, or a hotel, the people at first absolutely refused to receive me, insisting that the place was full. In the end I had to go to the Alcadi with my papers, who gave me a billet on the same *fonda*. I am the only guest in a house large enough to afford accommodation for a dozen. It is now dark, and for the last half hour I have been witnessing a curious spectacle. Urnieta consists of an upper and a lower town. The lower is on the road, the upper on a little plateau perhaps fifty feet higher than the other. Here is an open square, on one side of which—the side next to the fort—rises dark and sombre the old church. The windows of my room look out on this place, and here for the last half hour the young people, from four years old up to twenty, have been dancing, and they are still at it. The music consists of a small flute or pipe and a tambour, both played by one old man, while a flash of lightning now and then from the fort, accompanied by the growl of cannon for bass, gives to the entertainment a somewhat sinister effect. The passion of these people for dancing is wonderful. I have been told that during the siege of the convent in Estella, which was in the middle of the town, the people used to dance on the plaza every night, and that some were even wounded while in the dance by spent balls.

Everything considered, the people show a surprising indifference to the dangers of war.

MEXICO AND GREAT BRITAIN.

An English Naval Commission in the Mexican Capital—The Question of the Balize Boundary Violation Still Unsettled—Are the United States Interested Financially?

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 17, 1874.

Considerable discussion is now being made in all circles here as to the business of some English naval officers, who visited this city this week, from an English war vessel, anchored at Vera Cruz. Rumors of their visit relating to the English debt of Mexico and a pending arrangement between the convention bondholders and the United States government, through the English government, have been afloat.

A REPLY REQUIRED.

The facts are these:—That the English officers brought and asked an answer to an official communication of the English government, in reply to Mr. Lafragna's answer to Lord Granville a year or so since, on the Balize question. I learn that the communication of the English government is exceedingly polite, but firm, and that it urges upon the Mexican government the necessity of a speedy settlement of the Balize question.

REPUBLICAN DELAY.

The government of Mexico will not reply until it receives new information from Mexican sources in regard to the matter in dispute.

THE POPE TO YOUNG CATHOLICS.

Allocution of His Holiness Before the Roman Society of Catholic Young Men.

[From the New York Catholic Review.]

The following allocution was pronounced by His Holiness the Pope, on October 2, before the Roman Society of Catholic Young Men:—

Yes, the temporal power is indispensable to the sovereign pontiffs for the free exercise of their spiritual authority. The chief of the Church has need of a temporal authority in order to exercise that freedom of action which is necessary to him. Assuredly, if instead of the temporal power the successors of St. Peter had received that possessed by the Prince of Apostles, and of which we see so startling an illustration in the deaths of Ananias and Sapphira, he would possess so great an authority that he could easily dispense with any temporal power in order to govern freely the Church of God. But since God has disposed otherwise, and we have not this power which belonged to Peter, it is absolutely necessary that the sovereign pontiffs should, for the better directing of the Church of Christ, be subject to no human authority. It is essential, therefore, that they should have temporal power. God has willed that the Church shall be constantly persecuted, and we must submit to His holy will; but we must, nevertheless, always do our part in maintaining religion and justice. But to fight is the occupation of our lives, for do we not see written in the Scriptures, *Militia est vita hominis super terram?* This has been the case through many centuries, and will be so to the end of time. It is but too true that we have to sustain an inward combat. Yet we must not only struggle with our inner nature, but also with external enemies, and this battle has become more necessary to-day than ever. It is all the more essential now, when by means of the rapidity of transit and communication the whole world is transformed into one battle field. Two armies face each other; you form a part of the Catholic army; opposed to you is the revolutionary army which reckons many recruits always ready to fight. Therefore must we be constantly prepared to resist its attacks and to repulse them. You have opposite you the army of the revolution—that is to say of impiety, incredulity and irreligion. This army, like that of the Catholics, is divided into several parts; or rather it resembles the weather which precedes a storm. (At this moment a terrific tempest, which had been threatening all the morning, burst over the city of Rome, a circumstance which explains the allusion of the Pope.) We have first a period of gloom, followed by one of still greater obscurity, to which succeeds a moment of total darkness. These three degrees combine to form the tempest. That is just what happens in politics. First of all you have those men who seem to cross their arms and remain aloof in a state of supreme indifference, but who, in the most infamous and perfidious manner, occupy themselves by writing and disseminating the most pernicious principles. These men are all the more dangerous because they appear inactive. Then come those who seem to advance step by step and who each day commit a fresh act of impiety and usurpation; they succeed in the long run in taking possession of everything and destroying everything. Lastly, there is the completely black gradation, that which resembles the present tempest which has burst over our heads while I have been speaking. This inundates towns with blood and spreads desolation, incendiarism and death. These three colors form the revolution.

And now I leave you to judge yourselves if it is not to the second color that certain well-known governments belong. These do not forget to do evil, and each day seize opportunities to commit some fresh act of immorality and impiety. Three days ago I received a letter asking me to give aid to a house of refuge for poor servant girls, where, while they are out of service, they can find an asylum secure from the danger of the loss of the soul and reputation. Now, one of the chief reasons why this house is to be opened is because the government itself pretends to take an interest in these poor girls. And what interest, think you, it takes in them? It condemns them to a vile traffic, by shutting them up in houses of prostitution. That is what the men of the second category I have indicated do. They work step by step, but not the less surely for that, and their object is to overthrow honesty and morality, and to destroy religion itself, if that is possible. On our side we ought to do what is in our power to fight these terrible enemies. We must mortify ourselves and confound impiety and prevent sacrilege. We must have confidence in God. They say that there is no God. *Non est Deus, dixit insipiens in corde suo* (there is no God, says the fool in his heart); and, unfortunately, now many there are who act just as if there were, indeed, no God! But, as for you, openly assert that there is a God, and repeat everywhere, both at home and abroad, that He exists, and that there always has been, and always will be, One who will punish the wicked who try His patience and that of His servants. Have courage, therefore, for the reward will be reserved for those who do their duty, as happened to the man born blind, who was cured by the Saviour. Our Lord Jesus Christ called him to Him, and after composing a certain material applied it to his eyes, and then told him to go and bathe in the pool of Siloe. He went and was cured. The Pharisees, who were full of jealousy, called the young man to them and asked him who effected his cure. He answered frankly, "The man who is called Jesus took clay and applied it to my eyes, and then told me to go and bathe in the fount of Siloe. I went, I washed and I see. The Pharisees answered him, "It is impossible, for that man is a sinner, and a sinner cannot perform miracles!" "I know not if he is a sinner," answered the man, "all I know is that I saw not before he touched me and that now I see." The Pharisees, irritated by these answers, called the parents of the young man to them. Now, these were timid folk, people who held the middle course, and they answered, "We know that our son was born blind, but we know not how it is that he sees now, nor do we know the person who cured him, but he is of age, ask him yourselves; *aetatem habet ipsum interrogate*. Then the Pharisees called the blind man to them a second time and again questioned him, and he, being wearied with their persistence, answered them:—"I told you once; why do you ask again? Do you wish to become his disciples?" Angered by this answer the Pharisees dragged him to the door of the temple and pushed him out of it; but he met the Saviour, who consoled him and spoke kindly to him, and he knelt and adored Him, fearing not the people who stood by.

Let us follow his example and fear not to confess openly our faith. There are many Pharisees abroad to-day who are scandalized because they see so many miracles performed, especially in France. They say that miracles are impossible, as if anything were impossible to God! God performs miracles, and it is through the intercession of Mary that they are performed, because there are many Christians who openly confess their faith in the intercession of the Mother of God. Be constant and steadfast, therefore, and do not be ashamed to confess your faith in God in the midst of the world and to accomplish your duties as true Christians. I repeat to you, be constant and firm in the fulfilment of your duties, and remember that the good example of a layman is worth more than a sermon from a minister at the altar.

And now, in order to confirm you in your good disposition and to sustain your courage, I bless you and your families. Return to your parents and tell them that the old Pope blesses them and that he has prayed that his blessing may attend them to the hour of their death. Tell them that he desires that both they and you may bless God forever and ever. *Benedictio Dei etc.*

GUNNING CASUALTY.

Charles Craft, a young man residing at Locust Valley, was out gunning on Friday afternoon, and, when in the act of stepping into boat his gun, which he held by the muzzle, was discharged, blowing off one of his fingers and completely shattering the rest of his hand, so that he will be crippled for life.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Shortened Services Granted, but the Rubric of Common Sense Denied—The Fear of a Second Methodist Defection—Another Missionary Bishop Confirmed—Sketch of the Gentleman.

In the business of the Convention yesterday the Committee on Canons reported against requiring the bishops to nominate two candidates for episcopal honors in missionary jurisdictions, from which the House might choose one. The Lectionary question, having been up and discussed, was, on motion of Dr. Beach, added to the Prayer Book and ordered to be sent to the several diocesan conventions for concurrent action. A long debate ensued on a proposition to introduce the colon, or musical sign, in the Psalter, so that David's poetry might the more readily be chanted.

The Convention decided, however, that those who could sing did not require this colon to help them and those who could not it would interfere with their correct reading of the Psalms. It therefore voted against the two dots.

SHORTER SERVICES DEMANDED.

The Committee on Canons' report on shortened services was taken up and the first resolution was adopted without discussion. It is as follows:—

Resolved (the House of Bishops concurring), That it is the sense of this Convention that nothing in the present Order of Common Prayer prohibits the separation, when desirable, of the Morning Prayer, the Litany and the Order for the Administration of the Lord's Supper into distinct services, which may be used independently of each other and either of them without the others; provided that, when used together, they be used in the same order as that in which they have commonly been used and in which they stand in the Book of Common Prayer.

The second resolution did not pass so easy. It created considerable debate, the pertinence of which may better be inferred from a reading of the resolution itself. It is as follows:—

Resolved (the House of Bishops concurring), That a joint commission, consisting of seven Bishops, seven Presbyters and seven laymen, be appointed (the Presbyters and laymen to be chosen by ballot in the House of Deputies) to take into consideration the whole subject of rubrical revision, among other things providing shortened and more varied services and a new Lectionary, and making such other suggestions as may seem judicious with respect to the services and offices of the Church, and to report to the next General Convention.

Mr. Meigs, of New Jersey, opposed this resolution on the ground that it interfered with doctrine which cannot be legislated on in this way. Mr. Welsh, of Philadelphia, the most pronounced low churchman in the Convention, favored the relief proposed in this resolution. One minister of this Church has been deposed, though he has declared that he did not violate any essential part of the rubric. The Church has done all that can be done to prevent the progress of priestcraft, and nothing can be added thereto. Mr. Welsh showed that the only discretionary act allowed to ministers related to the hour for baptizing infants. This commission is to consider and tell us the value of rubrics. It may be able to show us how we can return to primitive church rubrics. He believed that other prayers than those in the Prayer Book had gone up to glory and to God. He believed, he said, in

THE RUBRIC OF COMMON SENSE.

If he were travelling with a clerical companion and the latter were asked to baptize an infant he would have to delegate that office to the speaker, unless he (the clergyman) had a Prayer Book with him. Mr. Smith, of South Carolina, opposed any change in the Prayer Book. The act would be unconstitutional, and it was too late now to do the thing asked for. Mr. Douglass, of Delaware, said there are two things to be considered in this matter—the human and the divine. Doctrines are divine; rubrics are not, nor of divine authority. They are purely man made and it is folly to say that they are or can be amendments to doctrines. What our ancestors did in the days of the Wesleys we are likely to do now. Their followers were ready to receive our sacraments, but we would not allow them this right unless they took the Prayer Book and all that it contained. He (the speaker) belonged to the old Evangelical party, and he hoped this Church would not repeat the great mistake of the mother Church with the Methodists.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

A recess was taken for lunch, after which various amendments and motions to postpone and lay on the table and to get rid of this troublesome subject were offered, but they were voted down because the deputies had not discussed the matter sufficiently. Dr. Adams, of Wisconsin, got the floor, and said that if it (this resolution) passed it would simply make a new Prayer Book. Mr. Sheffy, of Virginia, asked, What is this that so frightens the deputies? Are they afraid to trust the next Convention? The proposition is to appoint twenty-one men of each order, good men and true, who are to consider and report on certain matters of importance to the whole Church. It binds no one to anything, present or prospective. We don't know what this Commission may report, but when their report comes up it will be time to discuss it. They will be as true to the Church as we are, and if they say they approve of this proposition and the House of Bishops approve of it also then during three years more the whole Church will consider it and if at the end of nine years this Church says that these changes shall be made may they not be made? He was not afraid to trust this Church. Virginia, the diocese which he represented would be found alongside the progress of the Church; and if in the providence of God calamity should befall this Church and she should be driven on the breakers Virginia will be found in that hour, as she has always been, opposed to extremes on one side or the other and conservative as she has ever been

CONSERVATION BY REPAIR.

Dr. Huntington, of Massachusetts, said this measure was needed, and he reminded the House that the minorities of the present will be the majorities of the future. This is a proposition to consider what shall be done to keep this House of ours in repair for the next 100 years, and do away with the necessity of tinkering it every three years. The true principle is conservation by repair. Mr. Rogers, of Texas, spoke against the resolution and Dr. De Koven for it. The vote was taken and the resolution received its quietus by a vote of sixty-six nays to fifty-three yeas.

The following amendment to article 11 of the constitution was adopted:—

Congregations of foreign race worshipping in a foreign tongue may be admitted into union with this Church or organized by ministers of this Church, under such provisions for the conduct of their public worship as may from time to time be canonically made by the General Convention.

A number of unimportant messages were received from the bishops. There was one message, however, which set off New Mexico and Arizona as a new missionary jurisdiction, and the bishops nominated as bishop thereof the Rev. William F. Adams, of New Orleans, whose confirmation, in secret session, was made unanimous.

PERSONAL SKETCH OF DR. ADAMS.

The new missionary Bishop of Arizona is a native of Ireland. When he was a child his parents removed to America and settled in Kentucky, where he was educated. They were Methodists, and he was brought up in that faith, but he subsequently united with the Protestant Episcopal Church, in Mississippi, by whose bishop, Green, he was ordained in 1860, and his early ministry was spent in Wardville, in that State. During the yellow fever epidemic in Louisiana he temporarily left his own parish to minister to the sick and dying in neighboring parishes in Louisiana, where this scourge was severe. For this heroic offering of himself he received a gold medal from the authorities. At the close of the war he was called to St. Peter's church, New Orleans, which he afterwards left to take charge of St. Paul's parish, where he now ministers. He has represented his diocese in three successive general conventions, including the present one. He is very modest and retiring in manner, and his voice has been rarely heard in the Convention, though he is said to be a fluent speaker and a man of sound learning. He is not as long nor as broad as some of the bishops, but he can do good work for the Church. He is forty years of age.

RELIGIOUS DISPUTES AT JERUSALEM.

According to a correspondent of the *Turquie*, the aspect of affairs among the various Christian sects in Jerusalem is at the present moment (October 12) threatening. While the Greek and Latin communities are disagreeing over the decoration of the Grotto of the Nativity, the Christians of all rites are much concerned about the fate of the Pillar of the Scourging, which is their common property. This pillar, which is kept in a Latin church, suddenly disappeared, but on inquiry it was affirmed that it had merely been placed in a box for safety while the church was undergoing certain necessary repairs. The other communities thereupon set their seals upon the box and all excitement was for the moment allayed. In the meantime, however, rumors have been set on foot that the Latins had packed up and sent to Rome the true pillar and substituted for it another piece of stone.

The correspondent adds that it is feared these rumors may give rise to grave disturbances.

ANOTHER MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.

Suspicions of Foul Play Entertained.

STAMFORD, Conn., Nov. 2, 1874.

The residents of Cos Cob, in the town of Greenwich, are considerably excited over the mysterious disappearance of Mr. George E. Lockwood, brother of Conductor Frederick Lockwood, of the New York and Boston lightning train. He was last seen on the evening of Tuesday, October 27, when he was left by the crew of an outward bound sloop in the vicinity of a small island off the mouth of Mianus River, near Cos Cob bridge. On this island is a cabin, which was occupied by Lockwood, who was employed as a watchman by owners of oyster beds thereabouts. It is known that Lockwood reached this island in safety, for several articles which he had with him on Tuesday night have since been found in the cabin.

The missing man was the chief witness for the State of Connecticut in several prosecutions for theft, which were to have been tried at Greenwich to-day; and it is feared he has been foully dealt with. He is thirty-three years of age, of heavy build, five feet nine inches in height, and had dark hair, gray eyes and a dark mustache. He was clothed in a dark brown coat and gray pants, and wore a truss.

THE BURNING COAL MINE.

How the Burning Mine in Pennsylvania Was Quenched.

LIFE IN THE COAL DISTRICTS.

How Science Triumphed Over Nature.

WEST PITTSTON, Nov. 1, 1874.

The fire in the "burning mine" (reference to which, in the daily papers, drew more or less attention in the early part of the year) is at last conquered. The agent which has gained the victory, after months of valiant, persistent battle with the flames, bringing into play almost every resource of engineering skill, is a new one, which henceforth takes its place as the fire destroyer, whenever that most to be dreaded foe enters the mines. The employment of steam by the Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal Company in extinguishing the Empire Mine fire has proved a success, which must be of incalculable value, not alone in Pennsylvania, but in mining districts everywhere. The name of the foreman of the Empire Mine, Lewis S. Jones, through whose sagacious and persistent endeavors the trial by steam was made, is certainly worthy of record and remembrance. Mr. Jones' own detailed, technical account of the method used in fighting the fire, and of the causes which baffled all efforts through months of energetic, well directed labor, is to be published by the company for the use of those most interested, and a paper descriptive of these methods has been read before a meeting of civil engineers. But no account has yet reached the public of a battle with flame as full of vivid and picturesque interest as it was of peril and excitement to those engaged in it.

Seeking information on this and some matters of kindred interest, your correspondent was referred by the President of the company to its assistant superintendent, on whom had chiefly devolved the daily supervision and practical carrying out of all efforts for saving the mine. "It is impossible to enter the scene of the late fire," was the reply to my first query, "as it is entirely walled up and filled with steam; but I think that with the aid of our maps I can explain to you all you wish to know." The story is one full of fascination and of value as well, in view of the vague and curious ideas of what fire in the mines really amounts to, set forth by comments on the same, even in the midst of the mining regions. The general thought seems to be of a vein of coal burning itself out in certain restricted limits, or so situated that a stream of water could be easily turned in, flooding it out. Comparatively few persons are aware of the absolute necessity of conquering it, involving not merely heavy expenditure, but a warfare taxing to the utmost the inventive and executive ability of men familiar with mines and engineering. I shall strive to tell the story as succinctly as possible.

On the hillside, perhaps a mile from where we stood, was the mouth of a slope from which mines, now abandoned, were formerly worked; afterward used as an up-cast for purposes of ventilation in connection with boilers below. These boilers were placed near the head of Empire slope No. 5, which leads still further down into newer workings. Near the entrance to the slope stood a wooden stack which, at one A. M. on the 31st of last December, was discovered to be in flames, doubtless carried up to it almost instantaneously from fire originating at the boilers. The open spaces on each side of the slope had been walled up with stone, but with doorways for occasional necessary entrance to the old workings; and the fire had communicated at once through these doors with the timber supports, stretching in all directions through the abandoned chambers. So that although officers and men were promptly on the spot they were met at the very first by a torrent of flame, like that which the lake winds swept over Chicago, carried up through a diagonal chimney of 1,200 feet, from what was already a solid stream of fire on a level of 356 feet, as a plumb line might fall, below the spot where they stood. Water was poured into the slope from a reservoir above, and turned on below from the water pipe that fed the boilers, so soon as they could be reached through the nearest shaft with its connecting gangway, while every effort was used to cut off air from the fire without destroying the ventilation necessary for the workers. But at the end of three hours the slope fell in, shutting the fire in from above and disabling the boiler pipe below. A steam pump worked from the mine engine was speedily substituted, but a few hours made it evident that the campaign needful for subduing the fire was to be both prolonged and dangerous. Plans were rapidly laid and promptly carried out to save the engine house and the pillars on the gangway by which the boilers were reached, as to lose this way into the mine was to lose all. And the enormous work was then before them of not only conquering the fire in its present stronghold, but of heading it off in all directions to prevent its communicating through open passageways with other workings.

From above a slope was to be driven down for a distance of 160 feet through tough clay, divided into downcast and upcast, to reach the fire from the surface. A fan, needed for the downcast, to keep back smoke and gases that the men might enter, was taken apart, removed two miles, refitted and at work within thirty-six hours; and in fifteen days from the time the slope was begun, the old slope was reached and water poured in. But it was necessary to cross this slope, and a plank "manway" was held by playing on it continually until one of stone could be built and pushed through in sections.

Below, "manways" were to be built and held beside every pillar, and through old falls from the roof, to enable the men to hold a position from which they could bring the hose to bear upon the beds of fire in every chamber, caused by the crumbling under the intense heat of the outside portions of the pillars, which fell, keeping the masses of glowing coal perpetually supplied. These "manways" could be held only by turning water continually upon them, the lower end of the planks being often on fire before the upper could be put securely in place, so that the men worked in heat ranging from 160 degrees to 176 degrees, and as the black damp also was steadily rising one man could rarely work for more than from three to five minutes at a time. Relays were ready to bring them out promptly if overcome and carry them to the office in the main gangway, where a physician, with three assistants and all needed remedies, was in attendance day and night. During all the terrible conflict, while there were 800 men continually at work, but one life was lost, and that was by the black damp, when a fan finally broke down. As the fans could not be stopped a moment for repairs a system of signals was devised and successfully carried out, to give warning instantly through all the mine if one gave way. This was all the more needful, as the draught of air had two miles to travel before it emerged, bringing smoke and gases with it.

The severe winter rendered the campaign more arduous. Heavy machinery, and all the lumber and stone needed for manways and supports and, later, for walls, were to be brought over mountain roads and carried by men into the mine. All waters that had been available from outside were frozen solid for three weeks; and the mine water, which ate out the machinery with fearful rapidity—the hose not bearing it more than one or two days—had to be depended upon, and used over sometimes thrice. But probably the heaviest work of the officers through all the time was the organizing, drilling, and especially the inspiriting of the men in the face of their fearful foe.

At the close of February the fire, save for about 200 feet, had been securely enclosed, and the end seemed near, when sound and sign gave token that the roof of the old workings to the west was about to fall. This had been so provided for as to insure its coming quietly, but the men, fearing the concussion of air which results from violent falls, and which drives even loaded cars like playthings before it out of the mines, refused to remain. Watchers were stationed at safe distances, but the fall came so gently that they were unaware of it. On March 1 the officers found that it was over, but while the men were absent the fire had swept through the open space and covered a field far beyond its original dimensions; air currents were reversed; connecting passages closed or flooded. To stop the fans was certain death to the men; to keep them going was to feed the fire.

It was at this time when new measures were imperative that the mine boss, Lewis S. Jones, urged the trial of steam. From the 12th to the 18th of March it was tested in spaces still enclosed. A wall entirely surrounding the old workings was completed with eager haste; all cave holes above were tightly packed with clay; a single airway, to be afterwards gradually closed, alone remaining. The steam from eighteen boilers was driven down through pipes already inserted, and early in May all eyes looked their joyful farewell to the fire. At that time the thermometer attached to the test pipes registered 176 degrees. A month later the lower stratum was cold. The steam, however, will be kept confined until the first of January next, to provide against any possibility of lurking danger.

After gathering this information your correspondent very gladly accepted the offer of a ride down the valley to see something more of this section of the coal region. It would be superfluous to enter upon any description of the beauty of the Wyoming Valley, which has of late years become so well known to tourists; but that beauty is certainly at its height in the early autumn, and the loveliest of inspiring days was ours wherein to behold it. At a distance of eleven miles southwest from Wilkesbarre we left the car, and as we clambered over a rocky path my companion said:—"I am going to show you one of the wonders of the world—of this part of the world, at any rate. I am sure you have never seen a coal quarry!"

"A coal quarry!" I echoed, amazed and only half believing. But there it was before my sight. Some eight or nine feet of earth had been removed and laborers were at work on a clear, solid stratum of coal, twenty-four feet in thickness, where a vein had struck outward, covering a space of 150 acres. Then it makes a dip again, coming to a sudden terminus 400 feet above on the mountain side. The course of these layers of mineral wealth, which make the valley as rich below as it is surpassingly beautiful above—as shown by the map of a section carefully surveyed—will probably be of as great interest to others as it was to me.

Returning we stopped at No. 17, to visit the company's stores, also to go through one of the great breakers, and comprehend more fully than we otherwise might its system of screens and rollers; but we lingered longest to see the slate pickers, boys who sat over the slides and threw out the slate from the broken coal as fast as it rolled down. Watching their grimy faces, some acute, some stolid, but all showing moral and mental material not easy to deal with, I wondered aloud "what the average Sunday school teacher would contrive to make of such a class!" and was responded to by my companion telling me that when he began a Sunday school among them he did not always know his pupils in their weekday dress and faces, and had more than once been amused and startled by having one and another of them swinging open a door for him in the darkness of a mine make a familiar request for "a chaw of tobacco." Most of these boys, as their fathers before them have done, begin life as slate-pickers, then become doortenders or mule drivers in the mines, then laborers, afterwards miners, and not a few will end their lives as they began, picking slate in the breakers. Scattered among them were a few colored boys. "Yes," was the answer to my question, "they work in peace together." "There is talk of introducing compulsory education throughout the State, you are aware," said the Superintendent. "I don't know how it will be received here; for in many cases, where the head of the family has been taken, the entire support of a household comes from the earnings of the children. We often tell parents when they bring the younger boys to us that they had better send them to school; but the most of them are hard to convince. 'We've got along well enough without schooling,' they say, 'and so can the children.' " So here again came up the double difficulty which is continually meeting us in all attempts at carrying out the needed system of universal education. "How much coal land does the company own and what number of persons do you employ?" were my next questions. "Twelve thousand acres, and we have a shipping capacity of 3,500,000 tons yearly. That gives employment to 11,000 persons." "But you seem to have had comparatively little trouble from strikes or discontent among your workmen. How have you avoided the difficulties between the Welsh and Irish which occur at certain other collieries?" "We keep them together at work in such proportion that race difficulties seldom come to the surface, and they have equal chances to rise and to obtain coveted benefits. For instance, we let out the driving of the headings every six months—all having an equal chance to bid—instead of making arbitrary assignments." It may be well to explain here that in driving the headings, which lead to the chambers in the mines, the men receive a certain compensation for each foot or yard opened, in addition to that received for the coal mined. "Beyond that," continued my informant, "our men know that we have their interest at heart as well as our own; we care for their home comforts and for what concerns them." We had passed through several of the miners' villages, and I had been making my own silent comments upon the marked contrast between the comfortable cottages and their pleasant surroundings with what I had seen in another section of the coal regions not very long before. Another fact of which I had been taking mental note was the blended courtesy and confidence, the familiar yet respectful greetings that passed between the officers in our party and the men whom we encountered; an experience repeated in going through one of the mines, its engine house and breaker next day. I compared notes with the superintendent in reference to the former miners' trade union, the "Workmen's Benevolent Association," which was the responsible agent in earlier years of the worst outbreaks in the coal regions, and is now endeavoring to rehabilitate itself and become national in its organization. He confirmed the belief which I had already gained from conversations with intelligent miners that, while the association might for a time regain a certain amount of power, the men had had too thorough an experience of its tyranny and lawlessness to permit it to force any permanent serious troubles in those districts in which capital and labor had begun to recognize their interests as identified with each other. And these comprehend a much larger proportion of the coal regions, especially in the northern part of the State, than is widely apprehended, a strike or difficulty like the present one in a single colliery belonging to a small company at Moosic being supposed to represent fairly the general feeling, which it does not, any more than the reports of murders and outrages among the dangerous classes in New York fairly represent the city. I had marked other matters of which to write you, but pause here, having given the points of most general interest.

STRANDED ON THE SCATARY ROCKS.

The Wonderful Escape of the Steamer Earl of Lonsdale, Now in New York for Repairs—The Advantages of Water Ballast.

Yesterday morning the disabled English steamer Earl of Lonsdale, commanded by Captain Charles L. Rogers, came to anchor off the Battery, having been compelled to put into this port for repairs, caused by springing a leak by stranding on the Scatary Island rocks, while on the voyage from Sydney, Cape Breton, to New Orleans. The following is the Captain's statement, and shows how by energy he prevented his vessel leaving her bones there, which fate befell a sister steamer belonging to the same owners and in the same neighborhood, about a year ago:—

I have commanded the steamship Earl of Lonsdale for about a year. I was formerly chief officer on her. She is of 1,545 tons burthen, and belongs to the water ballast school, and to this fact I attribute my good fortune in getting her off the rocks. We started from Sydney on the 25th of October on my voyage to the Gulf. We went ashore on Monday night, the 26th of October, at ten o'clock, in a dense fog, about twenty-six miles from Sydney. I had left the deck about five minutes before she struck and was about returning there. The second officer was on the bridge, and the lookout saw the Flint Island light, but, owing to the density of the atmosphere, could not see if it was a revolving light. After passing Flat Point we took a light in Glass Bay for Flint Island, and Flint Island for Scatary. When we struck we were going very cautiously—about half speed.

HOW THE STEAMER WAS SAVED.

After we had grounded we got out anchor astern, and all hands were employed in throwing coal overboard, while the engines pumped out the water ballast in the tanks, weighing about three hundred tons, and at nine o'clock the following morning we backed her astern, and the Earl floated off. When we stranded it was high water, and when we got her off it was nearly the same. Had she gone ashore at low water things might have been different. We found when she floated that her collision bulkhead was filled with water, but owing to the vessel being solidly constructed the pressure of the water did not drive it in. I resolved to put into New York for repairs and not continue my voyage to New Orleans with the ship in a leaky condition. I have telegraphed to the owners of the vessel at Newcastle-on-Tyne for orders. I expect to place the vessel on the dry dock here for repairs. I don't think they will be extensive. Everybody on board the Earl worked with might and main to get her off the Scatary Rocks, and I look upon our saving her as a piece of wonderful good luck, and attribute our success greatly to her being a water ballast vessel.

The Earl of Lonsdale is insured in Newcastle-on-Tyne, and has been to New York on several occasions. She was built in 1871, and is capable of steaming about eleven knots an hour.

THE COOPERS' LOCKOUT.

The lockout of a few hundred coopers, composing Coopers' Union No. 2, which has been going on for some ten or twelve days, still continues. The journeymen coopers are still resolute in holding on to the rules of the Union, and say that the lockout amounts really to nothing, although the "bosses" have been trying to attract attention to themselves on account of their pretended attempt to crush the Union.

At the present time business is dull, and the employers can easily get along, but if they wanted men they would very soon call at the "corner." The journeymen say that they are not a whit worse off at the present time than they would be were the "bosses" not to hold weekly meetings. Some of the "bosses" affirm that they propose in future not to employ members of the Union, with the exception of a few good men who have been "carrying the inferior workmen." The men say that in all only twenty-two have been actually put off work by the action of the employers and the remainder of them are about as they had been. The fight goes on in this way, and the workmen are still confident; but not more so than the "bosses" express themselves to be. None of the genuine coopers in the shops where solid work is done are out of employment, nor is there any "lockout" against them.

RACING IN ENGLAND.

Newmarket Second October Meeting.

Contest for the Great Cesarewitch Stakes and the Middle Park Plate.

The Winners and Scenes at the Start.

LONDON, Oct. 15, 1874.

The "Second October Meeting" commenced on Monday at Newmarket and will be brought to a conclusion on Friday night, the meeting lasting for five consecutive days with racing going on on an average from one o'clock till half-past four o'clock, and each programme comprising about eight races. The sport, generally speaking, has hitherto been of excellent quality, with comparatively few of those small sweepstakes with no added money, in which owners of horses have to struggle only for the stakes. Whenever the Jockey Club give anything to be run for we are certain of having good fields, numerically speaking, at the post. Of these there have been a good many this week, and the result is that the sport has been above the Newmarket average. The attendance has, however, been unusually small, and on the Cesarewitch day in particular there was the poorest turnout ever known in the history of the race. The wealthy supporters of the turf were strongly represented, and of course the professional betting men mustered in great force, but the general public did not appear. There was in fact as great an attendance to see the Middle Park Plate run for as there was on the Cesarewitch day, an occurrence quite unprecedented. None of the English royal family were present, but we had royalty in the person of the ex-Queen of Naples, who appeared to take great interest in the racing and showed a somewhat unexpected appreciation of good points of a horse.

The principal handicap of the meeting was

THE CESAREWITCH,

for which a good field, in point both of number and quality, went to the post. This race has been the medium of a large amount of speculation for the last month, and, as usual, the betting has been marked by some extraordinary changes. The favorite was found at the finish in the gelding by Wamba out of Truth, one of Matthew Dawson's "good things." He had not run since he was a two-year-old, and at that age he did not at all distinguish himself, having in the meantime been carefully "nursed" and kept in seclusion. Admiral Rous, whose astuteness occasionally deserts him, let him into the handicap at a ridiculously light weight. The great blot-out handicap, however, was Mornington, who, if in his best form, could not have lost the race with twenty-one pounds more than was imposed upon him; but the excuse for the Admiral was that the horse had long been laboring under suspicion of unsoundness, and, as will be seen, the suspicion was quite justified. His merits on his early running, particularly when he won the City and Suburban and great Metropolitan, at Epsom, on successive days, were such to the public rushes on him, and he left off as good a favorite as the Truth gelding, who indeed had always been behind him in the betting until the day of the race. Hessleden, like Matthew Dawson's horse, was a poor performer previously in public, but he had been highly tried and his party were extraordinarily confident. Louise Victoria, a mare belonging to the unpopular owner, Mr. Cartwright, who, it may be remembered, "scratched" his horse, George Frederick, a favorite for the St. Leger on the morning of the race, had run very well on many occasions and was here highly weighted. Royal George and Aventurière, both in the Fyfield stable, had been tried and found to be so close together that the party invested their money equally on both. Royal George was second for this race last year, and among other feats won the great Metropolitan at Epsom this spring, while Aventurière has had a distinguished career in the course of which this season she has shown great improvement. Eole I. has on several occasions displayed "staying" power necessary for a long race like this, and so has Shannon, the stable companion of Truth, gelding, who is a three-year-old, and won the Goodwood cup, but has for a long time past run jadidly. Gamecock, a German animal, came over with a good reputation, and Lasy and Rosebud are said to be fair performers.

SUMMARY.

THE CESAREWITCH STAKES—A free handicap of 25 sovereigns each, 15 feet, with 200 added; winners extra; the second received 50 sovereigns out of the stakes; Cesarewitch Course; 2 miles, 2 furlongs, 28 yards; 62 subs.

Lord Ailesbury's b. f. Aventurière, by Adventurer—Cantine, 3 yrs., 96 lbs. (Glover) ... 1
Mr. F. Swindell's b. g. by Wamba—Truth, 4 yrs., 82 lbs. (car. 85 lbs.) (F. Archer) ... 2
Count Nadasdy's b. c. Gamecock, 4 yrs., 103 lbs. (Huxtable) ... 3
Mr. Bowes' Chivalrous, 4 yrs., 120 lbs. (J. Osborne) ... 0
Count F. de Lagrange's Eole II., 6 yrs., 116 lbs. (car. 117 lbs.) (Fordham) ... 0
Mr. W. R. Marshall's Shannon, 6 yrs., 112 lbs. (T. Chaloner) ... 0
Mr. W. S. Crawfurd's Royal George, 4 yrs., 109 lbs. (Butler) ... 0
Sir J. D. Astley's Scamp, 3 yrs., 108 lbs. (Griffiths) ... 0
Mr. W. S. Cartwright's Louise Victoria, 5 yrs., 105 lbs. (car. 106 lbs.) (Constable) ... 0
M. E. Fould's Saltarelle, 3 yrs., 105 lbs. (Hunter) ... 0
Mr. E. Brayley's Mornington, 6 yrs., 101 lbs. (Mordan) ... 0
Sir F. Johnstone's Hessleden, 4 yrs., 100 lbs. (Brucksnaw) ... 0
Lord Rosebery's Aldrich, 3 yrs., 96 lbs. (Rossiter) ... 0
M. P. Aumont's Peut-être, 3 yrs., 95 lbs. (J. Covey) ... 0
General Peel's Lacy, 3 yrs., 94 lbs. (C. Wood) ... 0
Mr. Somerville's Tichborne, 4 yrs., 93 lbs. (Morbey) ... 0
Mr. E. Etche's Quail, 6 yrs., 90 lbs. (T. Clay) ... 0
Mr. Savile's Pique, 3 yrs., 89 lbs. (Major) ... 0
Mr. C. Rayner, Jr.'s, Reflection, 4 yrs., 88 lbs. (E. Jeffery) ... 0
Mr. T. Davison's Nectar, 3 yrs., 88 lbs. (Wainwright) ... 0
Lord Lonsdale's Charles, 3 yrs., 88 lbs. (Pitman) ... 0
Lord Bradford's Boscobel, 3 yrs., 87 lbs. (H. Wyatt) ... 0
Mr. J. Osborne's Chimes, 3 yrs., 85 lbs. (car. 86 lbs.) (Mills) ... 0
Mr. John Dawson's Chance, 4 yrs., 81 lbs. (C. Archer) ... 0
Mr. J. Foy's Minette, 3 yrs., 77 lbs. (car. 83 lbs.) (Weedon) ... 0

Vril was struck out at 8:27 on the morning of the race.

BETTING AT THE START.

5 to 1 against Truth gelding; 5 to 1 against Mornington; 6 to 1 against Hessleden; 7 to 1 against Louise Victoria; 15 to 1 against Royal George; 16 to 1 against Eole II.; 25 to 1 against Aventurière; 30 to 1 against Gamecock; 30 to 1 against Shannon; 33 to 1 against Lacy; 33 to 1 against Pique; 33 to 1 against Boscobel; 33 to 1 against Chimes; 40 to 1 against Aldrich; 50 to 1 against Chivalrous; 50 to 1 against Scamp; 50 to 1 against Peut-être; 50 to 1 against Saltarelle; 56 to 1 against Onaries; 100 to 1 against Tichborne.

THE STRUGGLE.

There was but a slight delay at the post, and Mr. McGeorge got them off to an excellent start at the first attempt. Quail, who was started for the purpose of making the running for her stable companion, the Truth gelding, went to the front, followed by Minette, the Truth gelding, Louise Victoria, Tichborne and Gamecock, the most conspicuous of the others being Eole II., Hessleden, Royal George and Aventurière, while just behind these came Chivalrous, Shannon, Lacy, Salterelle and Mornington. Quail was in for about a mile, when she gave way, after showing the way at an excellent pace, but she gave way at the point mentioned, when, as the field swept round the bend of the gap in the "ditch" and entered on their long journey across "the flat," Gamecock went to the front, followed by the Truth gelding and Aventurière, behind whom were Tichborne, Chimes, Minette and Lacy, Royal George also lying well up. There was little variation in this order until they reached the Bushes Hill, where Royal George began to hang out signals of distress, and a few strides further on Gamecock was compelled to resign the command to the Truth gelding, who was in front, with Aventurière, Tichborne, Gamecock and Peut-être close behind him. Rising the apparently gradual but really severe incline at the finish, Aventurière, on the whip hand, wore down the Truth gelding inch by inch, and, catching him, the pair, with a decided advantage of the rest of the field, joined in a desperate struggle, of which Aventurière had the best in the last few strides, and secured the honor of one of the most magnificent races ever witnessed by a head. Gamecock was beaten three lengths for second place, and was the same distance in front of Peut-être, who was fourth, Tichborne fifth, Royal George sixth, Lacy seventh, Eole II. eighth, Chance ninth, Scamp tenth, Hessleden, eleventh, Saltarelle twelfth, Chimes thirteenth, and Shannon fourteenth. The "whipping in" pair were Louise Victoria and Charles, who were a long way off, and last of all, walking in with the crowd, was Mornington, who had broken down in a hind leg, the only one of the four that had never previously been unsound. Time, 4:06¾. Net value of the stakes, £1,330 or $6,650.

THE MIDDLE PARK PLATE.

The greatest race for two-year-olds in the world was founded by the late Mr. Blenkison, the eminent breeder, who for three years gave to it annually the handsome sum of £1,000. At length the Jockey Club relieved him of responsibility, but reduced the added money to £500. They have for a long time regarded it with a jealous eye, on the ground that it interferes with the betting on the Derby and with the prosperity of more old-fashioned two-year-old races founded by the club. Last autumn Mr. Chaplin, M. P., one of the principal members of the club, carried a resolution to the effect that it was inexpedient to give so much money to a two-year-old race, and even this week it was rumored that the Plate would be abolished. Admiral Rous has, however, declared that this will not happen so long as he is alive, and the race is so continually growing in prosperity and popularity that probably no action will be taken in the matter. The field of yesterday was the largest that ever went to the post, and never before was this race regarded with so much interest. It will be remembered that some of the animals incurred penalties as winners of 500 sovs., some ran at the regulation weight, and some, as maidens, took allowance. The favorite, Holy Friar, was without a penalty, though he had won six races, none of them having been up to the stipulated value. He is the property of the Rev. Mr. King, the owner of Apology, winner of the St. Leger, to whom the Bishop of Norwich, in whose diocese his incumbencies are situated, has recently addressed a remonstrance on his turf tastes, a previous one having been handed over by Mr. King to his solicitors. Holy Friar was suspected of being a roarer, and seemed to prove that to be the case by his running here. Galopin had previously won three races, and took a penalty for one of them. Plebeian, who, as a maiden, had an allowance, had been very highly tried at home, and the same remark applies to Punch and Per Se, who had also never been seen in public, and of course put up the lowest weight. Telescope had won several races, and had particularly distinguished himself by running Holy Friar to a head at Stockton, giving him five pounds. The Makeshift colt was a "dark one," but Horse Chestnut highly distinguished himself a fortnight ago, though he did not win enough to subject himself to a penalty. Woodlands was in the like position, but Balfe had to put up the extra for taking the Chesterfield Stakes at the Newmarket July meeting. He was not much fancied here, as he has given abundant proof of speed, but he cannot stay. Fakenham Ghost, having run many times without winning, had the allowance, but Chaplet had to carry the four pounds extra for previous successes.

The following is a

SUMMARY.

THE MIDDLE PARK PLATE of 500 sovs., added to a sweepstakes of 30 sovs. each, 20 ft., for two-year-olds; colts, 8 st. 9 lbs.; fillies and geldings, 8 st. 6 lbs.; penalties and maiden allowances; the second received 200 sovs. and the third 100 sovs. Bretby Stakes' Course (6 furlongs). 145 subs.

Mr. T. Brown's b. c. Plebeian, by Joskin—Queen Elizabeth, by Autocrat, 118 lbs. (Mordan) ... 1
Lord Dupplin's br. f. Per Se, by Hermit—Perseverance, by Voltigeur, 115 lbs. (T. Cannon) ... 2
Prince Batthyany's b. c. Galopin, by Vedette—Flying Duchess, 125 lbs., inc. 4 lbs. extra (Morris) ... 3
Mr. W. S. Cartwright's ch. f. Maud Victoria, 115 lbs. (Constable) ... 0
Mr. Chaplin's b. f. Stray Shot, 118 lbs. (Maidment) ... 0
Mr. W. S. Crawfurd's b. c. Semper Durus, 118 lbs. (T. Chaloner) ... 0
Mr. H. Delamarre's br. f. Palmyre, 115 lbs. (Carver) ... 0
Lord Falmouth's br. c. Dreadnought, 121 lbs. (F. Archer) ... 0
Lord Falmouth's b. c. Garterly Bell, 118 lbs. (Lynch) ... 0
Mr. T. Fetherstonhaugh's ch. c. Horse Chestnut, 121 lbs. (Parry) ... 0
Mr. F. Gretton's br. c. Chester, 118 lbs. (Huxtable) ... 0
Lord Hartington's bl. f. Chaplet, 122 lbs., inc. 4 lbs. extra, (H. Jeffery) ... 0
Mr. W. S. Mitchell Innes' ch. c. St. Leger, 118 lbs. (C. Wood) ... 0
Mr. Jenkins' b. c. Killiecrankie, 118 lbs. (Hunt) ... 0
Mr. Launde's ch. c. Holy Friar, 121 lbs. (Osborne) ... 0
Lord Lascelles' br. c. Chartist, 118 lbs. (Griffiths) ... 0
Captain Mitchell's b. c. Telescope, 125 lbs., including 4 lbs. extra, (E. Martin) ... 0
Mr. Merry's b. c. by Brother to Strafford—Makeshift, 118 lbs. (F. Webb) ... 0
Baron Schickler's b. c. Perplexe, 121 lbs. (Hunter) ... 0
Prince Soltykoff's br. c. Balfe, 125 lbs., including 4 lbs. extra, (Custance) ... 0
Mr. Bird's b. c. Fakenham Ghost, 118 lbs. (T. Osborne) ... 0
Mr. J. Terry's ch. c. Woodlands, 121 lbs. (J. Goater) ... 0
Mr. A. Baltazzi's br. c. Insolvent, 118 lbs. (Hibberd) ... 0
Count F. de Lagrange's b. c. Punch, 118 lbs. (Fordham) ... 0

BETTING.

9 to 4 against Holy Friar, 6 to 1 against Galopin, 10 to 1 each against Plebeian and Punch, 100 to 9 against Per Se, 100 to 6 each against Telescope and Makeshift colt, 20 to 1 against Horse Chestnut, 25 to 1 against Woodlands, 30 to 1 against Balfe, 50 to 1 each against Fakenham Ghost and Chaplet, and 1,000 to 15 against any other.

THE RACING.

There was but little delay at the post and the flag fell to so excellent a start that for about fifty yards the great field stretched across the common in an almost unbroken line. At that point, Holy Friar lying on the extreme right, showed slightly in advance, Plebeian and Balfe being close upon him. Horse Chestnut was in command of the left lot, his attendants being Semper Durus, Woodlands, Galopin and Telescope, while the most prominent in the centre were Chaplet, Stray Shot, Per Se, Punch and the Makeshift colt. After going about a quarter of a mile Punch gave way, and some of the others began to show that the pace was too hot for them, but Holy Friar on the right and Horse Chestnut on the left, were still at the head of affairs. The latter, with Telescope and Woodlands, were beaten as they got to the foot of the Bushes Hill, and a few strides further on, as they commenced the ascent of the hill for home, Holy Friar was seen to be in difficulties. In the meantime Plebeian, who, as stated above, had hitherto been lying in close company with the Friar on the extreme right, swerved all over the course, and before the dip was reached had crossed right over to the left. At the foot of the hill Osborne called on his horse, but could not get him to make an effort, and then Plebeian, who was now in command of the field, was challenged resolutely by Per Se and Galopin, the three joining in a splendid struggle for victory. The three ran home locked together, Galopin being next the rails, Plebeian on the right and Per Se between the two, and the verdict of the judge was a head between Plebeian, who won, and another head between Per Se and Galopin, the latter being third, Holy Friar close up as fourth, Balfe fifth, Chaplet sixth, Punch seventh, Telescope eighth, Horse Chestnut ninth and Stray Shot tenth, the last three being Chester, Chartist and Killiecrankie. Cannon, the rider of Per Se, lodged an objection against Plebeian, on the ground that in crossing the corner the winner had cannoned against the filly, but the stewards, after hearing evidence, overruled the objection. Time, 1:25. Net value of the stakes, £3,340, or $16,700. The winner is trained by Tom Brown, who trained Newry, the winner of this race last year, but belongs jointly to Mr. Christophers and Mr. John Foy. He has no engagements whatever, but Per Se is engaged in the £1,000 Oaks and the St. Leger, and Galopin in the Derby.

FLEETWOOD PARK.

Three Trotting Contests—Willie, Red Cloud and Knapp the Winners.

Three hundred persons, or thereabouts, assembled at Fleetwood Park yesterday afternoon to witness the three trotting contests announced to take place. First on the programme was a sweepstakes set down for $1,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness, between Thomas Tremble's bay mare Lady Tremble, John Haslett's bay mare Maria, John Murphy's sorrel gelding Sorrel Jake, and P. Fleming's gray gelding Willie. The pools before the start sold as follows:—Maria $10, Willie $10, field $16. Willie won the first heat, when he had the call over the field $30 to $23. Sorrel Jake secured the second heat, but Willie continued the favorite two to one on all the rest. Willie secured the third heat but Lady Tremble won the fourth, owing to the bad acting of Willie, yet the latter still held his own in the box. He won the fifth heat and the race.

The second event was a match for $200, mile and repeat, in harness, between John George's sorrel gelding Red Cloud and Owner's bay mare Lady Kate. It required three heats to decide it, Red Cloud proving the victor.

The next race, also a match for $200, mile heats, best three in five, was between D. Kelly's bay gelding Knapp, to wagon, and T. Walker's bay gelding, in harness. Four heats were trotted, Knapp winning the first, third and fourth of the race. The second was a dead heat.

SUMMARY.

FLEETWOOD PARK, NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Sweepstakes of $1,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness. Judges, John L. Doty, William H. Hansom and William H. Van Cott.

P. Fleming's gr. g. Willie	1	3	1	4	1
John Murphy's s. g. Sorrel Jake	2	1	2	2	2
Thomas Tremble's b. m. Lady Tremble	4	4	4	1	3
John Haslett's b. m. Maria	3	2	3	3	4

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	41½	1:19	2:41
Second heat	40	1:17½	2:40½
Third heat	40	1:18½	2:41½
Fourth heat	40½	1:19½	2:43
Fifth heat	39	1:18½	2:41½

SAME DAY.—Match for $200, mile heats, in harness.

John George's s. g. Red Cloud	1	2	1
Owner's b. m. Lady Kate	2	1	2

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	44	1:29	3:06
Second heat	41½	1:21½	2:55½
Third heat	42	1:18½	2:54½

SAME DAY—Match for $200; mile heats, best three in five; catch weights.

D. Kelly's b. g. Knapp, to wagon	1	0	1	1
T. Walker's b. g. Harry, in harness	2	0	2	2

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	43¼	1:25¾	2:58¾
Second heat	44	1:25½	2:57¾
Third heat	43	1:26	2:58
Fourth heat	43	1:25¼	2:52¼

Before the horses were called in the first race Mr. William H. Vanderbilt came upon the track with his bay team Charles Dickens and Rutledge, the latter having been purchased by him from Mr. Galway only last week to match the former. The selection has proven most fortunate, as Mr. Vanderbilt having driven them together but twice before, sent them yesterday to the half-mile pole in 1:15 (the first quarter in 39¼ seconds and the last in 36¼ seconds), and repeated them, without leaving the track, in the same time—the first quarter in 38 seconds and the last in 37 seconds. They were before a road wagon, which, with the owner, made a weight but few pounds less than 400 for them to drag around. Rutledge acted finely, and the pair moved smoothly and prettily, as if old acquaintances, and so soon as driver and horses, as a team, become better acquainted the performance of yesterday will be easily eclipsed. Rutledge is a fitting companion at the pole with the famous Dickens, as his career on the turf, though brief, was marvellous, winning five races in the space of fifteen days.

TROTTING AT TRENTON, N. J.

Mr. H. N. Smith, the proprietor of the Fashion Stud Farm, gave a purse of $1,000 to be trotted for by his bay horse Jay Gould and Mr. Richmond's bay gelding Sensation; mile heats, best three in five, in harness, on the track of the farm, yesterday afternoon. Besides the purse race Goldsmith Maid was to make three trials to beat her record—2:14—in company with a running horse. Such a grand announcement naturally caused a large gathering of the lovers of fast trotting, and it was estimated that there was congregated on the grounds before the sport began between 6,000 and 7,000 people, a crowd that would not and could not be controlled by the persons whose duty it was to do so. The crowd filled the track, and would not be removed, and they greatly impeded the horses while trotting. They were the roughest kind of a crowd, but not particularly quarrelsome.

The trotting began at the time announced, but Sensation, in scoring, cast a shoe, which delayed matters nearly half an hour, during which time the rough element had entire control of the place. There was all sorts of mean gambling going on in the field, one gang having a roulette table, while others had a keno wheel with which to rob the countrymen, and the officers who were engaged to take care of the course and keep things in order were afraid to perform their duty and allowed these things to be done.

When the horses were ready the race went on, and Jay Gould won in three straight heats in very good time, considering the condition of the track and the poor chance he had among the throng on the homestretch.

Goldsmith Maid made three attempts between the heats of the race to beat her record, which is 2:14, but the best she could do under the circumstances was 2:18.

Taken as a whole, the day's sport was satisfactory to the multitude, the majority of whom had never seen either Goldsmith Maid, Jay Gould or Sensation trot. Added to the above attractions, the famous trotting mares Lady Thorne, Lucy and Rosalind, were brought on the track and exhibited to the crowd. Lady Thorne's colt was also brought out and was an object of great interest. It is a beauty and should be a trotter when full grown. The sire of the colt, General Knox, was also exhibited in harness, and moved very nicely up and down the homestretch. The following are the details of the trotting:—

TROT BETWEEN JAY GOULD AND SENSATION.

First Heat.—The horses had an even start, but Jay Gould broke up as soon as the word was given, and Sensation led around the turn half a length. At the quarter pole, which was passed in 38¼, Sensation led by a neck. Going down the backstretch Jay Gould passed Sensation and led a length or more at the half-mile pole in 1:13¼. Jay Gould broke twice on the lower turn, but came home a winner by three lengths, in 2:23¼.

Second Heat.—Jay Gould was in front at the start, but he broke up immediately afterwards and ran to near the quarter pole, followed by Sensation. The latter then had to go to the front, just before he reached the quarter pole, and passed the post in 36¼ seconds. Jay Gould went to the front on the backstretch and passed the half-mile pole in 1:12. Both horses broke up on the lower turn, and Jay Gould came home a winner of the heat by two lengths in 2:24¼.

Third Heat.—Jay Gould broke up as soon as the word was given, as he had done in each heat, and ran nearly all the way around the turn. Sensation led a length to the quarter pole in 38¼ seconds. The horses were head and head at the half-mile pole in 1:14¼. Jay Gould broke up again near the three-quarter pole, but he was allowed to lead home, two lengths ahead, in 2:27.

The following is a

SUMMARY.

FASHION STUD FARM, TRENTON, N. J.—TROTTING, Monday, Nov. 2.—Purse, $1,000, mile heats, best three in five, in harness.

Dan Mace entered b. h. Jay Gould	1	1	1
Ben Mace entered b. g. Sensation	2	2	2

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	38¼	1:13¼	2:23¼
Second heat	36¼	1:12	2:24¼
Third heat	38¼	1:14¼	2:27

GOLDSMITH MAID VS. TIME.

Goldsmith Maid, assisted by a running horse, was started to beat 2:14. The mare left the score under good headway, and trotted very squarely, with the running horse two lengths behind. She passed the quarter pole in 34¼. Going down the backstretch she made a break, but merely changed her feet and was all right again in an instant, and she reached the half-mile pole in 1:10, the runner a length behind. The mare trotted steadily around the lower turn and passed the three-quarter pole in 1:46, and coming up the homestretch steadily through the crowd passed the judges' stand in 2:22.

A second trial was made in twenty minutes, and the mare again went off at a rapid rate and trotted steadily to the quarter pole, passing that point in 34¼ seconds. Going down the backstretch she made a skip, but passed the half-mile pole in 1:08¼. The mare broke up again on the lower turn, but recovering quickly lost very little ground, and reached the three-quarter pole in 1:44. She trotted finely up the homestretch and made the mile in 2:18.

Mr. Smith, her owner, was not satisfied with this performance, and believing that the crowd had impeded her progress up the homestretch in both her trials, then made the attempt to clear the track himself and give the mare another trial. Mr. Smith mounted a white horse, galloped into the crowd, scattered them for a moment, was laughed at for his trouble, and the throng became more dense than ever. The mare, however, started well, trotted to the quarter pole in 35¼ seconds, to the half-mile pole in 1:10 and made the mile in 2:21.

And then there was a general stampede by the New Yorkers for the excursion train, while the natives amused themselves by driving on the track until it was quite dark.

The following is a

SUMMARY.

SAME DAY—Goldsmith Maid against time.

Previous record, 2:14	1
W. Doble's b. m. Goldsmith Maid	2

TIME.

	Quarter.	Half.	Mile.
First heat	34¼	1:10	2:22
Second heat	34¼	1:08¼	2:18
Third heat	35¼	1:10	2:21

YACHTING NOTE.

Steam yacht Passport, Mr. Pettit, from Northport, passed Whitestone yesterday *en route* for New York.

CITY HALL MATTERS.

Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

Mr. Emile Benneville, Mayor Havemeyer's private secretary, having been authorized by Corporation Counsel Smith to appear for him, yesterday pleaded the case of Deland against the Mayor, being the suit in which the Mayor was enjoined from interfering with the auction shops selling jewelry after dark at public sale. Judge Larremore reserved his decision.

At a special meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held yesterday afternoon, the following bonds were authorized to be issued, viz.:—$300,000 assessment bonds, to meet a like sum falling due on the 10th inst.; $200,000 assessment bonds, to pay contractors for street improvements.

The Fire Department was authorized to advertise for two patent pumps for the new fire steamboat now building.

A communication from the Department of Public Parks, requesting the issue of $200,000 "Museum of Art" stock, was received and laid on the table. The board then adjourned.

SUICIDES IN BROOKLYN.

Coroner Jones was notified last evening to hold an inquest over the body of Henry Mathews, who died from the effect of a pistol shot wound in the breast. Deceased shot himself upon discovering, as he asserted in a note written before he inflicted the fatal injury, that his wife had been unfaithful to him. He was a native of England, and served for several years with the British army in India, where he was sunstruck. His widow claims that he has been periodically out of his mind ever since that time. He was employed as a book canvasser since he came to Brooklyn. He was thirty-nine years of age.

Henry Stevens, residing at No. 120 Leonard street, Eastern District, committed suicide by hanging himself at his residence on Saturday night. Stevens was fifty-two years of age and a native of Germany.

ART IN EUROPE.

German Progress---The Biennial Exposition in Berlin.

THE BELGIAN EXHIBITION.

Flemish Art of the Past and the Present.

Artistic Progress in Germany.

BERLIN, Oct. 19, 1874.

The present biennial exposition of the Royal Academy of Art comprises over a thousand works of living artists. The collection is interesting to a high degree, both from the number of very good pictures to be seen there and from the decided national character of the display. Very few of the pictures are cosmopolitan in conception, the subjects, as a rule, interesting Germans especially, although the range of ideas expressed is very wide, even from the most materialistic or buncombe subject to the depths of philosophy and mythology. The mass of the pictures need no interpretation; they are painted for the boor or for the savant, and are like household tales, understood and appreciated by the most ignorant, enjoyed because requiring no effort to enjoy by those accustomed to look for the serious in art. The *genre* is there in full force, and, hydra-headed, springs up in every corner and thrusts itself before the spectator at each step; and the German *genre* has its worshippers in myriads; it lacks not buyers, and probably for this reason every other branch of art seems to be neglected for it. Mythology and poetry find frequent illustrators. Canvas covered with tortured and tormented figures prove inspirations from Goethe or Milton; pale horses, with eyes of fire and flame breathing nostrils, sweep along over corpses and through a weird landscape lighted by the flames of a burning castle. Armies of livid heroes wrestle in the clouds, or dancing circles of light-robed nymphs hover over a charmed pool. With all this it is a relief to remark an absence of the expressionless nude so common in the Paris Salon. Wherever the nude is attempted, and it is but rarely seen, the effort is more successful in expression than in execution, and shows a preoccupation of the artist in favor of the former, and to be sure the greater elements. Next to the *genres* in number swarm the patriotic pictures, and in popularity, as may be supposed, take the lead. The increasing demand for this shop-work art and the number of artists of no particular merit who gain a livelihood and a reputation in it announces a decline in public taste in this direction, at least. The artist who is cunning enough to select the looked for subject, who is seized by the spirit of the hour and takes the popular side in politics or religion, or who tickles the patriotic palate of the military aristocracy, he is the man of the age, and thus worthless productions come to rank with the best art. In landscapes there is a strong increase in favor of the new Düsseldorf school and much less of the old conventional work than might be expected. Still the number of landscapes that look like nature seen in a brass door plate is by no means small.

Alma Tadema's two large pictures, painted, it is said, for Mr. Goupil, are unquestionably at the head of the list as paintings and are extremely interesting archæologically, and no less so as very perfect examples of this artist's best style. Solidly painted every inch of them, with no hesitating touch, every tone is in its place and every tone is just. The figures are well drawn and draperies chosen and adjusted with Tadema's refined taste, and they are draperies which have an existence, which have been worn and not posed in the picture for this occasion only—a fault too common in most classical or historical work. One of the subjects is the interior of a Roman studio, with a group of figures, among whom are recognized the portrait of the owner of the two pictures, looking at a panel on an easel. The light comes from above, shimmering into the room and quivering before the pictures hung on the walls around—a most beautifully managed effect. The other picture is a group of Romans—the artist and his family—in a sculptor's salesroom. A slave is showing a fine black carved vase to the customers, and turns it that they may better see the ornaments. With the exception of this vase and the figures everything is in white marble, and the perspective quality of the tones of white is wonderfully rendered. The room in the distance, with its store of figures and ornaments, is as truly in place as any of Peter de Hoog's kitchen perspectives, and it is an effect managed with much greater difficulty. The charm of the picture is the grace of the figures, the exquisite beauty of the different tones of the draperies and the marble, no less than the honest execution which always distinguishes this artist's work.

The portraits are, for the most part, like the statues of Berlin, military ones. There are two of the Emperor—one by Leubach, very realistic and more decrepit looking, and on this account less popular than the one by Angeli, of Vienna, which hangs opposite. As a piece of flesh painting the latter is, perhaps, the artist's best effort. He has also a portrait of the Crown Prince and the Crown Princess. Camphausen's equestrian portrait of the Emperor, popularly known through photographs and prints, has the place of honor in the first hall. Gustav Richter has, besides a portrait of a princess and two or three life sized *genres*, a half length sitting portrait of Minister Bancroft. He sits facing the spectator, one hand on the arm of the chair and the other in his beard. The face is full of thought, and, it is scarcely necessary to say, is well painted. This portrait too is, less, vaporous in execution than some of Richter's figures, and is a serious, though not particularly distinguished work.

There is nothing from the studios of Piloty, Makart or Wagner, but with these notable exceptions nearly every artist of considerable merit is represented by at least one work. Ferdinand Keller's "Nero," if not a great picture, comes nearer the mark than the hundred which surround it. It is the Roman Emperor, surrounded by his slaves and concubines, reclining in an easy chair, listening to the music of a pair of half wild peasant players and to the chatter of the women, one of whom twines flowers in his hair. With a raised wine glass he makes a gesture toward the burning city, seen through the curtains. There is nothing particularly new in the conception of the subject nor in the composition, which is constructed very much after Makart's principles, and decidedly resembles this artist's pictures in plan and scale of color. Of original qualities it has, however, hardly one. Gabriel Max exposes a reclining figure which he calls "Juliette." A young girl, in blue drapery, is lying full length on a richly hung couch. Between the curtains and beyond the window bars is seen a group of gentlemen and knights. As a piece of color it is very strong; the flesh modelling still remains a little weak and flat, although there are elements in the picture far surpassing the artist's previous work. Paul Meyerheim sends eight pictures in oil and in water colors, mostly studies of animals. He has come out again upon the old stage and produces a new menagerie scene, or a side show performance of the old menagerie, with performing Indians. A little carelessly painted and tarry in aspect.

It would be a profitless undertaking to enumerate one-tenth part of the battle pieces and patriotic pictures; but, to begin with the worst and most popular painting—a small, square picture hung in an obscure corner—will be to give a hint of the extent to which patriotism or national pride or the flush of victory biases the public judgment and causes a recognition of the worst *croutes* in the exposition solely on account of their gratifying the artificial appetite of the great German nation. The picture in question is the "Interview between Napoleon and Kaiser Wilhelm in the Château Bellevue at Sedan." It is a very stiff interior—probably painted on the spot—the commonest of paper adorns the wall and the furniture is not chosen for its picturesqueness. On one side of the room, supporting himself against a table, stands Napoleon, looking like a tardy schoolboy about to be whipped; nothing more or less. Opposite stands the Kaiser, very erect and very like the angry father or the schoolmaster bent on punishment. And there these two figures are, as inartistic in treatment, as unhappy in expression and pose as two figures ever were, and crowds rush to see the puppets and come away with the idea that they have seen the gem of the display. A large battle piece of Sedan, by Professor Adam, in Munich, hangs in a conspicuous place. It represents the Twenty-second division of infantry receiving the charge of the French cavalry—to all appearances a battalion of footmen charged by a brigade or two of cavalry. The Prussians are drawn up in a V shaped form at the foot of a long slope, which is covered with mounted men, all in a wild whirl of confusion and rout. The horses are dancing and whirling, turning somersets into the ditches or over each other, now madly carrying their riders into and through the ranks of the Prussians, and now as madly rushing in the opposite direction. It is a self-destroying charge. The remarkable coolness of the Prussians is not to be wondered at under these circumstances. The universal cowardice and complete disorder of the cavalry in the very beginning of the charge is the only thing to be explained. The landscape is very well rendered, and has evidently been studied on the spot. The figures are well drawn, and the thousands are each and all carefully studied. Another episode of Sedan is given by George Bleibtreu. It represents the Crown Prince and staff on an elevation overlooking the battle. This, as well as the "Worth," the entrance of the Crown Prince into the town, is too well known by the engravings and photographs to need a description.

A very touching story of Alpine life is told by the picture of W. Simmler, in Düsseldorf. A mass of gray rocks against the sky. Behind a projecting bit of rock is seen the rigid hand and pallid features of a hunter's corpse, while the too horrid details of his wounds are hidden from sight. Crouched against a boulder is the figure of a girl, writhing in agonies of grief, and beside her the brother clings to the rock, shrinking away from the body, yet compelled to look at it by a horrible fascination. In the distance approach hunters with a litter. There is no clap-trap sentiment or conventional expression in the figures. The face of the boy is a marvel of close study of natural expression, and the shrinking attitude is capitally given.

Among the pure *genres* yet in point of execution and expression worthy of every praise is the "Jung Deutschland," by Carl Hertel, of Düsseldorf. It is the interior of a schoolhouse—a common room, with ordinary blue paper on the walls, and the heads of the scholars are seen above the much carved desks, in all the attitudes peculiar to the unfortunate prisoners within doors, while outside a warm sun sends in inviting rays through the tall windows. At the lower end of the room the teacher is busy with a young scholar, who points out the position of Paris on the map—a little touch of national pride even here. The treatment of the interior is wonderfully picturesque. The common lamps hung from the ceiling, the maps and papers pinned to the walls, the bust of the Kaiser in the shadow between the windows, the cheap furniture—all is touched with an artist's hand and is a close and judicious study of nature. In the heads of the boys their individuality is given very perfectly, and the picture is a simple but meritorious chronicle of one of the customs of the age, which will increase in interest with years. To describe one of the other *genres* would be, with few exceptions, to describe the whole. Grützner, of Munich, has three pictures, neither of them equal to his "Monks in the Cellar," exhibited at Vienna last year. Gussow, of Carlsruhe, sends four of his peculiarly touched *genres*, all with a certain charm; "Mein Schatz" even among the best in the exhibition. Scores of pictures bear the title "Genrebild" alone, not having subject enough to dignify with a name. Then we have the "Lady in Gray," the everlasting "Italian Girl," and dozens of little tavern scenes and bits of domestic life. To choose between these would be difficult, for there seems to be a regiment of *genre* painters who paint equally well. Munich supports probably more than half the number.

Munthe and his followers in Düsseldorf take the lead in landscapes. This artist chooses either autumn or winter scenes, always the dreary side of nature, and paints them with a rare feeling. You feel the chill damp of his snow and can almost hear the mournful wind in the dry trees of the autumn scenes. Their reality is striking and the feeling of nature never fails. It is only to be regretted that with the same strong impaste and vigor of effect the artist cannot give us a bit of sunlight and foliage. It is, however, a healthy art and one calculated to produce a good influence on the German landscape painters. Munthe's winter scenes are always a stretch of splashy snow, with figures and a twilight effect, lowering sky and narrow strip of light at horizon. The fall landscape is, with few variations, as often repeated. Dry trees against a gray sky, a cart path and a few peasants. Kallenberg, of Düsseldorf, paints very much the same thing, a little weaker in touch and less fine in color perhaps, but quite as full of feeling. The same remarks are true of Oeder, of the same city, but he is somewhat freer in choice of subjects. Both the Achenbachs send pictures, neither likely to add to their reputation, already more of commercial value than real artistic worth. On the whole the landscapes are a marked improvement over the last exposition, and the impression of the pictures in general is agreeable and encouraging. Two years more will show whether the patriotic painters have produced any great results, and whether Germany is to find her great artists among them. In the arrangement of the exhibition very good judgment was shown, and the pleasant halls and abundance of resting places make it a place to come and study and enjoy at one's ease.

The financial success of these national exhibitions of the different countries and the impulse it gives to art in Europe might be an encouragement for the establishment of an annual art exhibition in America, which should be conducted in a manner to overcome local prejudices and sectionalism. The Belgian exhibition is, perhaps, less local than either the German or the French. In the German biennial display above described, there is an evident very strict culling out of a large mass of young works. In Belgium the exposition is especially favorable to young artists, and by holding the exposition as a triennial in each of the three rival art centres, Antwerp, Brussels and Ghent, all objections arising from local pride and jealousy of the cities are done away with. This exhibition, though not as important as either the Salon of Paris or the academies of London and Berlin, is, however, more to be taken as a model for America, where there are so many local interests to cater to and the cliques and schools among the artists are so marked and irreconcilable.

The Flemish School of Art—Its Past and Present.

GHENT, Oct. 1, 1874.

An exhibition of modern art is rarely encouraging. If one is to judge of the artistic status of any country by the pictures exposed in the annual exhibition, the most intelligent opinion is likely to fall far short of the real truth, and very little idea of the artistic strength of the country, with an exaggerated idea of the incapacity and feebleness of the artists in general, is sure to be gained from a careful examination of any one of the annual exhibitions of modern art in Europe. For various reasons—the trying light of the exhibition halls, the worse ordeal of a bad place or an eclipsing neighbor, the troubles with the commission and the hanging committee, the refusal to exhibit on the part of the owner of the picture and the independence of public patronage of any artist who has a certain reputation—these and many other reasons show why it is that so few of the best artists send their choice works to the exhibitions. The annual display of pictures is little more than the refuse of the annual crop of works of art; it is the chaff and the straw; the ripe grain is found elsewhere. Still, straws show which way the wind blows, and if we cannot judge correctly of the strength of the artists we can at least determine the tendency of their art and predict the results from the hints given. At the close of the French Salon and the English Royal Academy there open each year the annual national exhibitions of Belgium and of Holland, and every year of an even number the biennial German exhibition. In a general way it may be said that the French artists work for form, the Belgians and Dutchmen work for color, and the Germans, with often a marked striving for form and quite a noticeable lack of the color sentiment, are philosophical, moral, rational painter, turning over heaven and earth for a subject and generally finding one. With the English the subject predominates, and a feeble, halting and conventional execution often fails entirely to produce an impression, even with a subject of vital interest or charming sentiment. French art is the most impressive because the most spontaneous and indicative of greater capabilities in an artistic way. The lack of subject seems to be only thoughtlessness on the part of the artist, and before a soulless French picture, exquisitely executed, the spectator consoles himself with the assurance that the talent displayed could be, and still may be, turned to some account. Look at a German picture—of the first class as they run—and you are sure to say that the execution leaves nothing to be desired, the apogee of painting has been reached in a certain way, the subject is there (and here is the key to the lack of impressibility of the work) every detail of it is reasoned out, till the illustration of it is logically and mathematically correct. The pictures are too logical and too reasonable. The imagination has all been exhausted by the artist; the facts are there, the spectator feels that it is so and his pulse does not quicken. That there are noble exceptions to these general statements no one can deny, but these are the tendencies of art in the different countries as seen in the exhibitions and galleries of modern art.

The annual Belgian exhibition is now open at Ghent, and comprises over 1,600 works of art, including engravings, drawings, statues and pictures. There is little or no standard of admission of the artistic productions, and, consequently, the great mass of the display is the work of young artists and amateurs, and a tiresome series of mediocre works is the necessary result of this lenity on the part of the commission. It is essentially an exhibition for the artist who has nothing to learn for his own practice in the profession, or for the traveller who wishes to stroll through pleasant rooms hung with kaleidoscopic groups of many shaped canvases, and languidly examine the pictures with an eye to the pretty and to the size of the frames which will fill that vacant place between the chromo and the chimney piece at home. But for an artist to study with a view to appropriating anything in the way of execution or sentiment, or for a connoisseur to enjoy with an occasional rest for his eye on some picture nearly faultless, the Ghent exhibition offers no attraction worth a long journey to visit. Among ranks of works of no merit there are, nevertheless, some canvases that would hold their place in any exhibition, and, with an occasional glance aside at some of the glaring faults of the mediocre works which account in some way for the general tone of Belgian art, we will move along before these chosen few of the display.

Among the very few portraits shown, Carolus Duran's portrait of his little daughter, from the Paris Salon, is far in advance of the rest. Like all this artist's efforts, it is freely drawn, largely painted and more noticeable for a boldness of opposition of tones than for real vigor or refinement of color. The pose is easy and natural, and the general arrangement of color—a black velvet dress with rose colored sash against a deep green drapery background—is pleasing. The defect of the work is the general proportion of the figure, the legs being much too short and a little peculiar in anatomical structure. However, in this portrait is found much more real portraiture and less of the lay figure and drapery study than in M. Duran's more pretentious works. The little head is charming in expression.

There are several French nude figures of more or less merit in execution, not one, however, bearing a title more significant than "The Innocent Sleep" or "Nymph in the Forest." A very good specimen of correct drawing and excellent modelling is "The Sylvan," by Maignan, of Paris. It is simply a naked boy in the forest playing with a green lizard. As as example of honest, well understood flesh painting it has no equal in the Exposition.

Henri Bource, of Antwerp, with his "Ripe Cherries," disappoints one. Two jolly peasant girls, both with smiling faces, their cheeks and lips hardly paling by contrast with the ripe fruit, are leaning back and enjoying a good look at the spectator out of their roguish eyes. The absence of a model is strongly suspected, for there is little of that close study of nature in the heads which distinguishes Bource's work. His pupil, Alexander Struys, shares his master's fault this season, for his "Two Victims" invite the remark that there is one more victim—the artist. It is a bid for sentiment, and represents a young girl with a baby on one arm and a carpet bag hung on the other. The background is a railway station and the spire of Antwerp Cathedral. A trifle more attention to the subject and less preoccupation with the color and there would be no need to nail Victor Hugo's words to the frame:—"Oh! *n'insultez jamais une femme qui tombe.*"

In the absence of any picture from the studio of Sallait, Dekeyser or Wauters, the historical painters can scarcely be said to be represented. The two De Vriendts, of Brussels, who join more souvenirs of their late master, Barron Leys, with their works than love of their art for its own sake, are both represented with subjects a little too intimate to be understood without long explanation. The first choice seems to be costume and variety of accessories. Indeed, like the majority of Flemish artists they follow on canvas the rule of John of Bologna in marble. Given a block of marble, first cut your figures, then call in your friends to give the group a name. But in speaking of historical paintings the two battle pieces, "The Combat of the Vengeur" and "The Battle of Trafalgar" by Schaefels, of Antwerp, must not be omitted. Both pictures are marvels of studious work and are full of interest. The hundreds of small figures crowding the decks of the vessels are each one correctly drawn and very perfect in expression and action. With all the detail the effect of the whole is surprisingly well kept, and the merit of fine color is also to be added.

A charming saloon picture is Jules Garnier's "La Roi s'Amuse," the king reclining in an easy chair between two courtesans, the gentlemen of the court imitating their sovereign, the grave philosopher passing across the room in evident grief at the lax manners of the court; it is a common story of the past times told with a cunning hand. The very cleverly executed *genre* pictures of the two Verhas rank with this picture as among the best executed works of the Exposition. The worshippers of color and despisers of form comprise the Linnig, Cleynrheus Delbeke, De Böck, Tyck, Neumans, but their name is legion. They construct an interior of bits of picturesque wall, stamped leather, antique furniture, a few old books and other relics; they place a figure or two in this antiquary's shop, as meagre as the window frames and as dry as the covers of the old books, and this assembly of curious and quaint trifles they call a picture. In its way it is a picture. It is a collection of very wisely chosen, cunningly fabricated tones, and, as a work of patience, is worth a certain sum of money.

The line between the young and the old school of artists in Belgium is to-day quite strongly marked. Whether this distinction will be a lasting one it is difficult to say; but if the young school proceed as they have made their début it promises little for this rising generation of Flemish painters. Their tendency—and it is a feverish pursuit of originality—is toward the comic and the strange. Out of a beggar or a priest they will construct a figure to attract the eye and excite a laugh. With a skilfully posed model, curiously draped and dignified with a title from one of the Oriental languages, they fill up a picture, which is not considered finished until a frame has been built to match that which it is to surround. Thus, by means of frames, draperies and false or exaggerated types, they gain a place in the public eye and sell their works. Subjects they have none. A great deal of good work, however, is found in these pictures. For example, take Van Beer's "Boy and Canary," the "Boy and Dog" by Verbaert or the "Serpent Charmer" by Joors. All of them are exceedingly well executed, and all are lacking in human interest. There are, happily, one or two notable exceptions. Wauters, of Brussels, has already made a reputation as a historical painter; but he is represented in Ghent by only one study. Van Kuyck, of Antwerp, son of the late animal painter, well known in America, is fast gaining repute as a peasant painter. He exposes in Ghent three pictures, two of which deserve mention. In "The Village Sorcerer" we have a sombre landscape, very well treated, with a path leading over a hummock. A peasant girl and an old woman meet and pass. The old woman stops and looks after the maiden with curiosity, but it is evident that her innocent motives are misunderstood by the superstitious damsel, who hurries frightened to her home. The other picture he calls "Rolling the Field." It is a well deserved reproach against the customs of Flanders, which permit women to do the work of animals. Two women struggle along with a roller on a freshly harrowed field. The further one plods along as patiently and as thoughtlessly as a mule, but in the face of the nearer of the two is something more refined, and with an air of longing for freedom, she toils along, watching the flight of birds in the air. Van Kuyck's execution is modest and, at the same time, very true to nature. In his subjects he never goes beyond the sphere of the peasant, and his pictures are painted with unaffected sympathy with the laboring classes and with a fine perception of the poetry of the situations he illustrates.

Among the landscapes there are but a few of special merit. Munthe sends one of his characteristic winter evening scenes, with a sky so lowering and snow so cold and damp, that one sympathizes involuntarily with the shivering figures silhouetted against the landscape. Corsemans has among other pictures, a large evening scene in the "Campine Limbourgeoise." It is a plain, half sand, half turf, with a row of cropped willow trees in picturesque perspective, a sky threatening rain and a narrow strip of light at the horizon. The execution is free and solid, but there is less of the poetry of the hour than is found in the picture by Munthe just spoken of. Van Luppen exposes two mornings and one evening. Although they are exceedingly well painted they do not seem to be quite as well chosen subjects as usually are seen from his hand, and in the treatment of the foregrounds there is lack of the close study and *naïveté* which is to be desired. Lamorinière is represented by one of his mediocre works, which has many merits but no striking ones. Two canal scenes by Stroobant and one by Verwée are faithfully executed and not unpleasing subjects.

In sculpture a bronze head by Carolus Duran is the most powerful work shown. It is a very fine type of face with an expression faithfully rendered. Lambeaux, a young Antwerp sculptor, with his *genre* groups attracts much comment. "The Accident," a youngster trying to blow a bit of dust out of his little sister's eye, is the best of the two groups shown. In execution it is very realistic, even the finger marks in the loaf of bread being visible in the clay. In "Half Mine," two little ragpickers fighting for a purse found in the rubbish, the sculptor is less happy. The group has the *silhouette* of a wind mill and the figures are inextricably mixed together. A short quotation from the confidential prospectus of the new art society in Brussels, the *Cercle de l'Observatoire*, will show one of the phases of art culture in Belgium. This prospectus is from the favorers and the favored of the Academy; and after a long discussion of the superiority of a recognized type of beauty over any imitation of nature it continues as part of the duties the society takes upon itself in training (!) the young artist:—

"*L'Observatoire* will bring to bear a paternal solicitude to destroy the fatal influences of realism; it will strive with ardor against this morbid demand for originality which scorns known types that can alone lead to perfection by a wise and skilful interpretation; in effect, what difficulties the young artist will avoid if, instead of creating the composition of his picture, he takes it from another. It will be shown him how easy it is in simply changing the costumes to disguise this innocent deceit. After all, is it possible still to invent anything in the art of our epoch and does merit consist in invention? No, certainly not. The merit of a work is in the patient finish of the execution. We insist upon this point, and it is here that our adversaries must recognize our superiority. * * * The essential part of a work of art is not, then, in the comprehension (of the subject), which is the domain of everybody, but in the manner with which this work of art is executed. Then execution being nothing but the rendering of details it is evident that the more the artist will employ his talents in painting details the more he will be a great artist." This sounds like satire, but is believed to be serious and as such needs no comments.

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AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

NIBLO'S GARDEN,
Broadway, between Prince and Houston streets.—THE DELUGE, at 8 P. M.; closes at 11 P. M. The Kiraify Family.

FIFTH AVENUE THEATRE,
Twenty-eighth street and Broadway.—THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL, at 8 P. M.; closes at 11 P. M. Miss Fanny Davenport, Mr. Charles Fisher, Mr. Louis James.

MRS. CONWAY'S BROOKLYN THEATRE,
ELEANOR; OR, THE FATAL MARRIAGE, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:30 P. M. Mrs. Bowers, J. C. McCollom.

ROBINSON HALL,
Sixteenth street, between Broadway and Fifth avenue.—VARIETY, at 8 P. M.

BRYANT'S OPERA HOUSE,
West Twenty-third street, near Sixth avenue.—NEGRO MINSTRELSY, &c., at 8 P. M.; closes at 10 P. M. Dan Bryant.

METROPOLITAN THEATRE,
No. 585 Broadway.—VARIETY, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10 P. M.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA HOUSE,
No. 201 Bowery.—VARIETY, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10 P. M.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
Broadway, corner of Twenty-ninth street.—NEGRO MINSTRELSY, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10 P. M.

LYCEUM THEATRE,
Fourteenth street and Sixth avenue.—GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:45 P. M. Miss Emily Soldene.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE,
Third avenue, between Sixty-third and Sixty-fourth streets.—INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.

COLOSSEUM,
Broadway, corner of Thirty-fifth street.—STORM OVER PARIS and MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS, at 2:30 P. M. and 7:45 P. M.

WOOD'S MUSEUM,
Broadway, corner of Thirtieth street.—SIX DEGREES OF CRIME, at 2 P. M. ACROSS THE CONTINENT, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:45 P. M. Oliver Doud Byron, Miss Miles.

OLYMPIC THEATRE,
No. 624 Broadway.—VARIETY, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:45 P. M.

PARK THEATRE,
Broadway, between Twenty-first and Twenty second streets.—GILDED AGE, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:30 P. M. Mr. John T. Raymond.

THEATRE COMIQUE,
No. 514 Broadway.—VARIETY, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:30 P. M.

STEINWAY HALL,
Fourteenth street.—BEGONE DULL CARE, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10 P. M. Frederic Maccabe.

BOOTH'S THEATRE,
corner of Twenty-third street and Sixth avenue.—GUY MANNERING, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:30 P. M. Miss Cushman.

ROMAN HIPPODROME,
Twenty-sixth street and Fourth avenue.—At 8 P. M.; closes at 10:30 P. M.

WALLACK'S THEATRE,
Broadway.—THE ROMANCE OF A POOR YOUNG MAN, at 8 P. M.; closes at 10:30 P. M. Miss Ada Dyas, Mr. Montague.

TRIPLE SHEET.

New York, Tuesday, Nov. 3, 1874.

From our reports this morning the probabilities are that the weather to-day will be cool and hazy.

WALL STREET YESTERDAY was emphatic in its dulness. Gold was strong at 110⅛, and the rate for money on call stiffened from 2 to 5 a 6 per cent.

THE DIRECT CABLE to the United States, which was lost while being laid by the Faraday, has been picked up in perfect condition, and it is likely the work will soon be successfully completed.

ART IN EUROPE.—The progress of the fine arts in Europe is depicted by two letters from our correspondents, one descriptive of the biennial exhibition in Berlin and the other of the annual exhibition in Ghent.

THE ELECTION in the Pas de Calais yesterday for the Assembly resulted in the choice of a Bonapartist. France does not seem to be yet weary of the imperial family, whose rule to many of the workmen is associated with the idea of material prosperity.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION yesterday continued its debate upon Church services, and determined that they should be shortened. A resolution for the appointment of a committee to examine the whole subject of rubrical revision and report to the next Convention was rejected.

THE RACES.—The Newmarket races are graphically described in our London letter to-day, and we also publish full accounts of three trotting contests at Fleetwood Park, which were won by Willie, Red Cloud and Knapp, and of the trotting at Trenton, N. J., yesterday, when Goldsmith Maid made three efforts to beat her record of 2:14, and failed.

THE POPE'S ADVICE to young men, as embodied in an allocution delivered before a society in Rome, is published in our columns to-day. The Supreme Pontiff says that "The good example of a layman is worth more than a sermon from a minister at the altar," and perhaps this confirmation of common sense by the highest spiritual authority is as much needed in New York as in Rome.

EVIDENTLY up to this time the great desiderata in milk have been that it should be pure and that it should come from the country; but we may change this latter point, all the revolution against swill milk stables to the contrary notwithstanding. There is some evidence, apparently, that country milk is not the best milk, and especially in districts where the pasturage is poor. Dr. Walker, of the English Royal Agricultural Society, seems to establish by experimental observations that the milk produced in the large stables near London is better than any milk that comes from the country—at least where the stables are kept with judicious regard to all the requirements. His reasons for the superiority of the milk—which he declares as a fact—are that the cows are better fed and better cared for in comfortable houses, less exposed to the weather and less subject to the whole range of disturbing influences. By better milk he means richer milk. Doubtless if a better diet than distillery swill is given to stabled cows the product may be good, and there is evidently room for improvement in this latitude; but the world will still believe, and rightly, that the country milk is the healthier article. The notion of "better" milk than that which the cow produces in her natural condition seems to vitiate the case by going a step too far. That better milk is a consequence of a more stimulating diet, and so is a departure from the right line.

The Amendments to the State Constitution.

The apathy with which the popular mind regards those political questions into which party spirit or personal passions do not enter as a prevailing element is illustrated by the indifference felt toward the important amendments to the State constitution submitted to the vote of the people at this election. That there is urgent need of amendments is conceded by intelligent men of all parties. The people of this State have been engaged for eight years in attempts to amend their constitution, and they have now an opportunity to accomplish what they have so long desired. The constitution of 1846, under which, with the exception of the judiciary article, we are still living, has proved, in many respects, a lame instrument. In 1866 the Legislature passed an act submitting to the people the question whether a convention should be called for revising it. The people indorsed the call, and in the summer of 1867 a convention was assembled, consisting of the ablest, most distinguished and most experienced men of the State, of both political parties, who spent many months in discussion and deliberation. The republican party then held ascendancy in the State, and the new draft of a constitution failed chiefly because it was framed under republican auspices. But the failure of that particular plan did not extinguish the want nor discourage further efforts. Governor Hoffman, in 1871, made a recommendation to the Legislature to authorize the appointment of a commission of thirty-two members, one-half to be selected from each political party, to renew the task which had miscarried in the hands of the Constitutional Convention of 1867. An act was passed, and, in accordance with its provisions, Governor Hoffman appointed a respectable and competent commission, consisting of sixteen democrats and sixteen republicans, who prosecuted their labors with great diligence, ability and intelligence. This Commission availed themselves of the labors of the Convention of 1867, recorded in a dozen or fifteen printed volumes of proceedings, reports, debates and statistics relating to every important State interest. With this fund of already collected information the Commission pursued its labors under great advantages, and the results are to be voted on in this election.

This brief sketch of the history of these pending amendments raises a strong *primâ facie* presumption of their merit, and entitles them to at least a candid examination. If all the labor bestowed on the subject, first by the Convention of 1867 and afterward by the Commission of 1871, has produced no valuable results, how can we hope that the acknowledged defects of our present constitution can ever find a remedy? But, after all, these proposed amendments must stand on their own merits. The ablest lawyers of this city, the Board of Aldermen, the Chamber of Commerce and the best opinion of all our intelligent classes, concur in a nearly unanimous approval of the amendments. So strong a body of indorsers is entitled to great weight and respect; but still every citizen must form his own judgment, and his own approval or disapproval ought to determine his vote. Our own opinion concurs with that of the highly respectable bodies we have mentioned, and with that of the two successive Legislatures who have indorsed the work of the Commission. But we will resort to none of the arts of advocacy, and simply make a brief, uncolored statement of the principal features of the more important amendments.

It must not be forgotten that these amendments are eight in number, and have no necessary dependence on one another. Any citizen who approves of any one of them or any two or three of them, or any seven of them, can vote for that one or those two or three or seven, and against the others. There is an opportunity for choice and discrimination, and we should be sorry to think there is any intelligent elector who can find nothing to approve of in the whole list. We will not describe them in the order in which they stand, but in the order of their importance, as we estimate it.

Precedence should undoubtedly be given to the second and third of the amendments, which must be considered together in order to understand their value. One of these relates to the Legislature and the other to the Governor; but as the Legislature and Governor act conjointly in the passage of laws these articles are appropriately classed together as parts of the law-making power. The article regulating the powers and duties of the Legislature comprises all the best provisions of the most recent revised constitutions of our sister States, particularly Illinois and Pennsylvania, whose new constitutions are most admired. One of the best features is the stripping of the Legislature of the power to pass private and local bills, which uproots the lobby, prevents that class of legislation for which money is usually paid, and simplifies the character and diminishes the number of laws. Other temptations are removed out of the way of our lawgivers. Instead of the pitiful compensation of three dollars a day, which is only two-thirds as much as the members pay for hotel bills and is a constant temptation to the lower grade of members to recoup themselves by illegitimate gains—instead of this contemptible pittance the members are to receive a salary of $1,500 and a fair allowance for their travelling expenses. They are forbidden to hold any other office during their legislative terms, and appointments or votes for them are to be void if to a State office, and vacate their seats if to a federal office. The power of the Governor over bills passed by the Legislature is essentially modified. One of the best changes is that which gives him authority to veto particular items of an appropriation bill without defeating the others. This is a grand specific against one of the worst abuses of legislation. Nothing is more common than for expert rogues to tack knavish items to necessary appropriation bills in the last days of a session, and compel the Governor to accept them at the risk of stopping the wheels of the government by vetoing the annual supplies. If this amendment is adopted all rascally or doubtful items can be vetoed without embarrassment to great interests. The salary of the Governor is raised to $10,000 and that of the Lieutenant Governor to $5,000, and their terms are extended to three years. We trust that these two amendments may be adopted, even if the others fail.

The fourth amendment, which authorizes the sale of the worthless and expensive lateral canals and forbids extra compensation to contractors, is wise and ought to be adopted. The fifth contains one provision which causes difference of opinion. It prohibits any gift of the money or property and any loan of the money or credit of any county, city, town or village to any individual, association or corporation. It is a wise and salutary provision on the whole, but religious sects, whose charitable institutions have received aid from such sources, will naturally disapprove it. The sixth amendment is of minor consequence. It forbids any compensation to State officers beyond their salaries, which shall not be increased nor diminished during their terms. The seventh contains a form of oath, by which all officers are to swear that they practised no sort of bribery to secure their election. The first also contains stringent provisions against bribery of voters and betting on elections. All these are very well, but we place no stress or urgency on any of the amendments except the two capital ones relating to the powers of the Governor and the Legislature. It would be discreditable to popular intelligence to have these important amendments fail.

The Eve of the Battle.

The intense excitement of the night before the battle is not always perceptible or noisy. The general has made his preparations and has retired to his tent; the troops are distributed in the various places, and the army awaits in silence the day which, before the sun has set, will be brilliant with victory or darkened with defeat. So it was upon the eve of this momentous election. Whoever looked for excitement and enthusiasm last night failed to find the object of his search. The city was quieter than it had been for days. There were no great meetings, no fireworks, no speeches. Oratory and gunpowder had dazzled and exploded to all possible good purpose, and were succeeded by the significant silence of suspense. At the republican headquarters there were a few political leaders, resting like men who had done all they could do, and anxiously awaiting the event. There was no one at Tammany nor at Irving Hall. But all over the city the lieutenants and adjutants were busy in a quiet way. The Assembly districts were canvassed for the last time, and active men saw that the sentinels were at their posts. Thus the eve of the battle passed away in something like the stillness which often precedes a storm.

The Louisiana Election.

Both parties in Louisiana claim to have carried the State, and their estimates are presented in our despatches from New Orleans. Governor McEnery thinks that the democrats have a majority of 5,000, have elected the Treasurer, the only State officer voted for, have elected the six Congressmen, with the possible exception of Broux, and that they have a majority in the Assembly sufficient to impeach Kellogg. On the other hand Governor Kellogg and Marshal Packard declare that the State has been carried by the republicans with 10,000 majority, that they have elected at least four Congressmen, and that they hold the Assembly and have ten out of eighteen State Senators. But it is evident that the democracy have made large gains, that a large negro vote was polled for their ticket, and it is likely that when the returns are complete they will show that the revolution Penn attempted by force has been peacefully effected by the ballot.

Third Parties and "Reform" Movements.

With all its drawbacks and shortcomings the canvass of this year has done much to clear the political atmosphere. During the two preceding years parties seemed falling into disintegration and anarchy. The liberal republicans aspired to form one new party, the Western farmers and anti-railroad monopolists another, the municipal reformers in cities another, and everything seemed to portend general division, disruption and disorganization. All those side movements have disappeared in the canvass of the present year, and our politics are pretty fully reestablished on the old basis of two great parties, into one or the other of which all the minor streams are absorbed. It is already quite certain that the predictions, of which the air has been so full since the war, that the democratic party was destined to dissolution, and that some new organization would take its place, were false prophecies. Two years ago, when the democracy humbly sailed in the wake of the Cincinnati Convention and supported Mr. Greeley, the predictions of its scoffing enemies seemed on the eve of fulfilment; but the liberal republican organization has disappeared like a morning cloud, and the democracy remains with greater strength and brighter hopes than at any time during the last fifteen years. The farmers' granges, which loomed up at one time in such imposing prominence, have left no trace on the political movements of this year, and now that the gloss of novelty is worn off we are likely to hear but little more of them. The municipal reform party started in this city, and even Mr. Tilden seemed inclined to risk his old party relations to become one of its leaders. But he is at present the regular gubernatorial candidate of the democrats, and Mr. Havemeyer, who was elected as the "reform" Mayor, is about to retire forever from public life with his personal popularity and that of the cause he represented utterly shipwrecked. Even the republicans of this city, who are in a minority and ordinarily court alliances, scorn another coalition with the discredited reformers whom they courted two years ago. Everything tends to a redrawing of the old party lines and a square, vigorous contest in the next Presidential election between the crippled republican party and the rejuvenated democracy.

THE CARLIST WAR, and especially the recent campaign in the Biscayan country, is described to-day in a picturesque letter from our correspondent at Urnieta.

AFTER NEARLY A YEAR'S burning the Empire Coal Mine, near West Pittston, Pa., has been extinguished. Our account of this successful experiment will not only be of interest to the public generally, but of importance to all persons who are occupied in mining. After all usual methods had been tried in vain the fire was subdued by forcing steam into the depths of the mine.

This Day's State Elections—The Struggle for the Next Congress.

Twenty-three States this day elect each a full delegation to the House of Representatives for the next, or Forty-fourth, Congress, and Vermont, as the twenty-fourth State, participates in the day's proceedings in the election of a Congressman to fill a vacancy. We give in the following table, omitting Vermont, the roll of the members to be elected to-day, and the delegation from each State of the list as divided between the two parties (republican and opposition) in the present Congress:—

States.	House of Representatives. Full Delegation.	Forty-Third Congress. Rep.	Opp.
New York	33	24	9
Alabama	8	5	3
Arkansas	4	3	1
Delaware	1	—	1
Florida	2	2	—
Georgia	9	2	7
Illinois	19	14	5
Kansas	3	3	—
Kentucky	10	—	10
Maryland	6	2	4
Massachusetts	11	11	—
Michigan	9	9	—
Minnesota	3	3	—
Missouri	13	4	9
New Jersey	7	6	1
Nevada	1	—	1
Pennsylvania	27	22	5
Rhode Island	2	2	—
South Carolina	5	4	1
Tennessee	10	7	3
Texas	6	—	6
Virginia	9	4	5
Wisconsin	8	6	2
Totals	206	133	73

The whole number of representatives in the House is 292, of which the republicans in the present Congress have 200 and the opposition 92; republican majority, 108. In the elections which have taken place for the next Congress in Ohio, Indiana and other States the opposition have gained 16 members, an opposition gain and a republican loss which reduces the republican majority to 76. To overcome this majority 39 members will have to be taken from the republicans and given to the opposition in this day's elections. The democrats, basing their estimates on the results in Ohio and Indiana, entertain the hope of such gains in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Tennessee, Arkansas and other States as will give them these additional gains required to secure the next House of Representatives. The results, however, are very doubtful, and particularly because of the doubts as to the extent to which the causes that have prevailed in Ohio and Indiana will operate in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania in the elections for Congress. Should the democrats gain the next House of Representatives, however, with the Speaker and the standing committees of the body and the power to order and conduct the investigations of select committees, and with the control of the appropriation bills, &c., it will give them a strong foothold for the Presidential campaign of 1876. Whether the republicans will this day have lost or retained this strong position in Congress our readers will probably know from the election returns in the HERALD of to-morrow morning.

In addition to the 133 members of the popular branch of Congress the choice of 12 members of the Senate will depend upon this day's elections. Each of the State Legislatures to be elected in Delaware, Florida, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Tennessee and Wisconsin will have the important duty to discharge of the election of a United States Senator; but as there is no present probability of any serious disturbance of the heavy republican ascendancy in the Senate (republicans 49, democrats 18, liberals 5) as this body now stands, the public interest of the day in regard to the Senate is rather local than general. Thus, in New York the election of the State Assembly—upon the political complexion of which will depend the choice of a United States Senator in the place of Mr. Fenton—is considered by many of our politicians the most important issue of the canvass. And so it is in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Missouri and in each of the other States directly concerned in the choice of a Senator. In these States the Senatorial issue may more or less control the general results; but the leading national question involved to the country at large is the next House of Representatives.

Don Carlos and Cuba.

By a special cable despatch received from our correspondent at the Carlist headquarters we have information of a curious negotiation between the Pretender and the national government. Three delegates from the Spanish party in Cuba had arrived to propose the sending of all prisoners of war held by either party to Cuba, where they might be utilized against the insurrection. In making this proposition the Madrid government displayed considerable tact, as its rejection or acceptance was calculated to injure Carlism. Should the Pretender refuse to accede to the proposition the government at Madrid could denounce him as a bad Spaniard, willing to sacrifice the territorial integrity of the nation to his own ambitious schemes. A refusal would also involve the loss of his popularity with the Cuban planters, from whom it is notorious he has derived large pecuniary aid. On the other hand, it is a grievous violation of the Spanish constitution to send any Spaniard from his country unless he is a consenting party. In the case of the Biscayans and Navarrese the outrage would probably be resented, as it would be such a violation of their *fueros*, or state constitutions, as no modern government has ever attempted. Were Don Carlos to consent to the forcible expatriation of any of his followers his standard would soon be without supporters, and he might consider himself lucky did he escape with his life. It is not generally understood that Biscay and other northern provinces of Spain are in reality small semi-independent republics attached to the Spanish monarchy, and that one of their chief reasons for opposition to the liberal parties in Spain springs from a disinclination to give up their local independence and come under the general laws of the country. For their own purposes the Spanish kings have always encouraged their Northern subjects to stand apart from the rest of the nation; and as they have little to gain by exchanging their present semi-independence even the prospect of a republican form of government cannot tempt them to abandon rights which they have enjoyed from the earliest ages, and which they have been always ready to defend with heroism. It was a great mistake on the part of Don Carlos to allow the Cuban delegates to present their proposition. Even the seeming assent he has given to it will be likely to injure him in the minds of his followers, while the rest of Spain will cry out against his lack of patriotism. In Cuba the immediate effect will be to alienate the slaveholders' sympathy; for these gentry have no sentiment to waste on those who are not willing to aid them. Probably Don Carlos imagined he had drawn as much money from Cuba as he could hope for, and with true kingly ingratitude sacrificed the planters to his immediate interests. Whatever may have been his motive he may count on the future hostility of the Casino Español. That patriotic body furnished him with money to carry on the civil war when Castelar's short-lived Republic talked of giving freedom to the slaves, and now he refuses to aid the friends who helped him to his present position because he fears to imperil his popularity. If there were any doubts of Don Carlos' Bourbonism his conduct in this matter would conclusively prove his descent. If the Madrid government was composed of abler men and more energetic the Carlist war would soon be numbered among the things of the past.

The Von Arnim Affair.

The arrest and imprisonment of Count Von Arnim is something more than a mere personal controversy between Prince Bismarck and an Ambassador. If this were all it would be an important event. The scandal of a controversy between two great and powerful nobleman, of world-wide repute, who had held high place under the Empire and had been largely instrumental in the regeneration and consolidation of Germany, is itself calculated to excite the largest measure of inquiry and wonder. This is more than an ordinary quarrel. Bismarck, like Wolsey and Richelieu and other statesmen of vast influence, has raised up against him extraordinary antagonisms. It is in the nature of such a man, and almost inseparable from his policy, that there should be controversies. When we look at the full measure of the work which Bismarck has done, when we see what Germany was a few years since, an aggregation of fragments tumbled together into a diet, at the mercy of Austria and Prussia, and what she is now, a compact, powerful Empire, swaying the destinies of Europe, we can understand how difficult the work must have been and how the enmities it necessarily fostered may lead to his fall.

The position of a Minister who depends upon parliaments or party support for his career is precarious enough, but not so precarious as that of a Minister like Bismarck, who is only strong so long as he has the affections of a king. Therefore this controversy between the Chancellor and the Count is most likely a struggle for the King's affections. There is a rumor in one of the foreign journals that Count Arnim spoke of his imprisonment as a step toward the Chancellorship. In other words, Bismarck the thrower will himself be thrown, and Arnim will take his place. This ending of the controversy would be an exceedingly important event. The fall of Bismarck would produce more results in the Continent than the fall of any man since Napoleon I. German unity in its present fresh moistened and scarcely hardened condition would receive a severe blow. There would be an end of the Italian alliance. The temporal power of the Pope would return, the progress of the religious question would be arrested, and there would result no end of complications with Russia. Prince Bismarck seems to be one of the most difficult of servants—hard to keep and hard to dismiss. For an Emperor who loves a quiet life, and an Emperor nearly eighty years of age would be apt to yearn for peace, his constant restlessness and stirring activity and facility for making trouble make him the worst of all chancellors. But for German unity and the consolidation of the higher purposes of German policy no man would do as well.

Yet there comes to all nations, even as to men, a time when the body craves rest. Heroic, radical statesmanship will do now and then, but we gradually wish for conservatism. We see how England passed from the radicalism of Gladstone to the conservatism of Disraeli, and in America we have been slowly passing from the radicalism of Lincoln to more conservative purposes. We can well understand how Germany should weary of Bismarck. It is well to put the spur into the side in the fierceness of the strife; but the spur and always the spur results in sure mutiny and exhaustion. Germany has felt Bismarck's spur since 1859, and we can well believe she would now long for the gentler processes of a chancellor like Count Arnim.

Presidential Dignity.

In 1872 there was some thought that Grant might decline to be a candidate for a second term. Some people, apparently with no very profound knowledge of the Presidential character, apprehended such an event and were alarmed at the possible consequences. They hastened to write to Grant on the subject and Grant hastened to answer them and to assure them explicitly and distinctly that if he was wanted to occupy the office of President he was ready. It did not occur to him that it was in any way derogatory to his dignity to settle doubts on that subject in the shortest and simplest way. He would not permit the public mind to be harassed with anxieties on such a score. Recently, however, there has once more been a great deal of doubt as to what is the President's real position in regard to the next nomination for the office he now holds. But the doubt now has a different aspect. It is not an anxiety lest he should refuse a nomination; it is an apprehension that he wants one. And there is a difference in the result of inquiry, for he declines to answer. His dignity has sealed his lips.

He could write in '72 that he was ready to take a nomination, and his dignity was none the worse; but in '74, when he is called upon to declare that he will not accept another term of office, his dignity rises in revolt and will not let him touch a pen. Dignity has a strange influence over a man. As to this Presidential dignity which has so lately come forth as a factor in our politics, we must note that it is singularly adroit. It leaves the President a certain liberty, but seems to play his liberty as it were with the skilful mastery that a good sportsman has over his trout. It lets the President run up stream and down stream and all over the open water, but turns him at the nicest conceivable points on all sides. Thus he is not compelled to absolute silence in regard to a third term. He can discuss it in Cabinet council even. He can express his opinion on it to different persons. He may say how he believes the apprehension of his third candidature arose. He may even vilify the persons whom he holds responsible for keeping the discussion on foot. All these things he can do, and dignity gives him no check; he does not even feel the weight of the line. But the one thing that he cannot and must not do—that dignity will not suffer on any pretence whatever—is to make a simple, straightforward declaration that he believes the third term wrong in principle and will not accept it for himself. Altogether this dignity is a queer quality, but convenient, exceedingly convenient. In the old times, when inquiry became awkward, men "had the gout," and so kept out of the way. Talleyrand wondered at Vienna what it was that induced a certain statesman to have the gout on a certain day. Now it seems gout is old fashioned, and they have dignity, to the same purpose. It is ingenious. What has been the matter with our statesmen that they have not had more use out of this idea? One can fancy that Ben Butler should have discovered it years ago. What a piece of capital it would have been for Oakes Ames and Schuyler Colfax when the country wanted to know about Crédit Mobilier!

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Rev. Hugh Smythe, of Cincinnati, is stopping at the Everett House.

Rev. Dr. A. H. Vinton, of Boston, is residing at the Windsor Hotel.

The Empress of Russia travelled from Odessa to London in sixty-six hours.

General B. H. Grierson, United States Army, is registered at the Hoffman House.

Miss Martineau, aged 73, wrote the biography of Barry Cornwall for the *Daily News*.

Lord and Lady Dufferin were expected to arrive in Montreal, from Boston, last night.

General Guzman and staff have returned from Puerto Cabello to Caracas, Venezuela.

Judge George Hoadley, of Cincinnati, is among the latest arrivals at the Windsor Hotel.

Lieutenant Commander John Schouler, United States Navy, is quartered at the St. James Hotel.

General Duncan S. Walker and Mr. George B. McCartee, of Washington, are at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Von Arnim is said to have been made, in his days of favor, the repository of Bismarck's plans against Russia.

Mr. E. A. Rollins, of Philadelphia, formerly Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has apartments at the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Mr. H. H. Honoré, father-in-law of Lieutenant Colonel Fred Grant, arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel yesterday from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Scott-Siddons arrived from England in the steamship Oceanic yesterday, and have taken up their residence at the Clarendon Hotel.

The sweetest thing in earrings is a miniature aquarium of rock crystal filled with water, in which swim miniature whales, lobsters and shrimps.

And the Republican State Committee can only say, "There is reason to believe that a victory awaits us." Is not that rather feeble for a battle cry?

At a grand ball given at Quillota, Chili, on the occasion of the 18th of September, a sword was presented to General Quesada, the Cuban patriot.

A banquet was given to Baron Schwarz-Senborn last evening at the Union League House, Philadelphia, by the Commissioners to the Vienna Exposition from that city.

Mr. Beecher argues that there are "modes of activity" of which there are positive evidences, but of which science has no knowledge. Science, then, must have regarded these modes as beneath her notice.

Bishop Cummins preached at St. John, N. B., on Sunday, and administered communion to the members of the new church organized there. He will visit other parts of New Brunswick where the movement has extended.

Hon. B. R. Stevenson, Surveyor General of New Brunswick, left St. John on Saturday last for Ottawa, to represent the local government in the Emigration Conference, called by the Dominion government, to meet on Wednesday next.

Once more here is the great West up in front. While Bismarck was thundering through Europe for his letters the great West had them. That, however, is a small matter. The startling fact is that the great West kept so quiet about it.

General W. T. Sherman arrived in this city yesterday morning and took up his quarters at the Astor House. He is on a visit to his son, Thomas E. Sherman, who has been seriously ill for several days past, but is now in a fair way to recover.

"Tremendously dangerous" to vote for the democrats. This is the party cry of the republicans to the people; but the people don't scare well. Indeed, this cry seems to add a new reason in favor of the democrats; for, as a people, we like danger.

If Bismarck's letters to Von Arnim contain any unguarded expressions which may be interpreted as showing a want of respect for the sacred Majesty of Emperor William it is natural that Von Arnim should strain a great many points to hold them until he can use them with effect.

The steamer arriving at Lima, Peru, from Panama, on the 9th ult., brought M. Pradier Fodéré, with his family. This scientist has been engaged by the Peruvian government to establish certain courses of political economy, the science of statistics and administration in the University of St. Mark of Lima. M. Fodéré was received with great attention and appeared to be well satisfied with his new home.

There is a half concealed endeavor to make political capital out of the visit of the Prince of Wales to some of the French nobles, if not for France against other Powers, at least for the upholders of royalty against other politics. The Prince's visit to the Duchess de Luynes, at the Château Dampierre, near Rambouillet, was magnified into a veritable royal progress through the country, and was apparently aimed to dazzle the people with its splendor and to awaken sentimental remembrances of other times.

At Giessen, in the Grand Duchy of Hesse-Darmstadt, a quarrel took place in the railway refreshment room between an officer and a civilian. The latter having seized his beer glass, dashed it in the face of his opponent, whereupon a comrade of the officer, who happened to be standing close by, drew his sword and cut down the civilian, who died shortly after. The hero of this adventure was acquitted on the ground that he had only done his duty. One must not quarrel with soldiers where Prussian rule is paramount.

A machine, of the torpedo class, has been constructed for the British Navy which will move at a speed of nine knots an hour for three hundred yards and at a lower speed for no less a distance than a mile. It will maintain any direction impressed upon it, and it can be launched either from a boat or an iron-clad, by night or by day. In short, it is a kind of explosive fish, which, in obedience to its masters, will swim for a mile toward any adversary at which it may be directed and will strike a dangerous, if not a fatal, blow.

A young lady resident in the famous Peruvian city of the Incas, Cuzco, applied lately to the proper authorities, asking permission to enter the law school of that capital, an institution supported by the State, as a student of jurisprudence and at the same time inquiring if her sex was an obstacle to the obtaining of a degree of master of laws provided her acquirements were sufficient. The Minister of Justice replied, in an official despatch, that all Peruvian citizens should enjoy equal rights, that women were virtually considered by the laws in force as on the same footing with men, as far as the privileges to be accorded by the Republic were concerned, and that it was a matter of peculiar pleasure to the Administration to improve the opportunity of making this such a declaration.

CUBA AND SPAIN.

Cuban Delegates Commissioned by the Madrid Government as Envoys to Don Carlos.

A General Release of Prisoners Proposed.

Condition that the Men Fight Against the Cuban Rebellion.

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE HERALD BY CABLE.

ESTELLA, Spain, Oct. 28, 1874.

Three Cuban delegates have arrived at the Carlist headquarters, authorized by the Madrid government to propose a release of the prisoners held on both sides by the warring Spaniards, for the purpose to embark them for the Antilles to quell the Cuban insurrection.

DON CARLOS REASONABLE AND HUMANE.

Don Carlos is willing to release the Republican prisoners, but he refuses to sanction the project that the Carlist volunteers now prisoners shall embark for Cuba unless with their own consent. He says that, viewing the distant and unhealthy country, compulsion is inadmissible.

FRANCE.

Bonapartist Triumph at an Election for the Assembly.

PARIS, Nov. 2, 1874.

Complete returns from the election held yesterday in the Pas de Calais for Deputy in the Assembly show that M. Dellisse-Engrand, the Bonapartist candidate, was chosen by a decided majority.

GERMANY.

Postal Treaties Negotiations with the South and Central American Republics.

BERLIN, Nov. 2, 1874.

Postal treaties between Germany and Chili and Peru have passed their second reading in the German Parliament. Negotiations are pending for similar treaties with Bolivia, Costa Rica, Colombia and other Spanish-American States.

OCEAN TELEGRAPHY.

Recovery of the Direct United States Cable—The Wire in Perfect Condition.

LONDON, Nov. 2, 1874.

The cable of the Direct United States Company which parted and was lost while being laid by the Faraday, has been picked up by that vessel in latitude 50 deg. 31 min., longitude 24 deg. 19 min., at a depth of 1,871 fathoms.

The cable is in perfect condition. It was spliced to the portion remaining on the Faraday at eleven o'clock this morning and the work of paying out again commenced.

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

Government Claim of a Victory in Battle—The Revolutionists Reinforced and Moving Toward Buenos Ayres.

MONTEVIDEO, Nov. 2, 1874.

Advices from Buenos Ayres state that a report has reached there, which was not officially confirmed, that a battle took place on the 26th ult. in the province of Buenos Ayres near the mouth of the Rio Salado between the government troops and a body of rebels under General Mitre.

The result is said to have been uncertain, although the government forces claimed a victory.

General Mitre's forces retired and effected a junction with those of Ribas, when both again marched toward the city of Buenos Ayres.

A DECISIVE ENGAGEMENT AT HAND.

The government troops still retained their original positions about the capital, and a decisive engagement was hourly expected.

THE GERMAN DIPLOMATIC QUARREL.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2, 1874.

Baron Schlozer Denies the Arrest at Bismarck's Order of Von Arnim's Under Secretary in St. Louis—A Silly Canard.

Baron Schlozer, the German Minister, explicitly and unequivocally denies that there is the slightest foundation for the statement published to-day, to the effect that a young German, formerly Under Secretary of Count Von Arnim, had been arrested in this country at the instigation of Prince Bismarck, and while denying *in toto* the allusion to the Legation declares that nothing could be more absurd than the published canard. It was suggested that probably the report had its origin for effect on the elections, though the Baron could not understand which political party would be benefited by it. The counterpart to such nonsense, the Baron thinks, would be the publication in Europe to-morrow that the President, through the State Department, had ordered all the foreign bound steamers sailing from New York on Saturday last not to land passengers on arriving out, but to return to New York, so that the nameless young German, mysteriously arrested by order of Prince Bismarck and with the Baron's connivance in St. Louis, and who deposited the important papers with a nameless German merchant in New York, might be required to deliver himself to Mr. Lanergan on board the nameless steamer on some nameless day, but before Congress meets in December. Such a despatch would contain, in the Baron's opinion, as much truth as the one which occasions the denial.

A CREDIT MOBILIER CASE.

Speaker Blaine and Sergeant-at-Arms Ordway Sued for False Imprisonment of a Contumacious Witness.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

In the Circuit Court to-day the cases of Joseph B. Stewart against James G. Blaine and the same against N. G. Ordway, actions for false arrest and assault and battery, in locking him up as a contumacious witness before Congress in the Crédit Mobilier cases, were certified to Court in General Term.

WEDDING AT NEWPORT.

Marriage of Lieutenant Charles Thomas, U. S. N., to the Daughter of Commandant Simpson.

NEWPORT, R. I., Nov. 2, 1874.

Another brilliant naval wedding will occur here to-morrow at noon at old Trinity church, the contracting parties being Lieutenant Charles Thomas, U. S. N., and Miss Ruth, eldest daughter of Commandant E. Simpson, in charge of the torpedo station at this place. Seven hundred invitations have been issued. A reception will be held at the residence of Commandant Simpson, after which the bridal party will start for New York.

A VICTIM OF CHLOROFORM.

KINGSTON, Ont., Nov. 2, 1874.

Mrs. G. S. Hobart died very suddenly this morning while under the influence of chloroform in a dentist's office.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA.

Colombia Disapproves of the Boundary Treaty with Costa Rica—Panama Excited—Presidential Aspiration—The Venezuelan Revolution Progressing—British Demands on Chili.

PANAMA, Oct. 24, 1874.

Business in Panama is still dull.

The Assembly has entirely disapproved of the treaty made with Costa Rica as to boundaries, and blames the Colombian Minister for want of patriotism in agreeing to it.

POLITICAL EXCITEMENT AT PANAMA.

Yesterday, the 23d inst., was a day of alarm and excitement in this city. The cause does not seem altogether clear. His Excellency President Miro assumed the chief command of the State militia, General Espinoza having resigned, while Señor J. M. Bermudez assumed the post of Secretary General of State, left vacant by Dr. Pablo Arozemena's resignation. Toward noon there was a rush of people in the Cathedral Plaza and about the streets leading from it. The police were posted at different places in the square as a precautionary measure. All this had the odor of coming revolution about it, but it is to be hoped the excitement will blow over soon.

THE PRESIDENCY.

Dr. Rafael Muñez, of Carthagena, is named as one of the candidates for next President of the Union.

San Salvador.

The people and government of this State have come to the conclusion that with respect to the concordat the country is better without it, requiring only a free Church and a free State.

Guatemala.

The government has taken measures to prevent the inundations with which the towns of Antigua, Pashares, San Lorenzo and other places are threatened. Some hundreds of laborers are employed on the works necessary to obtain this object.

Honduras.

The government has accepted the invitation, and will contribute to the United States Centenary festival to be held at Philadelphia.

Nicaragua.

The people of this State are taken up with Presidential elections. They were to take place on the 4th inst. The two candidates, Chamorro and Selva, were considered the two extremes, and that which soever was elected would bring trouble to the country. Selva was an ally of the Jesuits and his election, says a Nicaragua paper, would be a *casus belli* for all Central America. The authorities are taking all measures possible so that the people shall not be disturbed at the polls.

Venezuela.

The revolution continues in Venezuela. Coro has been taken by the Blues, who have also laid siege to Maracaibo in force.

Peru.

Up to the 14th of October the Republic seemed to enjoy a state of perfect tranquillity.

Sentence has been pronounced on the three military men accused of having murdered President Balta in prison in July, 1872. Their names are Najar, Patiño and Espinozco. The first two are to draw lots which shall be executed. The third is to have fifteen years' penal servitude.

The bill to allow Jesuits to enter and settle in the Republic was thrown out without a debate.

The treaty with China has received the approbation of the Senate, as has also the Postal Convention drafted with the Argentine Confederation.

Chili.

Considerable excitement, says the *Mercurio*, of Valparaiso, of the 2d inst., has occurred in Chili in consequence of the demand made by the English government on account of the indictment and detention of Captain Hyde, of the lost steamer Tacna.

BRITISH DEMANDS.

Mr. Runbold has addressed to the Chilian government a note communicating certain instructions from the British government relative to the affairs of the Tacna.

The note enjoins upon him to demand of the Chilian government:—

First—That it express the regret it must naturally have experienced at the illegal action of the Chilian authorities in arresting Captain Hyde.

Second—That it grant an indemnity for the losses Captain Hyde may have sustained by his arbitrary imprisonment.

Third—That, as regards the amount of the indemnity, there being no ground for demanding a large sum, inasmuch as it appears from the facts of the case that Captain Hyde was in a measure responsible for the loss of the vessel, it leaves it to the discretion of the Chilian government to fix the amount of the indemnity.

On this subject the *Mercurio* further says:—"The government of Chili has submitted this demand to the Supreme Court of Justice, and we are assured that the tribunal has examined the matter and decided that in its judgment there was no illegality in the proceedings adopted towards Captain Hyde; that the opinion of the Board of Trade and the Crown lawyers of England is the self-same, sustained by the Supreme Tribunal of Chili, which put an end to the judicial investigation which it was indispensable to make in order to ascertain whether the offence charged against Captain Hyde, came or not within the cognizance of the Chilian courts."

A treaty was signed on the 18th of August last, at La Paz, between the representatives of Chili and Bolivia, which, it is hoped, will settle the differences between the two countres.

EXPLORATION OF THE UPPER AMAZON.

LIMA, PERU, Oct. 13, 1874.

Admiral Tucker, now in New York preparing the maps of his extended explorations of the Upper Amazon, arrived within a comparatively short distance, on those unknown rivers, of the Peruvian fort of Chanchamayo.

THE PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED,

as proposed by President Pardo's government, was to determine the easiest means of communication between the projected terminus of the great Transandine Railway, more popularly known as the "Oroya," and the headwaters of the Peruvian affluents of the Amazon. This was in part elucidated by Admiral Tucker, but for a more perfect knowledge of the savage regions lying between the point reached by the Admiral's party and the fort a new expedition has been organized by the government to carefully explore the rivers Parena, Chanchamayo and Tambo. The expedition is composed of an engineer of the Republic, Mr. Wertheman, Major Rivera, ten riflemen, and a sufficient number of boatmen, chainbearers, &c.

The party will "take to the water," literally speaking, in the primitive canoes employed in that far section of the Republic, at the fort of Chanchamayo, or San Ramon, as it is sometimes called; will descend the river to the confluence of the Tambo with the Urabamba, from whence the Ucayali runs in a broad and navigable stream to Iquitos, where it joins the South American Father of Waters, the great Amazon.

THE MAIN OBJECT

of the exploration is to discover whether it may be possible to bring small steamers from Iquitos to the junction formed by the river Parena with the river Tambo, fifteen miles east from the Fort San Ramon, thus connecting, although in an indirect manner, by water, the outlying districts of the Republic with her frontier on Brazil.

LOSS OF A LAKE STEAMER.

A Passenger and One of the Crew Drowned—Dreadful Suffering of the Survivors.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 2, 1874.

The steamer Lottie Bernard, Captain Morris, of Duluth, bound from Pigeon River to Duluth, foundered on Lake Superior on Thursday last during a fearful gale, which swept the decks and finally extinguished the fires. There were fifteen persons on board, including one passenger, Willie Blanchard. The latter and one of the deck hands were drowned by the upsetting of a boat. The remaining thirteen succeeded in launching a yawl, and after untold privations reached the shore.

After travelling about five miles ten of them reached an Indian settlement, where they obtained shelter and sent aid to those who were too exhausted to walk. The rescuing party found one of the latter dead and the other two nearly so. They were taken to the settlement and are now doing well.

Ingalls & Co., of Duluth, owned the steamer, which was insured for part of its value.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Terrible Result of Smoking in Bed.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 2, 1874.

Walter Harris, aged thirty-five years, who was in the habit of smoking in bed, was found dead in his room this morning. His body was horribly burned and presented a sickening sight. The fire is supposed to have been caused by the pipe of the deceased.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

Reduction of Tonnage Rates Through the Suez Canal.

The Treasury Department has issued circulars to collectors of customs and others, asking them to bring to the attention of masters and owners of American vessels likely to pass through the Suez Canal the fact that the imperial government of Turkey and the Suez Canal Company have adopted the suggestion of the International Tonnage Commission, held at Constantinople in the year 1873, in regard to the unification of tonnage and the deduction of one franc per ton from the regular canal dues in the case of all vessels which are measured according to the Moorsom system now in use in this country, and which are provided with a special certificate by competent authority, exhibiting the gross tonnage of the ship and the deductions therefrom authorized by the regulations of the commission. In order that the owners of American vessels may take advantage of the reduction of the ordinary rates of dues, under the circumstances mentioned, the Treasury Department has prepared a form for a special certificate, which will be furnished by collectors when applied for by masters or owners of such vessels proceeding abroad.

Appropriations Asked for by the Engineers' Department.

General Humphreys, in his report, asks for the following, among other appropriations for the Pacific coast for the year ending June, 1875:—For the fort at Fort Point, $50,000; fort at Lime Point, $50,000; fort at Alcatraz Island, $50,000. No appropriations are asked for batteries at San José and Angel Island, the fort at San Diego and for the removal of Rincon Rock. An appropriation of $20,000 is asked for the defences at the mouth of Columbia River. The Board of Engineers for the Pacific Coast has completed the examination of the project for the protection of the rear of the permanent seacoast defence at Fort Point, Lime Point and at Alcatraz Island, and the examination of San Diego Harbor for the purpose of ascertaining the amount of sediment brought into the harbor by the floods in San Diego River. In reference to their examination of the Sacramento, San Joaquin and Tulare valleys, in California, with reference to the irrigation of the valleys, the engineers say the cost of such irrigation would be very great, but the value of the lands would thereby be increased many times. The work should not be undertaken without aid from the general government or State government, and there should first be an experimental survey.

Redemption of the Five-Twenty Bonds of 1862.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in the thirteenth call for the redemption of five-twenty bonds of 1862, says:—

"I hereby give notice that the principal and accrued interest of the bonds hereinbefore designated, known as five-twenty bonds, will be paid at the Treasury of the United States, in the city of Washington, on and after the 2d day of February, 1875, and that the interest on said bonds will cease on that day. That is to say, coupon bonds known as the fourth series, act of February 25, 1862, dated May 1, 1862, as follows:—Coupon bonds, $50, No. 4,201 to No. 4,961, both inclusive; $100, No. 6,201 to No. 10,500, both inclusive; $500, No. 5,001 to No. 7,000, both inclusive; $1,000, No. 14,901 to No. 20,000, both inclusive. Total, $5,000,000. The amount outstanding (embraced in the numbers as above) is $5,000,000 of coupon bonds."

The Torpedo System.

The Board of Engineers, in their report on the subject of torpedoes for harbor defence, say that, in their opinion, the system is satisfactory, and that stores for applying it should be collected at the depot at Millett's Point.

Ignorance in the South—Report and Recommendation of the Commissioner of Education.

The annual report of the Hon. John Eaton, United States Commissioner of Education, makes a volume of 870 printed pages. He concludes as follows:—"In view of the appalling number of children growing up in ignorance on account of the impoverished condition of portions of the country in which slavery has been lately abolished, and in view of the special difficulties in the way of establishing and maintaining therein schools for universal education, and in consideration of the need of immediate action in this regard, I recommend that the whole or a portion of the net proceeds arising from the sale of public lands shall be set aside as a special fund and its interest be divided annually, *pro rata*, between the people of the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia, under such provisions in regard to the amount, allotment, expenditure and supervision as Congress in its wisdom may deem proper."

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

The Clothing of the Regular Troops—Promotions.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

The order relieving Surgeon J. F. Head, United States Army, from duty in the Department of Dakota, has been revoked.

THE PHILADELPHIA CLOTHING DEPOT.

The Board of Army Officers, consisting of Colonel Rufus Ingalls, assistant quartermaster general; Colonel Stewart Van Vliet, assistant quartermaster general, and Lieutenant Colonel Rufus Saxton, deputy quartermaster general, ordered to assemble at Philadelphia, on September 11, to make an inspection of materials at the clothing depot in that city, has been ordered also to hold meetings at New York, Washington and Jeffersonville depot, Ind., whenever in the opinion of the Board or Quartermaster General the subject under consideration requires it.

PROMOTIONS.

The following promotions in the army have been made recently:—Major Matthew M. Blevort, Fourteenth infantry, to be lieutenant colonel of Twenty-fifth infantry; Major Peter T. Swaine, Second infantry, to be lieutenant colonel of Fifteenth infantry; Captain Montgomery Bryant, Sixth infantry, to be major of the Fourteenth infantry; Captain David P. Hancock, Seventh infantry, to be major of the Second infantry; First Lieutenant John R. Brinckle, Fifth artillery, to be captain of the Fifth artillery; First Lieutenant Daniel A. Murdock, Sixth infantry, to be captain of the Sixth infantry; First Lieutenant William Logan, Seventh infantry, to be captain of the Seventh infantry; Second Lieutenant Wintz C. Miller, Fourth cavalry, to be first lieutenant of the Fourth cavalry; Second Lieutenant James A. Orlsman, Tenth cavalry, to be first lieutenant of the Tenth cavalry; Second Lieutenant Farland N. Whiskler, Fifth artillery, to be first lieutenant of the Fifth artillery; Second Lieutenant Stephen W. Troesbeck, Sixth infantry, to be first lieutenant of the Sixth infantry; Second Lieutenant William L. English, Seventh infantry, to be first lieutenant of the Seventh infantry; Second Lieutenant George S. Hoyt, Eighteenth infantry, to be first lieutenant of the Eighteenth infantry, and Second Lieutenant John S. Clem, Twenty-fourth infantry, to be first lieutenant of the Twenty-fourth infantry.

The Court Martial of General Palmer Ends in His Acquittal.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

The court martial, convened some time since at Fort Sanders, for the trial of Colonel (and Brevet General) Innis N. Palmer, commanding that post, found him not guilty on each of the nine charges and specifications presented by General Ord, with the trifling exception of one, in which there was found an irregularity in his failure to notice slanderous reports about himself. The Court, however, distinctly declared itself "satisfied that Colonel Palmer felt that he was acting for the best interests of the government and especially of the troops under his command."

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Monitor Miantonomah at Newcastle.

NEWCASTLE, Del., Nov. 2, 1874.

The United States monitor Miantonomah, in tow of the tug Cyclops, passed up this morning.

The Violet at Lewes.

LEWES, Del., Nov. 2, 1874.

The United States steamer Violet arrived here yesterday from Philadelphia.

The Richmond at Panama.

PANAMA, Oct. 24, 1874.

The United States flagship Richmond, Admiral Collins, is at anchor in the harbor.

The Omaha Sailing for Valparaiso.

The United States ship-of-war Omaha left Callao for Valparaiso direct on the 10th ult. She will go down under sail, and after a short stay in that port will return to Callao, touching at a number of the intermediate ports.

LOUISIANA ELECTION.

The Most Quiet Election Since the Rebellion.

AN ALLEGED OUTRAGE.

The Entire Congressional Delegation Claimed by the Democrats.

NEGROES VOTING WITH WHITES

Bad Effect of the Arrest of the Merchants on the Republican Ticket.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2, 1874.

The election was the most orderly that has been held in this city since the rebellion. Notwithstanding that details from the White League were at all the polls and vied with the republicans in permitting a free vote by negroes, I have heard of but two breaches of the peace. The first was the case of a negro who voted the democratic ticket and on leaving the poll was fired upon by a negro radical and shot in the foot. The other case was that of a negro repeater, who, having voted once, attempted to vote again, and, when challenged, said, "He be damned if he wouldn't vote anyway." Members of Battery B, of the White League, lifted him bodily out of the line, threw him into the canal, allowed him to wallow a few moments, then pulled him out and rearrested him to repeat no more. Another outrage that Attorney General Fields requests me to telegraph North to-night the details of which I doubt not have promised to give, and although it may not affect the elections it is worth putting upon record.

STATEMENT OF ATTORNEY GENERAL FIELDS.

Attorney General Fields, as I left Marshal Packard's office in the Custom House, where General Morrow and the Thirteenth infantry are quartered, entered with Mr. Stokes, the colored janitor of the State House, and stated that when leaving the State House and passing near the *Bee* office on Chartres street, a man rushed out, and yelled, "Is that Ole Feel?" Attorney General Field says he responded, "yes," when this would-be assassin cried, "You ought to be hanged." The Attorney General drew his revolver, he says, and told the assassin to come on, but the windmill was not charged, and the Attorney General escaped to beard the representative of the HERALD in the Marshal's office, and, shaking a loaded revolver, demanded that this statement should be sent North. Later Governor Kellogg, at his residence, suggested that the Attorney General was "excited," but as I had pledged myself to give this outrage I give it to you.

Since dark I have visited Governor McEnery and other democrats, including members of the Democratic State Committee. These gentlemen claim that they have elected the only State officer voted for—the Treasurer. All of the six Congressmen, with the possible exception of Broux (democratic), of the Third district, and have a sufficient majority in the Assembly.

TO IMPEACH KELLOGG.

Spencer (democrat), in the Fifth district, has tied Morey, candidate for Congress in Madison parish, where Morey expected 1,500 majority, thus securing Morey's defeat. Despatches received from Madison parish, by private gentlemen, confirm this, and indicate that the negroes in large numbers have gone over to the democrats. Marshal Packard, chairman of the State Republican Committee, when questioned, insisted that the State had gone republican by from 14,000 to 15,000 majority, electing a radical House—five members of Congress—and at this point J. Hall Sypher, candidate for Congress in the First Congressional district, entered, and admitted his defeat. He charged that it was owing to the radicals raising the naturalization issue, and good-naturedly declared:—"Packard, if I am elected I have run twelve hundred ahead of my ticket." Deputy Attorney General Dibble, candidate for Congress, Second district, was present, and wore a blue face. In answer to my query he expressed the belief that he had been elected by a small majority, possibly 200, yet republicans concede that he is beaten by Ellis, the democratic candidate. Last evening the republicans claimed they would carry the State by from 20,000 to 25,000 majority. Colonel Wright, State Superintendent of Elections, to-night admitted that the

NEGROES HAD GONE OVER TO THE DEMOCRATS,

and the republicans would have a very small majority. Kellogg, whose residence I have just left, says:—

"I give it as my deliberate opinion that this State will go republican by about 10,000 majority and elect Morey, Darrall and possibly Nash (colored), and Dibble for Congress. I think we will get the Assembly by a small majority and elect ten out of the eighteen members of the State Senate."

The City Gives Thirteen Thousand Democratic Majority — Both Sides Claim the State.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2, 1874.

The election passed off quietly. No official returns have yet been received, but the indications are that the city has gone conservative by from 12,000 to 13,000 majority. Many prominent conservatives claim 15,000 majority in the city. It is generally believed Gibson has defeated Sypher for Congress in the First district. The conservatives claim the election of Ellis in the Second district, though the vote will be very close. The democrats claim the State by from 3,000 to 5,000. Yesterday the republicans estimated they would carry the State by 20,000, and now the most sanguine only claim it by 10,000 and others by a small majority.

The vote for Congressmen in the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth districts will be very close from present indications.

All points heard from report a heavy colored vote for the conservatives, estimated at twenty per cent of the colored vote polled.

Telegrams from fourteen stations in the parishes report that the election passed off quietly.

Governor Kellogg to-night thinks the republicans will carry the State by a good majority, and elect four, probably five and possibly six Congressmen.

Governor McEnery thinks the conservatives will carry the State by a small majority and elect three Congressmen.

A Victory Claimed by the Democrats—Marshal Packard on the Results—A Peaceable Election.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3, 1874.

The democrats say they have carried the State, by 5,000 majority. There has not been a row in the city. Some of the republicans concede a defeat. Large bodies of negroes voted with the democrats, who claim five Congressmen and a majority of the Legislature.

THE NEGRO VOTE IN THE PARISHES.

In New Iberra, Franklin and Shreveport the election is progressing quietly. No disturbance had occurred up to one o'clock P. M. The negroes are voting strongly with the whites. United States troops are encamped within thirty yards of the polls at Franklin.

The Results in the Parishes—Conservative Victory in Shreveport—Activity of the Business Men.

SHREVEPORT, Nov. 2, 1874.

Business was fairly suspended here to-day. The election passed off in the most quiet and orderly manner. The ballots are now being counted.

The conservative ticket is ahead in Spring Ridge, Summer Grove and Morningsport. The vote on the State ticket in the city is very close, not more than 200 majority either way. The election of the entire conservative city ticket is conceded.

The conservatives claim the parish by from 300 to 500 majority. Many negroes voted with the white people. Many republicans admit that the arrest of the merchants was bad policy, as many who had not taken part in politics since the war closed their places of business and engaged in the election.

One ward in De Soto parish reports a heavy conservative majority.

A special despatch to the *Times* from Homer, says that Claiborne parish will give from 500 to 700 conservative majority. A special to the same paper from Minden claims 300 conservative majority in Webster.

The *Evening Telegram* (republican) says:—

We are satisfied that there has been a full and free election and that both parties will abide by the expressed will of the people through the ballot box.

A Poll Book and Ballot Box Stolen at Farmerville.

FARMERVILLE, Nov. 2, 1874.

The poll book and ballot box of Farmerville and the poll book of the original registration of Union parish were stolen Sunday night from the Sheriff's office. The election is progressing at this poll under the advice of Judge Trimble, who will maintain the legality of the polling in case of a contest between local candidates.

Marshal Packard to the Republican Congressional Committee.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2, 1874.

I. M. Edmunds, Secretary of the Union Republican Congressional Committee, has received the following telegram:—

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2, 1874.

The election was progressing quietly at noon. The colored vote was registered at upwards of 14,000 majority in the State. The white league intimidation will lose us several thousand colored votes. Four of the six Congressional districts have colored majorities. The First and Second districts have small white majorities, but we expect to carry one, if not both of them. Four republicans will certainly be elected.

S. P. PACKARD,
President State Republican Committee.

TAXES IN LOUISIANA.

Enormous Increase of the Burdens of the Property Owner.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29, 1874.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

The people of this city and State are greatly blamed in republican quarters for their efforts to get rid of the vampires who are consuming their vitals and to throw their case into confusion and to blind the minds of the good people of the North, so that they cannot perceive whose cause is just. A great parade is made the day before election of "Ku Klux" and "White League" outrages, most of which have no foundation in fact and all greatly exaggerated. The writer, one of the "plain people" and no politician, submits for the inspection of your readers a few figures, which are said not to lie.

As the agent for a certain store situated in the business part of the city, belonging to a resident of Philadelphia, he has paid city and State taxes for the past twelve years as follows:—

Valuation.	Year.	State.	City.	Total.
$18,000	1862	$52 50	$197 61	$250 12
18,000	1863	52 50	180 61	232 50
18,000	1864	52 50	270 61	322 50
18,000	1865	52 50	270 61	322 50
25,000	1866	93 75	300 61	393 75
25,000	1867	106 75	300 61	406 75
25,000	1868	131 50	800 61	431 50
21,000	1869	187 70	315 61	502 50
25,000	1870	362 50	498 75	861 25
22,000	1871	512 50	577 50	1,090 25
22,000	1872	430 25	605 00	1,035 25
20,000	1873	352 50	701 30	1,053 80

F.

BRUTAL MURDER IN ST. PAUL.

Horrible Results of a Feud—A Husband and Wife the Victims.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 2, 1874.

James Lick and his wife were attacked on the street last night by George Lauchtenschlager and George Rapp and wife, who evidently had been lying in wait for them. Mrs. Lick was brutally murdered on the spot. Mrs. Rapp and her husband then attacked Mr. Lick, the former being armed with a knife and the latter with a tinner's soldering iron, and after knocking him prostrate they placed him face downward in a small creek, and Rapp stood on him to hold his face in the water until he was strangled.

They were frightened off by approaching footsteps, and Lick was picked up insensible and may yet die from his wounds. All the assailants were captured.

FOREST FIRES IN THE HIGHLANDS.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1874.

Large fires are raging on the crests of the Highlands, north of West Point and opposite Cold Spring. It is supposed that the fires were accidentally started by hunters.

GLASS WORKS BURNED.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 2, 1874.

The Philadelphia glass works of Thomas J. Cook, at the corner of York and Thompson streets, were burned this afternoon. The fire was caused by hot pieces of glass flying among some saltpetre bags. Loss, $30,000; insured for $5,000 in the Amazon and Farmers' Companies.

WINTER'S REIGN IN CANADA.

MONTREAL, Nov. 2, 1874.

The first ice of the season formed during Saturday night, and the first snow fell yesterday.

KILLING FROST IN ALABAMA.

MOBILE, Nov. 2, 1874.

There was a heavy, killing frost and ice here, and a killing frost in Pensacola this morning.

LITERARY CHIT-CHAT.

An acute critic in the last *Cornhill Magazine*, in an article on "Virgil's Sea Descriptions," proves that the Roman poet had not a speck of true feeling for the water, and no sense whatever of the grand and picturesque, except on land.

Important to Omnibus Travellers.—The late Barry Cornwall declared not long before his death that it was while going to business on an omnibus that he wrote all his poems.

Fraser's Magazine for October contained a translation of a sketch of the Empress Eugenie, written by Napoleon III. Among numerous laudatory expressions as to her character is found the *naïve* remark, "She, perhaps, is too fond of discussion."

The London *Academy* invites public attention to the fact that it is to two women that we owe the only full concordances to Shakespeare's works, viz., Mrs. Cowden Clarke for the dramas and Mrs. H. H. Furness, of Philadelphia, for the poems. The ordinary conception of the sex may justly be disturbed by this phenomenon. "The perfecter sex," as Milton is pleased to call the male kind, may well look to itself. Lady lexicographers are among the immediate possibilities of the future.

The *Contemporary Review* is conducted on the principle of publishing articles on all sides of public questions, religious, political and scientific. The authors' names are signed to the articles, as in the *Revue des Deux Mondes*.

Fraser's Magazine publishes "A Word for the Convent Boarding School," which is a defence of these English institutions against a caustic criticism in a recent number of *Fraser*.

The last *Blackwood's Magazine* has an entertaining article on "Alien Laws," which shows what fierce national prejudices have prevailed in the legislation of nations.

Mr. Joseph E. Smith, a prominent Chicago lawyer, has written a fresh novel of New England life, which is to be published by Osgood.

Our far-off Territory, Alaska, has a newspaper, the Alaska *Herald*, but it is printed at San Francisco, and is half English and half Russian.

The London *Bookseller* says:—"It is really dreadful to think how much Popery there is in the world. John Wesley used to say that every man had a Pope in his own heart; but to think that Mrs. Brown should turn out to be a Papist is really shocking." The Mrs. Brown here referred to is a popular author, whose books are published by Routledge & Co.

Mr. James A. Froude's first book, published in 1847, and entitled "The Shadows of the Clouds," is so thoroughly suppressed that not a copy can be found in any public library or bookstore in England or America. It has mysteriously disappeared from every library in London that had it, including the British Museum.

The author of that charming book "Walks in Rome," Mr. Augustus Hare, has a companion work in press in London entitled "Days Near Rome."

Messrs. Black, of Edinburgh, have added to their excellent series of hand-books for the tourist a guide to France, another to Switzerland, and a third to Holland and the Rhine.

Under the title of "Man and Beast Here and Hereafter," the Rev. J. G. Wood, who seems to have made the whole animal kingdom his province, will publish two more volumes of mingled fact and speculation.

A most important work by Mr. Humber, civil engineer, on the "Water Supply of Cities and Towns" will appear in London in January next.

Mr. E. Steiger, of New York, will soon publish the great "Cyclopedia of Education," by Messrs. Kiddle and Schem.

Dr. Holland will soon begin a new novel in *Scribner's*, under the title of "The Story of Seven Oaks."

Nine people out of ten believe that the scene of Robinson Crusoe was the island of Juan Fernandez, off the west coast of South America. This is a popular error, since the book explicitly says that it was near the mouth of the Orinoco, and in the Atlantic Ocean, not at all in the Pacific.

The European guide book business is extending. Five or six rival American hand books for European travel are published, the last out being the "American Guide to Europe for 1874," issued by the London and New York Publishing Company, and containing 678 pages, besides numerous maps and plans.

The London *Saturday Review* calls Mr. Vice President Wilson's "History of Slavery in America," two volumes out of three of which have appeared, "an overgrown and heavy pamphlet full of declaration and spiritless narrative."

The Ladies' Dress Reform Association, of Boston, is preparing a book which is expected to revolutionize feminine costume. Probably it will be as effective as the Pope's famous bull against the comet.

Miss Alcott's new story in *St. Nicholas* will be called "Eight Cousins."

Mr. John Fiske has an elaborate book, in two volumes, just from Osgood's press, entitled, "Outlines of Cosmic Philosophy, Based on the Doctrines of Evolution."

Porter & Coates, of Philadelphia, will print 10,000 copies of the first volume of the Count of Paris' "History of the American War."

The "United States Official Postal Guide," published under contract with the government, by H. O. Houghton & Co., forms a cheap gazetteer of the United States.

Mr. Gladstone's article on ritualism in the *Contemporary Review* set all orthodox England by the ears, and the *Times*, *Telegraph* and *Standard*, with a host of minor journals, at once revived the well-worn theme.

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The steamship Algeria will leave this port on Wednesday for Queenstown and Liverpool.

The mails for Europe will close at the Post Office at ten o'clock A. M.

THE NEW YORK HERALD—Edition for Europe—will be ready at half-past eight o'clock in the morning.

Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents.

Glenn's Sulphur Soap is a Positive Inspiration. It was a happy thought to combine the remedy, which of all others is beneficial in the majority of cutaneous diseases, with a pleasant and pure soap, by means of which it can be brought in contact with affected parts. Sold everywhere. Depot, CRITTENTON'S, No. 7 Sixth avenue.

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THE COURTS.

The Davenport Examination Concluded—Opinion Reserved.

The Accused Commissioner Again on the Stand.

Business in the Supreme and Criminal Courts.

Commissioners Shields and Osborn will sit to-day at places up town for the purpose of hearing and determining any charges that may be brought before them in reference to election frauds, and Commissioners Stilwell and Betts will be on hand in the Federal Building, Chambers street, for a like object.

United States Commissioner John A. Shields has received a commission from the Court of Commissioners on Alabama Claims to take testimony of such witnesses as may come before him, to be used in the investigation of any claim or claims which may be presented to the Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims.

The Court of Oyer and Terminer, Judge Barrett on the bench, met yesterday, but, after arranging for the trial of some cases on the calendar and discharging the Grand Jury, adjourned till Thursday.

In all the State courts, it being the opening of a new term, but little was done yesterday beyond calling the calendars. The fact is, everybody seems just now to be too much occupied with election matters to care about the trial of their cases.

The case of Delan, the auctioneer, who was temporarily enjoined from selling at auction at night, on the ground of its being in violation of a statute dating back to 1817, came up for argument yesterday before Judge Larremore, in Chambers of the Court of Common Pleas, on an order to show cause why the injunction should not be continued. Judge Larremore took the papers, but intimated that if the Mayor had any color of authority for ordering Captain Leary to prohibit sales at auction at night he would not interfere, but should most certainly do so if no such right was established.

THE DAVENPORT EXAMINATION.

The further hearing of the charges against John I. Davenport was resumed yesterday in the United States Circuit Court, No. 27 Chambers street, before Judge Woodruff.

AN ERROR IN THE COMPLAINT.

At the opening of the day's proceedings,

Judge Woodruff said he had not discovered until this morning that the complaint in this case was not signed; it was not even said who the complainants were.

Mr. Wingate—The names of the complainants are in the printed papers before Your Honor. There is a paper signed by me as counsel and attorney for the complainants. The charges as made by these gentlemen were sent to you as judge.

Judge Woodruff—They were sent to me asking me in my private capacity as a citizen to remove this gentleman. I said I could not act on any such application as that. I did not discover until this morning that there are no charges in this case regularly filed. It is extraordinary, but I may have been misled owing to my own carelessness.

Mr. Wingate—Counsel on the other side pressed me most strenuously to preceed with these charges.

Later on in the day Mr. Wingate said counsel had waived all technicality about the signing of the charges, provided they would be put in proper shape so as to be dealt with by the Court.

DAVENPORT AGAIN ON THE STAND.

Mr. Davenport again went on the stand and said in reference to the cases of Doran, Lewis, Maguire and Haggerty, after the election of 1873 he was called upon by Alfred T. Ackert, as counsel for these men, and asked to see the papers against them; he said he would give him those papers if he would put the request in writing, which Mr. Ackert did; Mr. Davenport then, acting on this request, gave to Mr. Ackert the papers; the room he occupied at the Fifth Avenue Hotel was never used by him for political purposes. He denied the statement of one of the Mr. Langbiens that the name of Mr. Thomas J. Creamer was mentioned to him as bail for Mr. Heinrich; Mr. Creamer's name was never mentioned to him as bail; he never knew to what political party Doran, Maguire, Lewis and Haggerty belonged; did not know that they were inspectors of election—in fact, he cared nothing about it; has had nothing to do with inspectors of election in the city of New York since he became an officer of this court; he was not at Police Headquarters during the election of 1873, but once, and that was on private business; prior to the election day he had not known Mr. Oliver Charlick by sight; he declined to act as delegate at conventions, with the exception of the State Convention of 1873, and he stated that he had rarely voted at primaries.

By Mr. Wingate—I do not consider that I have been during the last three years an active republican politician; so far as consultations go I have taken an active part for the republican party; I have lists of the persons who have voted at the elections in New York for the past three years; I keep my papers in my own offices, and if the District Attorney requires them I will send them to him; I do not know if Jimmy O'Brien supported the republican party in 1872 on local issues; I stated to Mr. Barrett that Mr. O'Neill had demanded an examination; that there was no one there to go bail for him, and that if there was I should refuse to take it; one of the charges against me is that I have been in the habit of issuing warrants at places other than at my office; I have stated the circumstances under which I have done so; I have issued warrants at places other than at my office, and I have taken bail at places other than my office.

TESTIMONY OF GEORGE W. LYON.

George W. Lyon, Assistant District Attorney for the county, deposed that he was employed in connection with Mr. Davenport in the Committee of of Elections of the Committee of Seventy, from October, 1871, to June, 1872; part of that time the rooms of the committee were at No. 39 Union square and part of the time in Fourth avenue; was familiar with the way in which Mr. Davenport discharged his business as Commissioner; I never knew him to issue warrants in blank, and I had better opportunities, so far as I know, than any one else of judging; I was in the room at the Fifth Avenue Hotel when the complaint was made against Mr. Heinrichs; Mr. Heinrichs demanded an examination; Mr. Langbien, Mr. Rollwagen and others were present; at that time Mr. Davenport took the justification of Mr. Reigleman; when Mr. Heinrichs knew that he was to go to jail he was much exercised; Mr. Davenport then took Mr. Reigleman's justification, and said that on Monday he would take his bail if he found it satisfactory; Mr. Ely never offered to go bail for Mr. Heinrichs, but asked his release solely on the ground that he was one of his constituents.

To Mr. Wingate—I am Secretary of the Republican General Committee; I have been pretty much with Mr. Davenport at election times; at the election of 1872 I was up with him until five o'clock on the morning of election.

TESTIMONY OF BERNARD M'GAFFNEY.

Bernard McGaffney sworn—I never swore to an affidavit before Mr. Davenport, either at the Jackson Club House or at No. 39 Union square.

TESTIMONY OF FREDERICK BERNARD.

Frederick Bernard, Deputy United States Marshal, deposed, in reference to the election of 1873, that he executed five warrants as special deputy; these warrants were given to him to execute at about five o'clock on the evening before election; arrested one of the parties at Thirty-fourth street; sent to the residences of these men that night and endeavored to find them, but did not succeed.

To Mr. Wingate—On the morning of election I arrested one of the men and the others in the streets; did not have any conversation with Mr. Davenport about the arrests.

TESTIMONY OF CHARLES J. STAHL.

Charles J. Stahl sworn—I am a doctor of medicine; in the election of 1872 I held the position of deputy marshal in the Tenth Assembly district—the district in which Mr. Heinrichs resided; was employed to verify the registry; went to Mr. Heinrichs' house, knocked, and was requested to enter; Mr. Heinrichs and some other persons were there; I asked him if he was Mr. Heinrichs, telling him I had come to verify the registry; I had my badge on my breast; he became exasperated, refused to answer, and threatened me with assault if I did not leave the room; I asked him not to give any trouble, and that if he did I would arrest him; he used a word that I do not like to repeat; I left the house and looked for a police officer, and, finding one, I requested him to assist me; he asked me what person; I said Mr. Heinrichs was the person, and showed him the house; he refused to have anything to do with the matter, saying I should not arrest a man so influential in the ward as Mr. Heinrichs; I was unable to get any facts from Mr. Heinrichs: I made a complaint before Mr. Davenport (witness identifies the complaint); the facts stated in that affidavit are true.

To Mr. Wingate—I am a practicing physician and have been since 1868.

Q. When you went into Mr. Heinrichs' house, what was the first question you put to him? A. I think I asked him, "Are you Mr. Heinrichs?" I am unable to say if he said he was Mr. Heinrichs.

Q. Did you testify on the examination before Mr. Davenport that you asked him if his name was Heinrichs and that he said it was? A. I cannot say.

Q. Did you read the report of your examination that appeared in the HERALD on the following day? A. I did not, but I read it in some paper, what paper I cannot say; I am positive I told Mr. Heinrichs that I came there for the purpose of verifying the registry; I am almost sure I said this.

Q. Can you swear that you told Mr. Heinrichs you were a deputy marshal? A. He knew it; I cannot say whether I did or not; he said he had answered all questions at the polls; I had seen Mr. Heinrichs once or twice before without taking any particular notice of him; knew that he was a property holder.

The witness was pressed to say where he received his commission, and Mr. Davenport said he was willing to admit that it was at the John J. O'Brien club room.

Q. At the first examination of Mr. Heinrichs were you in Mr. Davenport's private room?

Mr. Davenport—That is admitted in the answer.

TESTIMONY OF MR. W. C. BARRETT.

Mr. W. C. Barrett was recalled by Mr. Wingate. He said he never knew the cause of Mr. O'Neill's arrest until the Wednesday after the election; when he went to the rooms, at No. 39 Union square, he could not find out from any one what O'Neill was charged with; thinks that Mr. Bliss is mistaken in saying that he was there on that occasion; Mr. Davenport's manner was dictatorial.

To Mr. Davenport—I did not protest in the Committee of Seventy against the payment to you of certain sums as counsel on the ground that they were excessive; I voted for a certain sum to be paid to you, as the records prove.

TESTIMONY OF FREDERICK ROLLWAGEN, JR.

Frederick Rollwagen, Jr., testified that he went to the Fifth Avenue Hotel with previous witness, and there saw Mr. Davenport and Mr. Bliss; asked Mr. Davenport to release Mr. Heinrichs; Mr. Davenport said he had set down the examination for Monday, and that under no circumstance would he release Mr. Heinrich; witness said any amount of bail could be got; Mr. Davenport said it was not necessary, that under no circumstance would he release him; thinks nothing was said as to the responsibility of Mr. Reigleman; does not think anything was said about Mr. Davenport being engaged in an inquiry as to Mr. Reigleman's responsibility.

TESTIMONY OF PATRICK TANNAM.

Patrick Tannam sworn:—I know Patrick Connolly, who is known by the name of "Gallows Pat;" from what I know of his general character for truth and veracity I would not believe him under oath.

To Mr. E. K. Phelps—I knew that Connolly was a repeater; Mr. O'Neill asked me if I knew Connolly was a repeater, and I said I did.

TESTIMONY OF BERNARD O'NEILL.

Bernard O'Neill was recalled:—The complaint of Connolly upon which a warrant was issued was handed to me; I said that the charge in the complaint was not true; in the month of October, 1870, did not have any conversation with "Gallows Pat;" from April, 1870, to October, 1870, did not have any conversation with "Gallows Pat;" he charged me with having made a corrupt arrangement with him to repeat; that charge is utterly false.

Mr. Wingate wanted now to show to what political party "Gallows Pat" belonged, but Judge Woodruff ruled it out.

BUSINESS IN THE OTHER COURTS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Decisions.

By Judge Donohue.

Rouss vs. Aronson; Clough vs. Tuttle; Friedman vs. Friedlander; Hutchinson vs. Jewell; Patrick vs. Lemist; Graham vs. Tullach; Green vs. Germania Insurance Company; Jansen vs. Barr; McCullough vs. Dutch; Gilchrist vs. Carrington; Barker vs. Pardee; See vs. Simpson; Wallace vs. Bates; Creveling vs. Daly; Cannor vs. Hammigan; Kurzman vs. Augerman; Bhende vs. Mackinley; Reid vs. Burnes; Wertgate vs. Boylan; Goelet vs. Libby; Oakley vs. Hamans; Dudent vs. Heath; May vs. Donovan; May vs. Besier; Rorbach vs. Wiltsie; The Chatham National Bank vs. Lachenmeyer; Wert vs. Priest; in the matter of McMahon; Wagner vs. Pessercker; Cooke vs. Biest; Risley vs. Buckley; Westervelt vs. Decker; Kelso vs. Green; Greene vs. The Hanover Insurance Company; Marquana vs. Marsh Land Company; Green vs. Niagara Insurance Company; Bell vs. Braisted; Manufacturers and Builders' Bank vs. Cushman; Cook vs. Price; Richardson vs. Vanderpool; Miller vs. Manwaring; Frank vs. Kambach; Voorhies vs. Merritt; Clansen vs. Yost.—Granted.

Schappert vs. Sulzer; Livingston vs. White.—Motions denied.

Donnolly vs. Young; Livingston vs. White; Howard vs. Dunsenbury; Vanderburgh vs. Hallock.—Denied.

Ross vs. Senior; The Citizens National Bank of Waterbury vs. Hamill.—Memorandums.

In the Matter of Darley; Weber vs. Weber; Bend vs. Quicksilver Mine Company; Hendricks vs. Ingersoll.—Orders granted.

By Judge Barrett.

Smith vs. Donolon (Nos. 1 and 2).—Memorandum.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Decisions.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Levy vs. Levy; Bronson vs. Bronson; Spring vs. Hubbard.—Findings settled.

Jones et al. vs. Butler et al.; Post vs. Weil—Opinions.

SUPERIOR COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Decisions.

By Judges Freedman, Van Vorst and Speir.

Cary vs. Gregory; Bloodgood vs. Same.—Judgments reversed and new trials ordered, with costs to appellants, to abide the events. Opinions by Judge Freedman.

Morgan vs. Halladay.—Order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Judge Freedman.

Wicks vs. Hatch et al.—Plaintiff's objection overruled and judgment ordered for defendants on the verdict, with costs. Opinion by Judge Freedman.

Ryan vs. Thompson.—Plaintiff's exceptions overruled and judgment for defendant on the verdict, with costs. Opinion by Judge Van Vorst.

Jones vs. Barlow et al.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Judge Van Vorst.

Osborn vs. Gants; Graves vs. Lovell.—Judgments affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Judge Speir.

By Judges Van Vorst and Speir.

Fellows vs. Muller et al.—Order modified by striking out the second defence and otherwise reversed: no costs to either side. Opinion by Judge Van Vorst.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Decisions.

By Judge Van Vorst.

Smith et al. vs. Smith.—The order was settled in conformity with decision. Re-settlement denied.

MARINE COURT—CHAMBERS.

Decisions.

By Judge Alker.

Quick vs. Quimby; Richardson vs. Reed; Hanger vs. Hernstein; The New York Rectifying Company vs. Herzberg; McEwan vs. Green; The New Haven Copper Company vs. Smith and another; Miller vs. Conklin; Stilwell vs. Morris; Kayser vs Schwab; Shaw vs. Burke; Porteous vs. Murray; Sweeny vs. Whitston; The Standard Rectifying Company vs. Kemmelstein.—Motions granted.

Hendhaugh and another vs. Lane; Vail vs. Murphy.—Defendants' default noted.

Frank vs. Peiper.—Dismissed.

Merrell vs. Foley.—Motion granted.

Cary vs. Lynch.—Motion denied.

Hirsh vs. Ottenheimer.—Motion granted.

By Judge McAdam.

Woods vs. Ruggles.—Receiver appointed.

Peary vs. Smith.—Decision filed.

Ferguson vs. The Mayor, &c.—Motion denied, without costs.

Simon vs. Rummelsberg.—Motion granted on payment of $15 costs.

Griswold vs. Hogg.—Motion denied, without costs; the papers on appeal to be submitted to Judges Joachimsen, Alker and McAdam on or before November 10, 1874.

Lemon vs. Lankenau.—Motion denied.

Levison vs. Keogh.—Motion granted on payment of $10 costs.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Judge Sutherland.

The November term of the Court of General Sessions was opened yesterday morning, Judge Sutherland presiding. A Grand Jury was empanelled, and, before entering on their duties, His Honor briefly charged them upon the general business that would be brought before them. He alluded to the increase of crime in this city and said that whatever its cause might be it was the duty of the Grand Jury to find indictments against the perpetrators and the duty of the courts to try and to punish the offenders.

Pleas of Guilty.

John Hays pleaded guilty of an attempt at grand larceny; sent to the State Prison for two years and six months. John McGuire pleaded guilty to petit larceny from the person; sent to the State Prison for four years. Otto Biskennholtz pleaded guilty to assault and battery; sent to the Penitentiary for a year.

A Disagreement.

James Campbell, tried for robbery, had been jointly indicted with two others, one of whom has been tried and convicted, while the other has not yet been brought to trial. The evidence showed that an assault was made on Michael Mooney, on the night of the 4th of September last, at the corner of Thirteenth street and Second avenue, and that an attempt was made to rob him, although no money or other property was taken from him. He identified the prisoner as one of the parties who assaulted him. The defence was an alibi and the jury, after being out all the afternoon, failed to agree and were discharged.

Acquitted.

William Haggy was tried for an assault with a dangerous weapon upon the person of a fellow laborer, named John Connolly, on Monday morning of last week, but the jury promptly acquitted him on the ground of self-defence. The Court adjourned till Wednesday.

JEFFERSON MARKET POLICE COURT.

Alleged Heavy Swindle.

Before Judge Flammer.

A man named Nathan Aaronson was arraigned yesterday on three separate charges of obtaining furniture and other household goods under false pretences, amounting to not less than $4,000 in value. Mr. George Hoyt, salesman for the firm of Braunsdorff & Metz, No. 168 West Thirty-fourth street, alleged that Aaronson came to their place on the 24th of September, representing himself as responsible, and wishing to furnish the house No. 515 Madison avenue, for his family. On this occasion Aaronson selected about $700 worth of furniture, and directed that the bill should be sent to his office, corner of Houston and Mercer streets. The furniture selected was delivered. A second lot, valued at $235, was called for on the 2d of October by Aaronson. This was also delivered, the purchaser promising to pay in cash for all. Mr. Hoyt called for the payment of the bill, and a check dated some weeks ahead was offered. This was refused. It was subsequently discovered, on the 16th of October, that part of the goods had been removed to an auction room at No. 477 Pearl street, from which place they were replevined.

Gross & Co., of No. 226 West Twenty-third street, were imposed on in the same manner to the amount of $377 50. Davidson, Nicoll & Co., of No. 814 Lexington avenue, supplied Aaronson with glass and silverware amounting to $275, with which to furnish his house. There were several other complainants in Court yesterday afternoon who had been victimized in like manner, but their affidavits were not taken. The examination was set down for next Thursday, and Aaronson, who was arrested after a long search by Officer Dakin, of the court squad, yesterday morning, was committed without bail.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

COURT OF SESSIONS.

Sentence of Prisoners.

Before Judge Moore.

Thomas Tyndall, who was convicted of indecent assault on a girl, was arraigned and sentenced to the State Prison for five years.

James Young, for assault and battery, was sentenced to the Penitentiary for three months.

John Kelly, convicted of petit larceny, and Owen Ward, for carrying concealed weapons, were sent to jail for ten days.

SUPREME COURT.

Decisions.

By Judge Pratt.

Richmond F. Campbell vs. J. L. Jackson.—I think injunction should be confirmed on plaintiff's depositing with G. M. Stevens, clerk, a certified check for $2,700, payable to his order, to be used to satisfy any claim defendant may have on the within described property, and paying costs and discontinuing action in City Court, and stipulating to refer this action if defendant so elect; otherwise denied. $10 costs.

W. H. Morton vs. H. Weir.—Motion to set aside report denied. $10 costs. Westchester.

Brooklyn Trust Company vs. Hempstead and Rockaway Railroad Company.—I think the Trust Company is bound to bid on the property up to a sum sufficient to protect the interest of the bondholders; that is, such an amount as will prevent a sacrifice, the sum to be determined by the Justice considering all the facts and circumstances and using his best discretion. Motion to adjourn sale was denied, without prejudice.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Decisions in Important Cases.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

The Supreme Court to-day rendered the following decisions:—No. 39. The United States vs. Ritchie—Error to the Circuit Court for Maryland.—This was an action against Ritchie to recover income tax assessed on his compensation as State's Attorney for Frederick county, Maryland. The judgment below was for the officer, and it is here affirmed on the authority of the Collector vs. Day (11 Wall), it being held in substance that in ascertaining the amount of a State officer's income for the purpose of collecting the income tax the assessor cannot include the salary or fees which the officer receives under State laws as compensation for the discharge of his duties. The Chief Justice delivered the opinion.

The Chief Justice also delivered the opinion in No. 26, Grasholz et al. vs. Newman et al. in equity. The case is from the Western district of Texas, affirming the decree there rendered, which refused to set aside a certain deed because the wife's dower was not passed by her joinder in the instrument, holding that the facts developed in reference to the property did not require her assignment of dower to convey a good title. No other opinions were rendered.

The case of the State of Maryland vs. the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company was then taken up, involving the question whether the contract of loan made by the State by the act of 1835 and accepted by the company was such a contract as made the company liable to pay the interest provided for payable in the form of a dividend in gold, notwithstanding the provisions of the Legal Tender act, or whether it was an ordinary contract which could be discharged in currency. The lower Court decided in favor.

THE BRYANT BURGLARY.

Arrest of Known Thieves on Suspicion of Stealing the Stamp Man's Hoarded Gold.

When the apartments of Luther Bryant, the old coin and postage stamp operator, were robbed, as he alleges, of some $70,000 in gold and other treasure, while he was locked up in the Tombs for buying stolen postage stamps from the office boys of downtown firms, as published in the HERALD some days since, no clew appeared pointing to the perpetrators of the robbery. The case was placed in the hands of Williamson and Riley, of the Central office, to work up. The task seemed a hopeless one, but they went to work with a will. They soon after noticed Robert Murray, alias Bobby the Welshman. The latter's picture is in the Rogue's gallery. Eighteen years ago Bobby and Sharkey, the escaped murderer, were convicted in the Special Sessions of pocket picking and sentenced to the Penitentiary for six months. The time when Murray came under the surveillance of the officers was just a day or two after the commission of the Bryant robbery. He was then unusually flush of money, was drinking and spending freely. In his barroom conversations he was heard occasionally to talk about the Bryant "steal," as he called it, and remark that the "knucks had a good thing of it." The detectives also noticed that George, alias Pat Reilly, another notorious thief, was constantly in company with the Welshman. They are known to the police as "solid pals." The latter was also on the carouse and flung greenbacks around with a free hand. It was further discovered at this juncture that Annie, the wife of Bobby the Welshman, had left the Boulevard, a saloon where she was employed, and mysteriously disappeared. The trouble now was to find out where the thieves lived. This was a difficulty, but the indefatigable detectives did not flag nor fail until this was ascertained. On Friday last they piped Murray to No. 52 Stanton street, where they arrested him. On searching the premises they found an ivory handled silk umbrella, a pawn ticket for a revolver and a quantity of postage stamps. All these things were subsequently identified by the old man Bryant as a part of the property stolen from him. Murray's wife was also arrested the same evening. On being taked to the Central Office, and without having been told why she had been arrested, she voluntarily remarked, "I know nothing about it, officers." On last Saturday Pat Reilly was arrested by the same detectives at No. 252 West Eighteenth street. In his possession there was also found a gentleman's umbrella, which Bryant identifies as his. Yesterday the three prisoners were taken before Justice Kasmire at the Tombs Police Court. The woman Annie, who is a good looking person, was handsomely dressed in a brown sealskin sacque and silk dress. She is about twenty-four years of age. Reilly and Bobby the Welshman are each about thirty years old, sharp and hardened looking.

Counsellor Schwab, who appeared on behalf of the prisoners, asked for the discharge of Annie on the ground that, inasmuch as she was the wife of Murray, and if concerned at all in the alleged robbery was acting under her husband's coercion. The Court consented to let Annie go. The other prisoners were held without bail for further examination on Thursday next.

The detectives say that the prospect of recovering most of the gold "swag" taken by the thieves is good.

JERSEY JUSTICE.

In the Mercer County Courts at Trenton yesterday the following sentences were passed on persons convicted at the term just closed:—Edward Thompson, colored, arson, five years in the State Prison; Leo Nugent, a notorious rough, assault and battery and malicious mischief, three months in the County Jail and a fine of $2 and costs; Theodore H. Lawrence (a deputy keeper in the State Prison), adultery, fined $50 and costs; Louis Norris, indecent assault on a young, innocent girl, ninety days in the County Jail; John Rogers, petit larceny, one year in the State Prison; James Stout, Jr., colored, grand larceny, one year in the State Prison; John Carr, atrocious assault and battery, three months in the County Jail; James Cody, assault and battery, three months in the County Jail and a fine of $50 and costs; Michael Joyce, resisting an officer, sixty days in the County Jail; Tobias Armstrong, an attempt to commit felony and burglary, ninety days in the County Jail and a fine of $50 and costs; Charles Eldridge, grand larceny, fine of $50 and costs; William Hobbing, grand larceny, six months in the County Jail. The court room was densely packed by the unwashed and unterrified during the proceedings.

NEW YORK CITY.

A regular monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held on Thursday next, at the rooms of the Chamber, No. 63 William street.

Cumulative voting will not be effectual to a candidate to-day. Writing a name more than once on a ticket will not insure more than a single vote.

A call was issued for a meeting of the Board of Apportionment yesterday, but at the appointed hour, half-past three P. M., no quorum was present. The object was to issue assessment bonds to carry on the public works.

We notice that the Young Men's Christian Association of Yorkville are advocating a first rate course of lectures. The names of the lecturers are Daniel Dougherty, George Vandenhoff, W. S. Andrews, Bayard Taylor and John B. Gough.

The thief who robbed Mrs. Josiphene Hang last Thursday and on being arrested gave his name as John O'Neill, is not O'Neill at all, but John Blake, of No. 623 Washington street. John O'Neill is a resident of the same house and is a respectable young man.

The agent of the Inman line having withdrawn the steamships City of Chester and the City of Richmond, regularly scheduled for the 7th and 14th inst., and substituting steamers of a slower grade, the Postmaster General has ordered the United States mails for Great Britain and Ireland of the above dates to be conveyed by the White Star Company's steamers Oceanic and Republic.

Coroner Croker was yesterday morning notified to hold an inquest upon John S. Ebaugh, aged seventy-nine years, who died at the Park Hospital last night from injuries received on Monday last, at Broadway and Fulton street, by being run over by a Madison avenue stage. Mr. Ebaugh, who resided at No. 13 East Hamilton square, Jersey City, was a missionary clergyman attached to the Reformed Church.

A committee of the American Society of Civil Engineers visited the Exchange on Saturday, and with several prominent members discussed the subject as to the best means of delivering, storing and distributing freight at this point, especially grain. Nothing definite, however, was done. The annual report of the Exchange is now ready for delivery to the members, and a few copies will be sold to non-members at $3 per volume. It contains over 100 pages more than the last annual report, and the statistics furnished are exceedingly interesting and valuable to the business community.

WESTCHESTER.

Yonkers, like "Oliver Twist," is still crying for "more" express trains from New York, via Thirtieth street.

Larchmont, in the town of Mamaroneck, boasts an artesian well which has reached a depth of more than nine hundred feet.

A religious revival is in progress among the Methodists at Golden's Bridge, the Rev. R. H. Travis conducting the meeting.

The re-erection of the public hall destroyed by fire at Sing Sing some months ago has just been completed, and the villagers appear to be greatly rejoiced thereat.

Several citizens in Mount Vernon have subscribed the requisite funds for the employment of a night force of independent police to patrol that village during the coming winter.

Every person, without regard to "race, color or previous condition of servitude," who has a vote, found warm friends among the busy politicians throughout the county yesterday.

The pressure of a probably severe winter is already being felt around the extensive marble quarries at Tuckahoe, where a large number of skilled workmen have been discharged for lack of employment.

It has been definitely agreed upon by the property owners interested in the project that the extension of Warburton avenue, Yonkers, west of the Croton Aqueduct, to the town of Greenburg, shall have a uniform width of sixty-six feet.

An unusually large number of gypsies have passed through the county within the last few days, their starting points and destination being among those abstruse things that "no fellow can understand." In some instances the nomadic bands have encamped near the public roads, causing not a little annoyance to the rural residents by their boisterous and unseemly merriment. One gentleman, who had been thrown from his buggy owing to the horse having been frightened while passing a group of gypsies temporarily located near White Plains, ventured to remonstrate with them, and was peremptorily ordered to leave the encampment under pain of being instantly shot. It is almost needless to add that on this hint he acted.

STATEN ISLAND.

A young man named Andrew Hanson, an employé in the Lighthouse Department at Tompkinsville, yesterday fell from the stoop of Adams' Hotel and down a steep bank, breaking one of his legs. He was taken to the Smith Infirmary for treatment.

Work upon the new buildings at the Bostwick docks, Tompkinsville, is nearly completed. Twenty-five mechanics were paid off and discharged on Saturday night. Only two of the docks will be housed in at present, and they will be finished this week. The work upon the large brick structure for other storage will be completed by the beginning of December.

Great numbers of gunners from New York and Brooklyn went to Staten Island by the ferryboats yesterday, there being twenty-four counted on the seven o'clock boat alone—all going rabbit hunting, as the limitation against shooting them expired on the 1st inst. The Richmond County Shooting Association are keeping a watchful eye upon them, and any violation of the game laws will be promptly punished. Two men from New York, named John Fitzgibbons and John Bischoff, were arraigned before Justice Kane at Clifton, merely for carrying guns within the village limits of Edgewater on Sunday. They were discharged with a reprimand.

THE STEVENS BATTERY.

The United States Navy the Highest Bidder.

Governor Parker, Vice Chancellor Dodd and the executors of Edwin S. Stevens, a commission appointed by the Legislature last winter to receive proposals for the sale of the Stevens Battery, yesterday at the State House in Trenton opened communications containing the bids. According to the act of the Legislature relating to the sale of this huge ship the time set down was the 1st of July last, but the Commission deeming that from the passage of the act to that time sufficient opportunity was not accorded to effect a proper sale, the time was extended to the 2d of the present month. The terms are as follows:—Ten per cent of the purchase money must be paid within ten days of notification, and on the first instalment being made the deed is to be delivered. The remainder of the purchase money is to be paid in four equal instalments, sixty days intervening between each. The following bids were received:—

T. F. Rowland, Brooklyn, N. Y., total offer for the fifteen lots, $80,000.

The Chief of Bureau of Construction and Repairs of the United States Navy Department, for all of the lots, $145,000. This bid was accompanied with a proviso that if any foreign government offered more, with the intention of removing the ship from the United States, then the United States Navy Department would increase their bid so as to exceed any such offer, subject, however, to the approval of Congress, which would have to make an appropriation for that purpose.

John Roach, New York, for total lots, $105,000.

John Stewart, New York, for lots 14 and 15, $3,000.

H. McKay, No. 52 Broadway, New York, for total lots, $50,000.

J. H. Wiggins, New York, for total lots, $60,000.

John F. Feffenly, No. 533 Water street, New York, for lots 14 and 15, $4,500.

N. Lassar & Son, Hoboken, for lots 14 and 15, $5,274, and for lot 1, which consists of the hull, $20 per ton for the scrap iron, and $2,600 for another lot.

A. Pervis & Son, Philadelphia, for lots 1 to 14, $52,000, and for lots 14 and 15, $5,200.

The Commission will make an informal announcement of the highest bidder immediately, but no final decision will be arrived at till the meeting of the next Legislature, when that body will be called upon to take whatever legal action is required in the matter. It is necessary that the Legislature should confirm the action of the Commission in order to make the sale valid.

MURDER NEAR WANAQUE, N. J.

About eleven o'clock on Wednesday night last a homicide occurred near Wynockie, or Wanaque, in Passaic county, N. J., a mile or two above the well known country hotel of "Coon" Tice. The name of the victim of the tragedy was James Luke, alias Decker, well known throughout the upper end of the county as a fish and charcoal dealer, but more particularly as a violinist, in which capacity his services were in frequent requisition among the rustics of the locality. He was sixty-five years of age and the father of twenty-two children.

It seems that he had, while intoxicated, spoken pretty freely of a woman living in the vicinity, named Sarah Cronk, the wife of a laborer. The woman in question is about twenty-five years of age. Luke (or Decker) had been in the habit of visiting the house, but since the circulation of these reports derogatory to her character Mrs. Cronk had forbidden him to come to the house or have anything to do with her or speak to her, and she threatened to shoot him if he persisted in coming near her again. In spite of this, on Saturday night, Luke, who must have been under the influence of liquor, attempted to enter Cronk's place about eleven o'clock, when he was shot through the head at the very threshold of the front door.

The neighbors who heard the shot ran to the spot, when they found the man lying in front of the door. He was quite dead and a portion of his brain exuded from the wound in his head.

Mrs. Cronk acknowledged without the least hesitation, that she fired the shot and killed the man, and even minutely and coolly described the way in which she did it. Her husband was in the house, however, and many of the neighbors believe that he himself committed the deed. Both husband and wife were placed under arrest and an investigation of the affair was ordered by the local authorities. Sympathy seems to prevail with the woman.

THIEVES AT WORK IN JERSEY.

The gang of thieves who have been "working" Hudson county for several months past again effected an entrance into the house of ex-Alderman Thomas, in Hudson street, Hoboken, last evening, having smashed out the door panels. They failed to ransack the house, however, and contented themselves with an overcoat which they found hanging in the hallway. The burglars are probably the same individuals who "cleaned out" the house of W. W. Shippen recently.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Cigar Making in Tenements Declared Not Prejudicial to Health.

The Board of Health at its meeting yesterday received the report of the Sanitary Superintendent, transmitting the result of the investigation ordered some weeks ago into the alleged unwholesomeness of tobacco working in tenement houses. The report, after recording a mass of statistics, presents the following conclusions, comparing the operatives in tenement houses with those in the large factories:—

We find that the home workers have more air space, as good ventilation, light and food; that their apartments are quite as cleanly, that their children appear as healthy as the shop workers; in addition to this, they earn more money, are enabled to live in better quarters, have better food, and can afford more of the luxuries and elegances of life, and in so far are living under better hygienic conditions; that they pass their hours of sleep under probably as favorable conditions, and that they do not, as a rule, occasion any nuisance to their neighbors. With all this, however, there is evidence enough that the manufacture of cigars is not a healthful employment; but we believe that its evil effects are equally felt by those who work in shop or at home.

NEUROLOGICAL SOCIETY.

The New York Neurological Society held a regular meeting last evening at the hall of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Twenty-fourth street and Fourth avenue, Professor William A. Hammond, M. D., presiding. The minutes of the previous meeting having been passed upon, a short obituary notice of the late F. E. Anstie, M. D., of London, England, was read by Dr. Edwards Clarke. At the conclusion of the paper the Chairman announced that, owing to the absence of Dr. James J. O'Dea, discussion on the paper entitled "The Philosophy of Science," read at the previous meeting, would be deferred. Dr. John C. Peters then read an elaborate paper on "Neurotics," entering minutely into some specific branches of the subject, after which Professor Hammond presented a remarkable specimen of a case of cerebral hemorrhage.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Engaged.

FLATTO—MINTZ.—Mr. SAMUEL FLATTO to Miss ANNIE MINTZ, daughter of B. Mintz, Esq., both of this city. No cards.

Married.

FRASER—PANTON.—On Wednesday, October 28, at St. Thomas' church, New Haven, Conn., by the Rev. Charles Strong, of Stratford, JAMES W. C. FRASER, Esq., of Hopeton, Jamaica, West Indies, to E. LOUISE, daughter of the late George B. Panton.

English and Jamaica papers please copy.

GABAY—PETTIGREW.—On Thursday, October 22, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. Charles S. Robinson, D. D., HENRY G. GABAY to GERTRUDE A., second daughter of Robert Pettigrew, Esq., all of this city.

WILLIAMSON—SUTTON.—On Wednesday evening, October 21, 1874, at the residence of the bride's father, according to the Order of Friends, GEORGE F. WILLIAMSON, of Brooklyn, to LYDIA H., daughter of THOMAS U. SUTTON, of New York.

Died.

BLACKMAN.—On Sunday, November 1, of Bright's disease of the kidneys, FREDERICK BLACKMAN, aged 52 years.

Remains interred in family vault at Cypress Hill Cemetery.

Cincinnati and Newburg papers please copy.

BROWN.—On Sunday, November 1, KATIE BELL, only daughter of C. A. and the late Annie L. Brown, aged 10 months and 23 days.

The relatives and friends, also members of Mosaic Lodge No. 418, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at No. 26 Second street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Tuesday, November 3, at two P. M.

CAMPBELL.—On Monday, November 2, 1874, RALPH CAMPBELL, a native of county Monahan, in his 49th year.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 372 Greenwich street, on Wednesday, the 4th instant, at one P. M.

CHAPMAN.—On Sunday, November 1, LEILA, infant daughter of Edwin O. and Adelia Chapman, aged 1 year, 3 months and 21 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 61 Waverley street, Jersey City Heights, on Wednesday, at twelve o'clock.

CHEEVER.—On Sunday evening, November 1, of consumption, EUGENE S. CHEEVER, aged 29 years and 3 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Church of the Transfiguration, No. 1 East Twenty-ninth street, on Tuesday, 3d inst., at ten o'clock A. M.

COLES.—On Saturday, October 31, 1874, Mrs. JANE COLES, in the 44th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, 3d inst., at one o'clock P. M., from the residence of her niece, Mrs. William Morrison, 57 Hicks street, Brooklyn.

CONWAY.—In Brooklyn, on Saturday, October 30, 1874, NEIL CONWAY, in the 59th year of his age.

Relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral. The remains will be taken from his late residence, 260 Water street, to the Church of the Assumption, corner of York and Jay streets, on Tuesday morning, November 3, at half-past eight o'clock, where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul, and from thence to the Cemetery of the Holy Cross for interment.

DEMAREST.—At Highlands, N. J., on Monday morning, November 2, 1874, H. ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of Henry P. and Hannah Demarest, aged 20 years 3 months and 9 days.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services on Wednesday, November 4, at twelve o'clock M., from house and one o'clock P. M. at the South church. Northern train leaves foot of Chambers street 10:45 A. M.; Jersey City and Albany train leaves foot of Cortland street 8:20 A. M.

DRUMMOND.—M. J. DRUMMOND, in the 64th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

ELDREDGE.—On Sunday morning, November 1, CHARLES P., eldest son of Joseph C. Eldredge, United States Navy, aged 25 years and 5 months.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend his funeral on Tuesday, November 3, at eleven o'clock A. M., at St. James church, St. James place, between DeKalb and Greene avenues, Brooklyn.

FERRIS.—At Montclair, N. J., on Sunday, November 1, of pneumonia, FLORENCE LOUISE, daughter of Edwin and Catharine J. Ferris, aged 1 year and 4 months.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral service, at the residence of her parents, this day (Tuesday), at half-past three P. M.

FLOCK.—Suddenly, on Monday, November 2, MARIA, beloved wife of Alfred Flock, aged 66 years, 4 months and 9 days.

Death has been here and gone away;
A mother from our side.
It was in the morning of May,
And too young for her to die.
She hung around her children's necks,
As if on earth to stay;
But our Saviour would not hold her back,
But took her away.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 335 East Sixty-second street, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock, without further notice.

FLANAGAN.—On Sunday, November 1, 1874, CATHERINE FLANAGAN, the beloved wife of Michael Flanagan, and daughter of Hugh Bullys, of Parascasidy, county Fermanagh, Ireland.

The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 466 Greenwich street, New York, on Tuesday, the 3d inst., at two P. M.

FROIS.—On Sunday, November 1, CYNTHIA GOMEZ, relict of the late Mordecai Frois.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her nephew, Isaac G. Seixas, 523 Greenwich street, on Wednesday, the 4th inst., at ten o'clock A. M.

GAUTIER.—On Sunday, November 1, MARY, wife of Augustus Gautier, in the 47th year of her age.

Funeral services will take place at one o'clock, at No. 16 Vandam street. Members of Alpha Chapter, No. 1, and the Order in general, are invited to attend.

GOODMAN.—On Saturday, October 31, JOHN GOODMAN, in the 38th year of his age, late in the grocery business at No. 211 East Fifty-ninth street, a native of county Monaghan, parish of Donamine.

His friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Tuesday, November 3, at two o'clock P. M., from the residence of his sister, No. 159 East Fifty-second street.

HENNESSY.—On Monday, November 2, MARY, the beloved wife of Patrick Hennessy, in the 25th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 341 East Twenty-second street, on Wednesday, November 4, at two o'clock, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

HUNTER.—On Sunday, November 1, 1874, at the residence of her mother, Eighty-fifth street, corner of Fifth avenue, ELIZABETH H. OGDEN, wife of Henry S. Hunter and daughter of the late Benjamin P. Ogden, of New York city.

The funeral services will take place at the Church of the Beloved Disciples, Eighty-ninth street, corner of Madison avenue, on Wednesday, 4th inst., at eleven o'clock A. M.

KELLY.—On Monday, November 2, about noon, at his residence, 309 West Nineteenth street, after a brief illness, JAMES KELLY, Inspector of Schools, in the 72d year of his age.

Notice of funeral to-morrow.

KIRKPATRICK.—On Monday, November 2, MARY KIRKPATRICK, in the 37th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral on Wednesday, November 4, at eleven o'clock, from the residence of her brother, Thomas Kirkpatrick, No. 67 West Forty-seventh street.

KNIGHT.—On Monday morning, November 2, JANE, eldest daughter of Johnston and Sarah H. Knight, granddaughter of Joseph P. Quin.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 349 West Thirtieth street, at one o'clock P. M. on Wednesday, 4th inst.

LINDEMANN.—On Monday, November 2, ANNA MARIA, youngest daughter of Charles and Anna Lindemann, aged 2 years, 9 months and 17 days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, 266 Garden street, Hoboken, on Tuesday, the 3d inst., at half-past one o'clock P. M.

MONNOT.—At Clasor Point, on Wednesday, October 28, 1874, JOHN B. MONNOT, in the 61st year of his age.

Requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Patrick's cathedral, on Wednesday, November 4, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. Friends of the deceased are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

MCANALLY.—On Sunday, November 1, MAGGIE A. MCANALLY, daughter of Daniel and Margaret McAnally, late of Newark, N. J.

Funeral will take place at late residence, No. 7 Willett street, on Wednesday, at nine o'clock A. M. Solemn requiem mass at St. Mary's church. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

Newark (N. J.) and Easton (Pa.) papers please copy.

MCDERMOTT.—On Monday, November 2, MAMIE E., oldest daughter of John and Catherine McDermott, aged 3 years and 6 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, at the residence of her parents, 33 Suffolk street, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

MCGINNIS.—At Jersey City, on Friday, October 30, MARIA VICTORIA, wife of Silas J. McGinnis, and daughter of John De Graw, of Rahway, N. J.; also HARRY MESSERVE, infant son of the above.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from her father's residence, thence to St. Paul's church, on Wednesday, November 4, at half-past two o'clock P. M. Trains leave foot of Cortlandt and Desbrosses street for Rahway, N. J., at 12 and 1 P. M.

MCGOVERN.—On Sunday, November 1, ROSE MCGOVERN, the beloved wife of Patrick McGovern, a native of county Cavan, Ireland, aged 29 years.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, the 3d inst., at two o'clock P. M., from her late residence, 533 East Eleventh street.

MCGRATH.—On Sunday, November 1, ELIZA MCGRATH, a native of the city of Dublin, aged 48 years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, 149 West Thirty-ninth street, to the Church of the Holy Innocents, Thirty-seventh street and Broadway, where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered at half-past nine o'clock for the repose of her soul.

Dublin papers please copy.

NICHOLS.—On Saturday, October 31, Captain JAMES C. NICHOLS, native of Maine, aged 60 years.

Relatives, friends and acquaintances, and members of Baptist church (Dr. Reed's), Macdougal street, near Charlton, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, this day (Tuesday), November 3, at two o'clock P. M. Remains to be interred at Greenwood Cemetery.

Southern and Western papers please copy.

OWEN.—On Sunday, November 1, 1874, GEORGE H. OWEN, M. D., a graduate of the University of the City of New York, in the 32d year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, the 4th inst., at twelve M., from No. 95 Debevoise street, Brooklyn, E. D., and the remains taken to Keyport, N. J., for interment.

PALMER.—On Monday, November 2, PHOEBE, wife of Walter C. Palmer, M. D., in the 67th year of her age.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

PARKS.—On Sunday, November 1, THOMAS PARKS, aged 57 years.

Funeral on Wednesday, November 4, at one o'clock P. M., from his residence, 61 Bloomfield street, Hoboken.

PORTERFIELD.—On Sunday, November 1, WILLIAM BENJAMIN, youngest son of Moses B. and Margaret Ann Porterfield, aged 4 years and 8 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, at one o'clock P. M. this day (Tuesday), 3d inst., from the residence of his parents, Academy of Design, corner Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue.

RAWOLLE.—On Sabbath evening, November 1, EMELINE W., wife of Frederick Rawolle, and daughter of Nicholas D. Herder.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 123d street, east of First avenue, on Wednesday, the 4th inst., at twelve o'clock, without further notice.

RAYNOR.—On Saturday, October 31, after a brief illness, WILLIAM H. RAYNOR, in the 48th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, 784 Fifth avenue, on Tuesday, November 3, at eleven o'clock A. M.

RILEY.—On Sunday, November 1, of marasmus, ELIZABETH FLORENCE, youngest daughter of Robert H. and Elizabeth Riley.

Funeral will take place from 142 Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock.

RILEY.—At Westchester, on Sunday, November 1, EDWARD RILEY, eldest son of the late Peter and Margaret Riley, and son-in-law of the late Richard Canavan.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his brother-in-law, Colonel Edward Murray, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from St. Raymond's church, Westchester, on Wednesday morning, at nine o'clock; from thence to Calvary Cemetery.

SKIDMORE.—On Monday, November 2, ANNE R. SKIDMORE, only daughter of B. F. and Mary L. Skidmore, of New Orleans, in the 18th year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

SMITH.—On Monday, November 2, HENRY SMITH, in the 67th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at his late residence, No. 118 East Twenty-third street, on Wednesday, the 4th inst., at one o'clock P. M.

STEWART.—On Sunday morning, November 1, MARY A. STEWART, aged 67 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 144 Rutledge street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Tuesday, November 3, at one o'clock P. M.

THOMAS.—On Monday, November 2, HUGH E. THOMAS, youngest son of William H. Thomas, deceased, aged 18 years and 8 months.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, November 4, at one o'clock, from the East avenue Baptist church, Long Island City.

Utica papers please copy.

THORNALL.—On Sunday evening, November 1, 1874, at his residence, Menlo Park, New Jersey, ISAAC C. THORNALL, in the 77th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, on Wednesday, November 4, from First Presbyterian church, at Metuchin, N. J., at one o'clock P. M.

TIMM.—At Cold Spring, on the Hudson, on Sunday, November 1, after a brief illness, JOHN TIMM, a native of Birmingham, England, in the 62d year of his age.

Funeral this day (Tuesday), November 3, at two o'clock P. M., from his son's residence, at Cold Spring.

WEGENER.—On Sunday, November 1, at eight o'clock, in the 48th year of her age, CAROLINE WEGENER, the beloved wife of Charles H. W. Wegener.

The relatives and friends of the family, also the members of Solon Lodge, No. 118, I. O. of O. F., also Teutonia Lodge, No. 14, D. O. H., and of Amity Lodge, No. 323, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 48 North Moore street, on Tuesday, November 3, at half-past one o'clock.

WOLF.—On Monday morning, November 2, WILHELM WOLF, born in Holstein, Germany, aged 34 years and 7 months.

The relatives and friends of the family, also Company E, Third regiment of cavalry, N.G.S.N.Y., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the German Presbyterian church corner of Madison and Montgomery streets, on Wednesday, November 4, at one o'clock.

YZQUIERDO.—On Monday, November 2, after a short illness, BALDOMERO A. YZQUIERDO.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Wednesday, the 4th inst., at twelve o'clock M., from his parents' residence 231 West Thirty-second street.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Stocks Fluctuating and Without Feature.

THE MONEY RATE HIGHER.

Gold, 110 3-8—Good Bonds of all Kinds Generally Steady.

THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

WALL STREET, }
MONDAY, Nov. 2—6 P. M. }

The stock market to-day showed considerable indecision, but the fluctuations were neither wide nor suggestive. The leader on the upward movement was Lake Shore, which abates nothing from its firmness, although, as compared with Saturday's quotations, it shows no gain. The highest price of the day was 81, the lowest 80¾ and the closing 80⅝. The next feature was Pacific Mail, which yielded to adverse reports concerning the condition of the steamers Alaska and City of Peking. These caused not only considerable speculation but a sharp decline to the lowest price of the day. Delaware, Lackawanna and Western has been steadily improving for the last week, and it is said that the fact is due to good management and a prospective favorable report of earnings. The general tone of the market was stronger at the opening than toward the close, when the street began to be deserted, obedient to the attractions of the forthcoming day, which gives exemption to all bankers, brokers and employés. We shall therefore have no stock or gold market to report in the usual way. There were no facts developed in the course of transactions that call for comments additional to those which have been heretofore made.

GAINS AND LOSSES.

Compared with the closing prices of Saturday those of to-day will be instructive. They are as follows:—

GAINS.—Atlantic and Pacific preferred, ⅜; Delaware and Lackawana, 1⅛; Hannibal and St. Joseph, ⅛; Ohio and Mississippi, ⅛; Panama, ⅛.

LOSSES.—New York Central, ⅛; Erie, ⅛; Harlem, ⅜; Northwest, common, ⅜; Pacific Mail, ⅞; Rock Island, ⅞; St. Paul, ⅛; Wabash, ⅛; Union Pacific, ⅛; Western Union Telegraph, ⅜.

THE SALES

to-day amounted to 107,000 shares, which were distributed among the principal stocks as follows:—New York Central and Hudson, 3,230; Erie, 2,500; Lake Shore, 32,900; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 500; Northwestern, 3,700; Rock Island, 4,500; Pacific Mail, 22,100; St. Paul, 2,900; do. preferred, 500; Ohios, 3,700; Western Union, 8,500; Wabash, 5,200; Union Pacific, 7,000; C., C. and I. C., 200; Panama, 300; Delaware, Lackawana and Western, 5,600.

HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES.

The following table shows the opening, highest and lowest prices of the day:—

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.
New York Central	102⅛	102⅜	102
Erie	28⅜	28⅜	28⅛
Lake Shore	80⅞	81	80⅝
Wabash	29⅞	29⅞	29⅛
Northwestern	38	38⅛	37⅞
Rock Island	98¼	98⅛	97⅞
Pittsburg	87⅞	87⅞	87⅞
St. Paul	32⅞	33⅛	32⅞
St. Paul pref	50⅞	51	50⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	28	28⅛	28
New Jersey Central	106	106⅛	106
Del., Lack. and Western	108⅛	109½	108⅛
Union Pacific	34⅛	34⅝	34⅛
C., C. and I. C	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜
Western Union	79⅛	79⅞	79⅛
Atlantic and Pacific Tel	18⅛	18⅛	17⅞
Pacific Mail	45⅛	45⅛	44⅝
Panama	115	115	115

THE MONEY MARKET.

Money on call, which on Saturday rated at 2 a 3 per cent, to-day advanced to 4 a 5, and, in exceptional instances, to 6 per cent. Personal exigencies may have had something to do with the sudden change. If there be general causes at work they have not yet developed sufficient force to elicit intelligent comment. Foreign exchange closed quiet and steady at 4.83¾ a 4.84 for bankers' 60 days' sterling and 4.87½ for demand. The price of commercial paper remains as heretofore quoted.

GOLD

to-day was stronger than usual, and advanced with much exhibition of steadiness to 110⅜. In the face of the decline of American exports and imports the movement appears to be anomalous. Abroad, however, the gold market is materially disturbed by causes which are not explained by foreign financial authorities. The opening was at 110⅛ and the close at the price above named. The rates for borrowing were 1.32 per diem until Wednesday and from 7 to 1 per cent per annum. Loans were made flat.

OPERATIONS OF THE GOLD EXCHANGE BANK.

Gold balances	$1,313,190
Currency balances	1,739,605
Gross clearances	28,590,000

CLEARING HOUSE STATEMENT.

Currency exchanges	$84,251,054
Currency balances	4,339,099
Gold exchanges	9,268,848
Gold balances	1,183,329

SOUTHERN BONDS

were without feature, a single transaction only being reported.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

The market for this class of securities continues to show confidence on the part of investors, although it is evident from the character of the sales that it is difficult to pick up large lots. Prices in several instances were a fraction higher, and the close was firm at the following quotations:—United States currency sixes, 117⅞ a 118; do. do., 1881, registered, 118 a 118¼; do. do. do., 118⅝ a 118⅞; do. five-twenties, 1862, registered, 110⅝ a 110⅞; do. do., do., coupon, ex interest, 110⅝ a 111; do. do., 1864, registered, 112 a 112⅜; do. do., do., coupon, ex interest, 113⅛ a 113⅜; do. do., 1865, registered, 113⅛ a 113⅜; do. do., do., coupon, ex-interest, 114⅛ a 114⅜; do. do., do., new, registered, 116⅛ a 116⅜; do. do., do., coupon, 116⅝ a 116⅞; do. do., 1867, registered, 117⅛ a 117⅜; do. do., do., coupon, 117⅞ a 117⅞; do. do., 1868, registered, 117⅛ a 118; do. do., do., coupon, 117⅞ a 118; do. ten-forties, registered, 111⅞ a 112; do. do., coupon, 112⅛ a 112⅜; do. fives, 1881, registered, 111⅛ a 111⅜; do. do., do., coupon, 112⅛ a 112⅜.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

Of the $25,000,000 called bonds due November 1 $5,000,000 have been received at the Treasury. Another call for five-twenties was issued to-day, to be redeemed February 3, at which time interest will cease. The public debt statement for October shows a decrease in the debt of $681,434. The internal revenue receipts to-day were $585,000. The Assistant Treasurer to-day paid out $775,000 on account of interest and $780,000 in redemption of five-twenty bonds. The customs receipts today were $304,000.

THE PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT—NOVEMBER 2.

The following is a recapitulation of the public debt statement:—

Debt Bearing Interest in Coin.

Bonds at 6 per cent	$1,182,183,250
Bonds at 5 per cent	538,525,200
Principal	$1,720,708,450
Interest	86,736,064

Debt Bearing Interest in Lawful Money.

Certificates of indebtedness at 4 per cent	$678,000
Navy Pension fund at 3 per cent	14,000,000
Principal	$14,678,000
Interest	146,740

Debt on which Interest has Ceased since Maturity.

Principal	$20,748,960
Interest	208,911

Debt Bearing no Interest.

Old demand and legal tender notes	$382,075,267
Certificates of deposit	52,525,000
Fractional currency	43,151,024
Coin certificates	22,070,400
Principal	$504,821,692
Unclaimed interest	23,954

Total Debt.

Principal	$2,260,957,102
Interest	87,115,670
Total	$2,298,072,773

The statement of the public debt issued from the Treasury Department to-day shows the decrease of the debt for October to be $681,434 80.

Currency balance on hand	$16,396,770
Special deposits of legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit	52,525,000
Coin	90,089,241
Including coin certificates	22,070,400
Outstanding legal tenders	382,000,000

Cash in the Treasury.

Coin	$90,089,241
Currency	16,396,770
Special deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit as provided by law	52,525,000
Total	$150,011,011

Debt Less Cash in the Treasury.

November 1, 1874	$2,139,061,761
October 1, 1874	2,139,743,196
Decrease of debt during October	$681,434
Decrease of debt since June 30, 1874	4,026,479

Bonds Issued to Pacific Railway Companies—Interest Payable in Lawful Money.

Principal outstanding	$64,623,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,292,470
Interest paid by the United States	24,326,396
Interest repaid by transportation of mails, &c	5,497,253
Balance of interest paid by the United States	18,823,143

RAILROAD BONDS

were generally strong. Harlem firsts, registered, sold at 106⅜, ex interest; New York Central firsts at 109⅛ for coupon and 110 for registered; Chicago and Northwestern consolidated, gold bonds, declined to 80⅛; Union Pacific land grants to 85⅞ and sinking funds to 73⅞; Central Pacific bonds closed at 92⅞ a 93, and Union Pacifics 88⅞ a 88⅞ for firsts, 85⅞ a 86 for land grants and 73⅞ a 74 for sinking funds.

BANK SHARES.

Bank shares sold at 133 for Metropolitan, 100⅛ for Ninth National and 99 for Fourth National.

THE FOREIGN MARKET.

This being a Bank of England holiday there were no quotations from the London Stock Exchange. Rentes in Paris closed at 62f. 25c.

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Monday, Nov. 2—10 A. M.,
Before Call.

200 shs West Un Tel.s3	79⅜	1000 shs Un Pac RR...	34¾
200 do..........b3	79⅝	100 do..........b3	34¾
300 do..........s3	79⅜	100 do.	34⅝
600 do.	79⅜	500 do..........s3	34½
100 do.	79½	600 do.	34⅝
200 do..........s3	79⅛	300 do..........s3	34½
12 P. Ft W & Chi.	92	800 do.	34⅜
100 Atl & Pac Tel......	18⅛	200 Chi & N W RR....b3	38
100 do..........s3	18	300 do.	38
100 do..........c	17⅞	500 do.	38⅛
1600 Pac Mail SS.	45½	200 do.	38
1300 do.	45¼	200 do..........c	37⅞
100 do..........s3	45⅛	300 do.	37⅞
100 do..........s4	45	100 do..........s3	37⅞
1200 do..........s3	45	900 do.	37¾
300 N Y C & H R RR....	102¼	300 do..........c	37⅞
15 do.	102	100 do.	37⅞
100 do.	102⅛	200 Erie RR	28⅛
30 do..........b3	102	700 do.	28⅛
100 Chi & R I RR.	98¼	300 do.	28⅛
400 do.	98⅛	100 Mil & St P RR.	32½
100 do.	98	100 do.	32⅞
500 L S & M S RR.	80¾	500 do..........b3	33
1500 do.	80⅝	200 do.	33⅛
200 do..........b3	80⅝	200 do.	33
1300 do..........s3	80⅞	300 do.	32⅞
17 do.	80⅝	300 Tol & Wab RR.	29⅞
500 do..........c	80¾	400 do..........s3	29⅝
100 do..........b3	80¾	600 do.	29⅝
1200 do..........s3	80⅝	600 do.	29⅞
100 Ohio & Miss RR..s3	28	100 do..........c	29⅝

10:15 and 11:30 A. M.

$2000 U S 5-20, c, '65 n.	116⅛	$5000 U S 5-20, r, '67....	117⅛
4000 U S 5-20,r, '65 n.b c	116⅛	45000 do..........b c	117⅛
10000 U S 5-20, c, '67.b c	117⅜	2000 U S 5's, '81, r.....	111⅛
20000 do.	117⅞	10000 U S 6's, cur....b c	117⅞
25000 U S 5's, 10-40, r....	111⅞		

First Board—10:30 A. M.

$3000 Missouri 6's, l b..	95	10 shs L S & M S.....	81
1000 C & N W c c g b.	80¾	500 do..........b3	80⅞
2000 Mor & Es 2d m..c	102⅛	7600 do.	80⅞
5000 Erie 4th m.	96	200 do..........s3	80⅞
2000 Erie 5th m.	96	500 do.	80⅞
9000 H & St Jo 8's, con	78	100 Pac RR of Mo..b c	36⅞
4000 do.	78¼	300 N J Cen RR.....	106
3000 Del, L & W con..	108⅜	25 do.	106¼
7000 N Y C 1st m, c..	109¼	210 do..........b c	106
5000 N Y Cen 1st, r....	110	100 do.	106¼
40000 Har 1st, 7's, r.x i	106⅜	100 do.	106⅜
20000 Cen Pac g bds..	92¾	700 Un Pac RR...b c	34⅝
9000 do.	92⅝	700 do.	34⅝
3000 Un P RR 1st m...	87⅞	100 Clev & Pitts, gt..b3	87⅞
4000 do.	88	100 do.	87½
10000 Un Pac skg fund.	73⅜	200 do..........b c b3	87½
1000 do..........b c	73⅞	100 do.	87½
500 P, Ft W & C 2d m	105	100 Chi & N W RR.b c c	37⅞
5000 Mich Cen 7's..ex i	99¾	100 do.	37⅞
25 shs Fourth N Bk....	99	100 do.	37⅞
80 Metropolitan Bank	133	100 do.	37⅞
10 Ninth Nat Bank....	100⅛	100 do.	37⅞
100 Con Coal.....b c b3	45½	400 do.	37⅞
5 Del & H Canal..b c	116⅛	200 do.	37⅞
10 U S Express......b c	65¼	400 do.	37⅞
20 Adams Ex......b c	116	100 do.	37⅞
100 do.	115⅞	100 Chi & R I RR.b c s3	97⅞
55 do.	115	500 do.	97¾
100 West Un Tel...b c c	79¾	100 do.	97⅞
100 do..........s3	79⅞	300 do.	98
100 do.	79⅜	100 do.	98
200 do..........s3	79⅜	100 do.	98⅛
1100 do.	79⅞	100 do.	98
400 do..........b3	79½	100 do.	98⅛
1000 Pac Mail SS.b c s3	45	100 do.	98
1700 do.	45	20 do.	97⅞
500 do..........s10	45	100 do.	98
200 do..........s3	45	20 Mor & Es RR...b c	98
600 do.	45	100 Mil & St Paul...b c	32⅞
100 do..........b3	45⅛	400 do..........b3	33
200 do.	45⅛	100 M & St P RR pf...b c	50½
100 do..........c	45⅛	200 do.	50
100 do..........b3	45⅛	100 do.	50¾
100 do.	45⅜	100 Tol & W RR....b c	29⅞
1000 do..........s3	45⅛	600 do..........b3	29⅞
200 do.	44⅞	15 do.	30
200 do.	44⅞	700 do.	29⅝
700 do.	44⅝	500 do.	29⅝
10 do.	45⅛	40 Del, L & W RR.....	108⅛
28 Amer Express.b c	63	10 do.	108⅛
600 N Y C & H RR..b c	102⅛	200 do.	108⅜
200 do..........s3	102⅜	1000 do.	109
400 do..........b3	102⅛	100 do..........b3	109
10 do.	102	100 do.	108⅞
100 Erie RR.	28⅜	600 do.	109
200 do.	28⅛	600 do.	109⅛
100 Mich Cen RR.	74¼	41 P. Ft W & Chi guar	91⅞
700 L S&M S RR..b c s3	80⅝	150 do.	92
300 do.	80⅝	50 do.	92¼
1000 do.	80⅝	800 Ohio & M RR.b c b3	28⅛
1400 do.	80⅝	1700 do.	28⅛
200 do..........b3	80⅞	100 do..........b30	28⅛
1000 do.	80⅞	200 do.	28⅛
1600 do.	80⅞	50 Ohio & Miss pf..b c	53
		100 At & P RR pf....b c	12

12:30 P. M.—Before Call.

$1000 D, L & W 2d m..	106	1000 shs L S & M S.......	80⅝
500 shs West Un Tel..s3	79⅝	100 do..........s3	80⅝
200 do.	79⅜	200 do..........b3	80⅝
100 do..........b3	79⅝	700 do.	80⅞
17 Amer Ex Co.	63¼	200 Un Pac RR..........s3	34⅝
1000 Pac Mail SS Co...	44⅞	1000 do.	34⅝
1900 do..........s3	44⅞	20 N J Cent RR..	106⅜
20 do.	45	100 Chi & R I RR.	97⅞
3100 do.	44⅞	100 Mil & St P RR pf...	50½
100 N Y C & H R RR....	102⅛	230 Fort Wayne RR...	92⅛
300 do.	102⅜	100 Del, Lack & W.....	109⅜
500 Erie RR.	28⅛	16 do.	109⅛
100 do..........b3	28⅛	700 do.	109⅛
100 Chi & N W RR.	37⅞	200 do.	109⅛
700 L S & M S RR....s3	80⅝	100 do..........b3	109⅛
100 do..........b3	80⅝	25 Chi, Bur & Q R..b3	101
100 do.	80⅝	100 Tol & Wab RR.	29⅛
200 do..........s3	80⅝	200 do.	29⅝
1000 do.	80⅝	600 Ohio & Miss RR.	28⅛
500 do..........b3	80⅝	100 C, C & I C RR....s5	9⅜

2 P. M.

$2500 U S 6's, c, '81....	118⅝	$1000 U S 10-40, c......	112⅛
1000 U S 5-20, c, '65.x i	114⅛	10000 U S 10-40, r.	112
28000 U S 5-20, c, '65 n..	116⅝	2000 U S 5's, c, '81.	111⅛
21000 U S 5-20, c, '67....	117⅞		

Second Board—1 P. M.

$7000 Tenn 6's, n s.	54	300 shs Pac M SS.b c b3	44⅞
4000 Tenn 6's,o,ex c.b c	54	200 do..........s3	44⅞
1000 Cen Pac g bds..	92¾	400 do.	44⅞
1000 Un Pac 7's, l g..	86⅛	1100 do.	44⅞
7000 do.	86⅛	100 do..........b3	45
5000 Un Pac s f.	73⅞	200 do.	45
7000 do.	73⅞	100 do.	44⅞
1000 Mor & Es 2d.	102⅛	900 do.	44⅞
1000 Erie 1st m......x i	101⅛	200 Chi & N W RR.b c b3	37⅞
5000 Erie 3d m.	100	800 do.	37⅞
10000 C & N W c c g b..	81⅛	400 do.	37⅞
1000 Mil 8's, 1st La C D.	83⅜	300 do.	37⅞
15 shs Park Bank.	138	100 do.	37⅞
1000 West Un Tel.....b c	79⅜	100 N J Cen RR......b c	106⅜
200 do..........b3	79⅜	300 Chi & R I RR....b c	97⅞
50 do.	79⅜	200 do..........s3	97⅞
800 do.	79⅜	100 do.	97⅞
600 do..........s3	80	400 do.	97⅞
300 L S & M S RR.b c b3	80⅝	300 Mil & St P RR....b c	32⅜
100 do..........s3	80⅝	300 do.	32⅛
100 do..........c	80⅝	200 Del, Lack & W.....	109⅜
1900 do..........b3	81	500 do..........b c s3	109⅜
1100 do..........s3	80⅝	100 do.	109⅜
500 do.	80⅝	300 do..........b3	109⅜
200 N Y C & H R......b c	102⅛	100 T, W & W R.b c b30	30
600 do.	102¼	200 St L, I M & S R.....	17
200 Panama RR.....b c	115	75 do.	16⅛
100 Erie RR......b c b3	28⅛	53 do.	17
200 do..........s3	28⅛	100 Ohio & Miss...b c c	28⅛
300 Un Pac RR......b c	34⅛	900 do.	28⅛
200 do..........s10	34⅛	100 Han & St J RR..b c	29½

2:30 to 3 P. M.

$3000 US 5-20, c, '65 n..	116⅝	100 shs Chi & N W R..s3	37⅞
2000 do......small	116⅛	100 Erie RR..........s5	28⅛
10000 U S 5-20, c, '67...	117⅞	500 do..........b3	28⅛
4000 do.	117⅞	700 do.	28⅛
1100 do......small	117⅞	300 Un Pac RR.	34⅜
20000 U S 5-20, r, '65 n...	116⅝	300 do.	34⅜
35000 Un Pac RR 1st...	88⅛	500 do..........s3	34⅜
100 shs N Y C & H R R.	102	500 L S & M S RR......	80⅝
200 do..........s3	102	1100 do..........s3	80⅝
100 do.	102⅛	1500 do..........b3	80⅝
200 West Un Tel.....b3	79⅜	100 do.	80⅝
200 do.	79⅞	200 N J Central RR..b3	106⅜
900 do.	79⅜	400 Chi & R I RR.	97⅞
100 do..........s30	79	700 do.	97⅞
200 Atl & Pac Tel.......	17¾	100 Mil & St P RR.	32⅛
400 Pac M SS Co....s5	44⅞	400 Tol & Wab RR.	29⅝
200 do..........s3	44⅝	200 Han & St Jo RR pf	29⅜
500 do.	44⅝	100 Ohio & Miss RR.b3	28⅛
300 do..........s3	44⅝	100 C, C & I C RR....s5	9⅛
100 do.	44⅝		

CLOSING PRICES—3 O'CLOCK P. M.

Pacific Mail....	44⅝ a 44⅝	C, C & I C....	9⅛ a 9⅜
West Un Tel....	79⅜ a 79⅝	Del, Lack & W.	109⅜ a 109⅝
Adams Ex.....	115½ a 116	Erie........	28⅛ a 28¼
Am Ex..........	62½ a 63½	Han & St Jo....	24½ a 24⅞
U S Express....	65 a 65½	Lake Shore.....	80⅝ a 80¾
Wells-Fargo Ex	78 a 79⅝	N Y & Har.......	129 a 130⅝
Chi & Alton....	98 a 99	N Y C & H RR...	102 a 102⅛
Chi & N W....	37⅞ a 37⅞	N Jer Cen....	106⅛ a 106⅜
Chi & N W pf..	52½ a 53⅛	Ohio & Miss...	28 a 28⅛
Chi & R I....	97⅞ a 97⅞	Panama....	114¾ a 115
Mil & St Paul..	32⅝ a 32⅞	Tol & Wab....	29⅝ a 29⅝
Mil & St P pf..	50⅜ a 50⅝	Un Pacific....	34⅝ a 34⅝

EUROPEAN MARKET.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, Nov. 2—Evening.—Spirits turpentine, 27s. per cwt.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, Nov. 2—evening.—Refined petroleum, 9d. a 9¼d. per gallon. Spirits petroleum, 10d. per gallon.

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Cotton Firm—Flour Steady—Wheat Better—Corn Nominal—Oats Steady—Pork Firmer—Lard Easier—Groceries Dull—Freights Quiet—Petroleum Nominal—Naval Stores Dull—Wool Firm—Whiskey Steady.

MONDAY, Nov. 2—6 P. M.

The markets were generally quiet. On 'Change, wheat was decidedly better, but scarce, so that business was light. Corn was quiet and nominally unchanged. Oats were in moderate demand and steady. Barley was firmer. Pork was quiet, but commanded better prices. Lard was dull and easier. Cotton ruled steady for "spot," but firmer for "futures." Groceries were quiet and nominally unchanged in value. Freights ruled steady. Petroleum was dull and nominal. Naval stores were quiet and not essentially changed in value. Whiskey closed steady.

NOTE.—To-morrow (election day) the various exchanges will be closed, and there will be a grand cessation of business, consequently there will be no commercial report in the HERALD the day following.

BUTTER.—We have no material change to note in the market. Fine pails were in demand and not very plenty. Selected firkins and tubs sell fairly at steady prices. Medium grades were not much wanted, and if anything ruled in buyers' favor. The current quotations are as follows:—State dairies, firkins and tubs, fine, 38c. a 40c. per lb.; do., do., good to prime, 36c. a 37c.; do., do., fair to good, 33c. a 35c.; firkins, choice, selected, 38c. a 40c.; do., good to prime, 35c. a 37c.; do., common to fair, 28c. a 32c.; half firkin tubs, choice, selected, 41c. a 42c.; do., good to prime, 37c. a 40c.; do., common to fair, 28c. a 32c.; Welsh tubs, choice, fall made, 40c.; prime, 37c. a 38c.; do., good, 35c. a 36c.; do., common to fair, 28c. a 32c.; pails, creamery, fine, 45c.; do., dairy, fine, 42c. a 43c.; do., do., fair to good, 38c. a 40c.; do., do., common to fair, 30c. a 37c.; Western creamery, choice, 38c. a 40c.; do., do., fair to good, 34c. a 37c.; Western Reserve and Michigan, tubs, choice dairy packed, 36c.; do., do., good to prime, 32c. a 33c.; do., do., fair to good, 25c. a 30c.; do., firkins, choice, 32c. a 33c.; do., do., fair to good, 26c. a 30c.; Northern Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa, tubs, choice, 33c. a 35c.; do., do., fair to good, 27c. a 30c.; do., do., common to fair, 22c. a 25c.; do., firkins, good to prime, 30c. a 32c.; do., do., fair to good, 25c. a 27c.; do., do., common to fair, 22c. a 25c.; Central Ohio and Indiana, firkins, choice, 28c. a 30c.; do., do., fair to good, 24c. a 26c.; do., do., common to fair, 22c. a 23c.; do., tubs, choice, 28c. a 30c.; do., do., fair to good, 23c. a 26c.; various styles, very poor, 18c. a 20c.

CHEESE.—The demand has been only moderate for shipment and from the home trade, but holders, generally speaking, manifest continued firmness and refuse to realize on finer stock, except at full current prices. We quote:—State factory, fine to fancy, 15⅝c. a 16⅛c.; good to fine, 15c. a 15½c.; State factory, fair to good, 13⅞c. a 15c.; do. dairies, fine, 14c. a 15⅛c.; Orange county skims, 8c. a 12c.; Ohio factory, Cheddar shape, choice, for export, 14c. a 15½c.; do. do., flat do. do., do., for domestic trade, 14c. a 15⅛c.; do. do., fair to good, 10c. a 11c.; do. do., poor to fair, 6c. a 10c.; Michigan and Wisconsin factory, fine, 14c. a 15⅛c.

COTTON on the spot was in light demand, but holders were firm in their views and offered sparingly. Forward deliveries were fairly active at an advance of 1-16c. a 3-32c. We quote:—

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	12⅛	12⅛	12¼	12¼
Good ordinary	13⅞	13⅞	14	14
Low middling	14⅜	14⅜	14⅝	14⅝
Middling	14⅞	14⅞	15	15
Good middling	14⅞	15	15⅛	15⅛
Middling fair	15⅜	15⅜	15⅝	15⅝
Fair	15⅞	15⅞	16⅛	16⅛

The sales were:—

	To-Day.	Sat. Ev'g.	Total.
Export	211	100	311
Consumption	201	192	393
Speculation	62	185	247
Totals	474	477	951

—For future delivery (basis low middling) the sales have been as follows:—Saturday, after one P. M.—November, 100 at 14 11-16c.; December, 1,000 at 14 13-16c., 300 at 14 27-32; January, 1,600 at 15 1-16c., 900 at 15 3-32c., 500 at 15⅛c.; February, 200 at 15⅜c., 200 at 15 13-32c.; March, 200 at 15 23-32c., 100 at 15 ⅝c.; April, 200 at 15 31-32c.; 700 at 16c.; May, 100 at 16 7-32c., 100 at 16⅛c.; June, 200 at 16 7-16c. Total, 6,400 bales. Closing prices—November, 14 11-16c. a 14 23-32c.; December, 14 13-16c. a 14 27-32c.; January, 15 3-32c. a 15⅛c.; February, 15 13-32c. a 15 7-16c.; March, 15 23 32c.; April, 16c.; May, 16 7-32c. a 16¼c.; June, 16 7-16c. a 16⅜c. Market firm. To-day up to two P. M.:—November, 300, short notice, at 14⅝c.; 800 at 14⅝c., 100 at 14 19-32c., 400 at 14⅝c., 100 at 14 19-32c., 200, short notice, at 14⅝c.; December, 100 at 14 13-16c., 800 at 14 25-32c., 1,000 at 14⅞c., 100 at 14 13-16c., 300 at 14 27-32c.; January, 2,400 at 15 1-32c., 100 at 15 1-16c., 100 at 15 1-32c., 400 at 15 1-16c., 500 at 15 3-32c., 1,600 at 15⅛c., 100 at 15 5-32c.; February, 700 at 15 11-32c., 100 at 15 5-16c., 1,500 at 15 11-32c., 200 at 15⅜c., 100 at 15 11-32c., 100 at 15⅜c., 300 at 15 13-32c.; March, 100 at 15⅝c., 500 at 15 21-32c., 800 at 15 11-16c., 300 at 15 21-32c., 100 at 15 11-16c., 300 at 15 23-32c., 200 at 15⅝c., 300 at 15 25-32c., 200 at 15 13-16.; April, 400 at 15⅞c., 200 at 15 29-32c., 600 at 15 15-16, 100 at 16 1-16c.; May, 100 at 16 3-16, 400 at 16 5-32c., 100 at 16 7-32c.; June, 300 at 16 7-16c., 500 at 16 13-32c., 100 at 16 17-32c., 500 at 16 9-16c. Total, 18,300 bales. Grand total, 29,200 bales. The averages of Saturday's forward deliveries were as follows, viz.:—November, 14.65; December, 14.81; January, 15.04; February, 15.37; March, 15.66; April, 15.95; May, 16.16; June, 16.41. First call—December, 500 at 14⅞c.; January, 400 at 15 1-32c.; February, 500 at 15 11-32c.; March, 300 at 15 21-32c.; April, 400 at 15 29-32c.; May, 100 at 16 5-32c. Total, 2,200 bales. Second call—January, 1,000 at 15 5-32c.; February, 100 at 15 7-16c., 100 at 15 15-32c.; March, 900 at 15 13-16c.; May, 200 at 16 9-32c. Total, 2,300 bales. The receipts at the ports sum up thus:—Galveston, 2,900 bales; Mobile, 3,799; Savannah, 5,884; Charleston, 4,743; Wilmington, 830; Norfolk, 4,208; New York, 950; Boston, 58; Philadelphia, 44. Total, 29,416 bales. This day last week, 34,103 bales. This day last year, 33,208 bales. Total since September 1, 671,965 bales.

COFFEE.—There was no business reported to-day from first hands, either in Brazilian or mild coffee, and the jobbing trade was confined to small, unimportant lots. Values, in absence of transactions, were nominally steady. We quote:—Rio, ordinary cargoes, 16⅛c. a 16⅜c.; fair do., 18c. a 18⅜c.; good do., 19⅛c. a 19⅜c.; prime do., 20⅛c. a 20⅜c.; extreme range for lots, 16⅛c. a 21⅛c.; Java, government bags, 24c. a 26c.; do., grass mats, 25c. a 28c.; Ceylon, 17c. a 19⅛c.; Maracaibo, 16⅛c. a 19⅛c.; Laguayra, 18c. a 19⅛c.; Jamaica, 17c. a 19c.; St. Domingo, 16⅛c. a 17c.; Porto Rico, 17⅛c. a 19⅛c.; Costa Rica, 17⅛c. a 19⅛c.; Mexican, 18c. a 19c.; Angostura, 17c. a 19c.; Savanilla, 15⅛c. a 19⅛c.; Curacoa, 16c. a 18c., gold, 60 and 90 days.

COPPER has met with a fair demand and continued firm. We note sales for the past two days aggregating 100,000 lbs. of Lake at 22⅛c. a 22⅜c., cash.

EGGS.—Fresh stock was very scarce this morning, and prices were held very firm, with few lots of choice Western obtainable under 30c. Poor lots were difficult to sell. We quote:—Long Island, New Jersey and nearby, 31c. a 32c.; State and Pennsylvania, 30c. a 31c.; Canada, choice brands 30c.; Western, choice brands, 30c.; other Western, 29c.; limed, choice brands, 23c. a 24c.; do., fair to good, 20c. a 22c.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts—Flour, 27,167 bbls.; wheat, 124,592 bushels; corn, 14,900 do.; corn meal, 800 bbls. and 225 bags; oats, 73,250 bushels; barley, 500 do.; rye, 8,300 do. The flour market was steady, with a fair demand; the sales foot up about 9,000 bbls., including all kinds, at figures within the range of the subjoined quotations. Corn meal met with a fair inquiry and ruled steady in value. We heard of sales footing up 875 bbls., at $5 10 for Brandywine, $4 75 a $4 90 for Western yellow, and $4 60 a $4 65 for Jersey and Pennsylvania yellow; also 500 sacks of Baltimore yellow at $1 55 a $1 60. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$3 25 a $3 75
Superfine State	4 00 a 4 25
Extra State	4 75 a 5 00
Choice State	5 00 a 5 50
Superfine Western	4 00 a 4 25
Extra Western	4 75 a 5 00
Minnesota	5 25 a 6 75
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	4 75 a 5 00
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	5 25 a 5 50
Family	6 00 a 7 00
St. Louis, low extra	5 00 a 5 25
St. Louis, straight extra	5 50 a 6 00
St. Louis, choice double extra	6 00 a 7 00
St. Louis, choice family	7 50 a 9 00
Rye flour, fine to superfine	4 00 a 5 35
Southern, No. 2	Nominal.
Southern, superfine	Nominal.
Southern, extra	5 00 a 6 25
Southern, family	6 25 a 9 00
Corn meal, Western	4 65 a 4 85
Corn meal, Jersey	4 25 a 4 55
Corn meal, Brandywine	5 15 a 5 25
Corn meal, puncheons	22 00 a —

—Wheat was decidedly better, with slight receipts and small offerings. The sales were about 89,000 bushels at $1 03 for No. 3 Chicago, $1 04 a $1 06 for No. 2 do., $1 07 a $1 08 for small lots Milwaukee, $1 13 a $1 14 for common red winter, $1 18 for good do., $1 18 for No. 1 Minnesota, to arrive, and $1 27 a $1 36 for white. Corn was quiet and nominal at 91⅛c. a 92c. regular; the sales foot up about 58,000 bushels at 91c. a 92c. for mixed, mostly 91c., "out to-day;" yellow and white were nominal. Barley was firmer, with sales of 28,000 bushels of Canada all at $1 47; six-rowed State held at $1 38 a $1 40. Oats were steady, but closed quiet; the sales foot up about 64,000 bushels at 59c. for black State, 60½c. for Chicago mixed, and 60c. a 61c. for white. Rye was entirely nominal in the absence of sales.

FREIGHTS.—There was a fair demand for berth accommodation to-day, and rates were not materially changed. Tonnage for charter was not much sought after, but was held at about previous rates. The engagements include:—To Liverpool, by steam, 16,000 bushels of grain at 5⅞d., 8,000 do. do. at 5⅞d., 4,000 do. do. at 6d.; 300 bales of compressed cotton at 5-16d., 300 do. do. (as it runs) at 5-16d., 1,500 bbls. flour at 2s. 6d., 1,500 boxes bacon at 25s. Late Saturday, 600 bales cotton at 9-32d.; and, by sail, 8,000 bushels of grain at 5d., 75 hhds. of tallow at 20s., 25 do. tobacco at 30s., 50 logs maple at 20s. To London, by steam, 16,000 bushels of wheat, on private terms, but said to be at 6d.; 200 bales of hops on private terms. To Bristol direct, 4,000 bushels of grain at 6½d., and to do., via Cardiff, 16,000 do. of do. at 6d. The charters embrace:—A Norwegian bark of 500 tons, hence to Lisbon, with 20,000 bushels of grain and balance of cargo staves to fill, on private terms; a German brig, hence to a direct Continental port, with 1,600 quarters of grain, at 5s. 4d.; a British bark, 350 tons, from Philadelphia to Oporto, with a full cargo of grain, at 16c. per bushel.

MOLASSES.—The market continued quiet, with transactions confined to small lots of grocery grades to the trade. Values were quoted steady as follows:—Cuba, centrifugal and mixed, new crop, 33c. a 38c.; do. clayed, 37c. a 42c.; do. muscovado refining, 38c. a 43c.; do. do. grocery, 42c. a 50c.; Porto Rico, 40c. a 70c.; English Islands, 40c.; a 60c.; New Orleans, 60c. a 70c. for old and 75c. a 85c. for new crop.

NAVAL STORES.—For spirits of turpentine the market was inactive, and closed nominal at about 35⅛c. for merchantable order. Late Saturday 100 bbls. sold at 35c. and to-day 20 bbls. from wharf at 36c. The market for strained rosin was dull and easier. Quoted at $2 30 a $2 35 for common to good. We note sales of 400 bbls. of good at $2 35. The finer grades were also quiet but firmer. Sales 40 bbls. of No. 2 at $2 70 and 200 bbls. of No. 1 at $3 50 a $4 50. Tar and pitch were dealt in only in a jobbing way, and were quoted nominally steady at figures last published.

PROVISIONS.—Receipts—Pork, 310 bbls.; beef, 565 packages; cut meats, 611 do.; lard, 200 bbls. and tierces and 300 kegs. The market for mess pork was quiet, but firmer; 50 bbls. were jobbed at $22 25, 250 bbls. at $20, cash; 50 bbls. of extra prime mess at $17 50 and 50 bbls. of prime mess at $20 25. The stock this date aggregates 16,405 bbls., of which 4,113 were new mess. Bacon—The market was quiet and unchanged. We notes sales of 100 boxes of long clear at 10⅛c. per lb., and 500 boxes of long and short clear, for December and January delivery, at 9⅛c. per lb. Dressed hogs were quoted steady at 8c. a 8⅜c. per lb. Beef—We heard of no business to-day save in a jobbing way, and values remained without change. The transactions foot up about 40 packages, in lots, at figures within the range of the appended quotations. We quote:—$11 a $11 50 for plain mess, bbls.; $12 75 a $13 25 for extra do., do.; $20 a $21 for prime mess, tierces; $22 a $23 for India do., do., and $24 a $25 for extra city India mess. Beef hams were quoted steady, at from $21 a $21 50 for Western. There was no business of importance. Cut meats were not essentially changed in value, ruled quiet for most descriptions. We note sales of 50 boxes of rib bellies, at 12⅛c. per lb.; 200 pickled shoulders at 8c. a 8⅛c. per lb. Smoked shoulders quoted at 9⅛c.; pickled hams, at 10⅛c., and smoked do., at 13c. per lb. Lard.—The market was dull and weak, closing nominal, at 14c. per lb. for Western steam on the spot. We note sales of 250 tierces for November, at 12⅛c.; 500 do. for December, at 11⅜c.; 1,000 do. balance of year, at 11⅞c. a 11 15-16c. City lard was quiet and steady, 40 tierces brought 13⅛c. a 13⅜c. per lb.

PETROLEUM.—The market for refined was a shade firmer to day, but nominal in the absence of transactions. Quoted at 11c. a 11⅛c. for prompt delivery. Crude was also inactive, but not materially changed; quoted at 5c. a 5⅛c. in bulk, and 8⅛c. for shipping order. Cases quoted at 16⅛c. a 17c. Naphtha quoted at 9⅛c. a 10c. for city. The Philadelphia market was dull and nominal. Refined quoted for prompt delivery at 10⅜c. a 11c. The Creek market was dull and to an extent nominal; quoted as follows:—Oil City, 75c.; Petroleum Centre, 75c.; Titusville, 80c. a 82⅛c.; Rouseville, nominal; Tidioute, 45c. a 47⅛c.; Parkers, United 55c., immediate shipment 72⅛c. a 75c.

SUGAR.—The market for raw sugar ruled dull and, to an extent, nominal, yet was quoted steady on the basis of 8⅜c. a 8⅜c. for fair to good refining. We have only to note sales of 30 hhds. of Demerara on private terms and 81 boxes of centrifugal at 9 1-16c. per lb. Late Saturday sales were made of 292 hhds., 1,152 boxes and 3,500 bags on the basis of our quotations. Refined ruled quiet and easier; quoted as follows:—Standard "A's," 10⅛c. a 10⅛c.; powdered and granulated, 10⅝c., and crushed, 11c. per lb. We quote:—Cuba—Refining, interior to common, 7⅛c. a 8⅛c.; do., fair to good fair, 8⅜c. a 8⅛c.; do., good to prime, 8⅝c. a 8⅝c.; grocery, fair to good, 8⅝c. a 9c.; prime to choice, 9⅛c. a 9⅛c.; centrifugal, hhds. and boxes, Nos. 8 to 13, 8⅞c. a 9⅛c.; molasses, hhds. and boxes, 7⅛c. a 8⅜c.; melado, 5c. a 7c.; clayed, boxes, Dutch standard, Nos. 7 to 9, 7⅞c. a 8⅛c.; do., 10 to 12, 8⅜c. a 9⅛c.; do., 13 to 15, 9⅛c. a 9⅝c.; do., 16 to 18, 10⅛c. a 10⅝c.; do., 19 to 20, 10⅝c. a 11⅛c.; white, 10⅛c. a 11⅛c. Porto Rico—Refining, common to prime, 7⅞c. a 8⅜c.; grocery, fair to choice, 8⅜c. a 9⅛c. Brazil—Dutch standard, Nos. 9 to 11, 7⅞c. a 8⅜c. Java—Dutch standard, Nos. 10 to 12, 8⅜c. a 9⅛c. Manila—Superior and extra superior, 7⅛c. a 8⅛c.

RICE.—Business to-day was moderate in a distributing way within a steady range of prices. Sales, 25 tierces of Carolina at from 7c. to 8c. per lb., according to quality, and 200 bags Rangoon at 6⅛c. a 6⅜c. per lb.

STEARINE.—The market continued inactive and nominally unchanged in value.

TALLOW.—The market to-day ruled dull but unchanged. Prime city held at 9c. Sales of out of town stock were made to the amount of 30,000 lbs. at 8⅜c. to 8⅝c. per lb.

WHISKEY.—Receipts, 665 bbls. The market ruled easy, and closed at 99⅛c. per gallon. Sales, 300 bbls. at 99c. a 99⅛c., but chiefly at 99⅛c.

TOBACCO.—The demand for seed leafs has been fair since our last and prices steady. We heard of sales of 100 cases of sundry kinds at from 8c. a 55c. per lb.; 55 do. of Massachusetts crop 1872, on private terms; 59 do. of Connecticut, crop 1873, at 8c.; 146 do. of Ohio do., on private terms. The market for Kentucky leaf continued active and firm, with further sales of 1,000 hhds. at from 10⅛c. a 25c. per lb. Foreign met with only a moderate demand but ruled firm. Sales, 100 bales of Havana at from 80c. a $1 15 per lb.

WOOL.—There has been but comparatively little accomplished since our last, but values remained steady. The sales for the past two days include 5,000 lbs. of medium unwashed fleece at 40c., 6,000 lbs. of Wisconsin fleece at 50c., 2,000 lbs. fine unwashed Western do. at 35c., 10,000 lbs. super pulled at 46c. a 48c., 5,000 lbs. of tub washed at 58c., 10,000 lbs. of Ohio combings, at 65c., 29,000 lbs. of spring California at 28c. a 30c., 50 bales of do. at 33c., 3,000 lbs. of fall do., 22⅛c.; 12,000 lbs. of burry do., 20c.; 25 bales of choice do., 28c.; 4,000 lbs. Mexican, 23c.; 3,000 do. of scoured Texas at 77⅛c.; 10,000 do. of heavy fleece, 4,000 do. of unwashed western, 5,000 do. of extra pulled and 7,000 do. of slightly burry spring California, all on private terms.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

Cotton quiet and weak; middling, 14⅛c. Net receipts, 2,900 bales; gross, 2,983 Exports coastwise, 2,250. Sales, 1,300. Stock, 39,994.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 2, 1874.

Cotton holiday. Estimated net receipts, 6,000 bales. Stock, 77,718.

MOBILE, Nov. 2, 1874.

Cotton quiet; middling, 14c. Net receipts, 3,799 bales; Exports coastwise, 1,558. Sales, 1,000. Stock, 21,546.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 2, 1874.

Cotton quiet and steady; middling, 14c. Net receipts, 5,884 bales; gross, 5,886. Exports—To Great Britain, 2,675 bales; coastwise, 1,148 do. Sales, 2,153. Stock, 80,870.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

Cotton in fair demand; buyers offering inside rates; middling, 14⅛c. a 14⅜c.; low middling, 13⅜c. a 13⅝c.; good ordinary, 13⅜c. Net receipts, 4,743 bales.; gross, 5,113 Exports—To Great Britain, 2,151; coastwise, 1,993. Sales, 1,500. Stock, 56,350.

OSWEGO, Nov. 2, 1874.

Flour steady; sales of 2,100 bbls. Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1 11; No. 1 white Michigan, $1 26; extra do., $1 30. Corn firm; new, 88c.; old, 88c. a 89c. Barley firm, but quiet; sales of 20,000 bushels Canada at $1 40. Corn meal—$37 per ton for bolted and $36 per ton for unbolted. Mill feed unchanged; shorts, $21; shipstuffs, $23; middlings, $30 per ton. Canal freights—Wheat, 7c., corn and rye, 6½c., and barley, 6c. to New York; barley, 5⅛c. to Albany, and 9c to Philadelphia; lumber, $2 75 to the Hudson, and $3 50 to New York. Lake receipts—116,700 bushels wheat, 90,100 do. barley, 351,000 feet lumber. Canal shipments—30,000 bushels wheat, 82,000 do. barley, 7,600 do. peas, 1,058,000 feet lumber.

BUFFALO, Nov. 2, 1874.

Grain in store—Wheat, 358,310 bushels; corn 157,088 do.; barley, 67,237 do.; rye, 8,176. Lake and rail imports for the last forty-eight hours—Flour, 10,517 bbls.; wheat, 142,200 bushels; corn, 45,200 do.; oats, 35,900 do.; barley, 38,227 do. Canal shipments—Wheat, 242,003 bushels; corn, 6,338 do.; oats, 59,655 do. Rail exports—Wheat, 58,562 bushels; corn, 42,390 do.; oats, 27,300 do.; barley, 500 do.; peas, 3,860 do. Canal freights—Wheat, 9⅛c.; corn, 8⅛c.; oats, 6c. Flour—Western ground spring, $5 75 a $6; baker's, $6 75 a $7; amber, $6 a $6 25; white, $6 50 a $7 50. Wheat steady, but dull; sales of No. 1 Milwaukee spring a $1 10; No. 2 do. held at 98c. a 99c.; No. 2 Chicago spring at 94c. a 95c.; red winter, $1 11 a $1 12. Corn lower; sales of 20,000 bushels at 81½c. a 82c. Oats dull; sales of No. 2 Western at 54c. a 55c. Rye nominal at 96c. Barley firm; Western $1 20 a $1 25; Canada, $1 30 a $1 35. Barley malt steady; Western, $1 40 a $1 45; Canada, $1 45 a $1 50. Balance unchanged.

TOLEDO, Nov. 2, 1874.

Flour steady. Wheat steady; No. 2 white Wabash, $1 16½; No. 3 do., $1 11½; No. 1 white Michigan, $1 12½; extra do., $1 17; amber Michigan, $1 05½; No. 1 red, $1 10; No. 2 do., $1 03½; November, $1 03; December, $1 05; No. 1 amber Illinois, $1 15. Corn quiet; high mixed, 76c.; new, 67c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2, 48½c.; white, 50½c. Freights steady; to Buffalo, 3c.; to Oswego, 6c. Clover seed, $5 30. Receipts—27,000 bushels wheat, 40,000 do. corn, 6,000 do. oats. Shipments—1,000 bbls. flour, 33,000 bushels wheat, 68,000 do. corn, 39,000 do. oats.

CHICAGO, Nov. 2, 1874.

Flour steady; fair to choice shipping extra spring, $4 a $4 50. Wheat higher and in fair demand; No. 1 spring, 88c.; No. 2 do., 84⅛c. a 84⅜c., cash; 84⅜c., November; 85⅜c., December; No. 3 do., 79⅛c.; rejected, 75c. a 76c. Corn active and higher; No. 2 mixed, 71⅜c. a 72c., cash; November, 70⅜c.; 67c. bid all the year; rejected, 59c.; ear, 60c. Oats steady; No. 2, 46⅜c., cash; November, 46c.; 45c. a 46c. bid all the year; rejected, 41c. a 41⅛c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley firm; in fair demand; No. 2 spring at $1 10 a $1 10½, cash; November at $1 10; No. 3 do., 99c. Pork dull and a shade lower at the opening, but closed firmer; new mess, $17 50, cash; February, $17 20; $16 50 seller all the year. Lard firm and in fair demand; $11 35 seller all the year; $11 55 for February. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged. Whiskey firm at 96⅛c. a 97c. Lake freights—Corn to Buffalo, 4⅛c. On the open Board this afternoon wheat closed higher at 85⅛c., November; 85c. a 86c. for December. Corn strong and higher; November, 72⅛c. a 67⅜c. bid all the year. Oats firmer; November, 46⅜c. Receipts—Flour, 4,000 bbls.; wheat, 75,000 bushels; corn, 40,000 do.; oats, 46,000 do.; rye, 4,000 do.; barley, 69,000 do. Shipments—Flour, 7,000 bbls.; wheat, 143,000 bushels; corn, 128,000 do.; oats, 175,000 do.; rye, 1,000 do.; barley, 22,000 do.

CHEESE MARKET.

UTICA, Nov. 2, 1874.

Five thousand boxes of cheese were offered here today and 2,500 sold at 15⅛c. a 15⅜c. The market was dull.

FINANCIAL.

A.—STOCK PRIVILEGES ON ALL THE ACTIVE Stocks negotiated at the lowest rates in the market; $50 to $100 Puts or Calls; $200 for double Privileges. A call on any stock gives the holder as many advantages as though he had made an actual purchase of the stock, yet there is no liability beyond the amount paid for the "call;" there is no interest to pay, and the stock is controlled for thirty days without margin. This system of operating is fully explained in a pamphlet, with valuable statistical information and illustrations showing how small risks pay large profits, sent free to all who desire to speculate.
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A.—NOTICE—CLAIMS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS speedily and thoroughly prosecuted, by an experienced attorney, without any charge whatever unless successful; excellent references from clients. Address LAWYER, box 2,432 Post office.

AT REASONABLE RATES—MONEY ON LIFE AND Endowment Insurance Policies, Mortgages and other Securities. Insurance of all kinds effected with best companies. J. J. HABRICH & CO., 117 Broadway.

A.—STOCK EXCHANGE PRIVILEGES NEGOTIATED. Puts or calls $100; double privileges (at market), $150 to $350; spreads, $50 to $200 per 100 shares. Send for pamphlet, "How Money is Lost and Made in Wall Street." LAPSLEY & BAZLEY, Brokers, 74 Broadway.

A.—$6,500, $7,000 AND $7,000 GOOD SECOND PURchase Money Mortgages on east side dwellings for sale; eight months to run; would exchange for Merchandise and cash. Principals apply to owner, LICHTENSTEIN, 144 East Forty-fourth street.

DISCOUNT LIBERAL TO PURCHASER OF PRIME $1,000 First Mortgage, due in 18 months; security, acre property, near New York. Apply at 61 Montgomery street, Jersey City, office 5.

EXECUTOR'S FUNDS OF $250,000 ON NEW YORK city first class real estate; no bonus; will also loan on buildings in course of erection. Apply at No. 6 Pine street, room 18.

GEO. K. SISTARE OFFERS FOR SALE NEW YORK State Sevens and City Sixes, gold principal and interest, due 1896.

HOLDERS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS OF the Indianapolis, Bloomington and Western Railway Company are requested to communicate immediately with FRANK SHEPARD, Chairman Bondholders' Committee, room 9, fourth floor, 99 Nassau street. Printed report of bondholders' meeting sent on application.

I ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD NEW York city Mortgages without bonus. Principals desiring to BORROW OR INVEST apply to
H. L. GRANT, 11 Pine street.

J. & W. SELIGMAN & CO.,
Bankers,
21 Broad street,
New York.
Issue letters of credit for travellers, payable in any part of Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America, draw bills of exchange and make telegraphic transfers of money on Europe and California.

ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD Bonds, Northern Pacific and other defaulted Railroad Bonds bought by the old established house of
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Auctioneers,
No. 43 Pine street, New York.

ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD BONDS bought and sold by HAAR & CO.,
No. 45 Wall street.

WANTED—CAPITAL, IN A NATIONAL ENTERprise already a success, an enterprise which the apprehended breakdown in our financial system would not affect; offering a perfect security for capital and a prospective profit unparalleled in our day; will deal directly with capitalists. Address ROCHESTER Herald office.

FINANCIAL.

$5,000.—A PARTY WHO CAN INVEST THIS amount in a good paying stock company, covered by patent, may secure a prominent position. Address box 3,385 Post office, New York.

$15,000 WANTED—$35,000 SECURITY GIVEN. Address P. T., 495 Carlton avenue, Brooklyn.

COPARTNERSHIPS.

HADDOCK, LANGDON, READ & CO.—THE UNdersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the above style and firm, and will continue the manufacture and sale of ales and porter at the brewery Nos. 408, 410, 412 and 414 East Fourteenth street, and Nos. 407, 409, 411 and 413 East Thirteenth street, heretofore known as Read's Patent Steam Brewery.
NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 1874.
JOHN HADDOCK,
THOMAS B. LANGDON,
THOMAS T. READ, JR.,
ARBA R. HADDOCK.

OFFICE 14 NEW STREET,
NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 1874.
The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm name of "Minzesheimer & Hyman," for the purpose of transacting a Stock Company Business for the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Bonds, Stocks and Gold.
CHARLES MINZESHEIMER.
HENRY HYMAN.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Charles Minzesheimer and Mark Bloomingdale, under the firm name of Charles Minzesheimer & Co., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Charles Minzesheimer only will sign in liquidation.
OCTOBER 31, 1874.
CHARLES MINZESHEIMER.
M. BLOOMINGDALE.

THE FIRM OF MONTES, PENN & CO. HAS THIS day been dissolved, by mutual consent. The business will be continued by G. H. Stedwell, who will assume and liquidate all liabilities and also collect all outstanding debts of the old firm.
WILLIAM E. MONTES.
FRANK N. PENN.
G. H. STEDWELL.
NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 1874.

13 BROAD STREET,
NEW YORK, Nov. 2, 1874.
The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of HOFFMAN & RYAN, for the transaction of a Brokerage Business in Stocks, Bonds and Gold. Exclusively on commission.
HENRY J. HOFFMAN,
THOMAS F. RYAN.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

ALEXANDER FROTHINGHAM & CO., BANKERS, Brokers and Financial Agents, 12 Wall street, secure additional capital for merchants, manufacturers and incorporated companies; loans made on city and Western property, commercial obligations, &c.; business paper negotiated; persons possessing capital desiring business informed of approved opportunities without charge; persons having any good business that they wish to dispose of are invited to call.

A BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.—BREWERY, ESTABlished 15 years, well located in this city, for sale on very favorable terms; Stock, Fixtures and Good Will of business for cash, or will exchange for Real Estate. Address FOR SALE, box 111 Herald Uptown Branch office.

ALEXANDER FROTHINGHAM & CO., BANKERS—12 Wall street, have money to loan, First Mortgages, this city and vicinity; no bonus. Principals would do well to apply immediately.

A LUCRATIVE POSITION TO A GOOD MAN WITH $600; stock on hand as security for your money. Address C. H., Herald office.

A GRAND CHANCE TO GO INTO THE MANUFACturing business is now offered; articles in universal demand; thorough investigation solicited; $5,000 to $8,000 wanted. Apply at No. 723 Sixth avenue.

A PHYSICIAN IN HIGH STANDING IN A NEIGHboring city, wishing to retire from business, will dispose of his Practice of $12,000 a year for $5,000 cash; Teams, Furniture, Real Estate (if desired) at a bargain; an opportunity seldom offered.
LIVINGSTON & CO., 10 Pine street.

A FIRST CLASS LEGITIMATE CASH BUSINESS for sale; clear profits $6,000 a year; can easily be doubled by additional capital.
LIVINGSTON & CO., 10 Pine street.

A YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE TO JOIN SOME honorable lady already established in business, dressmaking or ladies' underwear, or in a fancy store; can furnish a small amount of money if required; no others need apply. Address, giving full name and address, BUSINESS, box 164 Herald Uptown Branch office.

ANY MAN HAVING $100 TO $200 TO LOAN TO PUT in my business can realize, with his services, good profits and 100 per cent monthly on all business transacted. Apply at 273 Hudson street.

BUSINESS.—WANTED TO PURCHASE, A GOOD paying Dining Room, Restaurant or Hotel, or some other paying business, for Cash and Real Estate; or would rent a place furnished. Address HOTEL, box 161 Herald Uptown Branch office.

I WILL SELL THREE PATENT MEDICINES AT A sacrifice; $5,000 to $10,000 required; a sure fortune; best of reasons. Address Dr. ALTON, Herald Uptown Branch office.

TWO ACTIVE BUSINESS MEN, WITH THOROUGH knowledge, experience and acquaintance in the trade, desire a partner with capital in a manufacturing hat house. Address L. & W., station A, Spring street.

WANTED—A LADY TO TAKE AN INTEREST IN A genteel business with a gentleman; one with means and willing to devote her mutual interest in the same. Address C. B., Herald Brooklyn Branch office.

$500 PARTNER WANTED—NATURE OF BUSIness, diamonds, camels' hair shawls, Watches, chains, silks, velvets, sealskin sets, &c. For interview address J. LIVINGSTON, Herald office.

$5,000.—PARTNER WANTED; ESTABLISHED and paying monopoly of great promise and highest respectability; will repay capital first year; must be a good business man. Address CHALMONDELAY, box 119 Herald office.

$10,000.—WANTED, A PARTNER, IN AN established and very profitable business, that will clear $1,000 per month. Address S. L., box 160 Herald office.

REAL ESTATE.

Sale of the New York Private Park Property.

There were no transactions at the Exchange Salesroom yesterday, and the election excitement is likely to distract attention from this market, at all events for the current week.

Messrs. Potter Brothers report the sale on Saturday of New York Private Park lots, adjoining Jerome Park, as fairly satisfactory. The extreme range of the prices realized was at from about $3,000 to $6,000 per acre. The total number of lots knocked down was ninety-three. This would bring the average price of each at about $350. After the adjournment of the sale (it had been announced that only a portion of the property would be disposed of) the auctioneer was solicited to sell special parcels at private sale, but this the agent of Mr. Opdyke declined to do until he had consulted with his principal. Mr. Opdyke has since announced his willingness to admit of a few of such selections for private purchase, but still retains his intention of disposing of the bulk of the property to competitive bidders at public vendue. The result, it may be said, is regarded by conservative holders as, if not all that could be desired, yet certainly encouraging.

GERMAN IMPERIAL FINANCES.

The Social Science Congress at Eisenach has (October 13) had under discussion the financial system of the German Empire. Resolutions were passed favoring the introduction of a general imperial income tax, to be combined with the customs and excise duties in one imperial financial system, by which means the present system of contribution by the different States to the general budget would be abolished. The supporters of the resolutions argued that every German should contribute to the expenditure of the Empire as far as possible in proportion to his means.

FURNITURE.

A.—WEEKLY AND MONTHLY PAYMENTS FOR Furniture, Carpets and Bedding, at B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.'S, 155 and 157 Chatham street. An immense stock and low prices. Great bargains for cash

A MAGNIFICENT PARLOR SUIT, COST $400, FOR $200; do., $100; do., $40; Pianoforte; Parlor, Chamber, Dining Furniture; a sacrifice; property family leaving city. 36 West 15th st., near 5th av.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF FIRST CLASS Household Furniture for sale—In lots to suit, at private residence 120 West 23d st. Parlor Suits, Chamber Suit, Carpets, Mirrors, Bookcase, &c.; Bedsteads, Mattresses, &c.

A FAMILY HAVING NO FURTHER USE FOR their Household Furniture will sell, in lots to suit (at a sacrifice), Satin Parlor Suits, cost $650, for $200; $150 Decker & Bro's 7⅛ octave Pianoforte, ⅛ cost; Library and Dining Furniture; Turkish Suits, $90; Bedroom Sets, $60, $125; Bedsteads, Dressing Cases, Mattresses; rep, plush and haircloth Suits, $35; Paintings, Bronzes, &c. N. B.—In good order; must be sold. Call, three days, private residence 210 West 21st st.

A GREAT SACRIFICE, CASH.—MAGNIFICENT satin brocade Parlor Suit, cost $550, for $175; one do., $100, do. $50; Pianoforte, Turkish Furniture, Chamber Suits, Library, Dining Furniture for one-quarter cost price. Call immediately. Residence 103 West Twenty-eighth street, near Sixth avenue.

A REFORM IN THE INSTALMENT BUSINESS.
GEORGE A. CLARKE,
747 Broadway,
announces a great reduction in prices and the most liberal terms of any house in the city. Elegant Furniture, Carpets, spring and hair Mattresses, Parlor Beds.

CARPETS,
Furniture,
Beds, Bedding, &c.
Payments taken
by the week or month.
Terms easy.
KELLY & CO.,
corner of Twenty-fifth street and Sixth avenue.

FURNITURE AND CARPETS FOR SALE—BY A family giving up housekeeping, in lots to suit. Apply at No. 8 Prospect place, near Forty-first street and Second avenue.

GOOD SECOND HAND AND MISFIT CARPETS, ALL sizes and rich patterns; English, Brussels, three-ply and ingrain; very cheap; at the old place, 112 Fulton street, side entrance.

MONEY ALWAYS READY.—WILL BUY ALL YOUR Furniture, Books, &c., at private sale; no noise or trouble; will call and make offer. Address DAWSON, Herald office.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG GENTLEMAN, OF EDUCATION, &C., receiving a tolerable salary, would be glad to meet a lady of refinement, matrimonially inclined. Address F. E. L., box 157 Herald office.

SALES AT AUCTION.

A.—JERE. JOHNSON, JR., AUCTIONEER. Furniture, Merchandise and Fine Arts Salesroom, 37 Nassau street.
Real Estate Department, 21 Park row, New York.
On TO-MORROW (Wednesday), at 10½ o'clock, at our salesroom, 37 Nassau street, large sale of Household Furniture (parlor, bedroom, dining, library, basement and kitchen Furniture), in great variety; Velvet, Brussels and ingrain Carpets; six very fine imported breech-loading Shotguns, well trained Setter Dog, &c.

AUCTION SALE—OF HANDSOME AND USEFUL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.
Decker & Bros. four round 7⅛ octave Pianoforte.
Steinway & Sons 7⅛ octave Pianoforte, fine Bronzes, &c., at the elegant private residence,
210 WEST 21ST ST., NEAR 7TH AVENUE,
THIS (Tuesday) MORNING, commencing at 10 o'clock.
Parlor Suits, in rich satin and brocatel; rosewood Etagere, gilt Centre and Console Tables, bronze Mantel Sets, Clocks, &c.; Oil Paintings, Mirrors, Curtains, Turkish Lounges, Easy Chairs, Library Secretary and Dwarf Bookcases, Library Tables, Writing Desk, Turkish Suits, Extension Table, Buffet, Dining Chairs, Silverware, Crockery; rosewood and walnut Bedroom Sets, Dressing Cases, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands; 33 hair and spring Mattresses, Rockers, Toilets sets, rep, plush and haircloth Suits, Brussels and ingrain Carpets. Hall Stand, Kitchen Furniture, &c. N. B.—Sale positive. Take 7th, 8th or 9th avenue cars. Competent men to pack and ship goods, city or country.
ROBERT C. CASHIN, Auctioneer.

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION,
at private residence 120 West 23d st.,
THIS (Tuesday) MORNING,
commencing at 10½ o'clock.
By H. E. McDONNELL, Auctioneer, sells all the elegant Household Furniture contained in above residence, namely, Pianofortes, latest styles Parlor Suit, Carpet, Curtains, Bronzes, Centre Tables, Easy Chairs, Bookcase, Chamber Suit, complete; Dressing Cases, Bedsteads, Bureaus, spring and hair Mattresses, Pillows, &c.; also basement and servants' Furniture. Sale positive. Over 300 lots by catalogue.

AT SOMERVILLE'S AUCTION MART, 74 UNIVERSITY PLACE, ON FRIDAY NEXT, BY ROBERT SOMERVILLE, AUCTIONEER, ABSOLUTE SALE OF THE ENTIRE FURNITURE OF AN ELEGANT DWELLING; THE GOODS WILL BE ON VIEW ON THURSDAY, 5TH INST., AND WILL INCLUDE EVERY REQUISITE FOR A COMFORTABLE HOME.

AUCTION.—POSITIVE AND LARGE SALE OF 375 lots handsome and useful Household Furniture.
By order of PHILIP A. VANDERHOFF, Esq.,
at the private mansion, 103 West Twenty-eighth street, near Sixth avenue, this (Tuesday) morning, at 10½ o'clock, Parlor Suits, rosewood Pianoforte, Carpets, Mirrors, Curtains, Paintings, Bronzes, Clocks, Tables, Etageres, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Dressing Cases, Mattresses, Bedding, Sofas, Chairs, Easy Chairs, Lounges, Turkish Chairs; Library, Dining, Servants' Furniture.
J. KRAEMER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION NOTICE.
HENRY ZINN, Auctioneer,
sells THIS DAY
at 10½ o'clock,
all the elegant Furniture contained in private residence, No. 21 East Twentieth street, near Broadway, viz.:—Rosewood Pianoforte, four round corners, elegant Parlor and Bedroom Suits, Oilpaintings, Carpets, Mirrors, Curtains, Clocks, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Wardrobes, spring and hair Mattresses, and every article necessary for housekeeping.

AUCTION SALE—JOHN H. WILSON, AUCTIONEER, salesroom No. 103 Chambers street, on Wednesday, November 4, 1874, at 9 A. M., No. 70 Essex street, consisting of Ice Cream Freezers, Candy Moulds, Jars, Stock, Counters, Fixtures, Icebox, Tools.

AUCTION SALE.—RARE CHANCE FOR HOUSEkeepers and dealers on this day (Tuesday), at elegant residence 36 West Fifteenth street, near Fifth avenue, at 10½ o'clock, superb Drawing Room Suits, covered brocatel; velvet Brussels Carpets, Mirrors, Pianofortes, Paintings, Bronzes, Etageres, Bookcase, rosewood, walnut Bureaus, Bedsteads, Wardrobes, hair Mattresses, Chinaware, Linen, Cutlery, Silverware, &c. To be peremptorily sold to the highest bidder.
AUGUSTE MARTENS, AUCTIONEER.

BY W. R. MITCHELL, AUCTIONEER.
Manufacturers' sale on account of removal.
The TAUNTON SILVER PLATE COMPANY will sell at auction, at their salesroom, No. 4 Maiden lane, on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, November 4, 5, 6 and 7, each day at 10 o'clock A. M., their entire Stock of elegant Silver Plated Ware, Table Cutlery, &c., comprising, in part, Tea Sets, Salvers, Waiters, Ice Pitchers, Tea, Coffee and Water Urns, Dinner and Breakfast Casters, Fruit and Pickle Stands, Cake Baskets, Centre Pieces, Epergnes, Berry, Jelly and Butter Dishes; Cups, Goblets, Napkin Rings, Water Sets, Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c., together with a full line of fine plated Table Cutlery.
The above are all of the latest and most desirable styles, every article warranted triple plate, and will positively be sold without limit or reserve. The attention of the trade, hotel and restaurant proprietors is called to this sale. By order of Taunton Silver Plate Company.
JOHN H. SWAIN, Treasurer.

BY C. D. FAVOR, AUCTIONEER.
M. E. FAVOR, Auction Commission and Storage, 13 East Fourteenth, near Fifth avenue,
will sell this day (Tuesday), at 11 A. M., prompt, large assortment of second hand Furniture, Housekeeping Articles, &c.; Bedsteads, Beds, Bedding, Stoves, Kitchen Goods, &c., &c.; also, to pay advances, lot of new goods, comprising Parlor Suits, Dressing Cases, Bureaus, elegant Wardrobe, French walnut Bedsteads, elegant pier Mirror and console Table, several black walnut frame Mirrors, lot fine Cutlery, two Turkish Lounges, Dining Table, lot office Furniture, Desks, &c. Dealers invited. No reserve. Seats for ladies.

EDWARD SCHENCK, AUCTIONEER, 60 LIBERTY street.—Absolute peremptory sale at auction, consisting, in part, of rich French china Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Dessert Sets; real and artistic Bronzes, Clocks; real Parian marble Statuettes; Bohemian and Silesian Vases; Toilet Sets, Flower stands, &c.; fine crystal Toilet Services, consisting of Goblets, Champagne Glasses, Wine Glasses, Decanters, &c., on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, November 4, 5 and 6, at 11 o'clock each day. Every article guaranteed perfect.

HENRY B. HERTS, AUCTIONEER.
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, &c.,
ON WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 4, AT 10½ O'CLOCK,
AT 234 WEST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET.
The entire contents of the above house, comprising velvet, Brussels and ingrain Carpets; rosewood Parlor and Chamber Suits, French plate Mantel Mirrors, Cornices and Curtains, fine Oil Paintings, Clocks, Bronzes, Ornaments, Vases, &c.; rosewood Etagere, Centre Tables, Cabinet, walnut Sideboards, Extension Table and Dining Chairs, fine Beds, Bedding and Mattresses, China, Glass and Silver Ware; together with the Kitchen Furniture and Utensils, with which the sale will commence. Catalogues ready on Tuesday at office of Auctioneer, 655 Broadway.

HENRY B. HERTS, AUCTIONEER,
656 BROADWAY, NEAR BOND STREET,
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.,
ON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, AT 10½ O'CLOCK,
AT NO. 222 EAST FOURTEENTH STREET.

HENRY D. MINER, AUCTIONEER,
late Henry H. Leeds & Miner, established 1847.
Salesroom No. 105 Duane street, near Broadway.
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5,
at 10½ o'clock, at the warerooms No. 764 Broadway, near Ninth street,
ASSIGNEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.
Continuation sale
of the balance of stock of Cabinet Furniture, comprising rosewood, black walnut and oak Sofa, Lounge, Chair and Mirror Frames in variety; also the entire Household Furniture of B. L. Southack, Esq., removed for convenience of sale;
to be sold without reserve by order of
ALFRED BARBER, Assignee in Bankruptcy.
Details in time.

I. S. WEINBERGER, AUCTIONEER, SELLS THIS day (Tuesday), November 3, at 10½ o'clock, at 15½ Bowery, 11 fine live geese feather Beds and Pillows, a lot of embroidered Shirt Fronts and a variety of general Merchandise, without reserve. Dealers invited. Also a fine Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine.

J. P. TRAVER, AUCTIONEER.
Mortgage sale on Wednesday, November 4, 1874, at 10½ o'clock, by virtue of Chattel Mortgage all the Furniture of the large double four story private residence No. 313 West Twenty-second street, near Eighth avenue, large Pier and Mantel Mirrors, Piano, several Parlor Suits, Brussels and other Carpets, Oilcloths, Curtains, Shades, Mirrors, Clocks, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Washstands, Lounges, Sofas, Tables, Chairs, feather Pillows, Bolsters, best hair and other Mattresses, large lot of Bedding, Wardrobes, Extension Tables, Dining Chairs, kitchen Furniture, Crockery, table Cutlery, &c.
JAMES C. QUINN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—JOSEPH SHONGOOD, Auctioneer, will sell, on Tuesday, November 17, at 72 Sixth avenue, 600 lots of men's and women's Clothing, Bedding, Linen; also Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry. By order M. Blau.

MARSHAL'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUtion I expose for sale on Thursday, 5th inst., at No 340 East Sixty-fifth street, at 10 o'clock, a large lot of Household Furniture. F. REINEMAN, Marshal.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—THOMAS J. M'GRATH, Auctioneer, 153 Chatham street, corner Mulberry, will sell this day, at 11 o'clock, Men's and Women's Clothing, Dresses, Shawls, Remnants, Quilts, Blankets, Bedding, Boots, Shoes, &c.; also Coats, Pants and Vests. By order M. Obersky, East Broadway.

PAWNBROKER'S SALE.—R. FIELD, GENERAL Auctioneer, Salesroom No. 89 Bowery, will sell this day, at 11 o'clock, 600 lots men's and women's Clothing, Dresses, Shawls, Remnants, Underclothing, Quilts, Blankets, Bedding, Boots, Shoes, &c., &c.; also Coats, Pantaloons and Vests. By order R. SIMPSON & CO., 195 Bowery. N. B.—The sale of men's clothing will commence at 11 o'clock sharp.

S. HERMAN, SHERIFF'S AND GENERAL AUCtioneer.
Marshal's sale of Furniture, Carpets, Piano, &c., Thursday, November 5, at 10 o'clock, No. 340 East Sixty-fifth street, first class Furniture, viz., of Parlor Suits, Dining Room and Chamber Furniture, Carpets, Oilcloth, Mirrors, &c.; also a fine Piano, &c. F. REINEMAN, City Marshal.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

A.—WILSON'S DANCING ACADEMY, ARTHUR Hall, 303 West Fourteenth street, near Eighth avenue.—Classes now open for beginners. Glide waltz taught. Send for circular. Soiree every Tuesday and Saturday.

A. J. SAUSE'S DANCING ACADEMIES.—CLASSES at Masonic Hall, 114 East Thirteenth street; Brevoort Hall, 154 East Fifty-fourth street. PRIVATE LESSONS at any hour. CIRCULARS at private academy, 212 East Eleventh street.

A. DODWORTH'S PRIVATE CLASSES FOR DANCing, No. 212 Fifth avenue, corner of Twenty-sixth street, open for the season.
Morning and afternoon classes for ladies and children.
Evening classes for gentlemen. Send for a circular.

A.—J. MARS' ACADEMY OF DANCING, 289 Bleecker street.—Classes Tuesday and Friday evenings. For terms send for circular. Soiree Wednesday evening, November 4, at 8 o'clock.

BROOKES' DANCING ACADEMY, 361 BROOME ST.
All the fashionable Dances in one course of lessons.
LADIES, Tuesdays and Fridays, 3½ P. M.
GENTLEMEN, Tuesdays and Fridays, 7½ P. M.
CHILDREN, Wednesdays, 3½; Saturdays, 3 P. M.
A NEW CLASS FOR TUESDAY.

MR. AND MRS. HLASKO'S ACADEMY FOR Dancing, 1,464 Broadway. Classes for adults and children. Send for circular.

THE LECTURE SEASON.

AT 8 THIS EVENING—A LECTURE ON NERVOUS Debility and Special Diseases, at Dr. Kahn's Museum. Remember the address, 688 Broadway, near Fourth street. The largest and most magnificent museum in the world. Admission 50.

A.—SPECIAL LECTURES EVERY NIGHT AT 8 o'clock at the New York Museum of Anatomy, 618 Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker streets.

AMUSEMENTS.

Italian Opera—"Aida."

Verdi's last and most powerful work, in which the new style of that great maestro is so favorably shown, and in which Oriental splendor is united to strange, characteristic forms of music, was presented at the Academy of Music last night, for the last time this season, before a slender audience. The cast, as before, comprised the following artists:—Mme Potentini as Aida, Miss Cary as Amneris, Signor Carpi as Radames, Signor Del Puente as Amonasro, Signor Fiorini as Ramfis and Signor Scolara as the King of Egypt. Of this cast the most notable impersonation is that of the vengeful Egyptian princess by Miss Cary, who now unites rare histrionic talents to one of the best and richest contralto voices on the operatic stage at present. The duet between her and the tenor in the last act was omitted last evening. On Wednesday Mlle. Albani essays the *rôle* of Mignon, in Thomas' opera, in which Mme. Nilsson made such a lasting impression. Verdi's "Requiem Mass," "Lohengrin" and "The Marriage of Figaro" will follow in rapid succession. "The Flying Dutchman," "Romeo and Juliet" and other great works will be reserved for the spring season. Half the fall season has already expired. Mlle. Maresi will appear shortly as Elvira in "Ernani."

The Lyceum Theatre.

The famous English Opéra Bouffe Company, which achieved so much popularity in England, under the direction of Miss Emily Soldene, opened at the Lyceum last night. There was a large and select audience gathered to witness the first performance, as the company was said to rival the French *bouffe* companies in sparkle and solid merit. Offenbach's "Geneviève de Brabant," duly cut down and adapted to the correct cut of Anglo-Saxon prudishness, was the work selected for this momentous experiment before an audience familiar with Aimée and her brilliant but by no means prudish artists. Fortunately, the piece lends itself readily to a perfectly correct but somewhat tame adaptation, against which no possible objection can be urged, so that the class of people who want to see *opéra bouffe* with all the flavor and spice which sin gives left out, may enjoy themselves hugely during the present engagement. They will, of course, miss the intense fun which gives *opéra bouffe* its chief attraction for the ungodly, but no company can be expected to have all the virtues. The music of "Geneviève" is too well known to need comment, and it suffices to say that it was given in a way that proved very acceptable to an audience inclined to be critical, as first night audiences generally are. Nothing approaching to the completeness of the *mise en scène* has been witnessed in this class of entertainment on our stage. Some of the dresses are wonderfully rich and picturesque. There is a richness and finish in the tableaux to which we are not accustomed. If we omit Miss Emily Soldene we cannot pronounce the company a strong one. It is well organized and works well together, but it lacks the animal spirit and fun which characterizes the native *opéra bouffe*. If our new visitors could throw off some of their insular phlegm and enter heartily into the spirit of the scenes they would become immensely popular. The

MAIDS OF HONOR,

ladies of the company, have the advantage of freshness and good looks in their favor, and, with a little more dash, they might well become irresistible. Of Miss Soldene herself we have nothing to say but what is complimentary. She in a remarkable manner possesses the qualities we would desire to see more generally shared by her attendant blondes. In her style she has combined the *chic* and dash of the French stage with the reserve and propriety of the English. She impresses the audience with the feeling that she is not merely on the stage for their amusement but for her own. So heartily does she enter into the spirit of her *rôle* that she appears to enjoy the fun of it as much, if not more, than the audience. This state of feeling is contagious, and constitutes what we are accustomed to call magnetism. It places the artiste and her audience in the best possible *rapport*, so that even the most frigid are thawed and forced to be interested in what is passing on the stage. In person Miss Soldene is handsome and prepossessing. Her voice is sweet, well cultivated, and of good compass in the higher notes, though not of remarkable power. She touches with equal skill on the humorous and the sentimental chords of human feeling. She at once established herself in public favor and during the evening received the honor of several recalls. By a strange contradiction, the gentlemen are by far the weaker part of the company. With the exception of Messrs. Marshall and Beverley none of them made any marked impression on the audience. Mr. Wallace, who sustained the *rôle* of Cocorico, received a recall for his song "The Cup of Tea;" but his general performance was not such as to create any very marked enthusiasm. The cast was as follows:—

Drogan, Apprentice Pastry Cook.....Miss Emily Soldene
Geneviève, Duchess of Brabant....Miss Agnes Lyndhurst
Brigitte, her Confidante........Miss Lizzy Robson
Cocorico, Duke of Brabant........Mr. John Wallace
Oswald, the Duke's peculiar Page..Miss Laura Carthew
Golo, Minister of Police.........Mr. H. Lewens
The Burgomaster of Curacao......Mr. J. B. Rae
Charles Martel, a Paladin........Mr. Laurant
Philibert, his Esquire...........Miss E. St. Clair
Grabuge...... } The Two { ......Mr. Edward Marshall
Piton........ } Gendarmes { ......Mr. E. D. Beverley
The Hermit of the Valley.........Mr. C. Gibbons
Pip........ } Pages of { ......Miss Nicholas
Peterkin...... } the Household { ......Miss Una Brooke
Christine.........Miss Marie Williams
Gertrude.........Miss Julia Roberts
Gudule.........Miss Ruth Reid
Boulbronne.........Miss Jessie Loftus
Isoline.........Miss Laura Carthew
Yolande.........Miss Nellie Reid
Gretchen.........Miss Helen Travers
Bradamante.........Miss Clara Gray
Faroline.........Miss Beaumont
Musketeers of the Guards..Messrs. Maynard, Cullen, Cooper, Quaine, Hillier, Quinton and Cottrell
Members of the Council, Apprentice Cooks, Citizens of Curacao...Misses Rose Roberts, Kate Chorley, &c.

Additional Characters.

Saint Remy.......Miss Helen Travers
Lansterre.......Miss Clara Gray
De Thionville.......Miss Laura Carthew
De Nangis.......Miss Williams

For a first night the performance ran very smoothly, and we have no doubt that as soon as Miss Soldene's artistes become better acquainted with their audience and the theatre there will result a notable improvement, even on last night's performance. If we insist on absolute correctness we must not expect the lightness and brilliance of the unadulterated *opéra bouffe*. What Miss Soldene gives us is rather a compromise between the burlesque of the "Strand" and the jolly absurdities of the "Bouffes," with something of the relish of both but without the flavor of either. English *opéra bouffe* is like wine without a bouquet.

The Hippodrome.

The great amphitheatre, covering over an acre of valuable real estate, was last night thronged by an admiring multitude on the occasion of the reopening of the "great circus," whose proprietor is not unknown to fame. Apart from all the historical associations which the varied performances suggested, and it may be as well to state that the spectators were treated to a view of all the crowned heads from Turkey to Japan, the versatile character of the entertainment was sufficient to keep five thousand souls in the best of humor for two long hours, and, perhaps, the best recommendation of the entertainment that could be given is that a feeling of disappointment was experienced when the band in feeling strains warned the large assemblage to depart. It would be idle to picture the brilliant scene which the Hippodrome presented last night. The display was grand and picturesque, and while the attractions were unquestionably liberal and astonishing, perhaps the highest feature of the entertainment was the beauty of the thousand smiles from the dainty, chubby and delighted little damsels in every part of the great edifice. The programme was carried out in its entirety—and to recite it is almost as difficult as to make up election returns—but there is in store for the juvenile portion of the metropolis a treat, of which good natured parents must take heed.

Wood's Museum—"Across the Continent."

After the lapse of a full season, Mr. Oliver Doud Byron made his *rentrée* at the Museum last evening, before an immense audience, in his famous character of Joe Ferris, the Ferret, in the sensational drama of "Across the Continent." The scenes and incidents of this play are too well known to need repetition. It is sufficient to state that Mr. Byron acted with his usual spirit and vivacity, and was loudly encored several times. The cast of the play was very strong, and the support given to Mr. Byron was, in the main, very good. Mr. Sheldon, as Knuckle-bone Johnny, had full scope to ventilate his roaring propensities, which pleased the audience. Miss Nellie Sandford, as an Irishwoman, and Miss Theresa Wood won and deserved considerable applause. On Thursday and each following night this week Mr. Byron will appear in his inimitable character of Ben McCullough in the drama of that name.

Mrs. Conway's Brooklyn Theatre.

The frequenters of Mrs. Conway's Theatre were last evening invited to the first representation of a piece written especially for Mrs. D. P. Bowers, entitled, "Eleanor; or, the Fatal Marriage." It could not have been a knowledge beforehand of the claims of the piece to public favor that was the cause of so slim a house. Politics have to stand excuse for many absences these times, and the same must do service on this occasion. The piece being a new one, and the actors performing under very depressing influences, it would not be fair to judge, on a first representation, of its merits or demerits. Mrs. Bowers made the most of some striking scenes, and, with the lively acting of Mr. Kennedy and Lilian Conway, the piece passed off with the hearty applause of the audience.

Musical and Dramatic Notes.

The election returns will be read every half hour to the audience at Niblo's this evening.

London is to have the new comedy, "An American Lady," with Mrs. John Wood in the leading part.

It is reported that the Ristori company made in twenty performances in Santiago, Chili, the sum of $50,000.

The Grand Opera House has finally been leased, and to the Kiralfy Brothers, who will bring out the "Black Crook" in all its original splendor. The right to produce the spectacle in New York has been purchased from Jarrett & Palmer for $10,000.

"Newmarket," a new drama by Mr. William Parr Isaacson, was produced lately in London, at the Holborn Theatre. It is a sporting play, modelled after Boucicault's "Flying Scud," but evidently without the same elements of dramatic success. It is pronounced by the critics a failure.

The demand for places in Booth's Theatre to witness Miss Cushman's farewell impersonations is unprecedented, even exceeding that which was created by the Dickens readings. Before six o'clock yesterday morning a line of ticket purchasers was formed in front of the box office, and by eight o'clock it had extended down Sixth avenue and nearly to Twenty-second street. By ten o'clock the sale of seats for the "Arcadian night" had ceased; but the call was continued for the other nights, and especially for the extra matinée to be given on Thursday.

The outdoor demonstration over Miss Cushman on the last night of her engagement will be very imposing. Downing's entire Ninth Regiment Band will head the escort in full uniform, and numbering sixty-five men. The Arcadian Club and a German singing society will parade, bearing flambeaux, and there will be a display of fireworks along the whole route of the novel procession. In the neighborhood of Booth's the private residences will display the national standard, and the theatre itself will be decorated with colors of all nations in an artistic manner, and the Twenty-third street entrance transformed into a bower of evergreens. The serenade will be by the full Ninth Regiment Band, string and brass.

OBITUARY.

James Kelly.

Notice was received yesterday afternoon, November 2, at the Mayor's Office, of the death of Mr. James Kelly, a gentleman who was well known at the City Hall from his great intimacy with the Mayor. Mr. Kelly was a fine looking man, tall and graceful, with silver hair, a humorous, sparkling eye and always wore a smile. He was a perfect Shakespearian Encyclopœdia and could quote from the great bard at any time and occasion. He died from an attack of paralysis, suffering only a very few days. He was about seventy-two years of age, but did not look to be more than sixty. In May, 1873, Mayor Havemeyer appointed Mr. Kelly a School Inspector for the Third district, which embraces the Ninth and Sixteenth wards. This is the only office deceased ever held, except having been a Custom House weigher some thirty years ago. For many years he devoted much attention to the cause of free education. He was the founder of the Kelly gold medals annually distributed in the Normal School and the City Colleges, and most of his time was spent among the public schools. Having been a bachelor he leaves no family. The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 309 West Nineteenth street, to-morrow.

William H. Raynor.

A large number of prominent and influential real estate owners met at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, yesterday, at one o'clock P. M., for the purpose of expressing their sense of the loss they had met with by the death of Mr. William H. Raynor, a prominent real estate broker of this city, whose funeral will take place to-day, from his late residence, No. 784 Fifth avenue. The meeting was organized by Mr. William Lalor. Mr. John W. Pirsson was called to the chair and Mr. Hall J. Howe appointed secretary. The chairman made a brief address expressive of his high appreciation of the character of the deceased and of the great loss his death had occasioned to a large circle of friends and to the public generally. Remarks were then made in eulogy of the deceased by Colonel B. A. Willis, S. J. Phillips, Griffith Rowe, William Lalor and others, after which a committee of twelve was appointed, who reported resolutions of condolence, which were unanimously adopted, and it was resolved that a copy of the resolutions be engrossed and sent to his family and also be copied for publication. Mr. Raynor was one of the first to devote his attention exclusively to unimproved property, and for a space of thirty-six years has been looked upon as authority as to the value of lots on this island. By his attention to business, his strict integrity, his genial and social disposition, he had accumulated a large fortune and gathered around him hosts of friends. For several years Mr. Raynor has been associated with William Cullen Bryant, S. H. Wales, W. H. Wickham and other prominent gentlemen as a trustee of the New York Homœopathic Medical College. He leaves a widow and four children.

E. Rumsey Wing.

Information was received in Louisville, Ky., yesterday by the family of the Hon. E. Rumsey Wing, United States Minister to Ecuador, of his death at Quito, October 11. He had been in bad health for some time past, and several months since resigned his position, but was unable to start upon his journey home. He was only thirty years of age at the time of his death. Mr. Wing filled the office of United States Minister Resident at Quito very acceptably, from the date of his appointment, on the 16th of November, in the year 1869, to the very latest moment. He was commissioned from the State of Kentucky, and achieved a very honorable reputation by his strict and energetic defence of North American interests in the Republic of the South.

Sir John Benson, the Architect.

The obituary columns of the London journals of October 21 contain the name of the well known architect and civil engineer from whose designs the Great Exhibition Building at Dublin in 1853 was erected, Sir John Benson, of Montenotte, in the county of Cork. He died in Alexander square, Brompton, at the age of a little over sixty. The son of Mr. John Benson, of Collooney, in the county of Sligo, he was born in the year 1812, and at an early age was brought up to the profession which he followed so successfully. While comparatively quite a young man he was appointed County Engineer to the East Riding of the county of Cork, and subsequently engineer to the Cork Harbor Commissioners. He received the honor of knighthood at the hands of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland on the opening of the Great Industrial Exhibition, with which his name, like those of Mr. William Dargan and the late Duke of Leinster, will long be connected.

A Patriarch of English Trades Unionism.

The death is announced in our English files of the 16th of October of Mr. W. Allan, the well known Secretary to the Amalgamated Engineers, and one of the oldest and most successful apostles of trades unionism in Great Britain. The engineers form probably the wealthiest and most powerful trade society in the kingdom, and their position is in no small degree due to the labors of Mr. Allan. He is regarded as the founder of amalgamated trades unions; in other words, he endeavored to deprive unions of a merely local character, and to make them co-extensive with the trade to which they applied. In the engineers this principle was carried on with remarkable success, and though it has not been so completely established in other branches of industry it has been adopted to an extent which has greatly increased the strength of trades' unionism in England.

The Abbe Richter, the Linguist.

The death, at Munich, October 17, is announced of a rival to the famous Cardinal Mezzofanti, the Abbé Richter, who spoke eighty languages.

DIED FROM HIS INJURIES.

Samuel Brooks, a man thirty-nine years of age and born in England, died in the Ninety-ninth Street Reception Hospital on Monday, at four o'clock, from injuries caused by falling down a flight of stairs at 118th street and Third avenue, in the hallway of which he was found lying insensible on Saturday. Deceased lived at 118th street and Second avenue. Coroner Eickhoff will hold an inquest on the body.

CAUGHT IN THE ACT.

John Minor, aged seventeen, residing at No. 354 West Fortieth street, and John McNulty, aged eighteen, of No. 433 West Fortieth street, were detected last night in the act of feloniously entering the premises of Mr. C. Jack, in West Fortieth street, by Officer Delaney, of the Twentieth precinct, who at once took them in custody. The youthful burglars were locked up in the Thirty-seventh Street Station House to await investigation.

THE SAFE BURGLARY TRIAL.

Completing the Links of Evidence—Confirmation of Former Significant Testimony—Recovery of the Original Account Books—Columbus Alexander on the Stand.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2, 1874.

The trial of Harrington, Whitley and Williams was resumed this morning. Judge Humphreys stated to counsel that one of the jurors was quite unwell. He would try to remain during the session of to-day, but if there was no objection he would be permitted to go to his home and remain to-night, for the night only. No objection was made.

John E. Burr was sworn—Is employed at the Continental Hotel, Philadelphia. [Identified the register of the hotel, and turned to page containing the entries for May 6, 1874, and pointed out the names of Harrington and Somerville.]

Harrington here admitted that the signature was original.

Witness said that both names were registered as coming to the hotel at tea time. The book showed that Somerville left after breakfast on the morning of the 7th.

A telegram was here produced from Somerville to Harrington, bearing date May 6, which was read as follows:—

Will be at Continental Hotel at eleven o'clock to-night. SOMERVILLE.

W. J. Dailey sworn.—On the 7th of May went with Hayes to a house on Pennsylvania avenue, in Newark, which he has since found to be Nettleship's house; Hayes asked witness to go over with him to take notice of what transpired; they remained in the house about an hour; witness went with Hayes to Somerville's house in New York; Hayes went into the house and remained over an hour; Hayes left the city a few days afterward, and witness next saw him on the 12th of June; during the absence of Hayes an arrangement was made by which he could communicate with his wife through the agency of witness.

H. Goldstine sworn—Knew Nettleship; used to help him some in reference to counterfeit money; saw him some time in May, but cannot give the exact day; met him at the Brigham House; he could not give the hour; knew General Monk; Nettleship afterward sent witness $100 by Monk, and at the same time Monk brought an affidavit for witness to swear to; when he swore to it he told the Alderman he could not swear to the exact time named in the affidavit; the object of the affidavit was to show that Nettleship was not in Philadelphia at a certain time in the month of May.

Some of the witnesses called were found to be absent, and the Judge directed the usual recess of the Court to be taken in advance of the regular hour.

After recess George Gilbert was sworn. His testimony was as follows:—Knows Colonel Whitley; Whitley wanted witness to attend to some evidence in his case against the government; met Nettleship, who asked witness to get acquainted with William J. Dailey and see if he could learn anything about Mike Hayes; went down to Dailey's ten or twelve successive days; at first could not obtain any information; finally saw

A MAN BY THE NAME OF BECKER

there, who seemed to be acquainted with both Hayes and Dailey, and witness reported the fact to Nettleship and was directed to bring Becker up to the office. Witness brought him to No. 156 Bleecker street and introduced him to Nettleship in the presence of Colonel Whitley, Nettleship and General Monk. They had several interviews, but excluded witness because he was not a free mason. About a week after that Nettleship and Sullivan came down after witness to find Becker; witness told them that Becker was over to Long Branch and Nettleship gave witness $10 to go to Long Branch and get Becker to come over to New York; witness did so and brought Becker to the Bleecker street office. General Monk wrote an affidavit and wanted Becker to sign it: Nettleship said he wanted the affidavit signed, but did not want to pay any money in advance; witness knew the contents of the affidavit only by hearsay, but knew it was in relation to Dailey.

Mary Fee, fourteen years of age, was then sworn. Resides with Mrs. Hayes; Mr. Hayes was absent from home about the 8th of April and at various times afterward; has seen Cunz at the house three or four times; when Cunz called Hayes was down East or in Canada; witness remembered Hayes went to Washington about the 6th of April; Dart came to the house about that time to see Mr. Hayes; never saw Dart after that time; Carter called to inquire for Mr. Hayes, but did not know the exact time.

Gustav Zirruth, Jr., was sworn, and testified as follows:—Is acquainted with Nettleship and Guild; the father of witness was absent from home a considerable time during the summer; knew the absence was connected with some of Nettleship's business; witness went to see Nettleship at one time to make inquiries about his father; the mother of witness received money while his father was away from Mr. Guild.

Henry Zirruth, sworn—Knows Nettleship and Guild; witness went down to Guild's every week and got $10 for his mother; went down at one time when he did not get the money; was told that it had not yet come; got it a day or two afterwards.

W. W. Demaine, sworn—Lives in this city and is acquainted with Columbus Alexander; knows Zirruth; Zirruth told witness the books which the committee had seen purporting to belong to John O. Evans were forgeries, but his friend, whom he called Butler, had the original books; witness was asked if he would undertake to get the books before the committee, and he consented; Zirruth introduced Butler to witness and alluded to "those books which he kept;" Butler was mad and said, "I never kept any books. What do you mean?" and then took witness one side and inquired what the Dutchman had told him; witness informed Butler that if there was any misunderstanding, he was under no obligation to tell witness anything about the matter; Butler then said he knew of a set of books kept for John O. Evans, which he could furnish to the memorialists if he could get acquainted with some of them; witness suggested that he should see Columbus Alexander about the matter; Butler desired an introduction, and witness after going up to see Mr. Alexander about the matter, came back and took witness to Mr. Alexander's house and introduced him; Butler desired a private interview with Mr. Alexander and they went upstairs into the back parlor, where they remained about ten minutes and then returned, and witness and Butler left the house; on the way down Butler said he would have his friend deliver the books to witness and witness could deliver them to Alexander; they then separated and witness did not see Butler after that time; he met him several weeks after the burglary, in the committee room, recognized him and learned his name was Hayes.

COLUMBUS ALEXANDER'S TESTIMONY.

Columbus Alexander was sworn—Witness is known as one of the memorialists of the original memorial to Congress for an investigation; witness was very much engaged in prosecuting the investigation before the committee; the books of John O. Evans were produced before the committee about the 15th of April; it was noticed by counsel, by myself and by others that the books had a very new appearance; on the 22d of April four more books were introduced, all of which had the same new appearance; witness, being an old printer and bookbinder, considered himself an expert about blank books, and took up one of them to examine, when Mr. Harrington objected, and after a slight examination witness laid the book down; but it was the almost universal belief that the books were new ones prepared for the occasion and were not

THE ORIGINAL BOOKS;

shortly afterward Demaine met witness and told him he could introduce him to a man who could give him some information about the genuine books of John O. Evans; witness told Demaine to bring him up, as he would like to see him; Demaine did so and brought to his house Butler; after the introduction Butler desired to see witness in private and was taken up into the back parlor, when he told witness that a friend of his had possession of the original books of John O. Evans, which had been sent out of the city; witness expressed a desire to get hold of them, and Butler wanted to know how much witness would pay for the books; witness declined to pay for any testimony; but, if the books were out of town, he would pay for any necessary expressage or expense incurred in procuring them; witness met Hayes again at the Capitol steps on the 18th of April, when he alluded to the matter and promised to send the books; on the 23d Butler brought another man to witness' house and introduced him as the person who could bring the books to him; neither witness nor any of his family heard the bell ring at his house on the night of the burglary, or anything unusual about the house; witness heard of the burglary on the morning of April 24, and heard that his name was connected with it, and lost no time in getting to the Capitol; witness had nothing whatever to do with the burglary in any manner, shape or form.

This closed the direct examination of Mr. Alexander.

The Court then adjourned till to-morrow.

A NEWARK BEER STEALER SHOT.

"Aug" Dougherty was accused of stealing beer from the place of Mr. Riley, corner of Lock and New streets. Aug lives at No. 277 New street. Yesterday forenoon Officer Ray proceeded to arrest him. He saw him on the sidewalk, and a wordy controversy ensued, the result of which was that Dougherty scampered off, and the officer fired at him from a revolver, firing four shots. Dougherty escaped for the time, but was afterward captured and the discovery made that he was wounded very severely. He was found in the back yard of a New street dwelling and bleeding profusely. The unfortunate man was removed to his mother's house, where he now lies in a critical condition, in charge of some of the best physicians in Newark.

UTICA CHEESE MARKET.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 2, 1874.

At Little Falls 1,000 boxes of cheese were offered and 800 were sold at 15¼c., with the extreme price at 15¾c.

PAPAL OPINION OF BISMARCK'S POSITION.

On the 4th of October, the day of Count Arnim's arrest, an ultramontane journal at Rome contained the following:—"The Vatican has not yet abandoned all hopes of superseding Bismarck by Arnim. The Pontifical diplomacy is in possession of papers much more dangerous to Bismarck than those published by La Marmora."

SHIPPING NEWS.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

DATES OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER.

Steamer.	Sails.	Destination.	Office.
Wyoming	Nov. 3	Liverpool	29 Broadway
Schiller	Nov. 3	Hamburg	113 Broadway
Algeria	Nov. 4	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
Helvetia	Nov. 4	Liverpool	69 Broadway
Thuringia	Nov. 5	Hamburg	61 Broadway
Batavia	Nov. 7	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
City of Brooklyn	Nov. 7	Liverpool	15 Broadway
Oceanic	Nov. 7	Liverpool	19 Broadway
France	Nov. 7	Liverpool	69 Broadway
Elysia	Nov. 7	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Neckar	Nov. 7	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Nevada	Nov. 10	Liverpool	29 Broadway
Abyssinia	Nov. 11	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
State of Pennsy'a	Nov. 11	Glasgow	72 Broadway
Hohenzollern	Nov. 11	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
W A Schotten	Nov. 12	Rotterdam	50 Broadway
Suevia	Nov. 12	Hamburg	61 Broadway
Pereire	Nov. 14	Havre	55 Broadway
City of New York	Nov 14	Liverpool	15 Broadway
Republic	Nov. 14	Liverpool	19 Broadway
Donau	Nov. 14	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Holland	Nov. 14	London	69 Broadway
Victoria	Nov. 14	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Goethe	Nov. 17	Hamburg	113 Broadway
Idaho	Nov. 17	Liverpool	29 Broadway
Russia	Nov. 18	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
Westphalia	Nov. 19	Hamburg	61 Broadway
City of London	Nov. 21	Liverpool	15 Broadway
Baltic	Nov. 21	Liverpool	19 Broadway
Ethiopia	Nov. 21	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Hohenstauffen	Nov. 21	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Java	Nov. 25	Liverpool	4 Bowling Green
State of Nevada	Nov. 25	Glasgow	72 Broadway
Pommerania	Nov. 26	Hamburg	61 Broadway
Maas	Nov. 26	Rotterdam	50 Broadway
City of Montreal	Nov. 28	Liverpool	15 Broadway
California	Nov. 28	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
France	Nov. 28	Havre	55 Broadway
Hermann	Nov 28	Bremen	2 Bowling Green

Almanac for New York—This Day.

SUN AND MOON.		HIGH WATER.	
Sun rises	6 30	Gov. Island....eve	4 22
Sun sets	4 55	Sandy Hook....eve	3 37
Moon rises....morn	1 00	Hell Gate......eve	6 07

PORT OF NEW YORK, NOV. 2, 1874.

CLEARED.

Steamship Wyoming (Br), Beddoe, Liverpool via Queenstown—Williams & Guion.
Steamship Bengal (Br), Douglas, London—Peabody, Willis & Co.
Steamship Great Western (Br), Windham, Bristol—E E Morgan's Sons.
Steamship Schiller (Ger), Thomas, Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg—Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne.
Steamship Leo, Daniels, Savannah—Murray, Ferris & Co.
Steamship North Point, Smith, Philadelphia—Lorillard Steamship Co.
Steamship Franconia, Bragg, Portland—J F Ames.
Steamship Georgia (Br), McKenzie, Portland—A E Outerbridge.
Steamship Glaucus, Bearse, Boston—H F Dimock.
Ship Robena, Hagen, Savannah—Thomas Dunham's Nephew & Co.
Bark Penang, Patton, Melbourne—Mailler & Quereau.
Bark Juno (Aus), Florio, Alexandria, E—Slocovich & Co.
Bark Washington (Ger), Walter, Corunna—Jacob W Schmidt & Co.
Bark John Griffith, Westberg, Havana—Jas E Ward & Co.
Bark R W Griffiths (Br), Drummond, Matanzas—Jas E Ward & Co.
Brig L & W Armstrong, Menow, Demerara—L, W & P Armstrong.
Schr Henry Parker, Lewis, Demerara—Edwin Rowe & Co.
Schr Maid of the Mist, Smith, St Pierre—H A Vatable & Son.
Schr Gertrude Plummer, Plummer, St Johns, PR—Miller & Houghton.
Schr G V Richards (Br), Peck, St John, NB—P I Nevius & Son.
Schr M B Femerick, Richards, Jacksonville—Van Brunt & Bro.
Schr Samuel Wood, Wood, Washington, DC—W Chalmers.
Schr A V Bergen, Thompson, Alexandria—Slaght & Petty.
Schr Helen, Perry, Baltimore—Wm Chalmers.
Schr Angler, Besse, Providence—Joseph S Cottrell.
Sloop Cornelia, Eckhoff, Newark—National Lighterage Co.
Steamer Philadelphia, Davis, Philadelphia—James Hand.
Cleared Oct 31—Steamship City of Panama, Dow, Aspinwall—Pacific Mail Steamship Co.
Steamship New Orleans, Dearborn, New Orleans—Clark & Seaman.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS AND HERALD WHITESTONE TELEGRAPH LINE.

Steamship Oceanic (Br), Jennings, Liverpool Oct 22 and Queenstown 23d, with mdse and 411 passengers to R J Cortis. Was detained off the Lightship 9 hours by fog; Nov 1, lat 41 01, lon 69 12, passed steamship Celtic (Br), hence for Liverpool.
Steamship City of Brooklyn (Br), Murray, Liverpool Oct 22 and Queenstown 23d, with mdse and passengers to John G Dale.
Steamship Batavia (Br), Mouland, Liverpool Oct 20 and Queenstown 21, with mdse and 350 passengers to C G Francklyn.
Steamship France (Br), Altree, Liverpool via Boston, with mdse to F W J Hurst.
Steamship Acapulco, Gray, Aspinwall Oct 26, with mdse and passengers to the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. Oct 29, 50 miles north of Cape Maysi, spoke steamship Colon, hence for Aspinwall.
Steamship Georgia (Br), McKinzie, Hamilton, Bermuda Oct 29, with mdse and passengers to A E Outerbridge.
Steamship City of Austin, Stevens, Galveston Oct 24, via Key West 28th, with mdse and passengers to C H Mallory & Co.
Steamship Charleston, Berry, Charleston Oct 30, with mdse and passengers to J W Quintard & Co.
Steamship George W Elder, Lawrence, Norfolk, with mdse and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.
Brig Juliet C Clark, Shaw, Cienfuegos 25 days, with sugar, &c, to Phelps & Co; vessel to Marcus Hunter & Co. Had strong E and NE gales on the passage.
Schr Robert Myhan, Eldridge, San Blas 49 days, with cocoanuts to Doane & Calt. Had heavy E and NE gales, split sails and sustained other slight damage.
Schr Caleb Eaton (of Boston), Savage, Abacoa, 8 days, with oranges to Jas Douglas; vessel to B J Wenberg.
Schr Albert Mason, Rose, Wilmington, NC, 5 days, with naval stores to order; vessel to E D Hurlburt & Co.
Schr Luola Murchison, Jones, Wilmington, NC, 5 days, with naval stores to Murchison & Co; vessel to E S Powell.
Schr Frank Walter, Saxon, Richmond, with coal to Bird, Perkins & Job; vessel to Slaght & Petty.
Schr Sally Ann, Willets, Virginia, with wood to H P Havens.
Schr Monmouth, Anderson, Virginia, with wood to H P Havens.
Schr Crisis, Bowen, Virginia, with wood to H P Havens.
Schr A E Reynolds, Palmer, Virginia, with wood to H P Havens.
Schr J B Johnson, Soper, Virginia.
Schr M G Leonard, Chase, Virginia.
Schr Moonlight, Rogers, Virginia.
Schr B F Aumack, Tilton, Virginia.
Schr Charley Miller, Morgan, Virginia for New Haven.
Schr Fanny Hanmer, Brooks, Philadelphia for Nantucket.
Schr Alexander Young, Blake, Philadelphia for New Haven.

Passed Through Hell Gate.

BOUND SOUTH.

Schr Excelsior, Blydenburg, Somerset for New York.
Schr Game Cock, Quinlan, Stony Point for New York, with stone.
Schr G H Daboll, Rackett, Nantucket for New York, with fish to H C Rogers & Co.
Schr Warren Gates, Smith, Millstone Point for New York, with stone to J R Brown.
Schr Wm O Irish, Tirrell, Providence for New York.
Schr M A Predmore, Sherman, Providence for New York.
Schr Richard Law, Hawkins, Providence for New York.
Schr James Hoffman, Shropshire, Bridgeport for New York.
Schr Minquas, Heaney, Southport for Port Johnson.
Schr Golden Rule, Wilson, Norwich for New York.
Schr R A Forsyth, Hobbie, Stamford for New York.
Steamer City of Fitchburg, Baker, New Bedford for New York, with mdse and passengers.
Steamer Electra, Young, Providence for New York, with mdse and passengers.

BOUND EAST.

Schr Adam, Bowlby, Port Johnson for Norwich.
Schr Wm F Garrison, Godfrey, Philadelphia for Salem.
Schr Jenietta, Thompson, New York for Addison.
Schr W J McLaughlin, Lantery, Philadelphia for Hartford.
Schr Clara E Rogers, Sturges, Port Johnson for Boston.
Schr Angler, Bress, New York for Providence.
Schr Orion, Walters, Rondout for Belfast.
Schr A M Lee, Lee, Philadelphia for Providence.
Schr Reading RR 47, Baggs, Philadelphia for Middletown.
Schr Florida, Thompson, Peekskill for New Haven.

SAILED.

Steamship North Point, for Philadelphia; barks Cortese (Aus), Dundalk; Thor (Nor), Dublin; brigs New York (Ital), Gibraltar; Union (Br), Progreso and Campeachy; schrs Frank Treat, Turks Islands; Cook Borden, Kingston, Ja.

Wind at sunset W, light.

Maritime Miscellany.

☞ See Cable News.

Purser Conner, of steamship Acapulco, from Aspinwall, will please accept our thanks for attentions.

STEAMSHIP COSTA RICA, which broke her shaft between Panama and San Francisco, arrived at the latter port 2d inst, in tow of steamship Arizona.

STEAMSHIP BENGAL, of Liverpool, Capt Douglass, which arrived at this port on the 21st ult, with a cargo of 40,000 packages of tea, from Shanghai and Amoy via Suez canal, in 60 days, is the pioneer steamship of the New York, London and China Steamship Co. (limited). She is a fine iron vessel, of 2,036 tons register, 320 feet in length and 31 feet 6 inches beam, and was built by the firm of Todd & McGregor, Glasgow. The Bengal made the passage under difficulties, having damaged one of her boilers on the 11th of October, and, being unable to repair same, finished the voyage without its aid. She sails to-day for London, having had very quick despatch.

BARK ALMIRA COOMBS, Langthorn from Pensacola for Canary Islands, put into Norfolk 2d inst leaking; will have to discharge part of cargo.

SCHR HENRY R CONGDON arrived at Providence 31st ult from Baltimore with 21,339 bushels of corn, being the largest cargo of corn ever taken to that port by nearly 4000 bushels.

SCHR WEST WIND went ashore on the west end of Jones' Inlet, LI, Nov 1, PM. The Coast Wrecking Co's steamer Lackawanna has gone to her assistance.

SCHR BIRCHARD & TORREY, from Calais, of and for Boston, before reported put into Lubec and condemned, will be sold there at auction next Wednesday.

SCHR GEORGE W ANDREWS, of St George, with a cargo of stone, is ashore on Tuckernuck Shoals, west side. The steamer Island Home went to her assistance from Boston yesterday.

SCHR ONTARA, Pettigrove from Portland for Matanzas, lost foresail 29th ult, off South Shoal, and arrived at Vineyard Haven 2d inst, where she will repair before proceeding.

SCHR DEBORAH, Jones, reported ashore near Tarpaulin Cove has been stripped and her materials taken to Vineyard Haven by schrs Silver Crown, and Richards. A diver attempted to patch her bottom, but without success. She will be a total loss.

TUG ADELAIDE, ashore on Brandywine Shoals, lies on her beam ends, imbedded in the sand, with four feet of water in her hold and decks all gone.

During a southeast gale at San Francisco on the 26th ult the following vessels were more or less damaged:—The ship Glencoe, off North Point dock, broke adrift from her anchor, running against the ship Culzean, breaking the jibboom of the latter. The ship Grives, off Beals street wharf, broke afoul of the ship Cartsburn, taking out the chain plate of the latter. The bark Eureka, of Mission street wharf, drifted foul of the bark Portland, tearing away the figurehead of the latter. The Eureka was badly damaged to her water ways. The City of Glasgow, at the Gas Company's wharf, ran against the ship Vernon, doing considerable damage, and was towed to the stream. The ship British India at the Rolling Mills wharf, broke loose, doing some damage to her side, and in trying to hold her a 15-inch hawser was broken. The bark Union, off the Mail Company's wharf, lost both of her anchors.

BOSTON, Mass, Nov 2—At a meeting of the Board of Trade to-day, a report was adopted urging the necessity of extending the Signal Service still further, and of providing better facilities for observation and for the comfort of the officers at the different stations, especially at Boston, which is lamentably deficient, and declaring that arrangements should be made for the display of storm signals at every harbor of note and at every prominent cape and headland, declaring, also, that more money was needed, and urging the national government to make the necessary appropriations, as the money would be profitably spent.

CHICAGO, Oct 30—Schr Pamlico, Strech, which left Newcastle, E, Sept 3 for this port, has not since been heard from, and some anxiety is felt for her safety.

HALIFAX, Nov 2—Capt Macfarlane, of the brig Julia Esson, at this port, from Turk's Island, reports:—On the 24th ult, in lat 37 lon 71, saw a vessel of about 300 tons, bottom up; copper partly stripped from bottom.

The captain and mate of the brig Nancy (Br), which arrived here from New York this morning, have been arrested for maltreating a seaman, named John Morris.

PORTSMOUTH, NH, Nov 2—The schr Susan Jane, from Bangor for Kittery, went ashore Saturday night on York Ledge, and by the bursting of a lamp was burned, with part of her deck load.

RICHMOND, Va, Oct 30—Tug Virginia is aground on a reef near Cherrystone. Assistance has been sent to her.

LAUNCHED—At Port Madison, Oct 24, a barkentine named S M Stetson.

Notice to Mariners.

QUARANTINE RAISED AT MOBILE.

MOBILE, Nov 2—The quarantine in force between Mobile and Pensacola, was raised to-day by official proclamation of the Mayor.

NEWPORT, RI, Nov 2—The fog bell on the breakwater in this harbor has been repaired, and is now in working order.

Whalemen.

Arrived at St Michaels Sept 24, schr B F Sparks, Elwell, of Provincetown; oil not reported.

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS AND SHIP CAPTAINS.

Merchants, shipping agents and ship captains are informed that by telegraphing to the HERALD London Bureau, No 46 Fleet street, the arrivals at and departures from European ports, and other ports abroad, of American and all foreign vessels trading with the United States, the same will be cabled to this country free of charge and published.

OUR CABLE SHIPPING NEWS.

ALGOA BAY, Sept 29—Sailed, bark Envoy, Berry, United States; brig Kosmopoliet (Dutch), Mulder, New York.

BEAUMARIS, Nov 1—Towed in, bark A Dudman (Br), Dudman, Liverpool for United States (see below).

BELFAST, Nov 1—Sailed, bark L G Bigelow (Br), Ferris, Tybee.

BRISTOL, Nov 1—Sailed, bark Arcadia (Br), Anderson, New Orleans.

CHRISTIANIA, Oct 30—Arrived, bark Rival (Nor), Jorgensen, New York.

DUNDEE, Nov 2—Arrived, bark Ercole (Ital), Ruggiero, New York.

GIBRALTAR, Oct —Sailed, bark Bolivar (Aus), Gerolinich (from New York), Alexandria, E, having repaired.

GOTHENBURG, Nov 1—Arrived, brig Typhoon (Nor), Thornsen, Philadelphia.

HAMBURG, Oct 30—Sailed, bark Grace (Br), Wade, New York.

HELVOET, Nov 1—Arrived, bark Frederick Scalla (Ger), Waack, Wilmington, NC, for Rotterdam.

LIVERPOOL, Nov 1—Sailed, ships Her Majesty (Br), Downie, San Francisco (probably New Orleans); C B Hazeltine, Gilkey, Tybee.

ODESSA—Arrived, brig Rachele (Ital), Cacace, New York.

MOVILLE, Nov 2—Arrived, steamship Hibernian (Br), Archer, Montreal for Liverpool.

QUEENSTOWN, Nov 1—Arrived, barks Ottavia M (Ital), Murello, Baltimore; Burgermeister Kerstein (Ger), Ehrenreich, New York; Massimo d'Azeglio (Ital), Vallefederica, do; Sasselo (Ital), Assanello, do; 2d, Divico (Nor), Jorgensen, do; Britannia (Ital), Oneto, do.

SINGAPORE, Oct 23—Arrived, steamship Galley of Lorne (Br), Burgoyne, Shanghai for New York.

STOCKHOLM, Oct 30—Arrived, bark Askoy (Nor), Marcussen, New York (see below).

ST HELENA—Arrived, ship Clanranald (Br), Erskine, Bombay for New York.

Sailed, ship Duleep Singh (Br), Williams (from Calcutta), New York; barks Elmstone (Br), Bragg (from Manila), do; Kate Carnie (Br), Wilson (from Whampoa, do; Nonpareil, Devins (from Algoa Bay), Boston.

TABLE BAY, CGH—Arrived, bark Albert, Reed, Adelaide.

Arrived at —— Nov 2, the "Chodin," from United States.

Sailed from —— Nov 1, the Martin, for United States (bark Martin (Aus), Tommassovich, arrived at Hull Aug 8, and may be the vessel).

LONDON, Nov 2—Bark Askoy (Nor), Marcussen, from New York for Stockholm, was assisted into the latter port Oct 30 in a damaged state (of what nature not stated); will have to discharge part of cargo for survey and repairs.

Bark Sarah A Dudman (Br), Dudman, from Liverpool for United States, was towed into Beaumaris Nov 1 seriously damaged.

The "Paamlico" was spoken off Fastnet, short of provisions and water, and was supplied. [Schr Pamlico, Strech, sailed from Newcastle, E, Sept 3 for Chicago.]

Foreign Ports.

ASPINWALL, Oct 11—Arrived, bark St Cloud, Bayley, New York; brigs Alex Nickels, Peters, Fernandina; Winfield, Bibber, New York; schrs S S Harding, Harding, Philadelphia; 20th, Lorine, Somers, do.
Sailed 19th, brig Mattana, Connaughton, Pascagoula.
BRISBANE, Sept 1—In port ship Juliet (Br), Duguid, for San Francisco, to sail in about 7 days.
BERMUDA, Oct 20—Arrived, schrs Eddie, Palmer, Baltimore (and cleared 26th for Cor Island); 24th, Ancona (Br), Fitzgerald, St John, NB.
In port Oct 28, bark Modoc (Br), Marsh, for Savannah, to sail in a day or two (cleared 26th); brigs Constance (Dutch), repg; Mattie B Russel, York, from New York; schr Edward Burnett, Taylor, from New York for Para, to sail in a day or two.
Off the east end of the Island Oct 21, schr Mary Jane (Br), Greenwood, from Clyde River, NS, for St Domingo.
CHERIBON, Oct 6—In port ship Southern Cross, Hughes, for Sourabaya, to load for Sandy Hook for orders.
CALLAO, Oct 9—Sailed, ships Whittier, Swap (from Iquique), New York; 13th, Hercules, Snow, Macabi to load for United Kingdom.
In port Oct 14, ship Andrew Johnson, O'Brien, unc; barks Prince de Conde (Fr), Escoliret, from Bordeaux for San Francisco, disg; Rosina, Buring, disg.
CORINTO, CA, Oct 12—In port, bark Coronella, loading cedar for Valparaiso.
HALIFAX, Nov 2—Arrived, brig Nancy (Br), McBride, New York.
Sailed 2d, steamships Circassian (Br), Wylie, Quebec (from Liverpool); Beta (Br), for Bermuda and St Thomas.
LITTLETON, NZ, Sept 7—In port ships Eastern Monarch (Br), Donaldson, and Peerless (Br), Norris, for San Francisco.
MELBOURNE, Sept 17—Arrived, bark Auguste (Fr), Bernard, Burrard Inlent.
Sailed Sept 10, ships Borrowdale (Br), Parr, San Francisco via Newcastle; 24th, John Kerr (Br), Scobie, San Francisco.
Cleared Sept 4, ships Arcturus, Williams, San Francisco; 15th, America (Br), Inglis, do.
NEWCASTLE, NSW, Aug 29—Sailed, ships Austria, Gilmore, San Francisco; Sept 2, Roderick Dhu (Br), Calvert, do; 4th, British King (Br), Quinn, do; Geo H Oulton (Br), Alexander, do; 7th, brig Hazard, Lewis, do; 8th, ship Galatea (Br), Wharland, do; 11th, bark Nourmahal (Br), Smith, do; 15th, ship Mermerus (Br), Fyfe, do; 18th, barks Mariano, Ryder, do; Etta Loring, Loring, Yokohama.
NANAIMO, Oct 24—Sailed, bark W C Parks (Haw), Penhallow, San Francisco.
OTAGO, NZ, Sept 8—Sailed, ship Sussex (Br), for San Francisco.
PORT CHALMERS, NZ, Sept —Arrived, bark Splendid (Br), Mullen, New Bedford via St Thomas.
SYDNEY, NSW, Aug 14—Sailed, bark W H Thorndike, Bellamy, Enderbury Island.
ST JOHN, NB, Oct 31—Cleared, schr Martha Nickels, for New York.

American Ports.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct 31—Sailed, schrs Sallie W Kay, Boston; A R Weeks, do.
Passed down—Schr Gov J Y Smith, from Georgetown for ——.
APPONAUG, Oct 31—Arrived, schr Henry A Paull, Strange, Georgetown, DC.
BOSTON, Oct 31—Arrived, schrs T T Tasker, Leeds; Rachel Seaman, Seaman; William L Abbott, Ludlam; E T Cottingham, Smith, and Lena Hunter, Somers, Philadelphia; Lena R Storer, Beebe, Port Johnson.
Cleared—Schrs Cabot, Ellis, and Willard, Saulsbury, Handy, New York.
Nov 2—Arrived, steamers Norman, Nickerson; Leopard, Albertson, and Centipede, Miles, from Philadelphia; Nereus, Bearse, New York; schrs Carrie C Miles, Graham, Virginia; Peter H Crowell, Snow, Baltimore; Charles H Lawrence, Kemp, do; Rebecca Shepard, Robinson; Charles Coulomb, Fennimore, and M H Cranmer, Coombs, Philadelphia.
Also arrived bark Endeavor, Ford, Trinidad; schrs Charles Sawyer, Mullen, Aux Cayes; Emerson Rokes, Marston, Charleston (and proceeded to Weymouth); Charles F Sampson, Gage, Alexandria; Lulu, Snow, Baltimore; Charles E Morrison, Smith, do; E R Emerson, Sears, do; A C Paige, Haley, Philadelphia; Henrietta, Smith, do; West Dennis, Kelley, do; Horace Moody, Hand, do; John S Lushman, Adams, do; Lucy D, Hall, Hoboken; Benjamin Courtenay, Baker, Rondout.
Cleared—Steamships Hecla (Br), McKay, Liverpool; Neptune, Berry, New York; bark Dirigo, Bixby, Mobile; brigs Arthur Eggleso, Everett, St Vincent; Clara Louise, Henreben, Mayaguez; schrs E B Phillips, Baker, Philadelphia; H H Fisk, Hixon, Portland.
Sailed—Brig Arthur Eggleso.
BALTIMORE, Oct 31—Cleared, schrs Kate Miller, Vansant, Galveston (not arrived); Irene E Meservey, Meservey, Fall River; Speedwell, Drisko, Boston.
Sailed—Steamers Berlin, Bremen; Potomac, Savannah; bark Chanticleer, Rio Janeiro; brigs D C Chapman, do; Chattanooga, Ponce; Silas N Martin, Demerara; schrs Rebecca Florence, Fortune Island; John H Tunis, Nassau.
Nov 1—Arrived, steamship Wilmington, Baker, New Orleans via Havana.
2d—Arrived, steamships Sea Gull, Dutton, Charleston; Wm Crane, Howes, Boston; McClellan, March, Providence; schrs Mattie B Rulan, New York; A C Lyon, do.
Cleared—Steamship Geo Appold, Loveland, Boston; Wm Kennedy, Foster, Providence; ship Orpheus (Ger), Schlepegrell, Bremen; brig Aquidneck, Johnson, Rio Janeiro; schrs Carrie Walker, Dunn, Jacksonville; Mattie B Rulon, Hoboken.
Sailed—Schr Shiloh, Matanzas.
BUCKSPORT, Oct 31—Sailed, schr J M Morales, Eldridge, Wilmington.
BEVERLY, Oct 27—Sailed, schr Lottie Lee, Lee, Philadelphia.
BRISTOL FERRY Oct 30—Arrived, schr E H Williams, Russell, Philadelphia.
CHARLESTON, Oct 29—Cleared, schrs Charles Morford, Burdge, Baltimore via Union Island, Ga; E A Hooper, Hooper, Georgetown, DC, via Doboy Island, Ga.
Nov 2—Arrived, steamship Falcon, Haynie, Baltimore; bark David Babcock, Colcord, New York; schrs Tarry Not, Timmons, do; Ocean Traveller, Adams, Philadelphia; Lena Breed, Wheaton, do.
Sailed—Bark Fornjot (Nor), Molbach, Liverpool; brig Medea (Nor), Abrahamsen, do.
EAST MACHIAS, Oct 28—Sailed, schrs Paran, Fletcher, Newburyport; Lugano, Dow, New York.
EDGARTOWN, Oct 30—Arrived, schrs John Cadwalader, Phinney, Philadelphia; W Freeman, Robinson, New York for Boston.
EAST GREENWICH, Oct 31—Arrived, schr Helen, Searle, Port Johnson.
Sailed—Schr Lillie O Wells, Wells, Port Johnson.
FALL RIVER, Oct 30—Arrived, schrs Jennie Rosslene, Tooker, and D M Anthony, McLane, Georgetown, DC.
Passed up—Schr Lottie Beard, Perry, Philadelphia for Somerset.
Sailed—Schr Daniel Brown, Emerson, New York.
31st—Arrived, schrs Thomas Borden, Churbuck, Philadelphia; Transit, Davis, do; Rachel Jane, Hunt, Port Johnson for Somerset; N H Skinner, Thrasher, ——.
GALVESTON, Oct 27—Arrived, bark Caroline (Br), Fisher, Belize.
Sailed—Brig Wm Mallory, Jr, Forsyth, Fall River.
28th—Arrived, bark Adelheim (Nor), Andersen, New York.
Nov 1—Sailed, steamship State of Texas, Bolger, New York.
GEORGETOWN, DC, Oct 31—Arrived, schrs Uriah B Fisk, Crowell; Boston; Chas A Jones, Kent, Kennebec River.
NEW ORLEANS, Oct 28—Arrived up, steamship Ponce (Sp), Portuondo, Ponce.
29th—Cleared, schr W A Watson, Watson, Pensacola.
Nov 2—Cleared, bark Honor (Aus), Mareglia, Barcelona; brig John M Burns, Frouty, Cienfuegos.
Arrived at the Passes—Steamships Juniata, Catharine, Philadelphia; City of Mexico, Sherwood, New York via Vera Cruz, &c; bark Triade (Aus), Tarabochia, Rotterdam.
Sailed—Steamship Rita; ship Algoma.
Steamship State of Louisiana, for Liverpool, is on the bar.
NORFOLK, Nov 2—Arrived, ship Oasis (Br), Jaques, New York; barks Helen Sands, Bosford, Philadelphia (both to load for Liverpool); Almira Coombs, Langthorn, Pensacola for Canary Islands (see Miscel).
NANTUCKET, Oct 29—Sailed, schr Onward, Gorham, New York.
NEWPORT, Oct 31—Arrived, schr Greene County Tanner, Rondout via Providence.
Sailed—Schrs Sea Flower, Lincoln, Orleans for New York; S Washburn, Hathaway, Taunton for do; Georgianna, Jones, Pawtucket for do.
NEW HAVEN, Oct 31—Arrived, sloops Mary Brush, Brown, South Amboy; Chas Lynch, Hamilton, Kingston.
Cleared—Schr R A Forsyth, Hardy, New York.
PASCAGOULA, Oct 25—Arrived, barks Caibarien, Hopkins, Aspinwall; Blue Bird (Br), Michener, St Thomas.
Cleared 24th, schrs Conchitta (Mex), Bonell, Vera Cruz; Walter Denny, Taylor, Key West.
Sailed 25th, bark Argus Eye, Wood, Cardenas; schrs Texana, Rault, Belize; Conchita (Mex), Bonnell, Vera Cruz; 27th, Josephine, Stone, Key West.
PORT ROYAL, Nov 2—Arrived, steamship Vicksburg, Rudolf, New York.
PHILADELPHIA, Nov 2—Arrived, steamships Florida, Crocker, and Hunter, Sherman, Providence; Illinois, Shackford, Liverpool and Queenstown; Roman, Crowell, Boston; Harrisburg, Winnett, do; schr Samuel De Hart, Burgess, Calais; Abraham Richardson, Pray, Bangor; Nadab, Cheney, Newburyport; O P Binns, Steelman, Saugerties, NY; Isaac L Clark, Lake, Boston; Caroline Young, Young, Cambridgeport (and cleared to return); James W Brown, Kane, Jacksonville.
Also arrived, bark Alexander (Swed), Almfeldt, Antwerp via New York; schrs Marion Gage, Hoffman, New York; James Satterthwait, Wolf, Boston; J C Cottingham, Ayres, do (and cleared for Salem); Fred Gray, Sweet, Newburyport; A J Fabens, Anderson, New Haven; Abraham R Richardson, Pray, Calais.
Cleared—Ship Trafalgar (Br), Penge, Antwerp; bark Ferraro Seconda (Ital), Russo, London; brig Ada Fulton (Br), Husted, St John, NB; schrs Lark, Gupstill, Mayaguez; Anna Myrick, McIntosh, Provincetown; Abby L Dow, Aubrey, and Wild Pigeon, Cummings, Somerset; A H Edwards, Bartlett, Bristol; David Brittain, Ferris, Fall River; S Cartner, Lake, Cambridge; G Taulane, Adams, Commercial Point; Franklin, Crow, Salem; W A Levering, Smith, Boston; Eva Belle, Somers, Apponang.
NEWCASTLE, Del, Nov 2, AM—Passed down PM Saturday, steamships Equator, for Charleston; North Point, for New York; Mary, for Providence; schrs Abbie Carson, and Jessie Wilson, for Boston; A M Lee for Somerset, and Sallie S Godfrey, for Providence, and several unknown vessels. Yesterday PM, steamships Williamsport and Hercules, for Boston; schrs Etta & Josie, for Havana; Wm A Levering and Wm G Shattuck, for Boston.
Passed up yesterday—Schrs K C Rankin, from Rockland; Mary Price, from Pawtucket; Estelle Day, Elizabeth Magee, Caroline Young, Thomas Boose, L Q C Wishart, Charles E Jackson and Frank Leaming, from Boston; Minnie Kinney, from Dighton; Amos Falkenburg, from Rondout; Charles Lawrence, M M Merriman, and Jacob C Thompson, from Providence; and Wrecking Company's steamship Relief.
Schr American Eagle, from Pawtucket, anchored off here yesterday and proceeded up this AM. Schrs Eliza B Emory, and S & E Corson, for Boston, also anchored yesterday and proceeded down this AM.
PM—Passed down, bark Saguedalen (Nor), for Bremen; schrs M V Carroll (New), for Providence, and a number of schooners whose names could not be made out.
LEWES, Del, Nov 2 AM—US steamship Violet arrived from Philadelphia yesterday. Tug Cyclops, with a monitor in tow, was reported at Cross Ledge AM yesterday. Steamship Myrtle was here yesterday PM. Very thick off shore; nothing visible.
Bark Maria Rose, for London, passed out last night.
PORTLAND, Oct 31—Arrived, schrs Manaska, and B J Willard, Philadelphia.
PORTSMOUTH, Oct 31—Arrived, schr R M Brookings, Brown, Port Johnson.
PROVIDENCE, Oct 31—Arrived, schrs Bonny Boat, Kelly, and John H Chaffe, Buell, Richmond; Wm D Hilton, Weaver; Alfred Bradbrook, Phillips, and Maggie J Chadwick, Norris, Georgetown, DC; Sunlight, Etheridge, Alexandria; Henry R Congdon, Conley, and White Foam, Milliken, Baltimore; L S Levering, Corson, Philadelphia; Emily C Dennison, Allen, Albany; J S Terry, Raynor, Rondout; Wm N Gesner, Egbert, Port Johnson; Amos Briggs, Johnson, Haverstraw; Treasure, Taylor, Poughkeepsie; Abel W Parker, Dean, and B P King, Bliven, Hoboken.
Sailed—Steamships McClellan, March, Baltimore via Norfolk; Florida, Crocker, and Catharine Whiting, Eldridge, Philadelphia; schrs R S Graham, Smith, do; Shamrock, Troy, Haverstraw; T P Abell, Carr; Wm H Bowen, Bird; Geo L Fessenden, Beebe; Willow Harp, Horton; R H Wilson, Harris; Harriet Lewis, Searle; Eliza J Raynor, Mitchell; John Warren, McGar; Mahaska, Blake, Veranda, Pond, and Sarah L Thompson, Hull, New York.
Nov 1—Arrived, schrs Lady Ellen, Somers; J Burley, Northup; Westmoreland, Allen, and Sallie W Godfrey, Godfrey, Philadelphia; Alida, Brown, Port Johnson; J H Young, Barrett, and Lucy Church, Pierce, do for Pawtucket; E H Brazos, Raynor, Rondout; Geo Edwin, Sammis, Poughkeepsie; J H Burnett, Gardner, Weehawken; Henry May, Hatch, Hoboken. Below, schr Emma L C Winsor, from Philadelphia; also schrs S S Tyler, and Charmer.
Sailed—Schrs John Stockham, Hart; Sarah Purves, Lisle, and Oregon, Brink, New York.
At the head of Long Island Sound 30th, PM, bound east, schrs John H Campbell, Midnight, Betty, Reading RR No 42, Jas H Young, Abby P Cranmur.
PAWTUCKET, Oct 31—Sailed, schr F A Heath, Hatch, Bangor (or New York).
RICHMOND, Va, Oct 31—Cleared, brig Flora (Nor), Knudsen, Rio Grande do Sul.
Sailed—Schrs Trade Wind, Bryant, New York via Wilcox's Landing; H G Ely, Davis, City Point, to load ore for Trenton, NJ.
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov 2—Arrived, steamship Costa Rica, from Panama (in tow of steamship Arizona).
SALEM, Oct 31—Arrived, schr Burmah, Dennis, Port Johnson.
Sailed—Schr Agnes R Bacon, Haley, Philadelphia.
VINEYARD HAVEN, Oct 31—Arrived, schrs Mary Hudson and David Faust, Philadelphia for Boston; Almaretta, Charleston for do; Planet, New York for Winterport; July IV, Ann, and Victory, Port Johnson for Salem; Ann Frye, Elizabethport for do; Timothy Field, Philadelphia for do; J P Robinson, do for Lynn; Chas S Rogers, do for Rockport, Mass; Edward Waite, Georgetown, DC, for Portland; Julia E Tamage, Weehawken for Rockland; John B Austin, do; Colin C Baker, Julien Nelson, and Enos B Phillips, Boston for Philadelphia; Montana, Gardiner for do; Mary Haley, Georgetown, Me, for do; Spartel, Windsor for do; M R W (Br), St John for do; Bill Stowe, Boston for Baltimore; Helen Rommell, do for Mosquito Inlet; Maggie D Marston, Romney Point for Charleston; Ontara, Portland for Matanzas (see Miscellany); T Benedict, Portland for New York; Geo D Perry, Machias for do; Orozimbo, Calais for do; Lake & Gem, Rockland for do; T S McLellan, Salem for do; Catawamteak, Rockland for Wilmington, NC; R K Vaughan, Danvers for Brashear City.
Passed by—Bark Endeavor, of Bath, from Trinidad, Cuba, for Boston.
Sailed—Brigs Elmira, Anna D Torrey and C Staples; schrs M R Shepard, Henrietta Simmons, Onward, Welcome Home (Br), Rachel S Miller, Lucy K Cogswell, Emeline McLain, Maggie Cummins, Paragon, Anna Frye, Timothy Field, Mary P Hudson, A Hayes, Bill Stowe, H L Curtis, William Boardman, Cumberland, Orlando, William Flint, Carrie Heyer, Grace Cushing, Fawn, J S Lamprey, Gustie Wilson, Mountain Laurel, Charles Heath, Addie Blaisdell, George A Pierce, Bramhall, Louie F Smith, G F Beard (Br), Minnesota, Ocean Ranger, T W Haven, H Sharp, Rebecca Shepherd, Rosanna Rose, Castilian, Helen Mar, L M Strout, Golden City, Uno Pardee, C H Spofford, Starlight, Mary Jane Lee, Sallie B, Astoria, John S Detwiler, S L Russell, N H Hall, Yankee Blade, Tantamount, Addie & Nellie (Br), Ariel, Juliet, and July Fourth.
Nov 1—Arrived, brigs Henry Perkins, Boston for New York; Prentiss Hobbs, Gardner, for do; Abby, Thaxter, Bangor for Philadelphia; schrs J W Vanneman, Philadelphia for Portsmouth; Mary E Smith and Mercy T Trundy, do for Salem; Centurion, Judge Tenny, Porto Rico, and W B Darling, Port Johnson for do; Ellen H Gott, New York for do; Beta, Weehawken for Boston; Carrie L Hix, Rondout for do; Statesman, New York for Harrington; George B Somers, do for Portland; Midnight, Weehawken for Haverhill; F Edwards, Albert Jameson, Norfolk and D M French, Boston for New York; Allie Oakes, Charlie Cobb and John E Prescott, Rockland for do; Southern Cross, Shulee, N S for do; Star, Calais for do; Como, Millbridge for do; Van Buren, Gardiner for do; Geo P Trigg, Gloucester for do; Bowdoin, Portland for Baltimore; Chas E Hillier, Bangor for Philadelphia; Active, Dresden for do; F Nelson, Bangor for do; Laura Bridgman, Belfast for Charleston; Agnes, Gardiner for Washington, DC; Helena B Russell, Clark's Island for Hartford; Rowena Arabella, Provincetown for Virginia.
Sailed—Schrs Rachel Vanaman, Charlotte Fish, Freddie Eaton, Maud Mallock, L A Boardman, L L Hamline, Julia E Tamage, David Faust, Helen Planet, M D Marston, Almaretta, Royal Oak, J P Robinson, Helen Rommell, R K Vaughan, Chas T Rogers, Catawamteak, Edward Waite, Spartel, D M French, J W Vanaman, Rowena Arabella, Mary E Smith, Carrie L Hix, Mercy T Trundy, Centenarian, Albert Jameson and Southern Cross.
WILMINGTON, Oct 30—Arrived, steamship Regulator, Wood, New York; schr Mattie Holmes, Cox, Navassa Island.
WARREN, Oct 31—Arrived, schr Lamartine, Smith, Port Johnson.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ABSOLUTE DIVORCES OBTAINED FROM COURTS of different States; legal everywhere; no publicity; no fees in advance; advice free; commissioner for every State. FREDERICK I. KING, Counsellor-at-Law, 363 Broadway.

A FAMOUS TONIC AND INVIGORATOR AND A prompt and radical Cure for General Debility, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Mental and Nervous Exhaustion, Loss of Strength, Flesh and Appetite, and Weakness of every description. Try WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME AND SODA. This famous Tonic and Invigorator will rapidly restore your Health and Strength and build up, invigorate and vitalize the whole system. Prices, $1 and $2 per bottle. Prepared only by WINCHESTER & CO., Chemists, 36 John street, N. Y.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Cooks, &c.

24 EAST 47TH ST.—FIRST CLASS (COLORED) cook. Can be seen at her present employer's, who is giving up.

26 MONROE ST.—A SCOTCH PROTESTANT woman as good cook, washer and ironer; would like to have to have her little boy with her, if convenient; willing go in the country; good city reference.

36 EAST HOUSTON ST.—AS GOOD COOK, WHO understands all kinds of French and Italian cookery, including pastry cooking, ice creams and ornamental pieces; city or country; good references. Address W.

38 WEST 13TH ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND 6TH AVS.—A respectable woman as thorough cook and laundress; refers to last employer, where she can be seen.

43 SPRING ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as cook in a restaurant; best reference. Call for two days.

79 MADISON AV.—A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE a situation for her cook, who has lived with her for the last 10 years, and whom she can recommend highly as an excellent cook; will assist with the washing.

89 WEST 11TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE young woman to cook, wash and iron or to do housework in a private family; is a good baker and a good washer and ironer; city or country; best city reference.

99 WEST 61ST ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—A lady giving up housekeeping wishes to get places for a superior cook and chambermaid who have lived with her over five years. Call for two days.

112 4TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook; thoroughly understands all kinds of cooking; best city reference from last place, where she has lived for five years.

113 THOMPSON ST., TOP FLOOR.—TWO RESPECTABLE colored girls in the same house; one as cook or laundress the other as chambermaid or waitress. Can be seen for three days.

117 WEST 26TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE girl to do plain cooking, washing and ironing; is a good bread and biscuit maker; best city reference from last place. Call for two days.

129 WEST 19TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—First class cook and laundress; best city references.

134 BOERUM STREET, CORNER OF BERGEN, Brooklyn.—A steady, respectable woman as cook or to do general housework; reference.

140 WEST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS cook, washer and ironer; no objection to do housework; city reference.

145 EAST 50TH ST.—AS GOOD COOK, WASHER and ironer in a private family; city reference.

168 MADISON AV.—TWO RESPECTABLE GIRLS; one as cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; both willing to work together; best city references. One of them can be seen at her present employer's.

172 WEST 48TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A GERMAN girl as cook, washer and ironer in an American family; good city reference.

203 EAST 37TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO COOK, wash and iron, or to do upstairs work; city reference.

222 WEST 36TH ST.—TWO YOUNG GIRLS TO GO together; one as cook, washer and ironer; the other to do upstairs work; no objection to the country; willing and obliging; best city reference. Call for two days.

226 AV. B, BETWEEN 13TH AND 14TH STS.—A respectable woman as cook, washer and ironer; best city reference. Call for two days.

228 EAST 45TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, ROOM 10.—A Swedish girl as first class cook. Call for two days.

230 EAST 22D ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A respectable girl as good plain cook or to do washing and ironing; city reference. Call for two days.

232 WEST 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as first class cook; is willing and obliging; no objection to a restaurant; best reference.

241 WEST 27TH ST.—FIRST CLASS COOK; thoroughly understands all kinds of meats, soups, jellies, creams, deserts of all kinds, game and poultry in every style, boning and larding, and made up dishes; first class bread and biscuit baker; large or small establishment, city or country; best reference.

242 EAST 41ST ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable young woman, lately landed, as cook or to do housework; is a good washer and ironer. Can be seen for two days.

253 1ST AV., NEAR 15TH ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK room.—A competent woman as good cook, washer and ironer; good reference.

256 7TH AV.—A COMPETENT WOMAN AS FIRST class cook; understands all kinds of cooking and baking; no objection to a first class boarding house; good reference.

256 WEST 41ST ST.—A WOMAN AS FIRST CLASS cook; understands all kinds of cooking; no objection to a boarding house.

309 7TH AV., THIRD FLOOR.—TWO YOUNG girls, together or separately; one as cook and baker, and to assist with washing and ironing; the other as chambermaid and waitress; best city references from their last place.

310 6TH ST., ROOM 7.—A FIRST CLASS GERMAN and French cook in an American family; good reference.

317 EAST 19TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS cook or laundress in a private family; good city reference. Call for two days.

344 WEST 32D ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—A colored woman in a small family; an excellent cook, very neat, and would do the plain washing and ironing.

345 WEST 44TH ST.—AS GOOD GERMAN COOK; best city reference.

425 WEST 42D ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs.—A young woman as good plain cook; no objection to assist at washing and ironing; seven years' reference from last place; willing and obliging.

435 1ST AV., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A RESPECTABLE young woman as plain cook in a small family; good city reference. Call for two days.

450 WEST 17TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS NORTH German as cook in a private family. Call for two days.

508 WEST 47TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS cook; is willing to assist with the washing and ironing; best reference from her last place.

528 WEST 34TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as first class cook and to assist at washing and ironing; good city references; no objection to the country.

551 1ST AV., BETWEEN 31ST AND 32D STS., SECOND floor, back room.—A Protestant German girl as good plain cook, washer and ironer in an American family; city or country; good reference. Can be seen from 10 A. M. until 2 o'clock P. M.

709 6TH AV., BETWEEN 40TH AND 41ST STS. (In the toy store).—A Protestant woman as cook; would go a short distance in the country; best city reference.

713 7TH AV., GROCERY STORE.—A RESPECTABLE woman as first class cook; thoroughly understands her business; no objection to go a short distance in the country; best reference.

798 6TH AV., BETWEEN 45TH AND 46TH STS.—A respectable woman as cook and to do coarse washing; good city references.

835 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST class cook in a private family; best city references.

1,056 3D AV., FIRST FLOOR (OVER THE BUTCHER'S).—A young girl as good cook, washer and ironer and baker; is willing and obliging; best references.

1,124 3D AV., NEAR 66TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE girl as good cook; will do plain washing in a private family; best city references. Call for two days.

A YOUNG WOMAN TO COOK, WASH AND IRON; can give seven years' reference from last place. Apply in 1st st., brick basement, Woodside, L. I.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MARRIED COUPLE, together; woman as cook; man to make himself generally useful about the house; first class experience; best references. Apply to Mrs. DEMPSEY, 1.9 West 25th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; THOROUGHLY understands his business; hotel, private family or restaurant; colored. 17 West Houston st.

Chambermaids, &c.

3 BROADWAY, TOP FLOOR (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—A respectable young girl to do chamberwork and plain sewing; is willing and obliging. Call for two days.

27 JONES ST., ROOM NO. 9.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chambermaid and to assist with waiting or assist in taking care of children; good city reference.

32 RIVINGTON ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A YOUNG German girl as chambermaid.

36 PARK AV.—AS CHAMBERMAID AND SEAMSTRESS; is fully competent to wait on a lady and travel; best of city recommendation. Can be seen at present employer's.

43 WEST 51ST ST.—A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE a situation for a young girl as chambermaid. Call this day.

72 2D AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and to do sewing or would take care of children; well recommended.

73 GRAND ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as chambermaid and will do housework in a small family; good reference

113 WEST 25TH ST.—A COLORED GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress; good city reference from last employer.

117 WEST 46TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress, or to do chamberwork in a hotel; best city reference.

119 WEST 19TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs.—A young girl as chambermaid and laundress in a small family; 3½ years' reference.

120 7TH AV., CORNER 17TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL to do chamberwork and assist with waiting or with children; smart, neat, willing and obliging; good references. Call or address.

122 WEST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid and to assist with the children, or as waitress in a small private family; best reference. Call or address.

126 EAST 56TH ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—A Protestant young woman as chambermaid and waitress; will be found willing and obliging. Call for two days.

143 LEXINGTON AV. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—An experienced girl as chambermaid and waitress or to take care of children. Can be seen from 10 till 2.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Chambermaids, &c.

144 MADISON AV., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—AS chambermaid and waitress or would do fine washing. Call for two days.

151 EAST 33D ST.—A NORWEGIAN GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress in a small family.

212 EAST 37TH ST, BASEMENT DOOR.—A RESPECTABLE young girl to do chamber work and take care of children, or would do light housework; is willing and obliging.

216 STANTON ST.—A RESPECTABLE GERMAN girl as chambermaid in a private family; good reference.

220 EAST 47TH ST. (RING SECOND BELL).—A respectable girl as chambermaid and waitress, or would take care of children; best city reference.

224 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl as chambermaid in a private family.

226 EAST 45TH ST., BELL NO. 2.—A RESPECTABLE girl as chambermaid or waitress or to take care of children; good reference from her last place.

239 26TH ST., BETWEEN 2D AND 3D AVS.—A German girl to do upstairs work.

230 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and laundress; best city reference. Call for two days.

242 WEST 47TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do chamberwork and waiting; good city reference. Can be seen for two days.

248 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as chambermaid and waitress or to assist with the fine washing; good references.

258 9TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, LATELY landed, as chambermaid and to do plain sewing; no objection to the care of children.

313 EAST 60TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, 18 years old, as chambermaid and waitress or to take care of children from her mother's house; best references.

313 EAST 60TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl (lately landed) to do housework in a small family; willing and obliging.

326 EAST 26TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress in a private family. Call all week.

330 EAST 47TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT.—A young girl in a respectable private family to do chamberwork and waiting, or would see to children, do plain sewing and kitchen work earliest part of week; city reference; good home more an object than wages. Call or address.

346 WEST 37TH ST.—A YOUNG GERMAN GIRL to do chamberwork and waiting and to assist with the washing and ironing; best city reference from the last place. Call for two days.

346 6TH AV., BETWEEN 21ST AND 22D STS., IN the rear.—Two respectable Protestant girls; one as chambermaid and waitress or waitress and seamstress; can operate on Singer machine; the other as chambermaid and to assist in the laundry, or as nurse and seamstress; best city reference.

396 8TH AV., NEAR 30TH ST. IN THE BAKERY.—A smart, tidy young girl as first class chambermaid and waitress or nurse; willing and obliging; good city reference. Call from 10 A. M. till 3 P. M.

400 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress in a private family.

401 EAST 54TH ST., NEAR 1ST AV.—A RESPECTABLE young girl as chambermaid and waitress or to assist in washing; three years' city reference.

409 WEST 25TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID; can sew on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call for two days.

432 EAST 14TH ST., ROOM 17.—A FIRST CLASS chambermaid and to assist with waiting; boarding house preferred.

438 WEST 42D ST.—AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT girl as chambermaid and waitress; will go a short distance in the country; good city reference.

442 WEST 19TH ST.—A CAPABLE YOUNG GIRL as thorough chambermaid and waitress; willing to assist with washing and ironing in a private family or boarding house; good reference.

444 WEST 31ST ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHAMBERMAID and waitress; willing to assist with the washing and ironing; good city reference.

527 LEXINGTON AV., BETWEEN 48TH AND 49th sts.—A respectable young woman as plain cook, washer and ironer or to do general housework in a small family; best city reference.

628 6TH AV., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE young girl to do chamberwork and waiting in a private family or chamberwork and plain sewing; good city reference.

653 HUDSON ST., IN FANCY STORE.—A WELSH girl as chambermaid in a private family. Call for two days.

937 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL AS chambermaid and waitress in a private family; good references.

1,039 2D AV., BETWEEN 54TH AND 55TH STS., room 11.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress and to assist in sewing; lately landed; good reference from last place. Address.

1,129 2D AV., BETWEEN 59TH AND 60TH STS., first floor, front.—A young girl as chambermaid and waitress and to assist with the washing and ironing; good city reference. Call for one day.

1,163 2D AV., BETWEEN 61ST AND 62D STS.—A young woman as chambermaid and nurse, or to do general housework in a private family; good reference.

1,246 2D AV., BETWEEN 65TH AND 66TH STS.—Two girls; one to do chamberwork and waiting; the other to cook, wash and iron; best city references.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH GIRL (just from England) to do chamberwork, nurse a child and sew. Address A. P., Herald Harlem Branch office, 2,281 3d av.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

26 WEST 23D ST.—A CULTIVATED PROTESTANT person as permanent seamstress and to wait on a lady or take charge of growing children; understands all kinds of family sewing; operates on different machines, willing to make herself generally useful; three years' city reference from former employer. Call on or address H. A. NORRIS.

68 WEST 39TH ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.)—A middle-aged person as permanent seamstress.

100 WEST 37TH ST. (RING THIRD BELL).—A young woman as first class seamstress; would take care of growing children or do light chamberwork; five years' city reference from last place.

117 WORTH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL WELL qualified to fulfill the duties of seamstress and chambermaid. Apply to her present employer, F. BAILEY.

124 WEST 33D ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS seamstress or nurse or as both if required; good reference.

140 WEST 19TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A FRENCH woman (understands all machines) to go out by the day to work on ladies' undergarments; terms, $1 per day.

146 WEST 43D ST.—A GERMAN LADY, WHO IS perfect in dressmaking, machine sewing, and a good housekeeper in a private family; best references given.

224 WEST 41ST ST.—ALL KINDS OF FAMILY sewing, cutting and fitting, or would go out by the day.

230 EAST 46TH ST.—A YOUNG AMERICAN girl to do sewing and assist in light housework; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; good reference.

235 EAST 13TH STREET (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S)—As dressmaker and seamstress, or as ladies' maid and seamstress; can cut, fit and operate on the leading machines.

242 EAST 32D ST., TOP FLOOR.—A SCOTCH PERSON as seamstress and maid or would assist with children; good city reference.

310 EAST 36TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as seamstress and nurse or to do light chamberwork. Call for two days.

312 EAST 14TH ST., NEAR 2D AV.—AS SEAMSTRESS; can cut and fit. Call for two days.

314 EAST 39TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS SEAMSTRESS and chambermaid; two years' city references. Call from 10 to 12.

322 EAST 39TH ST.—A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER to engage by the day in private families; has latest styles and best reference.

325 EAST 12TH ST.—AS SEAMSTRESS AND maid by a competent Protestant person; understands all kinds of family sewing. Call or address.

425 6TH AV., NEAR 26TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED cutter by Taylor's system to engage by the day; a stylish trimmer; dresses remodelled in latest styles, cut, basted and made at home.

425 6TH AV., FIRST DOOR BELOW 26TH ST.—A perfect fitting shirt maker to engage by the day; tucking, quilting, stitching and fine undergarments; shirts made and rebosomed at home, warranted to fit.

454 8TH AV., FIRST FLOOR.—A FASHIONABLE dressmaker wishes a few engagements by the day or week; dresses made over at or out of her house.

505 6TH AV.—AS FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER and seamstress; is willing to take her own Wheeler & Wilson machine; or with a first class artist in dressmaking by the day or week; terms reasonable. Apply to DRESSMAKER.

512 HUDSON ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman in a private family; can do dressmaking and operating; is obliging; city references. Call on or address SEAMSTRESS.

525 5TH AV.—A FIRST CLASS DRESSMAKER desires a few more engagements by the day or week or to take work home. Address L. S.

565 2D AV., NEAR 36TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A young girl wants a few engagements to go out by the day to sew in families. Call or address for one week.

571 3D AV., BETWEEN 37TH AND 38TH STS.—A young girl as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing and dressmaking; would assist with chamberwork or growing children; good city reference.

628 6TH AV., BETWEEN 36TH AND 37TH STS., IN fancy store.—A competent dressmaker wishes a few engagements by the day or week; best reference.

703 6TH AV. (STORE).—A FRENCH DRESSMAKER wishes engagements in a few more families by the day; reference given. Address FRENCH DRESSMAKER.

841 6TH AV., BETWEEN 47TH AND 48TH STS.—A respectable young woman as seamstress or to take care of a baby; is a good seamstress; can operate on Wheeler & Wilson's and Willcox & Gibbs' machines; best reference.

924 2D AV., CORNER 49TH ST., OVER THE liquor store.—A respectable young girl wants a situation to do plain sewing and assist with chamberwork.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

976 6TH AV.—A COMPETENT SEAMSTRESS AND operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine wishes to be engaged by the week or month; can furnish machine if required.

1,020 1ST AV., CORNER OF 56TH ST., THIRD floor.—A respectable young French lady, speaks English and German and thoroughly understands dressmaking and hairdressing, as lady's maid or seamstress. Call for two days.

A DRESSMAKER AND SEAMSTRESS WISHES A situation; can cut and fit; is a good hairdresser; no objections to assist with children or to go to the country; best references. Address, for three days, H. J. L., box 181 Herald Uptown Branch office.

A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER AND FIRST class operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine wishes work by the day or week; is a good cutter and fitter of ladies' and children's dresses. Address DRESSMAKER, box 133 Herald office.

A GOOD DRESSMAKER WISHES TO GO OUT BY the day; understands cutting and fitting thoroughly. Address DRESSMAKER, box 124 Herald Uptown Branch office, 1,265 Broadway.

A RESPECTABLE SWEDISH GIRL AS SEAMSTRESS in a first class family; is a good cutter and fitter; good references. Address L., box 118 Herald office.

A DRESSMAKER OF MANY YEARS' EXPERIENCE in one of the most fashionable French houses in the city would like a few more first class families' work by the day, or would take work at her own residence, where a sample of her work can be seen; can cut, fit and trim in the latest style and work on very reasonable terms; can refer to some of the first families in the city. Address, for two days, M. A., box 196 Herald Uptown Branch office.

LADIES IN HOTELS AND OTHERS WISHING THE services of an experienced dressmaker, who fits perfectly and has all the latest styles; $2 50 per day, without meals. Address, OLIVE, Herald Uptown office.

General Housework, &c.

2 DAYS.—AN AMERICAN WOMAN, ACCUSTOMED to all departments of housework, wants light housework in a small American family; first class references. Address SARAH, box 117 Herald Uptown Branch office.

8 JONES ST., NEAR 4TH, TOP FLOOR.—A NEAT, tidy girl to do housework in a small family, or chamberwork, or would take care of children; is a good plain sewer; will be found willing and obliging.

18 JANE ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a respectable family; good reference.

25 SPENCER ST., BROOKLYN.—A GIRL TO DO general housework; is willing and obliging; good references can be given.

34 CLINTON ST.—A NEWLY ARRIVED FRENCH girl to do general housework in a small private family. Address.

68 WEST 43D ST., ROOM 14.—A GOOD STRONG girl to do general housework; best reference. Can be seen for two days.

73 2D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO DO kitchen work; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; no objection to country; best reference.

108 BARROW ST.—AN AMERICAN WOMAN TO do general housework or upstairs work. Can be seen for two days.

122 WEST 19TH ST., REAR.—A YOUNG GIRL TO do general housework in a private family; best city reference; no objection to the country.

140 WEST 31ST ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, LATELY landed, to do general housework. Call or address.

159 EAST 30TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do general housework in a small private family.

160 9TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO general housework; is a good plain cook, washer and ironer; best references.

162 WEST 28TH ST., ROOM 1.—A LITTLE GIRL, 13 years old, to assist in general housework or help to take care of children.

200 EAST 39TH ST.—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in a small private family.

201 EAST 46TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A YOUNG GIRL to do general housework in a small family; wages not so much an object as a good home.

202 WEST 19TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE girl to do housework; good plain cook, washer and ironer; willing and obliging; good references.

207 WEST 29TH ST.—A GERMAN GIRL TO DO general housework in a small family.

219 EAST 36TH ST.—A GIRL 17 YEARS OF AGE, to assist in general housework; willing and obliging. Call for two days.

226 4TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO THE housework of a small family.

228 EAST 45TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, ROOM 10.—A Swedish woman as first class laundress to go out by the day washing and ironing or housecleaning.

237 WEST 13TH ST., FIRST FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable young girl to do general housework in a small private family; two years' city reference from last employer.

250 WEST 41ST ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A respectable young girl to do general work; is willing and obliging; city reference.

252 WEST 40TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO do general housework, or to cook, wash and iron; good city reference. Call for two days.

258 WEST 41ST ST., THIRD FLOOR, BACK.—A steady, trustworthy person to do general housework for a small, plain family; willing and agreeable; or would like kitchen work; city references.

258 9TH AV. (BUTCHER'S STORE).—A RESPECTABLE woman to do general housework; is a good cook; first class washer and ironer; has a little girl with her; will go for low wages; three years' reference from her last place.

272 WEST 10TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS UPSTAIRS girl or to do general housework in a small private family.

303 EAST 26TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO housework; is a good plain cook, a good washer and ironer; reference.

305 1ST AV.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family. Can be seen for two days.

307 EAST 85TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, LATELY landed, to do general housework in a small private family.

312 EAST 79TH ST. (PRESENT EMPLOYER'S).—A young girl, one year in the country, to do general housework.

315 EAST 59TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to do housework in a small private family; is willing and obliging; best city reference from last place.

315 WEST 41ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman to do general housework or to do plain cooking, washing and ironing in a small private family; good references.

331 WEST 17TH ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH avs.—A respectable girl to do general housework in a small private family; good city reference.

332 6TH AV.—A PROTESTANT GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small family; city or country.

357 WEST 55TH ST.—AS EXPERIENCED NURSE; is capable of taking care of an infant. Call at present employer's.

400 WEST 28TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework in a small family.

418 WEST 16TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL TO DO housework or plain cooking and assist with the washing and ironing.

422 7TH AV., NEAR 34TH ST.—A TRUSTWORTHY American woman would do the work of a small family, city or country. Call or address for three days.

423 WEST 16TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, FRONT room.—A respectable young girl to do house work in a private family; lived one year in last place; up town or Brooklyn preferred. Call for two days.

616 2D AV., NEAR 34TH ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A respectable girl to do general housework in a private family; good washer and ironer; best city reference.

635 1ST AV.—A YOUNG GIRL LATELY LANDED to do general housework in a small private family. Call on or address for two days.

1,145 1ST AV., TOP FLOOR, FRONT ROOM.—A young girl (lately landed), to do general housework; more of a home than wages.

1,505 3D AV., CORNER 85TH ST.—A YOUNG girl to do general housework in a private family; first class washer and ironer; best reference from her last place.

AN AMERICAN WOMAN, ACCUSTOMED TO GENERAL housework, to do light housework in a small American family. Address for two days SARAH, box 117 Herald Uptown Branch office.

Housekeepers, &c.

104 3D ST., SECOND FLOOR, ROOM NO. 8.—A young widow as housekeeper for a single gentleman or widower's family.

111 WEST 11TH ST., IN THE BASEMENT.—A young lady as housekeeper. Miss MYRA.

132 CANAL ST., NEAR BOWERY, FIRST FLIGHT, front.—A young widow as housekeeper or would like copying to be done at home.

197 EAST 4TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A YOUNG GERMAN widow as housekeeper in a small family without children.

213 WEST 36TH ST.—A MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN widow as working housekeeper for a small family; best references. Mrs. REYNOLDS.

239 WEST 10TH ST., NEAR HUDSON ST.—A young lady, aged 19, highly educated and refined, as housekeeper; in a widower's family preferred. Call all the week.

260 WEST 26TH ST.—A REFINED YOUNG widow, from the South, as housekeeper in a widower's family. Inquire for Mrs. LAMONT. Call for two days.

332 6TH AV.—A MIDDLE-AGED AMERICAN woman as housekeeper, where she can have a little girl with her, either in city or country; would go as working housekeeper in a family of two.

891 BROADWAY, UPSTAIRS.—AS HOUSEKEEPER in a hotel or private family or to take charge of a laundry or storeroom. Address HOUSEKEEPER.

1,430 BROADWAY, BETWEEN 49TH AND 50TH sts.—A young American widow lady as housekeeper in a widower's family.

A WELL EDUCATED FRENCH LADY, OF PLEASANT manners, as housekeeper or to take charge of children; in a widower's family preferred; good references. Address P. E., box 161 Herald Uptown Branch office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Housekeepers, &c.

A RESPECTABLE AND CAPABLE WOMAN, AS working housekeeper in city or country; farm house preferred; has a practical knowledge of dairy work and cooking, plain sewing, and the care of grown children; will aim to give satisfaction; good reference. Address Mrs. E. E. BROWER, box 142 Herald office.

AS HOUSEKEEPER IN A HOTEL OR WOULD BE willing to take charge of a linen room; best city reference. Address E. C., station B.

A YOUNG WIDOW, EFFICIENT AND EXPERIENCED, as housekeeper; an elderly gentleman or widower's family preferred; no objection to children. Address Mrs. RAND, Post office, Glen Cove, Queen's county, Long Island.

A PREPOSSESSING, REFINED YOUNG LADY, thoroughly educated in English and music, with a practical knowledge of housekeeping; desires a position in either of these qualifications; would accept any position of trust and responsibility. Address RELIABLE, box 172 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER in a gentleman's family, or would take charge for a party of gentlemen; reference. Address Q. P., Herald Uptown Branch office.

Laundresses, &c.

64 WEST 12TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE COLORED woman, with good reference, as laundress in a private family or first class boarding house.

86 LAIGHT ST.—A RESPECTABLE SWEDISH WOMAN to go out washing and ironing. Call for two days.

105 EAST 56TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman to go out by the day washing and ironing or housecleaning; is a good worker.

113 WEST 52D ST., REAR.—MRS. TURNER WOULD like gentlemen's or families' washing by the month or dozen. Call or address.

122 WEST 20TH ST., FOURTH BELL.—A FIRST class laundress wishes one or more families' washing; ladies' and gentlemen's linen done up in the best laundry style; also fluting and shirt polishing neatly done. Call on or address Mrs. E. McLAUGHLIN.

132 WEST 30TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—FINE fluting, washing and ironing by the month or week; ladies' or gentlemen. Call for three days. Mrs. FEEKS.

134 WEST 28TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE woman as laundress; very best city references from her last place.

136 WEST 27TH ST.—FAMILY WASHING DONE by a superior colored laundress in first class style; prompt and reliable. Mrs. J. W. BROWN.

144 WEST 19TH ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH avs., second floor, back room.—A first class laundress wishes some washing at her own home; terms moderate; or will go out by the day; city reference.

146 EAST 15TH ST., BASEMENT.—A RESPECTABLE woman wishes to take in washing, or would go out by the day to do housecleaning or any work required.

149 WEST 26TH ST., NEAR 7TH AV., FIRST floor.—A respectable colored woman wants ladies' and gentlemen's or families' washing.

149 WEST 26TH ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE colored woman to take in washing and ironing or go out to do day's work. Call or address for two days.

151 EAST 32D ST.—A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman as first class laundress in a private family; best city reference from last place.

154 WEST 18TH ST., ROOM 14.—A RESPECTABLE widow to do washing at her house; linens, &c., done in superior style; terms moderate; refers to present patrons.

154 7TH AV., IN THE STORE.—A RESPECTABLE woman wishes some ladies' or gentlemen's washing at her own house; or would go out by the day washing or housecleaning; can do fluting and puffing; best city reference. Call all the week.

158 WEST 28TH ST., ROOM 17.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman to do washing and ironing in her rooms, or will go out washing, ironing or housecleaning; good reference.

159 WEST 27TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL girl to go out by the day to wash and iron; is a first class laundress; good city reference.

167 7TH AV., ONE DOOR BELOW 20TH ST., THIRD floor.—A competent laundress to do a few gentlemen's or private families' washing; done in the neatest style; will be found punctual; best reference; terms moderate.

205 EAST 38TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wants to take in families' and gentlemen's washing; neatly done; 75 cents a dozen.

210 EAST 54TH ST.—A GOOD FRENCH LAUNDRESS to do ironing and fluting by the day, in private families.

212 WEST 16TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—GENTLEMEN'S washing wanted; terms moderate; reference.

224 WEST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes gentlemen's or ladies' washing at her own home; fluting done at moderate prices; reference given.

228 7TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN DESIRES gentlemen's washing.

236 AV. A, REAR BUILDING.—A RESPECTABLE woman desires washing and ironing for ladies or gentlemen, at her own home; can be seen for two days.

247 WEST 50TH ST.—WANTED, BY A FIRST class colored laundress, a family's or two gentlemen's washing; first class reference. Address E. B.

257 WEST 26TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman as laundress and chambermaid or cook, and to assist with washing; has five years' city reference from her last place.

307 EAST 46TH ST.—WASHING AND IRONING wanted by a respectable woman, by the week or month; best city references.

308 WEST 44TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, BACK room.—A respectable widow woman wishes a few ladies' and gentlemen's washing by the dozen or month; all kinds of fine muslin done; fluting by machine; terms moderate; best of references; beautiful place for bleaching. Mrs. MOORE.

308 WEST 23D ST.—AS FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS to go out three days in the week in private families to do fine washing and fluting; understands cleaning laces; will furnish the frames if required. Address LAUNDRESS.

323 EAST 34TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes to go out by the day to wash and iron or to do cleaning; best references.

325 EAST 48TH ST., THIRD FLOOR, BACK.—A first class laundress wishes a few small families' washing; best city reference.

344 EAST 63D ST., TOP FLOOR, BACK ROOM.—A good working woman to take in washing and do plain ironing, or would go out by the day washing or housecleaning, at lowest wages.

344 WEST 17TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE woman as first class ironer, to go out by the day; Tuesdays or Wednesdays.

403 7TH AV., NEAR 32D ST., SECOND FLOOR.—A respectable colored woman wishes ladies' and gentlemen's washing at her own residence; also families washing by the dozen, week or month. Address.

415 EAST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do gentlemen's or families' washing, or willing to go out by the day. Call on or address for two days.

424 EAST 15TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes to go out by the day washing and ironing or housecleaning; will take washing home; good city reference.

453 WEST 39TH ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH avs., fourth floor.—A young woman, with first class city references, would take family washing at her own home and engage to give entire satisfaction.

507 WEST 44TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl as first class laundress; city reference. Call for two days.

513 WEST 45TH ST.—AN EXPERIENCED GERMAN laundress desires fine washing on reasonable terms; puffing, polishing and fluting by the dozen, week or month; best reference. Mrs. FAGGA.

515 EAST 13TH ST., SECOND FLOOR, FRONT.—A respectable widow woman wishes more gentlemen's, ladies' and families' washing, at from 75c. to $1 a dozen. Call all week. Mrs. BLAKE.

544 WEST 47TH ST., ONE FLIGHT UP.—A VERY respectable Protestant widow woman and her daughter to do a few gentlemen's or families' washing at her own home, by the month or dozen; well recommended.

555 WEST 32D ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do washing and ironing at her house, or would go out by the day; 75 cents per dozen for plain clothes.

619 8TH AV.—FINE WASHING AND IRONING neatly done by a first class laundress.

765 10TH AV., BETWEEN 51ST AND 52D STS.—A respectable German woman wants ladies' and families' washing at her own home; is a first class laundress and polisher and fluter.

777 7TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN to do washing and ironing at her home, by the month or dozen; is a first class fine washer, can flute and is a first class laundress in all its branches; very best reference.

925 6TH AV., NEAR 52D ST.—LADIES' AND gentlemen's fine washing and ironing taken in and neatly done by Mrs. WOOD. Call for two days.

1,163 2D AV., NEAR 61ST ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A respectable woman wishes a few more gentlemen's or ladies' washing at her house or families by the month or to go out by the day; is a first class washer and ironer. Call for three days.

1,174 2D AV., TOP FLOOR, REAR BUILDING.—A lady desires to do gentlemen's washing, in good style.

A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS FIRST CLASS laundress, in a private family; best references. Address MARY FOLEY, Ogden av., foot of South st., Jersey City Heights.

A SCOTCH GIRL AS FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS and chambermaid in a private family; good reference. Address H. R., box 126 Herald Uptown Branch office.

2D AV., BETWEEN 107TH AND 108TH STS.—Wanted, a child from birth to nurse from the breast; well cared for; no other children. Call for three days.

8 EAST 18TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL as nurse and seamstress or to do chamberwork and mind children; is very fond of children; first class city reference.

9 WEST 39TH ST.—A WELL EDUCATED ENGLISH girl, recently arrived, wishes a situation to take care of a child and assist with the sewing. Best reference.

14 CARMINE ST., IN THE FISH STORE.—A young girl as nurse or chambermaid; is willing and obliging; good reference. Call for two days.

18 CLINTON PLACE.—A YOUNG FRENCH GIRL, not speaking English, as nurse in a nice family; city references.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Nurses, &c.

18 JANE ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS WET NURSE in a respectable family; best city reference.

21 WEST 55TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG married woman as wet nurse; baby can be seen, two months old; has abundance of milk; understands the care of an infant thoroughly; reference.

31 WEST 35TH ST.—A YOUNG GIRL (LATELY landed) as nurse and plain seamstress; willing and obliging.

37 5TH AV.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE; IS competent to take entire charge of an infant or growing children. Can be seen at present employer's between 9 and 1 o'clock.

39 WEST 42D ST., PRESENT EMPLOYER'S.—AN American woman to take charge of an infant or young children. Call for two days.

43 OLIVER ST.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman as wet nurse. Apply to Mrs. MORRISEY.

51 CARROLL ST., NEAR COLUMBIA, BROOKLYN.—A young Protestant Scotchwoman as nurse for one or two children, or one and light chamberwork; is capable of bringing up a baby on the bottle; best city reference from last place in New York or Brooklyn; a good home preferred. Call for two days.

52 EAST 25TH ST.—A LADY IS DESIROUS OF procuring a situation for a faithful and trustworthy person as wet nurse. Call on present employer.

56 4TH AV., TWO DOORS FROM A. T. STEWART'S.—A Protestant nurse; can take entire charge of a baby and bring it up on the bottle; good city reference.

97 CHARLTON ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN WITH first baby, as wet nurse in a good family. Call for two days.

107 WEST 49TH ST., SECOND FLOOR.—AS NURSE; understands the care of children from their birth; would do chamberwork and sewing; no objection to go South; good city references.

113 WEST 30TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS NURSE and seamstress; fully competent to take the entire charge of a baby; can come well recommended.

120 HENRY ST., SECOND FLOOR, IN THE rear.—A widow lady wishes a situation for her daughter, 14 years of age, to take care of growing children and assist with the housework.

120 7TH AV., TOP FLOOR.—A LADY WOULD like a child to nurse on the bottle.

128 FORSYTH ST.—AS WET NURSE IN A RESPECTABLE house. Apply at Dr. Lewandowski's.

136 WEST 12TH ST.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT French lady, just returned from Europe, to take charge of growing children; good seamstress; no objection to going abroad in the spring; good city references.

150 WEST 28TH ST.—AN ENGLISH PROTESTANT woman as nurse; thoroughly experienced; can take charge of an infant from its birth; best city reference.

150 8TH AV., CORNER 17TH ST., REAR.—A RESPECTABLE girl to take care of two growing children and make herself generally useful in a small family. Call for three days.

154 EAST 30TH ST.—A LADY WISHES TO FIND a good home and situation for a strong, very willing, honest Irish woman as nurse; can care for an infant from birth; will assist at housework or in the laundry or do plain sewing. Address, as above, KATE FITZSIMMONS.

157 MARKET ST., NEWARK, N. J.—NURSE (French-Swiss), Protestant, to take charge of one or two young children in a gentleman's family; good references from last lady. Apply, by letter, to A. B.

161 CHRYSTIE ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS CHILD'S nurse, or light waitress. Call on Mrs. Halesworth.

206 6TH ST.—A YOUNG PROTESTANT WOMAN as wet nurse; baby two months old; second baby; reference. Inquire in lager beer saloon

219 WEST 32D ST., BETWEEN 7TH AND 8TH avs.—A lady to wet nurse a baby at her own house; good reference.

226 17TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO take a baby from its birth; is fully capable and has long experience in the business; or would take care of an invalid.

237 EAST 45TH ST., ROOM 11.—A YOUNG GIRL to take care of children or wait on a store.

245 7TH ST., WILLIAMSBURG.—A RESPECTABLE American married woman, who recently lost her baby, wishes a baby to wet nurse at her residence.

250 WEST 35TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A RESPECTABLE American girl as nurse, to take care of children or to do light chamberwork; best city reference.

257 WEST 52D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, AGED 16 years, to take care of children and do light upstairs work. Can be seen at her last employer's.

315 WEST 20TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN as invalid nurse; understands rubbing and is a good nurse in a sick room; best recommendations. Call or address.

320 WEST 15TH ST.—A MIDDLE-AGED, STEADY and well experienced woman as nurse for growing children and to do plain sewing; best references. Apply Monday and Tuesday.

329 3D AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN WISHES a baby to wet nurse at her own house; has lost her own, two months old.

330 EAST 53D ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as nurse and to assist with the washing; good reference; wages moderate.

337 1ST AV., BETWEEN 19TH AND 20TH STS.—A young girl as child nurse; willing to make herself generally useful; wishes a good home.

342 EAST 18TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS WET nurse.

397 6TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN TO take a baby to wet nurse at her own residence; will give it the best of care, a clean, comfortable home and will permit the parents to come and see it every day; best reference.

417 EAST 15TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman as wet nurse; will assist at other work; no objection to the country; best city reference. Call on or address M. G.

452 WEST 32D ST.—A GIRL BETWEEN 14 AND 15 years of age as children's nurse or to do light housework. Call for two days.

429 WEST 40TH ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN AS nurse and to do upstairs work; city or country.

430 WEST 40TH ST.—FIRST FLOOR.—AN EXPERIENCED nurse to take care of an infant and bring it up on the bottle if necessary; no objection to growing children, chamberwork or to do plain sewing; good reference. Call or address for two days.

440 WEST 31ST ST.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as nurse and seamstress; very fond of children and thoroughly understands their care; would do chamber work and fine washing in a small family; good reference.

467 WEST 46TH ST., FIRST FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE woman wants to adopt a baby, a girl, five months old; light hair and blue eyes. Call for two days.

471 6TH AV., HAIR STORE.—A FIRST CLASS Scotch nurse; understands bringing up a baby on the bottle from birth; would take care of an invalid; city or country, or would travel; best city reference. Apply for two days.

516 EAST 16TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE MARRIED woman wishes a baby at her own house; her breast milk only two months old. Mrs. McCAFFREY.

531 WEST 29TH ST., BETWEEN 10TH AND 11TH avs.—A respectable young girl to take care of children in a private family; willing to assist with the washing and ironing; good references.

808 6TH AV., BETWEEN 46TH AND 47TH STS. (ring bell twice).—A ladies' nurse, at present disengaged, wishes a few engagements; very best city references from ladies and doctors. Call for four days.

811 3D AV.—A COMPETENT NURSE WISHES A FEW engagements by the week or month; first class references from physicians and ladies. Call or address.

891 BROADWAY.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl to mind children and make herself useful in a nice private family; a good home preferred and low wages. Call or address.

891 BROADWAY, UP STAIRS.—A MIDDLE-AGED American woman as nurse or companion to an invalid lady or infant from its birth.

1,434 2D AV., BETWEEN 74TH AND 75TH STS.—A respectable, well educated girl, as child's maid; understands French; willing and obliging.

A YOUNG IRISH GIRL (22 YEARS OLD, INFANT 4 weeks old) wants a place in city or country as wet nurse; is perfectly healthy. Address FORMER EMPLOYER, Herald office.

A YOUNG GERMAN WOMAN, WHO SPEAKS French, wishes a situation as children's nurse in a respectable family. Address F. F., box 160 Herald office.

AS THOROUGHLY COMPETENT NURSE—IS ACCUSTOMED to children of any age, and can take the entire charge of an infant; four and a half years' reference from last place. Address N. H., box 127 Herald Uptown Branch office.

A SITUATION WANTED FOR A RESPECTABLE young American girl to take care of children and sew, or to do some light work, and to go home at night preferred; good reference. Address, for three days, F. B., Herald Harlem Branch office, 2,281 3d av.

MAIN ST., BETWEEN PALISADE AND NEW YORK avs., Unionville, N. J.—A young girl, 15 years old, to mind children in a respectable family. Miss C. KRAUSS.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN YOUNG WOMAN, A situation as nurse and seamstress; good city references. Address E. B., box 195 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—SITUATION AS NURSE BY A SCOTCH Protestant girl; will take care of infant or young children; well recommended by present employer. Address M. M., Herald office.

Waitresses, &c.

30½ WEST 13TH ST., IN THE REAR.—A YOUNG girl as waitress in a private boarding house; understands the care of a dining room.

62 EAST 41ST ST., BETWEEN MADISON AND 4TH avs.—An American girl to wait on young ladies and as seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; good city reference.

102 AMITY ST.—A YOUNG COLORED GIRL TO do waiting and chamberwork in a private family; city reference. Call for two days.

103 EAST 27TH ST., NEAR 4TH AV.—A RESPECTABLE young girl as waitress and chambermaid; good city reference.

140 WEST 31ST ST. (RING THIRD BELL).—A young woman as first class waitress in a private family; no objection to go a short distance in the country; best city reference.

151 EAST 23D ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS WAITRESS or as chambermaid and waitress; two years' reference from last place.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Waitresses, &c.

155 WEST 31ST ST.—A YOUNG GIRL AS FIRST class waitress and chambermaid; best city reference. Call for two days.

182 D ST. (FORT WASHINGTON).—A RESPECTABLE young girl as waitress and chambermaid or chambermaid and seamstress, or would assist with the care of children; country preferred. Address, for two days, M. C., Station M.

221 EAST 21ST ST.—A NEAT YOUNG ENGLISH Protestant girl as waitress in a restaurant; willing and smart. Call on A. L. S.

235 WEST 27TH ST., ROOM 7.—A SCOTCH GIRL as first class waitress or parlor maid; understands her duties; best city reference.

249 WEST 27TH ST., THIRD FLOOR.—A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as first class waitress and chambermaid, or to do chamberwork and fine washing in a private family; best city reference.

305 EAST 26TH ST., IN THE DYEING ESTABLISHMENT.—A neat, tidy young girl as first class waitress; thoroughly understands her business in every respect; three years' city references from last employer. Can be seen for two days.

317 EAST 39TH ST. THIRD FLOOR, BACK.—A respectable young girl as waitress in a private family; best city reference.

422 EAST 14TH ST., ROOM 17.—AS FIRST CLASS waitress; can take full charge of a dining room; can carve; is capable of taking a man's place; first class boarding house preferred; city references. Call or address.

Miscellaneous.

45 HENRY ST.—A YOUNG WOMAN TO DO KITCHEN work in a boarding house.

79 CHARLTON ST.—A YOUNG GIRL, 13 YEARS old, an orphan, to wait on door or mind a child in a private family. Call on or address for three days, HART.

144 WEST 34TH ST.—AS LADY'S MAID AND seamstress, by a respectable German girl; speaks French fluently.

202 EAST 28TH ST.—A RESPECTABLE GERMAN girl in a private family; has served three and a half years' to the full satisfaction of her former employer. Call on Mrs. FINN.

324 EAST 28TH ST., TOP FLOOR.—A YOUNG German girl in a private family. Call for two days.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY OF REFINEMENT WOULD like to secure a situation as companion to an invalid lady; would travel or remain in the city; has had much experience in nursing. Address, with particulars, Mrs. L. B., box 134 Herald office.

A GERMAN LADY'S MAID—SPEAKING FRENCH and English, and who understands hairdressing and sewing, would like to find a situation. Address FRANKFORT, Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BY AN ITALIAN LADY, SPEAKING also French and a little English, a situation as lady's maid; is a good dressmaker and hairdresser; no objection to travelling in Europe. Address F. M., 1,224 Broadway, in the hair store.

Intelligence Offices.

A NUMBER OF GERMAN GIRLS WANT SITUATIONS, and two English; good cooks; several other capable servants for city or country. Enquire at PROTESTANT HOME BUREAU, 138 6th av., above 10th st.

THE LADIES' DIRECTORY FOR SERVANTS, 1,503 Broadway.—Cooking classes for ladies Wednesday and Saturday.

PROFESSIONAL SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

163 EAST 81ST ST.—A POSITION AS VISITING governess; reference. Address M. R.

AN ORPHAN, EDUCATED AND REFINED, WISHES a home in a good family as governess or companion; best references; terms moderate; no objections to leaving the city. Address Y., 170 Front st.

A GERMAN LADY, WHO UNDERSTANDS ENGLISH and French, wishes to give lessons in her own language and music; is a graduate from the Dresden Conservatory and a pupil of Schmole; will play duets with pupils who wish only practice; terms very low. Address Miss IDA SCHRUMPF, station G, New York.

A PREPOSSESSING, REFINED YOUNG LADY, thoroughly educated in English and music, practical knowledge of housekeeping, desires a position for either of these acquirements; would accept any position of responsibility and trust. Address RELIABLE, box 172 Herald Uptown Branch office.

A NURSERY GOVERNESS WANTED—TO TAKE charge of a little girl eight years old; one able to speak French preferred; must be a thorough seamstress; city references required. Apply at No. 10 West 50th st. Ring basement bell.

WANTED—SOME POSITION OF TRUST, BY A lady; either as visiting governess or in a family; she is competent to teach, French, music and drawing; is an excellent housekeeper and experienced in the management of children. Address M. B., box 165 Herald Uptown Branch office.

HELP WANTED—FEMALES.

A CHANCE FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS to learn telegraphy and take positions. THOMPSON'S College, 20 4th av., opposite Cooper Institute. Telegraphy taught practically, with instruments, in one quarter.

AT NO. 15 EAST 17TH ST.—FIRST CLASS dressmakers wanted; none but perfectly capable need apply.

A MOST POPULAR COMMERCIAL TRAVELLING salesman, of large and long experience, can handle any kind of merchandise at the West and South, where he has travelled for many years, is now open to negotiate with importers, manufacturers, or large jobbers and commission houses; has the highest A1 city references. Address HOMER, box 216 Herald office.

MILLINERS.—WANTED, FIRST CLASS TRIMMERS and two milliners. Apply to M. THIGGINS, No. — West 14th st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND ironer; good reference required. Apply at 20 East 74th st.

WANTED—GIRLS ON LIGHT WORK. A. J. FISHER, Stationer, 98 Nassau st.

WANTED—IN A SMALL FAMILY, A YOUNG GIRL to do general housework; reference required. Call at 713 8th av., second flat.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS LAUNDRESS WITH good city recommendations. Apply at No. 371 Lexington av., between 10 A. M. and 12 M.

WANTED—A GIRL, TO COOK AND ASSIST WITH the washing in a private family. Apply at 32 West 45th st.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE AND SEAMSTRESS; Protestant, Irish or German; no other need apply. Call between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock at 3 West 48th st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT COOK, WASHER and ironer. Apply, with city reference, at 235 West 53d st., before two P. M.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL FOR general housework in a small family; one used to children preferred; must have good reference. Apply at 425 East 52d st.

WANTED—AS COOK, A COLORED WOMAN; MUST be first class. Apply at 39 Grove st., with references.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE, BETWEEN THE ages of 30 and 40 years, to attend to an invalid lady; one seeking a permanent situation; best reference. Apply at No. 386 5th av., between 35th and 36th sts.

WANTED—A FEW FIRST CLASS WAISTMAKERS and trimmers. 1,168 Broadway.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS HANDS TO TRIM AND finish waists. Only perfect ones need apply at 2 East 16th st., two doors west of Union square.

WANTED—A GERMAN GIRL FOR A FAMILY OF only two persons; must be a good cook and washer; good wages. Apply immediately at 146 East 46th st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS GENERAL HOUSEWORK girl; must be good plain cook, washer and ironer; references required. Apply at No. 358 West 15th st.

WANTED—A FRENCH GIRL AS NURSE TO TWO children; one speaking a little English preferred. Call immediately at No. 32 West 29th st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK; MUST DO THE coarse washing and ironing; three in family; wages $20 per month; must bring satisfactory city reference from last employer; German or Swede preferred. Apply at No. 230 West 50th st.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in a small family; must be a good plain cook, washer and ironer. Apply, between 10 and 11 o'clock, at 147 East 46th st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

A POSITION IS DESIRED BY A RESPONSIBLE faithful man, who has been in my employ for six months as captain of my yacht; he is an experienced oysterman, and would prove valuable in a restaurant. Address RANDAL H. FOOTE, banker, 70 Broadway.

A MIDDLE-AGED GERMAN MAN DESIRES A SITUATION as valet or nurse to an invalid gentleman; is an experienced nurse and rubber; first class references. Address RUDOLPH, Herald Uptown Branch office.

AN EXPERIENCED COLLECTOR WANTS EMPLOYMENT; will give faithful service in collecting and all other work desired at pay sufficient for sole support, say $9 per week; will satisfy as to character, &c. Address D. W. C. T., box 5,469 Post office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN (colored), in a private family or hotel, as waiter; references. Address W. J., 24 East 19th st.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS BARTENDER; 19 years of age; smart and obliging; good references. Address M., 441 West 32d st.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION as waiter in a private family; can be highly recommended. Address, for two days, J. M., 316 West 41st st., city.

A COLORED MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS waiter either in a private family or a boarding house; good city reference. Call at 41 West 45th st., third floor.

A FIRST CLASS COOK WISHES A PLACE IN A private family or restaurant; speaks German, French and English. 145 East 26th st., room 12.

ANY GENTLEMAN IN WANT OF A GOOD, STRONG and healthy body servant, with eight years experience as male nurse, and has medical and private references, address FIDELITER, Herald Uptown Branch office.

AS WAITER IN A PRIVATE FAMILY; CITY OR country; willing and obliging; good reference. Call on or address INDUSTRY, 54 North Moore st.

A SITUATION WANTED—AS WAITER IN A BOARDING house or private family; no objection to country. Call on or address, for two days, G. WALKER, 131 West 30th st., third floor.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

A FIRST CLASS COLORED WAITER WISHES A situation in a private boarding house; best city reference from his last employer. Call on or address C. W., 122 West 26th st.

A RESPECTABLE MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS waiter in a private family; best city reference. Address A., box 169 Herald Uptown Branch office.

A FRENCH WAITER WANTS A SITUATION IN A private family; good references given. Address A. V., Herald Uptown Branch office.

A BOY 16 YEARS OF AGE WISHES A SITUATION in a store or an office, or to learn a trade. Address F. B., Herald office, for three days.

A COOK THAT UNDERSTANDS CARVING AND pastry, a competent and sober man, speaking English, French and German fluently, wishes a situation on liberal terms, in hotel or restaurant. Call at or address 134 West 28th st., in the store.

A RESPECTABLE YOUNG COLORED MAN WANTS a situation as waiter in a private family or boarding house; good city reference. No. 258 West 27th st., first floor. Mrs. BOOKER.

A YOUNG COLORED MAN WISHES A SITUATION as first class waiter in a private family; good reference. Call for two days at No. 7 West Houston st. J. J. E.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS WAITER; first class reference. Apply at 43 West 51st st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN AS private waiter; best city references. Address, for two days, F., Herald Uptown Branch office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN ENGLISHMAN AS waiter in a private family or boarding house. Address P., box 122 Herald Uptown Branch office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SWEDE, AS USEFUL man, to take care of a furnace and wait on table; first class reference from last place. Address SWEDE, Herald Uptown Branch office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, TO TAKE care of a horse and do errands; good recommendations. Address J. H., box 180 Herald office.

TO HOTEL PROPRIETORS—WANTED, AN ENgagement by a man of good address; thoroughly experienced as steward, carver, bookkeeper or in charge of wines or storeroom. Address J. H., West End Hotel, Fort Washington, N. Y.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

A GENTLEMAN OF FIFTEEN YEARS' EXPErience as a travelling salesman in the china, glass, lamp and grocer's trades, desires a situation; best reference given. Address SALESMAN, Herald office.

A THOROUGH BUSINESS MAN DESIRES AN ENgagement with some wholesale house as cashier, bookkeeper or corresponding clerk; would take entire charge of some business out of town; references unexceptionable. Address M. J. H., Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIENCE, ABILITY AND integrity desires a situation as cashier or general bookkeeper in a house doing a legitimate and profitable business; would invest some capital and take small interest if desired. Address W. S. H., box 475 Post office.

A YOUNG UNMARRIED MAN WANTED—AS ENtry clerk; one experienced in fancy goods and notions preferred. Address, with particulars and stating salary expected, box 129 Herald office.

A SINGLE MAN WANTED—AS AN ASSISTANT clerk in a hotel office. Address S. F. HOTEL, box 141 Herald office.

A COMPETENT MAN, WITH A LARGE BUSINESS acquaintance in the city of Philadelphia and elsewhere, including manufacturers and railroad officials, would like to engage with a first class house or manufacturing company as a resident or travelling salesman, or an agency for Philadelphia; undoubted references. Address H. M. C., care of E. R. Taggart & Co., Philadelphia.

DRUG CLERK.—GERMAN DRUG CLERK WANTED; one who speaks English fluently and has the best city references. Address DRUGGIST, Herald Uptown Branch office.

NEAT, RAPID, PLAIN WRITER TO ASSIST AT books, &c.; state fully where employed hitherto, wages received, &c.; young man living at home wishing to learn hardware and bookkeeping, at $300 for first year. Address DOWN TOWN, Herald office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN A WHOLESALE OR REtail book store, by a young man twenty-three years of age and some experience; will accept any salary in a house where honesty and energy will be appreciated. Address W. R., Herald office.

TO DRUGGISTS.—A COMPETENT AND TRUSTworthy young man desires a situation as prescription clerk, &c.; city or country; well qualified; can furnish the best references. Call or apply at Mr. Meserole's Pharmacy, 930 8th av., corner 55th st.

THREE ENERGETIC MEN, TO ACT AS OUTSIDE salesmen for a manufacturing company. Apply at once at 56 Reade st., fourth floor.

WANTED—THREE YOUNG MEN IMMEDIATELY, TO learn bookkeeping, penmanship, calculations from practical bookkeeper; Brooklyn, City Hall; 8 to 10, evenings; easy terms. Address COLLINS, box 140 Herald office.

WANTED—A PROFESSIONAL COPYIST; ONE WHO writes short hand preferred. ELLIOTT SMITH, 30 Wall st.

WANTED—A SALESMAN FOR SEWING SILK AND machine twist. Address M. A. Y., Herald office.

WANTED.—A YOUNG MAN, 25 YEARS OLD AND married, desires a situation as confidential clerk, bookkeeper and cashier; willing to make himself generally useful and look well to his employer's interest; references unexceptionable; securities given if desired. Address E. F. W., box 2,235 Post office.

WANTED—A SALESMAN IN AN IMPORTING house who understands dress trimmings and is acquainted in the jobbing trade. Address, stating salary and reference, K. O., box 2,782 Post office.

WANTED—A SALESMAN IN THE PAPER BUSIness; one who can influence trade in the printing, stationery or dry goods line. Address, with references and where last employed, METROPOLITAN, box 117 Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WHO UNDERSTANDS the dry goods business thoroughly, who would be willing to go into the country. Address, with reference and salary expected, W. F. K., Fort Plain, N. Y.

WANTED—BY A SOUTHERN MAN, A POSITION as traveller for a hardware house, is thoroughly posted in that business. Address B., Herald office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN IN A flower house. Address, stating particulars, A. H. B., Herald office.

WANTED—15 YOUNG GIRLS FOR A CONCERT saloon at 390 6th av., between 23d and 24th sts.

WANTED—BY AN IMPORTING HOUSE, A smart, intelligent, sober, steady man as assistant bookkeeper, who is a good and rapid penman, quick at figures, correct in calculations and understands the wholesale liquor business perfectly and be well recommended. Address, in own handwriting, stating terms, box 5,548 Post office.

COACHMEN AND GARDENERS.

A SITUATION WANTED AS COACHMAN AND GARdener—By a young single man; can milk, attend furnace and be generally useful; moderate wages; best reference. Address C., box 118 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, AS coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; is a good gardener if required; willing and obliging; best reference. Address COACHMAN, box 152 Herald office.

A SITUATION WANTED BY AN ENGLISHMAN AS coachman or groom; good city reference. Address or call, COACHMAN, 148 West 24th st., New York.

A YOUNG GERMAN WISHES A SITUATION AS coachman; city reference. Call on or address J. FISCHLER, private stable, 31 East 9th st.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES A SITUATION AS GROOM or coachman; thoroughly understands taking care of horses, harness &c.; is a first class milker; has satisfactory reference from last employer. Can be seen by applying at Mr. Theodore Bartow's office, 54 Pine st., or 134 West 37th st. THOMAS McCORMICK.

A GENTLEMAN IS ANXIOUS TO PROCURE A situation for his coachman, who understands his business thoroughly, is strictly temperate and perfectly trustworthy. Address O. K., 16 West 18th st., private stable.

AS COACHMAN—BY A RESPECTABLE MARRIED man, with no family at home; knows his business in every respect; the care and management of horses, carriages, &c.; has six years' reference from late employer. Address J. R., 1,252 Broadway.

AS COACHMAN—BY A PERFECTLY COMPETENT single man of good experience in handling horses; safe driver and perfectly sober; best city reference of late and former employer. Can be seen at 405 7th av.

COLORED COACHMAN WANTED—MUST BE OF A light, slender build; unmarried; best city reference required. Address, for three days, BUSINESS, station E.

COACHMAN.—A GENTLEMAN DESIRES TO OBtain a place for his coachman, who has been in his service for three years giving entire satisfaction; is a good driver and groom, and especially thorough and skilful in keeping horses, harness, &c., in good condition. Address PORTER, LOWREY & SOREN, 3 Broad st.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—SITUATION wanted by single young man; thoroughly understands the care of horses and carriages; will be found willing and obliging; good city reference from last employer. Address L. E., box 101 Herald office.

COACHMAN'S SITUATION WANTED—MARRIED; no children; thoroughly competent; obliging; can give satisfactory city reference from last employer. Call on or address T. Y., 241 East 36th st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM—BY THOROUGHLY COMpetent single man; five years' city reference from last place. Call on or address DAVID, No. 146 West 31st st., private stable.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A PRACtical, competent single man; best city references. Call on or address W. D., gardener, at Bridgeman's, 876 Broadway.

GARDENER'S SITUATION WANTED—BY A PRACtical man; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; best reference from present employer. Address I. L. D., 149 Broadway.

SITUATION AS COACHMAN WANTED—BY A THORoughly competent man, with first class references. Address 109 West 17th st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, IN A PRIvate family, by a young colored man; best reference. Address Cudlipp's stables, 834 7th av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER AND coachman; single; has had extensive practice in either capacity; is not afraid of work; city and country reference. Address GARDENER, box 190 Herald office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RELIABLE single man, as farmer and gardener and general useful man; understands the care of horses, cows, driving and is a good milker; can be recommended as trustworthy; wages moderate. Address A. B., box 204 Herald office.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

AN EXPERIENCED MAN, TO SELL MACHINERY oils; liberal arrangements will be made to the right person. Address (confidentially), with reference and amount of wages, OILS, Herald office. None others noticed.

HELP WANTED—MALES.

AGENTS WANTED—MEN OR WOMEN, TO CANVASS for a popular illustrated monthly. Apply, with references, at 57 Bible House.

A CHANCE FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS to learn telegraphy and take positions. THOMPSON's College, 20 4th av., opposite Cooper Institute. Telegraphy taught practically, with instruments, in one quarter.

AT 61 LEXINGTON AV.—WANTED, TWO AGREEable, honest, intelligent, industrious, strictly temperate Americans, under 25; one for baths and office; one understanding housepainting, who would like to learn bathing; references required.

ANY GOOD FIRM NEEDING SERVICES OF RELIAble, energetic young gentleman, (32), good address, travelling or home trade, fair compensation, address J. T. W., Herald office. N. B.—No "clap-traps" need reply.

BOY.—WANTED, AN HONEST, ACTIVE BOY IN A stationery store, to go errands and make himself generally useful; wages $4 per week. Apply at 65 Nassau st., after 9 o'clock.

DIRECTORY.—WANTED A FEW EXPERINECED canvassers. Address, with references, U. S. T., box 212 Herald office.

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN WITH some knowledge of the stationery business to solicit orders for blank books and job printing. Address JOB PRINTER, box 209 Herald office.

WANTED—A BRIGHT BOY, ABOUT 14 YEARS OLD, in a silk office. Address, in own handwriting, C. M. A., Herald office.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO DO WAITING AND to make himself generally useful. Apply with city reference, at basement door (after 9 A. M.) at 454 West 23d st.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS MAN COOK FOR A private family. Only those who have excellent recommendations need address box 2,922 Post office.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS WAITER, IN A PRIVATE house; must thoroughly understand his business and bring unexceptionable reference for honesty and sobriety. Apply this day, from 10 till 12, at 43 West 51st st.

WANTED—A SOBER AND HONEST MAN TO TAKE charge of a liquor store; must be well acquainted in the Fifth and Eighth wards. Address, with reference, to H., box 145 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—IN A BOOKSTORE, AN ACTIVE, INDUStrious boy, 15 or 16 years of age, to run of errands and make himself generally useful. Must write a good hand and reside with his parents in the upper part of the city, above 14th street. Address PUBLISHER, box 4,688 Post office, New York.

WANTED—A DOOR BOY, WHITE OR BLACK, FROM 8 to 10 years old. Apply at 120 Lexington av., city.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS OYSTER COOK, AT DWYER'S oyster house, 492 8th av. Apply after 11 A. M.

THE TRADES.

A GERMAN BAKER DESIRES TO PROCURE A permanent situation, being well versed in all branches, bread, cakes, &c., and could give ample satisfaction to any employer. Address 375 East 4th st.

A GOOD ENGRAVER IS WANTED TO GO WEST. Apply to FELLOWS, FORSTER & CO., 11 Maiden lane.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS A SITUATION AS barber on board a boat that will sail to any part of the world; Atlantic or Pacific preferred; first class references and security. Address BARBER, 139 West 52d st.

CALICO AND SATINET PRINTER WANTED.—APPLY to WM. H. LOCKE, Passaic, N. J.

CALICO FOLDER AND PACKER WANTED.—APPLY to WM. H. LOCKE, Passaic, N. J.

DENTISTS.—WILL ENGAGE MECHANICAL AND surgical assistants immediately and give permanent situations in our various offices. PRETERRE BROTHERS, 159 Bowery, New York; Paris and Lyons.

PRINTERS.—WANTED, A YOUNG MAN WHO UNderstands running a cylinder press and can make ready. Apply, with references, to GAIR & WEST, 143 Reade street.

SITUATION WANTED—AS FIRST CLASS CUTTER of great experience, on men's and boy's, if required also on ladies' clothes; best references given. Address W., cutter, Herald office.

WANTED—A WATCHCASE MAKER, A FIRST class founder; engagement made with suitable party for one year; a steady and temperate and fully competent man; no other need apply. Call Saturday, Monday or Tuesday, at 146 Fulton street, room No. 4, from 12 to 1 P. M.

WANTED.—GENTLEMEN OF ACQUAINTANCE AND good business capacity and integrity can find lucrative employment by calling on or addressing LILLIBRIDGE & MARVIN, General Agents, 261 Broadway, New York. Office hours 10 to 12 and 1 to 3.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS CHAIN MAKER; ONE able to finish his own work. Address THOMAS ALLAN & CO., Montreal, Canada.

BOARDERS WANTED.

THE PUBLIC ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST PARTIES REPRESENTING THEMSELVES AS FROM THE HERALD, AND WHO ARE SOLICITING SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISEMENTS FOR A BOARDING GAZETTE OR DIRECTORY. IF THE NUMEROUS PERSONS WHO HAVE BEEN SWINDLED WILL INFORM THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD IT WILL ASSIST IN BRINGING THE GUILTY PARTIES TO JUSTICE.

1 ELEGANT SUIT OF THREE ROOMS, ALSO EXtension Room, with Board; private table if desired; at 26 and 28 East Twenty-third street, Madison square; terms moderate; references exchanged.

1 ELEGANT SUIT OF THREE ROOMS; ALSO TWO small Rooms, with Board, on Madison square; private table if desired. Apply to S. B. GOODALE, No. 5 West Twenty-third street, Fifth Avenue Hotel.

1 BLOCK FROM BROADWAY—SECOND FLOOR; three handsomely furnished Rooms to let; separately or together, with Board; private table if desired; references exchanged. 109 East Twelfth street.

1 NICELY FURNISHED SUNNY ROOM FOR TWO—With home comforts and unexceptionable table; bath, gas, fire, hot and cold water; location central. 96 East Tenth street.

1 BLOCK FROM BROADWAY.—A PRIVATE FAMILY will let to gentleman and wife a neatly furnished front Room and Alcove on second floor, with private table; or to a gentleman without board. Inquire at 241 West Fifty-third street.

1 SECOND FLOOR TO LET—WITH PRIVATE TABLE; also Rooms for gentlemen, without board; references. 38 East Twentieth street, near Broadway.

1 LARGE ROOM, WITH CLOSETS AND HOT WAter; also hall Room to let, with Board; house heated. 219 West Fifteenth street.

1ST FLOOR TO RENT—WITH BOARD; FIVE ROOMS and bathroom, stationary washstands, hot and cold water; open grates or heaters, furniture, carpets, chandeliers, mirrors all new; private table if desired; location first class. Address MURRAY HILL, box 110 Herald Uptown Branch office.

$1 50 PER DAY, $6 PER WEEK AND UPWARD, for fine Rooms, with Board, at 176 Bleecker street, near Broadway.

2 GENTLEMEN CAN PROCURE, WITH BOARD, A large, handsomely furnished front Room, sunny exposure; house strictly first class; location central and desirable; reference. 217 West Fourteenth street.

2 EXTRA LARGE HALL ROOMS, WITH LARGE closet, to let, with Board; house heated. 326 West Fourteenth street.

2 BLOCKS FROM BROADWAY.—BOARD FROM $7 to $10 per week, for gentlemen or ladies; also a few table boarders. No. 61 East Fourth street.

2 YOUNG MEN CAN HAVE GOOD BOARD, WITH comfortable Room, gas, &c., in a private family; terms moderate. 300 East Thirtieth street.

3 WEST THIRTIETH STREET, FIRST HOUSE WEST of Fifth avenue.—Elegant Rooms on third floor; also on top floor, for gentlemen; house and table first class; references exchanged.

4 EAST TWENTY-NINTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH and Madison avenues.—Handsomely furnished Rooms, singly or en suite, with or without private table; house and location are unexceptionable.

4TH AVENUE, NO. 49, BETWEEN FORTY-FIRST and Forty-second streets.—Suit of Rooms on second floor to let, with Board; references unexceptionable.

5 GARDEN ROW (WEST ELEVENTH STREET AND Sixth avenue).—To let, furnished, Bedrooms for gentlemen, with or without Board; also large Parlor and Bedroom, suitable for light housekeeping.

5TH AVENUE, OPPOSITE MADISON SQUARE.—TO let, elegant Suit, four rooms, parlor, dining, bed and dressing rooms, second story front, for gentleman and wife; private table. 206 Fifth avenue.

$5 TO $7.—LARGE FRONT ROOM AND HALL ROOM adjoining to let, to gentlemen or gentleman and wife; gas, bath and fire; good table. 301 East Thirty-third street.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK FOR GOOD BOARD AND Rooms. 29 Washington place, between Broadway and Washington square. Two ladies accommodated at $5 each.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK FOR NEATLY FURNISHED front Rooms on first and second floors, with excellent Board, for families or single persons, at 158 Bleecker street.

$6 TO $8.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with presses, hot and cold water, marble basins, bath and gas; good table; home comfort. 272 West Twenty-fifth street, near Eighth avenue.

7 WEST FORTY-FIFTH STREET, NEAR FIFTH avenue.—First class Board and Rooms, newly furnished; singly or en suite; private table if desired.

9 WEST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—A HANDSOME third story front Room; table first class; references.

10 WAVERLEY PLACE, NEAR BROADWAY.—Handsome front Rooms, $14, $16 and $25, for two persons, with Board; no children; single Room, $9; steam heat; also table Board, $5; transient people taken.

10 EAST TWENTY-SECOND STREET.—A HANDsome Suit of furnished Rooms to rent, together or separately; also table Board.

12TH STREET, WEST, NO. 211.—NEATLY FURnished front Rooms to let, with Board; one at $10, one at $11 per week for two persons; all modern improvements.

14TH STREET, WEST, 215.—TO LET, WITH BOARD, a large second story front Room; also other large and small Rooms.

15 WEST ELEVENTH STREET, NEAR BROADway.—Handsome, furnished Rooms, with Board, to families and single gentlemen; first class accommodations; house newly painted and furnished; day Board; reference.

19 EAST FORTY-SIXTH STREET.—SECOND STORY front Room to let, with Board; references exchanged.

22 EAST FORTY-NINTH STREET.—SUIT OF Rooms, second floor; first class house; superior Board. Third floor Suit, No. 46 West Fifty-first street; private table given; references exchanged.

22D STREET, 355 WEST.—A VERY PLEASANT large Room on the third floor, with Board; for two persons, $14; also one on the fourth floor for $12; also a single Room.

22 EAST FORTY-SEVENTH STREET.—ONE NICE Suit of two or three sunny and large rooms, with private table; very moderate price; highest references.

23D STREET, 26 WEST, IS AN ELEGANT AND spacious house, newly decorated; Rooms on second, third and fourth floors, with first class board; private tables if desired.

23D STREET, 114 EAST.—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED Rooms, on first and second floors, with first class table; private table on first floor if desired; references.

23D STREET, NO. 120 EAST.—A SUITE OF FIVE Rooms, handsomely furnished, to let, together or separate; also hall Rooms, with first class Board; references exchanged.

23D ST., 108 EAST.—A LARGE FOURTH FLOOR front Room, with Board; very desirable for gentlemen; table boarders.

23D STREET.—AN ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR, with or without Board; house and location first class; only a few gentlemen in the house; references. Call at 170 West Twenty-third street.

23D STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH first class Board, to families or single gentlemen; house and table first class; terms moderate. 343 West Twenty-third street.

23 LAFAYETTE PLACE, ONE BLOCK EAST OF Broadway.—Very desirable Rooms, handsomely furnished, can be obtained, with first class Board; reference given and required; table boarders accommodated.

26 WEST TWENTY-SEVENTH STREET.—FINE SUIT of Rooms, second floor, parlor, bedroom and bath room, handsomely furnished, to let, with Board.

28TH STREET, 117 WEST.—HANDSOMELY FURnished Rooms to let, with or without Board; single or en suite.

29TH STREET, NO. 18, BETWEEN FIFTH AND Madison avenues.—Reception Room to rent for an office or otherwise; also hall Bedroom. House and table first class.

29TH STREET, NO. 323 WEST.—WELL FURNISHED comfortable Rooms, with first class table, in a private family; but few boarders; terms moderate; references.

30 EAST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—HALL BEDroom, with Board.

31 MADISON AVENUE, OPPOSITE SQUARE.—ONE suit remaining, with or without private table; also single Rooms, table Board; highest references given; prices lowered for winter.

32 EAST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—A LARGE well furnished Parlor and Bedroom on first floor for rent, with Board; private table if desired; bedroom, with southern exposure, contains hot and cold water; heated by steam.

36TH STREET AND MADISON AVENUE.—A LARGE and pleasant Room, adjoining bathroom, to rent, with Board, to gentleman. No. 214 Madison avenue.

36 EAST TWENTY-FIRST STREET.—HANDSOMELY furnished suit of Rooms, with the comforts of a refined home and liberal table; also one square Room; references exchanged.

41 EAST NINETEENTH STREET.—WELL FURnished Rooms, with Board, suitable for gentlemen and their wives or gentlemen; also single Rooms.

42D STREET, 107 WEST.—TO RENT, WITH BOARD, in private family, handsomely furnished Rooms, en suite or singly; references exchanged.

42 WEST SIXTEENTH STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVenue.—Handsomely furnished Rooms to let, with best of Board, singly or en suite, with or without private table; house and attendance strictly first class; references.

42D STREET, NO. 125.—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED Rooms on second floor, en suite or singly, to let with Board; private table if desired; Rooms for gentlemen; references.

46 LEXINGTON AVENUE, BETWEEN TWENTYfourth and Twenty-fifth streets.—Back Room on second floor with large closet; suitable for gentleman and wife or two gentlemen; $16; excellent table.

49 WEST THIRTY-SECOND STREET.—ROOMS FOR families or single gentlemen, newly and handsomely furnished; liberal table; superior cooking; references exchanged.

49 AND 47 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET, BEtween Fifth and Sixth avenues.—Newly and handsomely furnished Rooms, with first class Board, en suite or singly; location excellent; references.

52 JANE STREET.—SOME VERY NICE FURnished Rooms to let, for married family or single, with Board.

57 EAST NINTH STREET, BETWEEN BROADWAY and University place.—Large, cheerful and handsomely furnished Rooms, en suite or singly, with Board; would be pleasant for a party of gentlemen; references exchanged.

58 WEST NINETEENTH STREET.—A SUIT OF four Rooms, with Board; would be divided; references.

58 WEST FORTY-NINTH STREET, NEAR WINDsor Hotel.—A handsomely furnished Room, with southern exposure, to let, with Board, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen.

63 EAST TWELFTH STREET.—AN UNFURNISHED Parlor Floor, with private table, French style; also furnished Rooms, with Board.

67 THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH and Sixth avenues.—To let, Parlor Floor, with or without front basement; also a magnificent second Floor, with private table only; house and appointments first class; references exchanged.

70 IRVING PLACE (GRAMERCY PARK).—LARGE and adjoining hall Room, third floor; extra large, well furnished and sunny; open fire in each; location and table first class.

76 FIFTH AVENUE.—TO LET, HANDSOMELY FURnished Parlor Floor; bath, closets and every convenience; with or without private table; also Room on third floor; references exchanged.

85 EIGHTH STREET, NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.—Board, with handsomely furnished Rooms, singly or en suite; hot and cold water in rooms; halls heated; house and appointments first class.

87 EAST FOURTH STREET, TWO BLOCKS FROM Broadway.—A large, nicely furnished first floor front Room, with or without Board, for one or two persons; charges moderate.

88 MADISON AVENUE.—NEWLY FURNISHED third floor back Rooms, also fourth floor single Room, with Board.

105 EAST TWENTY-EIGHTH STREET, BETWEEN Fourth and Lexington avenues.—Front Rooms to rent, with Board, to families or gentlemen; references.

106 WEST SIXTEENTH STREET, NEAR SIXTH avenue.—Furnished Rooms, second story front, with or without Board; every improvement; suitable for two.

114 EAST EIGHTEENTH STREET.—HANDSOMELY furnished Rooms, on fourth floor, with Board; references exchanged.

117 WEST THIRTEENTH STREET, NEAR SIXTH avenue.—A strictly private family of three, having more room than they require, would like to accommodate a few gentlemen with furnished Rooms, with or without partial Board.

126 WEST TWENTY-NINTH STREET.—ON SECOND and Parlor floors, well furnished Suits or separately; private table if preferred; third and fourth floor Rooms; terms low; location convenient to Broadway.

129 CHRYSTIE STREET.—FURNISHED ROOMS to let, suitable for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, with or without Board; also table and transcient boarders taken; dinner at 12 M.

131 LEXINGTON AVENUE, BETWEEN TWENTYeighth and Twenty-ninth streets.—Very desirable Rooms to let, with Board; location pleasant and convenient; references exchanged.

133 EAST SIXTEENTH STREET, NEAR IRVING place.—Rooms on second floor, large and small, handsomely furnished, to rent, with Board, to families or gentlemen; references.

133 EAST EIGHTH STREET.—TO LET, PARLOR Floor, furnished or unfurnished, with or without Board.

153 EAST FIFTY-FIRST STREET.—HANDSOMELY furnished Rooms on second and third floors, with large closets, hot and cold water, to let, with Board, to gentlemen and wives or single gentlemen.

162 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET.—SPLENDID furnished Rooms to let, with or without Board, for single gentlemen or gentleman and wife; also a Doctor's Office.

166 WEST FOURTH STREET, NEAR SIXTH AVenue.—A widow lady has handsomely furnished Rooms to let to gentleman and wife; Board for the lady only.

181 WEST FOURTH STREET—A FURNISHED room, or room and bedroom, suitable for gentleman and wife, with board or for housekeeping; young girl wanted for housework.

202 EAST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET.—A LADY can be accommodated with Board during sickness with an experienced nurse; best of doctors' references. Mrs. BROWN.

210 EAST FORTY-EIGHTH STREET.—TWO OR three handsomely furnished Rooms to let, with first class Board, in a private family.

219 EAST FIFTY-THIRD STREET, BETWEEN Second and Third avenues.—A private family will let, with Board, a large, nicely furnished front Room, second floor; also smaller Rooms; terms moderate; location good.

227 WEST THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET.—HANDsome sunny Suit on second floor, and others; house, table and location first class; parties seeking a home call; terms reasonable; references.

238 WEST THIRTY-FOURTH STREET.—A HANDsome back Parlor to let, with Board, to a gentleman and wife; also a Reception Room, suitable for a physician's office; terms reasonable.

241 WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET.—AN UNEXceptionable nice suit of handsomely furnished Rooms; also a fine large and small Room, with excellent Board; terms very moderate; references exchanged.

242 LEXINGTON AVENUE, ONE DOOR ABOVE Thirty-fourth street.—Pleasant large and hall Rooms to let, with Board; the best references given and required.

251 WEST TWENTY-FIFTH STREET.—A LARGE, well furnished front Room, with or without Board, $14 with Board for two; modern improvements; references exchanged.

280 FOURTH AVENUE.—A PRIVATE FAMILY will rent, with or without Board, a large sunny Room on parlor floor to a gentleman or gentleman and wife; moderate terms.

304 HICKS STREET, BETWEEN STATE AND Joralemon.—A choice of two beautiful Rooms; all improvements; a married couple or party of gentlemen; first class table; 5 minutes from Wall or South ferries.

BOARDERS WANTED.

A LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—TO gentlemen or gentleman and wife, with or without Board; house has all modern improvements. Apply at 158 West Twenty first street.

A LADY, OCCUPYING HER OWN HOUSE, WILL let handsomely furnished Suit, with bath adjoining; Board for lady; location one of the finest in the city. Address E. W., Herald Uptown Branch office.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET, WITH BOARD, to gentleman and wife, a second story front alcove Room, furnished, and heated by furnace; room has southern exposure; twenty minutes' ride from Grand and Roosevelt street ferries. For further particulars call at 38 Peck slip, New York.

A.—GOOD FIRST CLASS BOARD CAN BE HAD FOR horses at the lowest rates at 156 West Thirty-first st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY IN WEST FORTY-FIFTH street offer, with Board, separate or together, second and Third Floors, to gentlemen and wives; rooms handsomely furnished; a family desiring the comforts of a home, with first class appointments, can address G. C. W., Herald Uptown Branch office. References.

A PRIVATE FAMILY WILL LET TWO THIRD story hall Rooms to gentlemen; breakfast if desired; use of bath; convenient to principal hotels; references. No. 43 West Twenty-eighth street.

BOARD.—A STRICTLY PRIVATE FAMILY, ELEgantly located up town, near Fifth avenue, will rent Second Floor, handsomely furnished, with or without private table. Address WINDSOR, Herald office.

BOARD, &C., WITH ONE BEDROOM, GROUND floor, for invalid and wife; neighborhood of Sixth avenue and West Fifty-fourth street; terms under $16 weekly. Address T., office 5, 31 Broadway.

MAISON PARISIENNE, 38 AND 40 EAST TWELFTH street, between Broadway and University place.—Elegant Apartments for families and single gentlemen, at moderate prices; excellent French cuisine.

MRS. CAMP, 141 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET, has to offer for the winter two of her most desirable Suits, with Board.

MRS. M. B. SUMNER, 20 and 22 East Thirty-fifth street, has two elegant Suits to let, with private table; exclusive bath, &c., in both; also two front Rooms, on third floor, without private table.

SUITS ON FORTY-SIXTH STREET, BETWEEN FIFTH and Sixth avenues, to let, with Board; also a large and very desirable Fourth Story, No. 67. References given and required.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

A SINGLE GENTLEMAN WOULD LIKE A COMfortably furnished front Room on first or second floor, fitted with hot and cold water, gas, grate fire, with Breakfast; below Twentieth street preferred. Address S. B., box 4,188 New York Post office.

A COMFORTABLE ROOM WANTED—WITH FIRE and good Board, for gentleman and wife, at $50 per month, or where instruction in the English branches and music will be taken in part payment. Address E. F. F., Herald Uptown Branch office.

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, INFANT AND NURSE desire Accommodations with strictly private family who live well, would require two Bedrooms and a Sitting Room. Please address, stating terms and particulars, A. G. W., box 121 Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND girl of eight, in a private family where there are no other boarders (French preferred), below Thirty-fourth street; two adjoining Rooms on second floor. Address, with terms, which must be moderate, O. H., box 2,782 Post office. References exchanged.

BOARD WANTED—GOOD LOCATION; GENTLEman, wife and two children; third story, front, sunny side; $25 per week. Address W. T., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—BETWEEN NINTH AND TWENty-sixth streets, for gentleman, wife and little girl, four years old; terms not to exceed $20 per week; best references given and required. Address A. B. C., box 4,072 Post office.

BOARD WANTED—FOR HUSBAND, WIFE AND maid; private table; location between Madison and Sixth avenues, Fourteenth and Thirty-fifth streets. Address, stating terms, B. H., Herald office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND daughter, with Room and Bedroom connecting; terms must not exceed $75 or $80 per month, including washing, fire and gas; or would sell $1,700 worth of almost new Furniture for $1,000, giving $500 for five months' board, taking security for balance. Address Z., box 1,847 Post office.

BOARD WANTED—BY A WIDOW, THREE children and nurse in a respectable neighborhood; terms must be moderate and unexceptional references given and required. Address T. A. C., Herald Uptown Branch office.

TWO LADIES DESIRE TWO ROOMS, WITH BOARD, not to exceed $20 per week, in a private family, near Madison avenue; references given and required. Address L. R. K., Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, WITH OR WITHOUT Board, medium sized Room, with open fire, gas, closet, &c.; terms, $11 with, $6 without board. Address RELIABILITY, box 111 Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BOARD FOR TWO LADIES IN A strictly private family; terms not to exceed $25 per week; location between Thirtieth and Fiftieth streets, Fourth and Sixth avenues; best of references given and required. Address W. T. M., Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—A COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM, fire and gas, in a small family; Board for lady only; terms $10 per week. Address E. L. Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, ADJOINING, with Board for two, in a central location above Twenty-third street; price not to exceed $20, including one fire; references exchanged. Address JONES, box 171 Herald Uptown Branch office.

BROOKLYN BOARD.

4 GENTLEMEN (GERMANS PREFERRED) CAN BE accommodated with two large and newly furnished Rooms, with Board. Apply at 120 Pacific street, between Henry and Clinton, or address, for particulars, M. T. C., box 56 New York Post office.

A SMALL PRIVATE FAMILY, LIVING IN A HANDsome corner brown stone house, in the neighborhood of First place, Brooklyn, will let, with Board, to a gentleman and wife, a handsomely furnished back Parlor, with partially furnished large front Room, on the third floor; both rooms sunny exposure; private table; ample closet room; no other boarders taken; terms $30 per week; the best of references given and required. Address B. R. S., Brooklyn Post office.

HOTELS.

A.—250 LIGHT, WARM ROOMS, 25C., 35C. AND $1 per day; gentlemen and families. Frankfort House, corner Frankfort and William streets. Open all night.

CITY HOTEL, BROADWAY AND EIGHTH STREET.—Rooms, single, double and in suits by the day, week or month, from $4 to $15 per week; European plan. JOHN STACOM, Proprietor.

GROVE HOUSE, 176 BLEECKER STREET, NEAR Broadway.—Fine Rooms, with excellent Board; $1 50 to $2 per day; $6 to $12 per week; Rooms $3 to $7.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, SECOND floor front; also, two sunny Rooms, same floor, with Board. 18 and 20 East Twenty-eighth street, between Madison and Fifth avenues. Table d'hote. H. LEFLER.

LA PIERRE HOUSE.—ONE BLOCK WEST OF CITY Hall, 56 Warren street; all light rooms; 50 cents a day; good rooms, all to yourself, $2 a week; family rooms $1 a day, from $4 a week up.

MADISON SQUARE HOUSE, TWENTY-FIRST street and Broadway.—Large, pleasant Rooms, neatly and fully furnished; superior table; private table if desired; very low prices. Please call and see. A. K. MATHES.

RESTAURANT FRANCAIS, 54 WEST ELEVENTH street, between University place and Fifth avenue; table d'hote from 6 to 8 P. M.; breakfast 50c., from 7 A. M. CHAS. JACQUES, Proprietor.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A FIRST CLASS HOME IN A GENTLEMAN'S MANOR house, with every comfort and convenience, at Westfield, on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, is open for a few adult boarders on reasonable terms; 18 miles from New York; good stabling, &c. Address box 3,579 New York Post office.

HOUSES, ROOMS, &C., WANTED.

In this City and Brooklyn.

A GENTLEMAN AND MOTHER WANTS ROOM AND Bedroom, connecting, furnished, without Board, in a private family; location from Second avenue to Broadway and not above Twentieth street. Address, with particulars, H. A. H., Herald Uptown Branch office.

AN AMERICAN FAMILY OF THREE DESIRE FOUR pleasant Rooms in a nice location; must not exceed $20 a month. Address C. A. B., Herald Uptown Branch office.

A FOUR STORY FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED—for the winter, for boarding purposes; responsible tenants. J. C. CLINTON, Real Estate, No. 40 East Eighteenth street.

TWO YOUNG MEN WANT A FURNISHED ROOM, not over $14 per month, between Forty-second and Fifty-sixth street, East. Address H. & G., Herald Uptown Branch office.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, SITTING ROOM, kitchen and one or two Bedrooms; respectable location, clean neighborhood; permanent if suited; best of reference given and required; terms must be moderate. Address box 495 Post office, Stamford, Conn.

WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN, WIFE AND TWO children (under three years), in New York or Brooklyn, from two to four furnished Rooms, with good sized pantries. Address, for one week, stating price, RELIABILITY, box 5,629 Post office, New York.

WANTED.—A SUIT OF THREE OR FOUR ROOMS, furnished for light housekeeping. Address stating terms and location, G., box 206 Herald office. Best reference given and required.

WANTED—FOR A SMALL FAMILY, PART OF A furnished house, in a thoroughly desirable neighborhood, between Fourteenth and Thirty-fourth streets; references required. Address E. M., box 1,429 Post office.

2 FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED—WITHOUT BOARD, between Twelfth and Twentieth streets and Third and Fifth avenues; best of references. Address WETMORE, 779 Broadway.

FINE ARTS.

WANTED—OIL PAINTINGS OF MERIT, AT A BARgain for cash. Address, stating subjects and lowest price, ARTIST, Herald office.

PROPOSALS.

BELGIAN BLOCK MAKERS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until Wednesday, November 4, for 200,000 first class Belgian Blocks. EDWARD SAXTON, foot Sixtieth street, North River.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS, BAGGAGE, &c., in separate rooms; building has all conveniences; watchman at night. MICHALKS & SON, 58, 60 and 62 Commerce street, near Bleecker.

EUROPEAN STEAMSHIPS.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE—STEAM TO QUEENStown and Liverpool.
Sailing every Tuesday
from pier 46 North River.
WYOMING, Captain Beddoe..........Nov. 3, at 1:30 P. M.
NEVADA, Captain Price..........Nov. 10, at 3 P. M.
Cabin, intermediate and steerage at low rates.
Prepaid tickets at lowest rates.
Passengers booked to and from Paris, Hamburg, Norway and Sweden, &c. Drafts on Ireland, England, France and Germany at lowest rates. Apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—THE SPLENDID MAIL STEAMship WYOMING, sailing for Queenstown and Liverpool on Tuesday, November 3, will carry a limited number of intermediate passengers at $40 each. The rooms contain four persons; every requisite is provided; also separate dining room. Superior accommodation for steerage passengers at low rates. Apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, 29 Broadway.

EAGLE LINE
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMSHIPS
TO PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG AND HAMBURG.
The elegant Clyde-built iron steamships will sail from New York as follows:—
SCHILLER, Captain Thomas..........November 3
GOETHE, Captain Wilson..........November 17
from Eagle Line pier, foot of First street, Hoboken.
RATES OF PASSAGE TO
PLYMOUTH, LONDON, CHERBOURG and HAMBURG.
Cabin—First saloon, $100, gold; second saloon, $60, gold; steerage, $24, currency.
Prepaid steerage tickets from Hamburg, $24, currency.
For freight apply to FUNCH, EDYE & CO., 27 South William street.
For passage apply to KNAUTH, NACHOD & KUHNE, General Agents, 113 Broadway.

WHITE STAR LINE.
FOR QUEENSTOWN OR LIVERPOOL,
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.
OCEANIC..........November 7, at 3 P. M.
REPUBLIC..........November 14, at 9 A. M.
BALTIC..........November 21, at 3 P. M.
CELTIC..........December 5, at 2 P. M.
OCEANIC..........December 12, at 8 A. M.
From the White Star docks, pier 52 North River.
Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; steerage at low rates.
Saloon staterooms, smoking rooms and bathrooms in midship section, where least motion is felt, thus combining safety, speed and comfort.
For inspection of plans and other information apply at the company's office, 19 Broadway, New York.
E. J. CORTIS, Agent.

INMAN LINE—SOUTHERLY COURSE.
Royal Mail steamers are appointed to sail as follows:—
FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
CITY OF BROOKLYN..........Saturday, Nov. 7, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF NEW YORK..........Saturday, Nov. 14, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF LONDON..........Saturday, Nov. 21, at 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL..........Saturday, Nov. 28, at 9 A. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP..........Saturday, Dec. 5, at 2 P. M.
Cabin passage, $50, $60 and $75, gold.
Steerage to and from all points at reduced rates.
Cabin and general office, No. 15 Broadway.
Steerage offices, 33 Broadway and pier 45 North River.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

THE STATE LINE.
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL,
BELFAST AND LONDONDERRY.
These elegant new Clyde built steamers will sail from pier 36 North River, as follows:—
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA..........Wednesday, Nov. 11
STATE OF NEVADA..........Wednesday, Nov. 25
and every Wednesday thereafter, taking passengers at through rates to all ports of Great Britain and Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Germany.
Steerage as low as by any other line.
Drafts for $1 and upward. For freight or passage apply to AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO., Agents,
No. 72 Broadway.
Steerage office No. 45 Broadway.

GREAT WESTERN
STEAMSHIP LINE.
NEW YORK TO BRISTOL (ENGLAND) DIRECT.
The steamers of this line will sail from pier 18 East River as follows:—
GREAT WESTERN, Windham..........Wednesday, Nov. 4
ARRAGON, Symonds..........Tuesday, Nov. 24
Cabin passage, $70; intermediate, $45; steerage, $30, currency; excursion tickets, $130.
Apply to the agent, 70 South street.
W. D. MORGAN, Agent.

FOR CARDIFF, BRISTOL, LONDON AND ALL OTHER points in England and Wales.—The South Wales Atlantic Steamship Company from Pennsylvania Railroad wharf, Jersey City, as follows:—
GLAMORGAN..........Wednesday, November 4
PEMBROKE..........
First cabin passage, $75 and $80, currency; second cabin, $55, currency; steerage, $30, currency. Prepaid steerage certificates from Cardiff, $33, currency. Drafts for £1 and upward. For further particulars apply to
ARCHIBALD BAXTER & CO., Agents,
17 Broadway, New York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent (being more southerly than any other) will sail from pier No. 50 North River, as follows:—
PEREIRE, Surmont..........Saturday, Nov. 14
FRANCE, Trudelle..........Saturday, Nov. 28
VILLE DE PARIS, Daure..........Saturday, Dec. 12
PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine).
First Cabin, $125; Second, $75; Third, $35.
Excursion tickets at reduced rates.
American travellers, by taking this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, 55 Broadway.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET COMPANY'S LINE for PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG and HAMBURG.
THURINGIA....Nov. 5 WESTPHALIA....Nov. 19
SUEVIA....Nov. 12 POMMERANIA....Nov. 26
Rates of passage to Plymouth, London, Cherbourg, Hamburg and all points in England, Scotland and Wales:—
First Cabin, upper saloon, gold..........$100
First Cabin, lower saloon, gold..........60
Steerage, currency..........24
KUNHARDT & CO., C. B. RICHARD & BOAS,
General Agents. General Passenger Agents.
61 Broad street, New York. 61 Broadway, New York.

CUNARD LINE—B. AND N. A. R. M. S. P. CO.
NOTICE.
With a view of diminishing the chances of collision the steamers of this line take a specified course for all seasons of the year.
On the outward passage from Queenstown to New York or Boston crossing the meridian 50 at 43 latitude, or nothing to the north of 43.
On the homeward passage crossing the meridian of 50 at 42 latitude, or nothing to the north of 42.
FROM NEW YORK FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.
*ALGERIA....Wed., Nov. 4 | ABYSSINIA..Wed., Nov. 11
BATAVIA....Sat., Nov. 7 | *RUSSIA....Wed., Nov. 18
Steamers marked * do not carry steerage passengers.
Cabin passage, $80, $100, $130, gold, according to accommodation. Return tickets on favorable terms.
Steerage tickets to and from all parts of Europe at lowest rates. Freight and cabin office, No. 4 Bowling Green.
Steerage office, 111 Broadway (Trinity Building).
CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP ALGERIA EMbark from the Cunard wharf, foot of Grand street, Jersey City, at 1 P. M., on Wednesday, November 4, 1874. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, 4 Bowling Green, New York.

NATIONAL LINE.
NOTICE.
The most southerly route has always been adopted by this company, to avoid ice and headlands.
From piers 44 and 47 North River
TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.
HELVETIA..Nov. 4, 1 P. M. | ERIN..........Nov. 11, 3 P. M.
FRANCE....Nov. 7, 3 P. M. | EGYPT...Nov. 14, 8:30 A. M.
FOR LONDON DIRECT.
HOLLAND, Saturday, Nov. 14, at 8:30 A. M.
Cabin passage, $70; $80 currency. Steerage at greatly reduced prices. Return tickets at reduced rates. Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool at the lowest rates. Apply at the company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR SOUTHAMPTON AND BREMEN.
The steamship NECKAR, Captain J. C. Meyer, will sail on Saturday, November 7, at 2 P. M., from Bremen pier, foot of Third street, Hoboken, to be followed by steamship HOHENZOLLERN, Captain W. Nordenholt, on Wednesday, November 11.
RATES OF PASSAGE TO LONDON, HAVRE AND BREMEN.
First cabin..........$100, gold.
Second cabin..........60, gold.
Steerage..........24, currency
For freight or passage apply to
OELRICHS & CO., Agents, No. 2 Bowling Green.

ANCHOR LINE.
NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.
STEAMER EVERY SATURDAY,
from company's piers, 20 and 21 North River, New York.
ELYSIA...Saturday, Nov. 7 | CALIFORNIA..Sat., Nov. 28
VICTORIA....Sat., Nov. 14 | UTOPIA...Saturday, Dec. 5
ETHIOPIA....Sat., Nov. 21 | BOLIVIA..........Sat., Dec. 12
Rates of passage, payable in gold:—
TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY,
QUEENSTOWN OR BELFAST,
Cabin, $50, $60 and $70, according to accommodations.
INTERMEDIATE AND STEERAGE
as low as by any other first class line.
Drafts issued for any amount at reduced rates.
Company's office, No. 7 Bowling Green.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, Agents.

AMERICAN LINE.
THE AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Weekly Mail steamship service between
Philadelphia and Liverpool,
calling at Queenstown.
Sailing every Thursday from Philadelphia, and sailing every Wednesday from Liverpool.
The following steamers are appointed to sail from Philadelphia:—
*ABBOTSFORD......Oct. 29 | OHIO..........Nov. 19
PENNSYLVANIA...Nov. 5 | *KENILWORTH....Nov. 26
ILLINOIS..........Nov. 12 | INDIANA..........Dec. 3
PRICES OF PASSAGE, IN CURRENCY.
Cabin $75 to $100, according to accommodations.
Steerage and Intermediate tickets to and from all points at the lowest rates.
Steamers marked with a star do not carry Intermediate.
Passenger accommodations for all classes unsurpassed. Ample attendance is provided. Every steamer carries a surgeon and stewardess.
These steamers are supplied with life-rafts, in addition to the usual lifeboats and life-preservers.
Through tickets and through bills of lading issued between all prominent points.
For passage, rates of freight and other information apply to GEO. W. COLTON, Agent,
42 Broad street, New York.
JOHN McDONALD, Passenger Agent,
No. 8 Battery place, New York.
PETER WRIGHT & SONS, General Agents,
307 Walnut street, Philadelphia.
RICHARDSON, SPENCE & CO., Liverpool.
N. & J. CUMMINS & BROS., Queenstown.

MOST DIRECT AND ECONOMICAL ROUTE TO Holland, Belgium, the Rhine, Switzerland, &c., via ROTTERDAM.
Steamer W. A. SCHOLTEN..........November 12
Steamer MAAS..........November 26
These beautiful steamers, carrying the United States mail to the Netherlands, are well known for the regularity of their trips. Rates of passage low.
FUNCH, EDYE & CO., L. W. MORRIS,
General Agents. 50 Broadway.

THE MORRIS EUROPEAN EXPRESS—ESTABlished 1858, connecting with Globe Express, Great Britain, Messageries Continentales, France, &c., is the oldest and most reliable European express here and abroad, and offers every facility to individuals and business firms for forwarding to and from Europe. Apply to L. W. MORRIS, 50 Broadway, New York.

STEAM TO QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL, DERRY, Glasgow, &c., every Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday; rates low. Apply at THOMPSON'S Passage office, 73 Broadway, corner Rector street.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA.—CHEAPEST PASSAGE OFfice in New York.—Splendid steamer WYOMING, 1 o'clock Tuesday. Drafts on Ireland, England and Scotland. Northern Hotel, corner of Cortlandt and West sts.

COASTWISE STEAMSHIPS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE
TO CALIFORNIA JAPAN AND CHINA,
VIA PANAMA.
Steamers leave pier 42 North River, New York, as follows:—
ACAPULCO, Commander A. G. Gray, November 7, 12 noon.
HENRY CHAUNCEY, Captain William Rathbun, November 14, 12 noon. Freight and way passengers only.
COLON, Captain Z. L. Tanner, November 21, 12 noon.
And every alternate Saturday, connecting with all steamers for Central America and South Pacific ports.
Steamers leave San Francisco for Japan and China as follows:—
JAPAN..........November 14
CHINA..........November 28
VANCOUVER..........December 11
For freight or passage or further information apply at the company's office, on wharf, foot of Canal street, New York.
H. J. BULLAY, Superintendent.
RUFUS HATCH, Managing Director.

FOR RIO DE JANEIRO, MONTEVIDEO AND Buenos Ayres, carrying United States mail, the first class fast sailing Italian steamer ISABELLA, Captain Salaris, now loading, and will sail from pier 45, East River, on or before Tuesday, November 10. For balance of freight room or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to SLOCOVICH & CO., 109 Pearl street, or GERHARD & BREWER, 46 Beaver street.

NEW YORK AND HAVANA DIRECT MAIL LINE.—These first class steamships will sail every Tuesday at 3 P. M., from pier 13 North River, foot of Cedar street, for Havana direct, as follows:—
VINDICATOR, Captain T. H. Morton..........October 27
CRESCENT CITY, Captain T. S. Curtis..........November 3
COLUMBUS, Captain E. C. Reed..........November 10
For freight and passage (having magnificent accommodations) apply to WILLIAM P. CLYDE & CO.,
No. 6 Bowling Green.
McKELLAR, LULING & CO., Agents in Havana.

N. Y., HAVANA AND MEXICAN MAIL S. S. LINE.—Steamers leave pier No. 3 North River as follows:—
FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
CITY OF MERIDA..........Thursday, November 5
CITY OF HOUSTON..........Saturday, November 7
CITY OF HAVANA..........Thursday, November 12
FOR VERA CRUZ AND NEW ORLEANS,
calling at Havana Progreso, Campeachy, Tuspan and Tampico.
CITY OF MERIDA..........Tuesday, November 24
CITY OF MEXICO..........Tuesday, December 15
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, 33 Broadway.
Steamer CITY OF MEXICO will leave New Orleans November 7 for Vera Cruz and all the above ports.

TEXAS LINE OF GALVESTON STEAMERS, TOUCHing at Key West, carrying the United States Mail. Steamer CITY OF WACO, Captain Greenman, will leave pier 20 East River, on Saturday, November 7, at 3 P. M. Through bills of lading given to Houston and to all points on the Galveston, Houston and Henderson, B. B. and C. R. R. No charge for forwarding in New York. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
C. H. MALLORY & CO., 153 Maiden lane.
W. P. CLYDE & CO, No. 6 Bowling Green.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
The Cromwell Steamship Line
The steamship HUDSON, Captain Gager, will leave pier No. 9 North River, on Saturday, November 7, at 3 P. M. Freight received daily. Through rates given to Galveston, Indianola, Rockport or Aranzas Wharf, Brazos Santiago, St. Louis and Mobile. Cabin passage, $50; steerage, $25. For freight or passage apply to
CLARK & SEAMAN, 86 West street.

FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
MERCHANTS' STEAMSHIP LINE.
The steamship GENERAL MEADE, Captain A. W. Sampson, from pier 36 North River, foot of North Moore street, on Saturday, November 7, at 3 o'clock P. M.
Freight received daily. Through rates given to St. Louis, Vicksburg, Mobile, Galveston and Indianola.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to FREDERIC BAKER, pier 36 North River.

SOUTHERN LINE.
FOR NEW ORLEANS DIRECT.
The following new and first class steamers will sail every Wednesday, at 3 P. M., from pier 20 East River:—
CITY OF GALVESTON, Captain Evans..........Nov. 4
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, Captain Pennington....Nov. 11
CARONDELET, Captain McCreery..........Nov. 18
CITY OF DALLAS, Captain Hines..........Nov. 25
Freight received daily. Through rates to Galveston, Indianola, Rockport or Aranzas Wharf, Brazos, Santiago and St. Louis. Cabin passage, $50; steerage do. $25.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to C. H. MALLORY & CO., Agents,
153 Maiden lane.

NEW YORK AND DELAWARE LINE.—STEAMSHIP ALBEMARLE leaves pier 37 North River every Monday, at 4 P. M., for Lewes, Del., and leaves Lewes Wednesday, P. M. Freight taken for all points in Delaware south and east of Harrington, and for points in Eastern Maryland, at favorable rates. Good passenger accommodations.
For further particulars apply to OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY, 197 Greenwich street.

FOR PORT ROYAL AND FERNANDINA, FLA.—Steamer MEDIATOR will sail on Saturday, November 7, from pier No. 2 North River, for above ports, making connection with all points South by railroad via Augusta, Ga. This is the only direct line to Florida.
HERM. GELPCKE, Agent, No. 5 William street.

CROMWELL STEAMSHIP LINE FOR PORTLAND, Me.—Steamship GEO. WASHINGTON leaves every Wednesday and the GEO. CROMWELL every Saturday, at 3 P. M., from pier No. 9 North River, connecting at Portland with principal railroads and steamers for the interior and the East. Freights reduced. Passenger accommodations unsurpassed. Passage, including stateroom and meals, $7 50.
Apply to CLARK & SEAMAN, 86 West street.

NORFOLK, PETERSBURG AND RICHMOND—OLD Dominion Steamship Company.—Steamers leave for above ports from pier 37 North River, foot of Beach street, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 3 P. M. Also intermediate steamers.
Through bills of lading and passenger tickets issued to all points in the interior.
Office corner Fulton and Greenwich streets.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

A.—CITIZENS' LINE FOR TROY AND ALL POINTS North and West. Elegant steamboats daily (Saturdays excepted) at 6 P. M., from pier 49 North River, foot of Leroy street. Fare low.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT and Fall River.—The world-renowned steamers BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE leave pier 28 North River, foot of Murray street, daily (Sundays excepted), at 4 P. M. Through tickets sold at all principal hotels in the city. Hall's Band engaged for the season.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
THE GREAT TRUNK LINE
and
UNITED STATES MAIL ROUTE.
Trains leave New York from foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt streets as follows:—
Express for Harrisburg, Pittsburg, the West and South, with Pullman palace cars attached, 9:30 A. M., 5 and 8:30 P. M. Sunday, 5 and 8:30 P. M.
For Williamsport and Lock Haven, via Philadelphia and Erie Railroad division, connecting at Philadelphia, 9:30 A. M.; for Williamsport, Lock Haven, Corry and Erie, 8:30 P. M., connecting at Corry for Titusville, Petroleum Centre and the Oil Regions.
For Baltimore, Washington and the South—Limited Washington express of Pullman parlor cars, daily, except Sunday, at 9:30 A. M.; arrive at Washington at 4:10 P. M. Regular at 8:40 A. M., 3 and 9 P. M. Sunday, 9 P. M.
Express for Philadelphia, 8:40, 9:30 A. M.; 12:30, 3, 4, 4:10, 5, 7, 8:30, 9 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 5, 7, 8:30 and 9 P. M. Emigrant and second class, 7 P. M.
Accommodation for Trenton at 7:20 A. M. and 2 P. M.
For Newark, at 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10, 11, A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 5, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20, 7 and 8:10 P. M.
For Elizabeth, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 7:40, 8, 9, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:20, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:10, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8:10, 10, 11:30 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20, 7 and 8:10 P. M.
For Rahway, 6, 6:30, 7:20, 8, 10 A. M., 12 M., 1, 2, 2:30, 3:10, 3:40, 4:10, 4:30, 4:50, 5:20, 5:40, 6, 6:10, 6:30, 7, 8:10, 10 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 5:20 and 7 P. M.
For Woodbridge, Perth Amboy and South Amboy, 6 and 10 A. M., 2:30, 4:50 and 6 P. M.
For New Brunswick, 7:20 and 8 A. M., 12 M., 2, 3:10, 4:30, 5:20, 6:10, 7 P. M. and 12 night. Sunday, 7 P. M.
For East Millstone, 12 noon, 3:30 and 4:30 P. M.
For Kingston and Rocky Hill, 5:20 P. M.
For Lambertville and Flemington, 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M.
For Phillipsburg and Belvidere, 9:30 A. M., 2 and 4 P. M.
For Bordentown, Burlington and Camden, 7:20 and 9:30 A. M., 12:30, 2, 4 and 4:10 P. M.
For Freehold, 7:20 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 7 P. M.
For Farmingdale and Squan, 7:20 A. M. and 2 P. M.
For Hightstown, Pemberton and Camden, via Perth Amboy, 2:30 P. M. For Hightstown and Pemberton 6 A. M.
Trains arrive as follows:—From Pittsburg, 6:50, 9:50 A. M. and 9:55 P. M., daily; 6:50 P. M., daily, except Monday. From Washington and Baltimore, 6:20 A. M., 4:15, 5:15 and 10:27 P. M.; Sunday, 6:20 A. M. and 10:27 P. M. From Philadelphia, 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 10:15, 11:55 A. M., 2:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:50, 8:44, 10:27 P. M. Sunday, 5:10, 6:20, 6:50, 11:55 A. M., 6:50 and 10:27 P. M.
Ticket offices, 525 and 944 Broadway, No. 1 Astor House and foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt streets. Emigrant ticket offices, No. 8 Battery place, No. 4 Court street, Brooklyn; Nos. 114, 116 and 118 Hudson street, Hoboken.
D. M. BOYD, Jr., General Passenger Agent.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.

STEAMER SAPPHO, FOR YONKERS, FROM BARclay street, stopping at Twenty-fourth street, Manhattanville, Carmansville and Fort Washington.—From New York 10:30 A. M. and 4 P. M. From Yonkers 8 A. M. and 1 P. M., and Saturdays, 8 A. M., 1 P.M. and 5:45 P.M. Sundays, from New York 9:30 A. M. and 4 P. M. From Yonkers 1 P. M.

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